"All the News That's Fit to Print."

The New York Times.

THE WEATHER
Rain today and probably Wednesday; warmer; strong winds.
Temperature yesterday—Max. 32, min. 23.
For weather report see next to last page.

VOL. LXXII... No. 23,781. NEW YORK, TUESDAY, FEBRUARY 13, 1923. TWO CENTS In Greater New York | THREE CENTS Within 200 Miles | FOUR CENTS Elsewhere

WORLD FEELS NEED OF LINCOLN'S SPIRIT, DECLARES HARDING

Revived Interest in Martyr President, He Says, Is Sign of Humanity's Aspirations.

SEEKS GUIDANCE AMID PERIL

His Courage, Confidence and Moral Purpose Are Qualities Most Required at Present.

WAS MASTER PRESERVER

President's Speech Opens Lincoln University's Campaign for Big Endowment.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 12.—The world-wide revival of interest in Lincoln's life and character is a sign that in such a critical time as this, when civilization seems at stake, men have turned to the emancipator for leadership and inspiration, said President Harding tonight in an address before the Trustees of Friends of Lincoln Memorial University.

In the midst of the world wreckage, the President said, "it is not to be wondered that people turn anew the pages of Lincoln's story." He went on:

"We are coming year by year to a more truthful understanding and appraisal of him. It may be somewhat vague and unformed, yet we readily recognize that it represents something like the aspirations of a race for a new incarnation of the spirit and the leadership of Lincoln. His supreme gift was not in construction, his was the master preservation. And the call of the world today is for preservation for the preserved civilization which is the best judgment of human intelligence since the world began."

The occasion was a dinner given to start the campaign for a $5,000,000 endowment for the institution in Tennessee which aims to serve the mountain whites of Virginia, Tennessee and Kentucky, people of the same stock from which Lincoln came. More than a million dollars has been raised. John Wesley Hill, Chancellor of the university, announced tonight in outlining the purposes of the campaign.

By fostering the condition of these people, who constitute "the greatest single reserve of pure American stock," said President Harding, the nation could pay an instalment upon its debt for Lincoln.

Other speakers at the dinner included Senator Watson of Indiana.

The President's Speech.

In his address the President said:

"Mr. Toastmaster and Guests:

"No human story surpassed the fascination and the inspiration of that of Abraham Lincoln. The Republic pays tribute tonight and most of the world is doing him reverence because in his unshaken faith the world finds its own hopes mightily strengthened. Our words are all feeble because we are dealing with the master martyr, the supreme leader in a national crisis, the surpassing believer in a fulfilled destiny, and a colossal figure among the hero-statesmen of all the ages.

"Turning over in the last few days the promise I had made to add my own to the testimonies that here are to be spoken, I have been impressively reminded of the greatly revived interest in everything concerning Lincoln which has marked the past few years, notably the last two. I have been thinking of how many times in the recent years of the world's trial and travail I have received books, letters, articles published literally all over the world about Lincoln.

"One cannot but have observed how greatly the thoughts of people have turned to this man of vision, the great emancipator, who spoke with the voice of the common people for truth and for freedom. One cannot have failed to note that as the fortunes of mankind have confronted tribulation and distress the minds of men have turned to this son of the yearning, eager, earnest, simple people, and have sought in the story of his life for guidance in the hour of humanity's trial. To me this has been a portent of hope, a justification of faith, a reason for confidence that men will not only guide the bark of civilization through the storms which beset it, but will at last bring it into the port of a better and happier day.

"It does not seem hard to understand why in times like these in which we live there should be such a renascence of sentiment for Lincoln, of renewed interest in the great lessons of his life. For men have come to think of him as they have not thought of others among the merely human characters of history. Lincoln has appealed to them as one who manifestly was brought forth with the destiny or consecrated by an infinite hand to render a particular service, to save a nation, to emancipate a people, to preserve in the world the fruits of the American experiment in and for democracy.

"Surely it is not strange that the eyes and the interest of a world should turn to him now, when all mankind feels the need for such leadership and service and direction as he gave. A world, a civilization, an epoch—all these are facing the bitter need for the moral purposes, the noble aspirations, the high courage that he interpreted to our America in the days of its crisis. More, humanity itself needs to drink of the cup of unfaltering confidence which enabled him to stand erect and unshaken amid discour-

Continued on Page Three.

Seaboard Florida Limited. 6:30 P. M. via Seaboard. Palm Beach, Miami, Tampa, Sarasota, St. Petersburg. Also 3:40 P. M. daily to Palm Beach, Bradentown, Tampa, Belleair, St. Petersburg, Southern Pines, Pinehurst, Camden (also over privileges), and 12:45 m'ght. Ticket offices, 1184 Broadway and Penn. Sta. N. Y. Advt.

Col. F. C. Marshall, Missing, Dropped From Army as Dead

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 12.—Secretary of War Weeks today announced that the name of Colonel Francis C. Marshall, veteran of the World War, Sioux Indian campaign, the China relief expedition and the Philippine insurrection, had been dropped from the rolls of the army dating from Feb. 9.

This means that the War Department had abandoned all hope of finding alive this distinguished officer who has been mysteriously missing somewhere along the international frontier between Mexico and the American Southwest since the latter part of last year—a victim of some unknown mishap on a cross-country airplane flight.

Colonel Marshall had been on duty in the office of the Chief of Cavalry in this city and was sent into the Southwestern country to visit the various cavalry posts along that section of the border.

NUN IS KIDNAPPED, ESCAPES CAPTORS

Sister Cecilia, Taken From Frederick, Md., Says She Was a Prisoner in Baltimore.

GOES BACK TO CONVENT

Signs of a Struggle Found in Her Room—Police Seek Man and Woman.

FREDERICK, Md., Feb. 12 (Associated Press).—Sister Cecilia, a music teacher at the Notre Dame Academy here, who was believed to have been kidnapped from the institution this afternoon, returned to the convent tonight after she had escaped, according to her story to the Rev. William J. Kane, supervisor of the academy, from a house in Baltimore where she was held captive for several hours.

Sister Cecilia, who is 53 years old and was formerly Miss Marie Whalen, of Verona, Pa., is in a serious condition at the convent and has been ordered to remain in bed. According to a statement by Father Kane she is suffering from shock and a blow received on the head, inflicted by unidentified persons. All of her religious garments were taken away from her, he said. As she is hysterical, she is unable to give a detailed account of the kidnapping.

Father Kane said that the kidnapping took place between 2 and 3 o'clock this afternoon. While Sister Cecilia was giving piano instructions to a pupil, she noticed a man and a woman standing beside a closed automobile across the street from the convent. She became alarmed, he said, the couple acted mysteriously.

Says She Was Stunned by Blow.

An hour after the pupil had left the building and while she was sitting alone in the room, Sister Cecilia noticed the woman peering in through a rear window. When she went to investigate, according to her story to Father Kane, the man struck her over the head, rendering her unconscious.

She said she did not remember anything of what happened until she revived several hours later in the Baltimore house.

When she recovered consciousness, Father Kane said, she overheard several persons in an adjoining room talking about her. She told the priest that they "spoke like foreigners, and were talking about a $300 ransom." Seeing a coat and hat on the wall of the room, she seized them and ran out on the street. There she met a policeman, and without telling him the story of the kidnapping, according to her account, asked him to direct her to a taxicab stand, in order that she might be able to return to Frederick.

When told that the fare would be $20 she requested that the money be obtained from Father Kane, as she had only $11 with her, which she said was in payment of the cost she took from the house. On arriving at Frederick she stumbled into the vestibule of the convent where she fainted.

While not believing that the taxicab driver, who gave his name as Stewart Cathkart, of Baltimore, was implicated in the kidnapping, Father Kane requested the police to hold him "as a suspicious person and for questioning."

Chloroform Found in Room.

The room at the convent from which Sister Cecilia was taken, the priest said, showed signs of a struggle. A bottle, believed to contain chloroform, a string of rosary beads and a black veil were found on the floor. A cloth, which

Continued on Page Twelve.

HYLAN BILL PUT IN; GIVES CITY FULL TRANSIT CONTROL

Measure Supposed to Have Smith's Approval Abolishes the Present Commission.

NEW BOARD SUBSTITUTED

Power for City to Acquire, Build and Operate All Transit Facilities.

STATE SUPERVISION BARRED

Second Bill, Wiping Out the Public Service Commission, Expected to Follow Tomorrow.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, Feb. 12.—After a delay of many weeks Mayor Hylan's Transit bill, supposed to have the approval of Governor Smith, made its appearance in the Legislature tonight, where it was introduced by Senator Walker and Assemblyman Donohue of New York, the two Democratic leaders.

The bill was referred without debate to the Public Service Committee in each house. When printed it will fill 125 large octavo pages, containing from 25,000 to 30,000 words in the aggregate.

With no copies available for their perusal, the lawmakers were reticent when asked for comment, but it is generally understood that the New York City Republicans in the Assembly, who hold the balance of power, while not perhaps swallowing Mayor Hylan's measure as it was submitted, will support it after amendments have been made to meet objections they may present.

In a couple of days—on Wednesday, according to the report current tonight—the Mayor's bill will be followed by a bill abolishing the Public Service Commission, as the Transit Commission is abolished by the measure that was presented tonight. This other measure, in regard to which some eleventh hour differences have arisen, will provide for permissive or mandatory control by municipalities of all public utilities, including gas and electric light corporations, operating within their corporate limits. One of the differences responsible for the delay in the introduction of this bill has to do with the question of whether municipalities should be permitted to determine for themselves or be compelled outright to take over such control from the State.

Substitutes Transportation Board.

The Mayor's Transit bill, in abolishing the present Transit Commission, substitutes a Transportation Board, appointed by the Mayor, but in effect an agency of the Board of Estimate. Three Commissioners would constitute the board at the outset, but the provision dealing with its personnel is sufficiently flexible to permit an increase in the number without reference to the Legislature.

"This was done," said Assistant Corporation Counsel William A. Walling, who is representing the City of New York at the Capitol, "with a view to providing for possible operation by the city of its transit lines, when it is presumed that there ought to be at least one Transportation Commissioner for each borough. This is a real home rule measure."

Some changes were made just before the bill was introduced. Among these was one under which the jurisdiction of the Transportation Board is extended to railroad tunnels. Mr. Walling explained that the reason for this was a discovery that under the present law neither the Public Service Commission nor the Transit Commission had jurisdiction over operations and rates in the Pennsylvania tunnel. This tunnel was built by the New York and Long Island Tunnel Corporation and is operated under lease by the Pennsylvania and the Long Island Railroads.

Another of the last moment changes provides that "irrespective of any consent, grant or franchise, the Transportation Commission can require safe, adequate and comfortable service" by transportation companies.

It is provided also among the changes made tonight that when an order is issued by the Transportation Commission and the company concerned desires to review, the company must apply for a rehearing within sixty days. The present law provides for no limitation in time.

Purchase Based on Actual Value

Another new clause provides that in taking over transit lines the purchase price should be based on the value of

Continued on Page Six.

R. C. Vanderbilt Confirms His Engagement To Wed Miss Morgan; Denials False, He Says

The engagement of Reginald C. Vanderbilt to Miss Gloria Morgan, reported in THE NEW YORK TIMES last Friday, was confirmed by Mr. Vanderbilt last night after three days of silence, during which various forms of denials were put forth by servants in the Vanderbilt home.

At his home at 12 East Seventy-seventh Street Mr. Vanderbilt said that earlier affirmations of denials purporting to have come from him and which were published in several evening newspapers were false. He said that he had made no statement of any kind.

"I wish to confirm my engagement to Miss Gloria Morgan," he said. "Our wedding is to take place in the near future and details of the ceremony will be sent to the newspapers in due time. No previous announcement or confirmation of the engagement was made due to the fact that we did not receive the consent of Miss Morgan's parents until today."

There was no further statement made by Mr. Vanderbilt on the date of the wedding, but one apparently in a position to know said at the time the engagement was reported that the ceremony then was scheduled for next Saturday at the Vanderbilt home, Sandy Point Farm, Portsmouth. It could not be ascertained last night whether these reported plans would be carried through.

Accommodations which Mr. Vanderbilt reserved aboard the White Star liner Olympic, which sailed on Saturday, and which he subsequently canceled, have been taken for the Majestic. This steamship is scheduled to sail for Europe on March 10.

Mr. Vanderbilt is 43 years old and Miss Morgan is 19.

On Friday last Mr. Vanderbilt cabled to Miss Morgan's father, Harry Hays Morgan, Consul General at Brussels, seeking his approval of the engagement. That same afternoon correspondents in Paris learned that Mr. Morgan had forwarded his approval.

Louis Mann and George Sidney in the greatest laughing hit in New York, "Give And Take" 48th St. Thea. Advt.

Tours Rome in "Cadogan" the Season's Success. Book now. Advt.

FLORIDA—PENN.-ATLANTIC COAST LINE. Full information at 1240 B'way.—Advt.

"The Dancing Girl" Musical Triumph. New Theatre Office, B'way & 44th St.

Ebert Avoids Clash in Baden, Staying Outside French Line

BERLIN, Feb. 12 (Associated Press).—President Ebert arrived in Karlsruhe today, accompanied by the Minister of the Interior and the Minister of the Treasury, to consult with the Baden Government and the industrial leaders on the French invasion.

"We all know the existence of the German republic is at stake," said Herr Ebert in an address, "but if we unite all our forces we will overcome this latest attack on our national life."

By not going beyond Karlsruhe President Ebert will avoid a clash with the French over the order prohibiting German Ministers from entering occupied territory.

CHARGES INCITING OF RED OUTRAGES

Albert Bailin Testifies Burns and Theil Employed Him as Agent Provocateur.

ALLEGES FAKING OF SCARES

Head of Burns Detectives Denies Accusations as 'Tissue of Lies' and Threatens Perjury Action.

CHICAGO, Feb. 12 (Associated Press).—Charges that private detective agencies foment radicalism, strikes, labor troubles and underground revolutionary movements in order that they may collect big fees from banking and business interests for uncovering them, are contained in a deposition by Albert Bailin, alias Balanow, taken here today by Frank P. Walsh for use in connection with the defense of twenty-two alleged Communists facing trial at St. Joseph, Mich.

Balanow, former member of the Department of Justice, the Military Intelligence Service, operative of the Burns, Thiel, Daniels and other private detective agencies, member of the I. W. W., Communist Party, Communist Labor Party, Socialist Party, Young People's Socialist League, Socialist-Laborite, Workers' International Industrial Union, and by his own admission, a spy and agent provocateur, unfolded an amazing story of double-crossing and double-crossing in which he sold out three employers at a time to each other. He claims a former employer made him the "goat" and caused him to be indicted on a Federal charge, hence his effort to expose what he says is the inside workings of the private detective agencies.

He charged, among other things, that the famous "Red" raids on Jan. 1, 1920, were made possible because he and other private detectives, planted in the ranks of the radical organizations, called their followers together in order that the raiders might find them all assembled when the "zero" hour came. Further:

That the entire seven members of the Propaganda Committee of the I. W. W. in 1920 and 1921 were operatives of the Thiel Agency, that two of them also were in the pay of the W. J. Burns Agency and that Burns and Thiel "dictated the policy of the I. W. W. Propaganda Committee which issued the radical manifestos and literature."

That after he had sold out the secret papers of the Thiel Agency to the Burns office, Allan O. Meyers, head of the Radical Bureau of the Burns Agency, picked his pocket and stole private papers, which he later refused to return.

That Meyers proposed to supply him (Balanow) with explosives and show him how to make bombs, and directed him to cultivate well known labor and radical leaders and try to get them to throw the bombs he was supposed to make, in order that Burns' operatives might arrest them.

Charges Operative Made Bombs.

That a Thiel operative named Cagniek made bombs which were exploded in the Guggenheim copper mines in order that strikers might be blamed for the destruction.

That the General Manager of the Thiel agency liberated indicted radicals caught in the 1920 raids here in order that the agency might earn further money from State's Attorney Maclay Hoyne by hunting them again.

That T. J. Cooney, head of the radical department of the Thiel Agency, had a rubber stamp facsimile of the signature of Alfred Wagenknecht, a Cleveland radical who was then a fugitive from justice, made in New York from the signature on a letter which one of his operatives had stolen from a mail box, and that he used the stamp to sign fifty threatening letters which he had Balanow mail to Maclay Hoyne, John J. Mitchell, Chicago banker, Alfred Austrian, attorney for J. Ogden Armour, Judge Oscar Hebel, who was trying a score of Communists, L. Frank Comerford and Henry Berger, special prosecutors in the case, and many metropolitan newspapers.

The letters were intended, he said, to impress on the officials and the bankers and packers who were on the Chicago Citizens' Committee for the Suppression of Reds, with the danger which they were employing the Thiel Agency to suppress. Post Office inspectors traced the letters to the Thiel office in New York, he declared, and he was then indicted for sending them through the mail, but was never tried and his bond money was refunded when, he said, he threatened to expose Post Office inspectors who had turned over private mail to private detectives.

Balanow, a 23-year-old Russian cigarmaker, son of a Russian anarchist who was deported to Siberia during the Czar's régime, told with perfect self-confidence of his own part in organizing

Continued on Page Ten.

BELLANS WILL RELIEVE YOUR Indigestion.—Advt.

WHEN YOU THINK OF WRITING Think of Whiting.—Advt.

EDISON AT 76, TALKS OF TUT-ANKH-AMEN, ALSO RUHR AND GIRLS

Greeks Have a Lot of Things to Learn From Egyptians, He Declares.

APPROVES FRENCH INVASION

Calls It Merely a Business Call, and Says That Nobody Need Worry.

DISCUSSES MANY SUBJECTS

Including How to Improve Newspapers and What He Would Do If He Owned One.

Special to The New York Times.

WEST ORANGE, N. J., Feb. 12.—Thomas A. Edison, who was 76 years and 1 day old today, received a large group of reporters and discussed Tut-ankh-Amen, a second term for President Harding, the helicopter flight of the Spaniard, Juan la Cierva, opportunities for improvement in the newspapers of today, and forty others subjects. The inventor concluded by saying that the greatest singers in grand opera are eclipsed by hundreds of young women in private homes, whose parents refuse to let them commercialize their voices.

Mr. Edison became vehement in giving his unqualified approval to the French for the steps taken in the Ruhr. He hailed with delight the achievement with a helicopter which he had always believed to be the true type of airplane for general and commercial use, and he told of experiments which he had made thirty-eight years ago, with the financial backing of James Gordon Bennett, to see whether he could produce a flying-machine that could fly straight upward. At that time, back in 1884, Mr. Edison soaked tinker tape in nitroglycerine and fed it into an engine whose spark kept it in continuous explosion. He did not succeed in making anything fly, but convinced himself, he said, and has always since maintained, that the helicopter was to become the best means of air navigation.

Criticizes the Press of Today.

Mr. Edison discussed what he would do if he were running one of the big newspapers of the country. He pictured the press as a backward institution, saying that it made no progress in recent years, and that those in control of newspapers followed the beaten tracks of many years ago and failed to wake up to their opportunities.

"They send reporters to police courts, but never to scientific laboratories," he said. "I would send them to the police courts, but I would send them to the laboratories, too. I would print the crime and scandal, because it is interesting, and the people want it and wouldn't buy the papers without it, but I would also print a vast amount of still more interesting material that never gets into the papers at all."

The veteran was in his laboratory at 10 o'clock this morning when a mixed multitude of reporters arrived. The interview began rather queerly when a young newspaper woman, who had just arrived from California, shouted in the inventor's right ear a tribute to the handsomeness of his eyes, which he received with great composure.

"But I'm getting old," he said. "My eyes are not so good."

The inventor was looking extraordinarily rugged and soon proved to be in astonishing spirits, talking rapidly on one subject after another as fast as they were sprung, and making as good-humored and interesting answers to foolish questions as to sensible ones. Asked how he felt, he said, "Fine as silk," and kicked a handkerchief which was suspended 4 feet 6 inches above the floor, according to careful estimates. He was told he was getting fat, but he said:

"No, I'm always the same. Always 185. If I weigh a little more I eat less and if I fall off a little I eat more and keep the balance even."

The inventor was asked what he was working on especially.

"Don't ask me," he said. "As I get less able to do work I take more on."

Sees Something in Coueism.

"What do you think about Coué?"

"There is something in that. There are so many people who think they are sick, and it is all in their minds," he replied.

He was asked if he was doing anything for the Government.

"No," he replied. "I produced forty-five different inventions for the Govern-

Continued on Page Five.

FRANCE MAY SEIZE RUHR RAILROADS TODAY; PLANS TO MARKET ALL AREA'S PRODUCTS; TWO FRENCH OFFICERS SHOT IN RUHR CLASH

Paris Talks of Declaring a State of War in Ruhr As the Only Means of Bringing Germany to Terms

PARIS, Feb. 12 (Associated Press).—Considerable talk is going on in political circles as to whether France, Belgium and Italy are going to succeed in bringing Germany to terms by the action now being taken in the Ruhr Valley under the Treaty of Versailles.

It is pointed out that every intensification of the allied action results in the reinforcement of the German resistance, and doubt is frequently expressed in some of the more aggressive quarters as to whether the pressure necessary to oblige Germany to accept the system of productive guarantees can be applied unless the Allies resort to the declaration of a state of war.

Premier Poincaré is understood to be very sensitive as to public opinion abroad regarding the seizure of the Ruhr, feeling acutely the criticisms voiced in the United States and England following each protest of the German Government against measures which it declares illegal. Those who take an aggressive stand hold that a state of war, which would not necessarily mean the opening of hostilities, would give France a freer hand in putting an end to the repeated protests of Germany over the alleged illegality of the French action.

It is considered in these circles that there is ample ground for declaring a state of war in these facts:

That, according to their standpoint, Germany has practically torn up the Treaty of Versailles, and thus destroyed the peace status that existed by treaty.

That the principal political issue in Germany lately turned upon the question whether the treaty should be complied with, and that the composition of the present Government shows that the opposition to compliance won.

That, finally, there is a resistance by the highest authorities in the German Government to the application of the measures provided for in Article XVIII. of the Treaty of Versailles.

Well-informed persons who are talking of this eventuality express the opinion that the declaration of a state of war would have no worse moral effect than the present action in the Ruhr itself. The French officials, it is understood, are coming to the viewpoint that they are certain to be criticised whatever they do to get money from Germany, and that this would be the shortest cut and might end in a few months an operation which now promises to drag on indefinitely.

2 FRENCHMEN SHOT BY GERMAN POLICE

German Policeman Reported Dead From Wounds in Ruhr Clash.

BOYCOTT TROUBLE IN ESSEN

Hotels Cleared and Crowds Dispersed by French With Bayonets and Whips.

LONDON, Feb. 12.—Advices from Berlin report that during a clash between the French military and German police at Gelsenkirchen in the Ruhr today two French officers and a German police sergeant were wounded.

A Berlin dispatch to The Central News says that a number of German soldiers refused to allow a motor car with two French soldiers to proceed and that a fight occurred, in which a Frenchman shot one member of the hold-up party. The other Germans retreated with their rifles at ready, but additional Germans appeared and the fighting was resumed.

As Reuter's-Berlin correspondent got the news, a French officer fired a revolver, wounding a German policeman twice, whereupon two French officers and their German chauffeur rushed away. The German policeman fired after them, wounding both officers.

The boycott against the French and Belgians began at Essen today, says a Dortmund dispatch to The London Times. All the hotels refused to serve the French, who thereupon cleared every one out of the Handelshof Hotel, driving the guests into the square, where crowds collected. A French patrol then proceeded to disperse them with bayonets and riding whips, and finally a machine gun was brought into service before the square was completely cleared.

In the afternoon the workers in the Kaiserhof Hotel, having refused to serve the French, were ordered to leave and departed in a body.

There have been several cases of firing today but nobody was injured. On all the walls, shop windows and doorways in Essen and other places in the Ruhr there suddenly appeared this morning, as if by magic, little labels the size of a tramway ticket, exhorting the population to obey only orders from the German Government.

The blockade against steel products is in full force and the Germans admit that they are powerless to oppose it.

It is reported from Düsseldorf that reinforcements, especially of engineering companies destined for the Ruhr, are arriving continually. It is learned that the Belgians are pressing the French to increase the severity of their measures in the Ruhr.

Says German Policeman Died.

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GELSENKIRCHEN, Feb. 12.—For the

Continued on Page Two.

BELGIANS TO SEIZE TWO RHINE TOWNS

Embargo Now Extended to Exports of Every Description From Occupied Germany.

CONSTERNATION IN RUHR

Shut-Down of Great Factories Seen as Inevitable Unless Compromise Is Reached.

Copyright, 1923, by The New York Times Company.
By Wireless to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

DUSSELDORF, Feb. 12.—The Rhineland High Commission today by a majority, the British representative as usual abstaining from voting, issued an order prohibiting the exportation of all merchandise whatsoever from occupied into unoccupied Germany. Tomorrow General Degoutte will promulgate the same order here and throughout the Ruhr, which is under his jurisdiction and separate from the territory under the Rhine Commission.

This order is an extension of the decision issued in Paris last evening prohibiting the export of steel and iron products from the Ruhr and will come into force at once.

Tomorrow morning at 7 o'clock Belgian troops will occupy the customs offices at Emmerich and Wesel, on the Dutch frontier, so as to secure control of exports on the northern side of the Ruhr.

The Rhine Commission's order will have no exceptions, but export licenses for unoccupied Germany will be obtainable for certain products on payment of 10 per cent. ad valorem. All merchandise destined for foreign countries will be allowed to pass out of the district, even through unoccupied Germany, under license in the same way as has been in operation for some time past. Four new licensing centres are being created.

New Order Causes Consternation.

There is much greater consternation among the Ruhr industrials over these orders forbidding the export of iron and steel products and other merchandise than there was at the closing of the coal cordon. The coal embargo did not hit the Ruhr to anything like the same extent that this new order will do. It will hit far harder the rest of Germany, where already the pinch from the coal shortage is beginning to be sorely felt. But yesterday's order forbidding the great firms of Thyssen, Krupp and nearly three score others almost as great though less widely known from exporting their manufactures hits the Ruhr directly and hits with tremendous force the magnates who have during the last four years sought to dictate the policy of Germany to their own profit.

Though it was known here as early as last Tuesday that it was simply a question of time before this order would be issued, the German industrials to the last refused to believe that the French Government would ever go so far. On Friday last two of their number to whom I talked declared that France neither would nor could take such a step. With the old Teutonic blindness they refused to face the situation fairly and now the reality has overtaken them.

About the outcome there is nothing but maudlin, tearful pessimism, except in those cases where there is still bombastic noisy declaration that Germany will never submit.

Dr. Cuntzig, managing director of Thyssen's steel work at Hamborn, with whom on Saturday I discussed the possibility of such a step being taken, was one of those who recognized the facts squarely and spoke calmly of the issue.

"If the French succeed in stopping the export of manufactured goods from the Ruhr in the same extent that they

Continued on Page Two.

Architect Hayes Urges All Collectors to See the Master of Flowers, Marion Co., Madison, Ind. Advt.

3 Flaming Crosses Fired by the Ku Klux To Frighten Negroes in Long Island Towns

FREEPORT, L. I., Feb. 12.—Three fiery crosses, each more than fifteen feet in height, supposedly planted after dark and ignited by members of the Ku Klux Klan, burst into flame in conspicuous places in Freeport, Lynbrook and Long Beach tonight. The Fire Departments of Freeport and Lynbrook were called out, that of the latter narrowly escaping disaster on the Long Island Railroad tracks. At Long Beach the flaming cross was isolated on the beach.

The cross here was set in a hole dug across Main Street from the Municipal Auditorium, where at the time it burst into flame a meeting of Nassau County negroes, in commemoration of the birth of Abraham Lincoln, was in progress. Due to a snowfall the fire did not disturb the meeting. [illegible] permitted the cross, which was of wood, to burn itself out. About the base were wrapped gasoline soaked excelsior, rags and paper. Powder had been spread over the extremities.

At Lynbrook flames from the burning cross were seen from a great distance by a policeman, who sounded the fire alarm. The cross was nailed to a fence post on the Merrick Road, just opposite the Soldiers' Monument and a few hundred feet from the Junior Order of American Mechanics' Hall, where a meeting of the Klan recently was reported to have been held.

In crossing the Long Island Railroad track on Atlantic Avenue en route to the cross, two fire engines narrowly escaped demolition by a westbound electric train from Long Beach which failed to see the crossing flagman's red lantern.

The crosses at Long Beach, Lynbrook and Freeport all burst into flame at 11:40 P. M.

RIEGELFELD FOLLIES—THE OUTSTANDING success of all times. New Amsterdam Thea. Advt.

JOHANN HOFF'S MALT EXTRACT Helps to make Iron and Blood.—Advt.

ALLIES TO OPERATE TRAINS

All Germans to Be Removed Unless They Promise Obedience.

MARKETING THE NEXT STEP

It Will Be Undertaken, Despite Huge Difficulties, If Resistance Is Continued.

ISOLATION EFFECTIVE TODAY

Unoccupied Germany Can Get Supplies Only by Paying Tax —Intervention Scouted.

By EDWIN L. JAMES.

Copyright, 1923, by The New York Times Company.
Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, Feb. 12.—Tomorrow or the next day the French and Belgians will announce the taking over of a certain number of lines of railroad in the Ruhr and Rhineland to assure communication between France and Belgium and the Ruhr. These lines will be directed by French and Belgian commissioners, operated by French and Belgian licensed engineers and train crews, and guarded by French and Belgian soldiers.

As outlined here, the plan calls for removal at first of all German railroad workers from these essential lines. A proclamation will be issued to the German railroad workers, declaring that those who wish to work on the lines taken over can do so [illegible] ing, but they do so at more striking or sabotage, and take their orders from the French and Belgian commissioners. In the measure in which the German railroad workers respond depends the extent to which the railroad service will be restored. The lines, which will be operated militarily, will attend first to supplying the allied troops in the Ruhr, secondly to hauling out reparation coal and coke, and then will come the supplying of food to the Ruhr population. It is stated here that the completeness of the food service will depend on the measure in which the German railroad men will work.

The French have named as their Ruhr Railway Commissioner M. Prasiid, Assistant Manager of the French State Railway System, who several years ago effected reorganization of the Greek railroads.

Plans to Market Ruhr Products.

With regard to the cutting off of Ruhr manufactured products from Germany, which enters into effect tomorrow, French plans are alternative. If the new measure, coupled with the coal embargo, induces the Germans to give up their program of resistance—in other words, work in the Ruhr without sabotage and strikes—the French look to the re-establishment of normal economic relations between the Ruhr and Germany, with the Allies collecting a heavy tax on all Ruhr exports, raw and manufactured. If, on the other hand, the Germans do not change their attitude or come to terms, the French are planning eventual marketing of Ruhr coal and manufactures products. This immense and complicated undertaking, plans for which are not complete, generally speaking represents the French reply to the question of what will happen if their new measure has not the expected effect.

The nature of the system now being installed in the Ruhr shows the manner in which Ruhr products could be turned again into Germany. A bureau of licenses is being set up to grant manufacturers permission to ship, first to neutrals what they usually get from the Ruhr, and then "for a probable extension of exceptions to the new rule." Of course it is always possible that all the Ruhr factories may close, or the workers may strike, but the French do not much fear this danger. If it materializes they say they can wait until the Germans decide to go to work.

There is no denying that the separation of the great Ruhr factories from their ordinary field of output means that if the separation continues either several million workers will be idle or there will have to be found a new field.

Piling up manufactured products cannot go on indefinitely any more than it is feasible to keep on piling up coal in the pitheads. It is true that Germany would be deprived of what she has been getting from the Ruhr, but in exchange the French and Belgians would find an impossible situation on their hands unless the United States, which did not ratify the reparation clauses of the Versailles Treaty, towards a demand from Germany for payment for the products of the factories which might be delivered in New York by the Reparation Commission and paid into the commission's treasury! Yet that is what the French are planning to attempt eventually if the Germans do not back down.

If, as has been explained, the Germans they could effect disposal of products and a consequent income with which to pay the workers.

Legal Complications Possible.

Whether the French and Belgians can effect successfully the enormously large and complicated operation of marketing the Ruhr products remains to be seen. If German resistance does not break, the task must be faced, with all its great difficulties. One can easily imagine, for example, the endless legal complications which would grow out of payments to

Reparation Commission for the products of German factories in the Ruhr. What would be the attitude of a court in the mans meet the French and Belgian terms, and the flow of Ruhr products into Germany is resumed under a system of allied taxation, the problem will be much simpler of solution.

It is difficult to find any foundation here for British reports that the French might listen to an intervention project which would involve as a condition evacuation of the Ruhr. From a close study of the situation, it is my belief that M. Poincaré could not, if he would, enter into any such undertaking. Were he to issue orders for evacuation of the Ruhr he would be thrown out immediately by the Chamber, which would demand a new Premier who would countermand those orders. That situation may change, and the time may come when the French will welcome a way out. But that time has not come yet. It may come when the French try to market the Ruhr products, and it may not. But for the present the French attitude toward interventions is summed up by La Liberte, which says today that all France asks of England and the United States is not to strengthen German resistance by holding out the false hope which would be contained in any suggestion that the French and Belgians get out of the Ruhr now in return for new German promises.

French View of Occupation.

One will not get the main French idea on the Ruhr until one understands that the French have two objects: First, to compel the Germans to accept certain definite French plans on reparations, and not only to accept these, but to put them into effect, such as allied control over the Berlin Government's expenditures, halting the paper money flood and payment of a proportion of her customs; and second, to collect money or its equivalent by taxing Ruhr coal and Ruhr manufactured products. It is the French idea that Germany's acceptance of these conditions would not remove the necessity of staying in the Ruhr for some time to come, to collect for themselves until Germany, as a result of the conditions forced upon her, shall begin to make of herself sufficiently important reparations payments to meet a large part of the French reconstruction expenditures. It would not at all fit in with the French plan, therefore, to evacuate the Ruhr at this time, regardless of what German promises and English or American intervention might bring. Such is the theory of the French Ruhr occupation.

BULGARIA PRESSED TO PAY.

Allies Demand That Sofia Reveal Intentions on Reparations.

SOFIA, Feb. 12 (Associated Press).—The Interallied Commission, in behalf of the Ambassadors' Council, has dispatched a note to the Bulgarian Government demanding that it specify immediately in what manner it intends to meet its reparations obligations and what guarantees it proposes to give for payment. The Government has not yet replied.

The commission proposed last July that the customs receipts should be set aside as a guarantee for payments due the Allies, but this the Government refused to do. Under the peace treaty Bulgaria is required to pay the Allies $450,000,000.

AMAROC PROFIT TO CHARITY.

Funds of Coblenz Soldiers' Paper Go to German Children.

COBLENZ, Feb. 12.—Major General Henry T. Allen, former commander of the American troops in the Rhineland, today approved using the 10,000,000 marks profit made by The Amaroc News, the American soldiers' newspaper, for the German Children's Milk Fund.

Captain McMahon, former editor of the journal, is co-operating with the German Associated Charities in distributing the funds.

BUILDERS TO FIGHT.

Organize in Brooklyn to Combat Demands of Workers.

Builders in Brooklyn are planning to organize to fight the demands of their workers for large increases in wages, it was learned yesterday. Plasterers now getting $10 a day were demanding $20, it was said, and lathers getting $7.25 a thousand want $10. Plumbers are insisting that a foreman be placed on every job where two journeymen are employed.

Lathers will be able to earn from $35 to $40 a day if their demand is granted, according to the builders.

Insistence on higher wages, it was said yesterday, had caused suspension of work on several buildings and might result in a shutdown on many more. Builders admitted that keen competition for journeymen to finish work had resulted in sharp bidding, so that plasterers were receiving as high as $18 a day. The union men were taking advantage of the shortage to insist on increases irrespective of labor union rates, it was said.

$50,000 THEFT CHARGED.

S. L. Montague of Cambridge, Mass., Trust Company Trustee, Arrested.

BOSTON, Feb. 12.—S. Leland Montague of Cambridge, sole trustee of the Inter-City Trust Company, was arrested tonight on a secret indictment charging larceny, conspiracy to steal and receiving stolen goods. The indictment, in sixteen counts, covers alleged activities involving $50,000 in connection with sales of stock.

The complainants, sixteen in number, are mostly women. The largest loss alleged was $24,000, by Mrs. Mabel A. Noyes of Newburyport.

The sale of securities of the Inter-City Trust Company, described as a voluntary and unincorporated company carrying on a real estate business in New York and elsewhere for three years, was forbidden in this State Nov. 20, under the "blue sky" laws. The company was petitioned into bankruptcy in Federal Court here Dec. 1 by Boston and New York creditors.

SMOTHERED BY CEMENT.

Aged Watchman is Found Dead Under an Open Faucet.

ROCHESTER, N. Y., Feb. 12.—Suffocation resulting from his throat and mouth being sealed with rubber cement is believed to have caused the death of Thomas Cripps, age 60, watchman in a downtown building. Early today an engineer in the building found Cripps lying on the floor of the boiler room, dead. He was lying directly under the faucet of a barrel of rubber cement. The faucet was open and the cement was pouring over Cripp's face and body. His lips were sealed tightly by the cement. The body was held fast to the floor by the cement and it was some time before it could be extricated.

It is believed that Cripps either slipped and fell or was taken ill and collapsed before being smothered by the cement, which was used in the manufacture of shoes by a concern in the building.

NEW FRENCH NAVAL PLANS.

Matin Says They Call for Building 700,000-Ton Fleet in 20 Years.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, Feb. 13.—The Matin says that the French Ministry of Marine is framing a naval program of which the following are the lines:

Within twenty years France will build a fleet of 700,000 tons, including auxiliary ships. This figure comprises 65,000 tons for submarines and 60,000 for airplane-carrying ships.

In first eight years no battleships will be built, only light ships, comprising nine cruisers, thirty-five destroyers and forty-four submarines.

GERMANY PROTESTS ADVANCE IN BADEN

Note to France Declares That New Incursion is a Mockery of Peace.

COMMISSION CALLED 'TOOL'

Rhineland Board is Assailed as Subserviently Carrying Out Paris Policy.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 12.—Under instructions from the Cuno Government the German Embassy at Paris today handed to the French Government a note protesting against the seizure by French military forces of the two Baden towns of Offenburg and Appenweller on Feb. 4. This new application of sanctions by the French Government was based on the contention by the Poincaré Cabinet that the treaty of Versailles had been violated through the stoppage by the German Administration of international through train service over the routes from Paris to Munich, Prague and Bucharest.

In the protest Germany contends that the stoppage of the service of these two international trains was forced upon the German administration of railways "on account of shortage of coal and other difficulties of transport caused by the Franco-Belgian invasion of the Ruhr," that the interference with this particular traffic was an "emergency measure of a transitory nature," and that it could not be considered a violation of the Treaty of Versailles.

"Every state of peace would be mocked," it was set forth in the note, "if the French Government took occasions of such minor importance as the suspension of two train services to send without further notice its troops into German towns."

Text of German Protest.

The note was telegraphed to the German Embassy at Washington, which made it public this evening, as follows:

"The French Government in the note dated Feb. 2 and transmitted to the German Embassy on Feb. 6 reproached the German Government for a violation of the Treaty of Versailles, a violation which was said to have occurred by the German administration of railways having stopped the service of the international trains Paris-Bucharest and Paris-Munich-Prague. The French Government at the same time announced that for this alleged violation of the treaty it would occupy as sanction the German towns of Offenburg and Appenweiler. The occupation of both towns actually took place on the day the note was handed to the German Embassy at Paris.

"The German Administration of Railways was, on account of the shortage of coal and other difficulties of transport caused by the Franco-Belgian invasion of the Ruhr, obliged to suspend a great number of international and German railway services. Among these were the two trains mentioned in the note. In view of the time and circumstances under which the stoppage of the services of the two trains took place, such stoppage obviously amounted to an emergency measure of transitory nature, whereby there can be no question of a violation of the treaty.

"But even if, formally speaking, the treaty had been violated, it would mock every state of peace if the French Government took occasions of such minor importance as the suspension of two train services to send, without further notice, its troops into German towns.

"The French Government has, indeed, with a view of concealing the apparent misproportion between the cause of reproach and the French measures, tried to enumerate further alleged violations of the treaty by Germany. In reply to this the German Government refers to its former exchange of notes with the French Government. The German Government points out that in every single case of a reproach made of having violated its obligations it, by detailed argument, refuted such reproach without the French Government having even tried to refute on its side the arguments put forth by Germany.

"The French Government does not mention a legal title on which it claims to have imposed its sanctions. In this case, therefore, the French Government does not even dispose of visionary grounds for imposing sanctions. In reality, the whole case amounts to one of purely arbitrary action and force, committed by taking advantage of the defenselessness of the German nation. The German Government formally protests against this procedure before the entire world.

Rhineland Board Called Tool.

"On the day the French note was handed to the German Embassy in Paris the Interallied Rhineland Commission in Coblenz transmitted a note to the German Rhineland Commission there, in which the commission stated that, approving the occupation ordered by the French Government of Offenburg and Appenweiler, it had decided to place these territories under the auspices of the bridgehead of Kehl and to extend the powers of its delegate at Kehl accordingly.

"The Rhineland convention circumscribes the material as well as the local scope of the powers of the Rhineland Commission. According to Article 1 of said convention the territory subject to the competence of the Rhineland Commission comprises only those parts of German territory the occupation of which was provided for by Article 5 of the armistice of Nov. 11, 1918, and by Article 7 of the additional convention of Jan. 16, 1919. The towns of Appenweiler and Offenburg lie beyond this territory and no article of the Rhineland convention or of the Treaty of Versailles gives the Rhineland Commission the right, of its own accord, to extend the scope of its competence.

"The approval order passed by the Rhineland Commission of the measures taken by the French Government does not legalize these measures, which violate the treaty, and likewise does not give a legal title to the illegal ordinance of the Rhineland Commission. The approval shows, however, anew that the Interallied Rhineland Commission lets itself be made the tool of French policy. The German Government protests also against this violation of the treaty and of right."

The German Embassy also gave out this cablegram from the Berlin Foreign Office:

"Schoolboys of the high school at Treves were ill-treated by Spahis and forced four times to kiss the holy soil of France, and to remain in a kneeling position for an hour.

"The Chief Director of the Post Office at Flohr, a man 64 years old, was arrested by the French (offense not stated) and put in chains. He had no food for twenty-four hours.

"French officers attacked thirty Catholic theological students with riding whips and beat them cruelly. The French took 5,000,000 marks from a safe at Treves. French officers drove twenty-five women from a Reichlichsuen restaurant into the street because they were singing patriotic songs. The French disturb theatre performances by singing the 'Marseillaise.'

"Suspensions of the press and expulsions from the Rhineland continue. Through closing the frontier to unoccupied Germany the French have jeopardized the food supply of the Ruhr. The Mayor of Duisburg was arrested, as have been many others in the Rhineland. Many cases of ill-treatment have been reported."

6 DIE, 12 OVERCOME BY BREAK IN GAS MAIN

Family at Pitman, N. J., Killed, Many in Peril as Big Pipe Bursts.

WOODBURY, N. J., Feb. 12.—Six persons were smothered to death by illuminating gas and nearly a dozen were overcome early today in Pitman, seven miles south of here, when a broken gas main in a street filled four buildings with gas. The dead are Pio Pucci, a shoemaker, his wife and four children.

The gas main is owned by the People's Gas Company, whose plant is in Glassboro, three miles from Pitman. The leak was discovered at 5 A. M., but it was not until about two hours later that it became known the gas had got into the Pucci house. If that had been known earlier, the lives of the family might have been saved.

Neighbors were aroused by a woman's screams for help from the house of Daniel Blackman. While an alarm was sent to the volunteer fire department, people ran into the house, threw up all the windows and began to work on the victims and fan the gas out of the rooms. That Dr. Edward Blackman and his family, who live next door to Daniel Blackman, also had suffered, was discovered a few minutes later.

All the physicians in the town of about 3,000, were called. Each fire company brought a pulmotor. The physicians set the firemen to work with their pulmotors and pressed men and women into service, reviving those in the two Blackman houses and a girl in the third house. Then some one passing the Pucci house, across the street from the Blackman homes, looked in and found that the whole family was dead.

PLAN FOR WORLD PEACE.

Mrs. Huck Would Bar Trading With Countries Refusing War Referendum

A plan to promote world peace by refusing trade concessions to those countries that do not permit a referendum on war was advocated yesterday by Mrs. Winnifred Mason Huck, Representative in Congress from Illinois, at a meeting of the Women's City Club, 22 Park Avenue.

"I intend to propose to Congress," said Mrs. Huck, "that the United States shall not declare war without an affirmative vote of the people upon any country giving its people the right of a referendum. I also shall propose that we do not give any trade or financial concessions to any country refusing its people that privilege.

"I have been told that war cannot be prevented in that way—that other countries will resent our refusal to trade with them without such a stipulation. We are in the lead today as a nation in a financial and moral way. It is the psychological time for us to provide a foundation for world peace."

ITALY ADVANCES TREATIES.

Washington Agreements Sent to Senate for Ratification.

ROME, Feb. 12.—Premier Mussolini today sent to the Senate a bill calling for the ratification by the Upper Chamber of Parliament of the Washington armament and Far Eastern conference conventions.

The Italian Chamber of Deputies last week ratified the Washington treaties.

SLAYER HANGS HIMSELF.

Newark Man Who Killed Widow is Found Dead in His Cell.

Special to The New York Times.

ELIZABETH, N. J., Feb. 12.—Frank Pavzitch, 40 years old, of 12 Adams Street, Newark, who shot and killed Mrs. Mary Placha, 37, a widow, in her home at 200 Fulton Street, on Sunday night, committed suicide by hanging in his cell at Police Headquarters here early this morning. His body was discovered by a turnkey, who reported that the man had made a noose from his undergarments and socks and had hanged himself from an iron bar.

Pavzitch was arrested in a Newark saloon, his head bowed on the bar, four hours after he had shot the woman. He readily admitted the killing, saying he had shot her because she had repulsed him and favored another man.

BELGIANS TO SEIZE TWO RHINE TOWNS

Continued from Page 1, Column 4.

have succeeded in stopping the export of coal," he said, "then we will have to close down in one month or two. We can go on manufacturing for that time and stocking our production, but even the biggest business in the world cannot go on indefinitely if it cannot sell its output.

"Our situation is probably even better than that of most Ruhr firms, and it is unlikely that they can last as long. If some settlement is not reached with the French within probably one month from the time such an order is put into force then they will be obliged to close down and dismiss their employes."

This view I have found to be a general one. All the manufacturers are hoping that the Government will still find some way of helping them, and it is possible that to a certain extent this can be done if the Reich can afford to continue to pay for undelivered goods; but, as in the case of the coal embargo, time is far more strongly on the side of France than of Germany.

To France the blockade of the roads and rails is costing comparatively little. To Germany it is already every day costing enormous sums, and to the Ruhr manufacturers, as to the mine owners, it must from today begin to cost a fortune daily.

Weak Point of German Position.

The greatest point of feebleness in the German situation is that at all costs work must be continued. Both the employers and the Government know to what a starvation limit they have reduced their workmen. Even one day without work and wages means for a German family no food and no fuel. The margin has been reduced so fine that any closing of works means disaster. One of Thyssen's foremen frankly acknowledged that.

"If the firm has to close down," he said, "there are only two alternatives. There will be riot and bloodshed without object and without gain, or else the French must assure the running of the works. Our people will work for them. They cannot do otherwise. They must work for whoever pays them, and they must be paid.

"If the Government treats them as it has treated the railroad men, and gives them pay, then, of course, they will remain loyal. But Germany cannot afford even in paper marks and at the present scale of wages to pay all the workers in the Ruhr for an indefinite period."

This indifference of the working people to the national issues involved in the struggle is one of its most significant features. During the last month there has been no revolt, no unengineered resistance. Whatever the German politicians may say about the whole nation being united against the French, when it comes down to the matter of wages and food there is no union and no nationality. There is only the question of employers and employed. There is only the question of the rich and poor. It is there that the selfish, aggressive policy of Stinnes & Co. has failed.

REICHSBANK FORCES RISE IN THE MARK

Acts for the German Government in Selling Foreign Exchange and Bank Notes.

MOVE IN WAR ON USURY

Aim is to Deprive Profiteers of Their Usual Excuse for Raising Prices.

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By Wireless to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

BERLIN, Feb. 12.—The Reichsbank is continuing to sell large quantities of bills of exchange and foreign banknotes, the consequence being that the mark again rose somewhat today. The official dollar rate was one to 27,000 marks.

THE NEW YORK TIMES correspondent hears from high financial authority that the Reichsbank is determined to continue sales of foreign money until the dollar is down to 25,000 marks. It is not believed, however, that the mark can be stabilized in that manner while the bank-note press daily turns out milliards of new paper that increases the inflation.

The present operations of the Reichsbank have been undertaken at the instigation and on the responsibility of the Federal Government, the idea being to establish a firm if only temporary basis upon which to proceed against usury, especially in foodstuffs and other necessities. Until the present time producers and retailers in these goods have pleaded the depreciation of the mark or, to use a more popular term, "the rate of the dollar," for the most shameless profiteering.

Vainly the consumer would argue with his grocer, for instance, that the fact that since yesterday the dollar had risen from 20,000 to 25,000 marks made no difference at all to an egg-laying hen, and that therefore he had no right to charge 500 instead of 400 marks for one egg. Thus it was with all other foodstuffs produced on native soil months before at prices which could not have been influenced by today's rate of the dollar.

In view of the great sacrifice which the workmen in the Ruhr district and elsewhere in Gmany are now making, the Government is determined they shall be protected from these usurious practices by draconic regulations of trade and prices that will take effect the moment the dollar is down to 25,000 marks, when it will go very badly with those who sell at prices fixed when the dollar was much higher. Of the few persons who yet know of this plan not all are convinced that it will be effective.

Industries Prepare to Meet Boycott.

BERLIN, Feb. 12 (Associated Press).—There is a strong inclination on the part of the Berlin press to belittle the immediate consequences which are likely to follow the new Franco-Belgian boycott against unoccupied Germany, especially as far as it may concern iron products. The newspapers assert that Germany can continue to be an important competitor in the world markets, since most of her finishing plants are in unoccupied sections of the country, and these are stocked with supplies for months ahead.

The Deutsches Allgemeine Zeitung, organ of Hugo Stinnes, reviewing the month of occupation, sees the French iron industry the heaviest sufferer up to date.

"The decrease of more than a million tons in reparation coal for France alone," says this newspaper, "has driven from the world market the French iron industry, which, with cheap reparation coke, had been conducting a flourishing 'dumping' business against England and Italy. * * * Economic disturbances cannot fail to appear. The only question is whom they will hit the harder. About 75 to 80 per cent. of the German iron-producing industry lies in occupied territory and from 65 to 70 per cent. of the iron-finishing industry is the essential problem."

Asserts French Lose Experts.

Continuing, the Allgemeine Zeitung says that the finishing plants have used recent months to good advantage in stocking up with raw and semi-manufactured supplies, and that they can well increase their production. The German iron industry, it, adds, up to the present has been operated at only 60 per cent. of capacity. Large supplies of raw and semi-finished products heretofore have been imported from France, and France now has destroyed this export business for herself.

Calling attention to the split which it says the French are attempting to make in the German industrial structure, the Allgemeine Zeitung says that this will be as hard for the French as it is for them to mine coal with their bayonets.

Other sections of the press adopt a similar view. Some of the journals go so far as to say that the Ruhr industry is largely a consumer of its own products, and will be able to continue at work for a long time with the stocks now on hand. It is declared further that industries in the occupied area have warehouses and branches in unoccupied Germany, which contain large supplies, while other plants have guarded against the likelihood of such a boycott as that now imposed by laying in considerable quantities of rolled iron and other basic materials.

Substitute Supplies Sought.

Die Zeit, one of the industrialist organs, admits that the boycott can entail difficulties for the machine workers in unoccupied territory, but it declares that even these concerns can find substitutes for their Ruhr supplies in iron products from other parts of Germany. This newspaper asserts that the boycott will prove a false blow, and that it bears no excessive significance for unoccupied Germany.

Frederick Stampfer, editor-in-chief of Vorwärts, the Socialist organ, who recently returned through the French Ruhr, says in an article in his newspaper that the French prohibition of exports from the Ruhr has made difficulties noticeable in the iron industry "which are traceable to the general insecurity of the situation and lack of important raw stuffs in consequence of disturbances to traffic." Herr Stampfer predicts a rapid increase in unemployment on both sides of the new border, but adds:

"The Social Democratic workers in the Ruhr district feel themselves the vanguard of the forces against French imperialism and militarism. * * * They are ready even to starve for their convictions."

Big Excess of Imports.

Germany has suffered a passive trade balance of over two billion gold marks during 1922, according to approximate figures announced by the Federal statistical office. The imports are given as approximately 6,200,000,000, and the exports 4,000,000,000 gold marks.

"If the French officers corps believes it can force German police officials to obey unauthorized commands by using riding whips, it is mistaken," says a public protest issued by the League of German Police Associations. "Police officials in the occupied area have explained that despite the severest physical punishment they are fulfilling to the last man and the last breath their difficult duty of protecting the people and the future, and also that they will obey only orders from the German authorities."

GERMANS TO PAY BELGIUM.

Will Honor 50,000,000 Gold Marks' Obligations About Due.

LONDON, Feb. 12 (Associated Press).—It is semi-officially announced in Berlin that Germany is prepared to honor her bonds, to the value of 50,000,000 gold marks, turned over to Belgium six months ago by the Reichsbank and due Feb. 15, says a dispatch to The London Times from Berlin.

It is added that Germany's decision to suspend deliveries in reparation goods during the period of the occupation of the Ruhr does not apply to these bonds.

JERSEY SENATE PASSES HIGHWAY BOARD BILL

Measure Provides Bipartisan Commission of Four—Legislators Ready to Override Veto.

Special to The New York Times.

TRENTON, N. J., Feb. 12.—The New Jersey Senate late tonight passed a bill creating a bi-partisan Highway Commission of four members and leaving Governor Silzer without ex-officio powers. If the Governor vetoes the measure, the Republican majority in each House is ready to override his veto.

The program was decided today at a Republican conference and the bill was introduced in the Senate by Majority Leader Stevens of Monmouth County. The measure provides that two members shall be Republicans and two Democrats, one of each to be named for two years and the other two for four years. The salaries of all are fixed at $7,500 a year. The terms of the State Highway Engineer and his assistant are fixed at four years, instead of five, and the services of all employes of the old commission are terminated so that the new board can begin with a clean slate.

Although Frederick M. P. Pearce, the Governor's secretary, told newspaper men late last week that he understood that the Executive was to be an ex-officio member of the board, with power to vote in case of a tie, the bill does not give this authority.

SOVIET ENVOY A FEMINIST.

Mme. Kollantay, Reds' Best Woman Orator, Going to Norway.

CHRISTIANIA, Feb. 12 (Associated Press.)—Mme. Alexandra Kollantay, former Bolshevist Minister of Public Welfare, whose appointment by the Soviet Government as Russian Minister to Norway has just been announced, is the most avowed feminist in Russia.

Mme. Lenin, wife of the Bolshevist Premier; Mme. Trotzky, wife of the Soviet Minister of War, and many other Russian Communists frequently have stated that feminism in Russia existed only in the mind of Mme. Kollantay, who probably is the best known woman orator Bolshevism has produced. She has spoken for years to the women factory workers in all parts of Russia, urging them to make a demand for greater representation in the Soviet Government and lamenting the slight attention Communism has paid to women.

Mme. Kollantay was born an aristocrat. She speaks many languages, including English. She has lived in various parts of Europe. She is of slight build and is always well dressed. She is about 45 years of age and is the author of several books on social problems. Several times she has had quarrels with the Bolshevist leaders because of divergent views, but always has emerged triumphant. She is held in high regard in party councils in Russia.

NYACK FEEDS WILD DEER.

Hungry Herd Eats Flowers in Cemetery—Now Get Hay and Oats.

Special to The New York Times.

NYACK, N. Y., Feb. 12.—A herd of forty wild deer, so hungry that they have been robbing newly made graves of flowers in Oak Hill Cemetery here, is now being fed by the local Sportsmen's Association. This action was taken by Game Protector Arthur M. Gage, President of the association, after he learned that the deer had upset garbage pails in the village at night for food. Several bales of hay and three bags of oats were put out for the herd. All of it was gone in the morning.

The snow in the woods is two feet deep, making it impossible for the deer to browse. Motorists go out of their way to travel Highland Avenue, where the deer venture in the daytime.

The game protector complained today that dogs were chasing the deer, and issued a warning to all owners to keep their dogs away from the cemetery. A closed season on deer in Rockland County for many years has caused the animals to multiply fast.

2 FRENCHMEN SHOT BY GERMAN POLICE

Continued from Page 1, Column 6.

first time since the occupation of the Ruhr by the French and Belgian troops German police officers used arms against the occupying forces today. As a result a German police officer was killed and two French gendarmes wounded.

A German police officer was stopping an auto traveling without lights and carrying French gendarmes. An altercation ensued. Apparently the gendarmes attacked the German police officer, the German being wounded in the neck.

Immediately after German police reinforcements arrived on the scene and without hesitation used their revolvers, wounding two French gendarmes, one in the breast and the other in the eye.

The German police officer died this afternoon.

Say French Use Whips on People.

BERLIN, Feb. 12 (Associated Press).—Private advices from Essen, Recklinghausen and other Ruhr points indicate a serious aggravation of the situation in the occupied zones, due to intensification of the feeling between the French and the Germans.

Today's clash, when two French soldiers and one German Police Sergeant were seriously wounded in an exchange of shots, has caused much embitterment and marks the first instance where the German police have been obliged to use their weapons.

And the freedom with which the French have been wielding their riding whips on the backs of civilians and otherwise encroaching on what the population considers civic liberties is gradually bringing about a feeling which, it is believed in Berlin, will eventually cause a serious outbreak. French aggression continues to find its sturdiest opposition in the ranks of organized labor.

Director Piel, in charge of the Reichsbank branch at Treves, has been arrested by the French and the bank has been closed to the public.

General Boycott in Essen.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

ESSEN, Feb. 12 (By motor courier to Gelsenkirchen).—Shops, hotels and restaurants began today a boycott of the French and Belgians. A general boycott has never before been attempted on such a scale. It is the business community's reprisal for the continued cessation of telegraph and telephone.

The French are expected to respond sharply to the German challenge, for reasons of prestige they can hardly afford to accept the Ruhr metropolis's action meekly. Wherever a boycott has been carried through in smaller towns, such as Recklinghausen and Witten, serious trouble invariably has resulted.

Witten was the scene of a big nationalist demonstration today, despite the prohibition of political meetings under General Degoutte's martial-law ordinance.

In Herne sharpened martial law was proclaimed by the commanding French General. The natives are ordered to keep off the streets between 9 P. M. and 6 A. M. for continued defiance by local officials.

Early this morning the French arrested another mine manager, Director Lettay of Zollverein, near Kaiserberg, in the Northern Ruhr.

At Gelsenkirchen the French reported that workers of the Holland mine asked the military authorities to operate a miners' train on the northern militarized line. The French complied, but all miners who availed themselves of this facility for getting to and from work were summarily dismissed by the mine management.

COLOGNE TRANSFER OPPOSED IN LONDON

French Request for a Part of British Rhine Zone Adds to Premier's Embarrassments.

CLASH DUE IN PARLIAMENT

Whole Subject of the Ruhr is Likely to Bring Sharp Criticism—Curzon to Speak Today.

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By Wireless to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Feb. 12.—The portion of the British zone on the Rhine which the French suggest should be handed over to them is a strip of about six or seven miles on the northern border. It is through this that German coal trains from the Ruhr would pass if they followed the most convenient route for France.

The request has been made in spite of the fact that the British authorities have pointed out there are two alternative lines which do not touch the British occupied zone, by which coal could be moved. But one of these, the French explain, is merely a single track line, and is therefore not convenient, and they urge that the British have never actually had any troops in the strip they ask for, so that a transfer would be merely nominal.

The British Government had hoped to be able to postpone the question of movement of Ruhr coal through their zone. They have no desire to put obstacles in the way of their allies, but they cannot see how they can agree to the use of the Cologne railroads by Ruhr coal trains without prejudicing their attitude of neutrality toward the French advance. French crews would undoubtedly have to operate the trains, and unpleasant incidents would almost certainly arise.

Would British troops have then to be called out to give the French railroad man protection? It would seem to be necessary, but if it happened the present British policy would then become untenable. It is believed here that it is simply with the idea of overcoming this difficulty that the French Government has asked for the transfer of the small stretch of territory. It wants to avoid involving the British in difficulties and to preserve as long as possible the present compromise, but the British Government has not decided whether it can grant its ally's request.

This raises a new problem, and cannot be decided without reference to the political situation at home. Parliament is on the eve of meeting, and the Government knows it must face sharp criticism of the Ruhr situation from the Opposition benches, and it is very inconvenient to have the status quo disturbed at such a moment.

Lord Curzon is to make an important speech on foreign affairs in the House of Lords tomorrow, and it is expected that he will refer to this matter then.

MRS. RAIZEN PREPARES MURDER TRIAL FINERY

Slayer of Dr. Glickstein Puts Finishing Touches on Wardrobe for Today.

At the Raymond Street Jail, Brooklyn, Mrs. Lillian Raizen spent much of yesterday preparing clothes to wear in the Brooklyn Supreme Court, where she will be placed on trial before Justice James C. Cropsey and a jury for the slaying of Dr. Abraham Glickstein in December, 1921, in his home at 539 Bedford Avenue, Brooklyn.

Mrs. Raizen has added to her wardrobe several new dresses and the finishing touches were added yesterday when her father brought to the jail a new fur wrap. Mrs. Raizen has gained more than fifty pounds in weight since her incarceration a year ago.

"I feel as well as one could on the eve of being tried for murder," said Mrs. Raizen. "I am confident that after the jurors hear my testimony I will be freed."

Her counsel, Albert Conway, spent more than two hours at the jail, reviewing with his client the grounds of defense.

The 100 talesmen, from among whom the jury will be selected, have received their jury notices.

It was said yesterday that the public would not be admitted to the court room while the trial was in progress.

INCH OF SNOW FALLS.

Warmer Temperature With Rain is Forecast for Today.

The snowstorm forecast for last night struck the city at 8:40 o'clock, an inch having fallen at 11 o'clock, according to reports from the Weather Bureau.

The Weather Bureau predicted a warmer temperature for today and expressed the opinion that the snow would turn to rain before morning. Rain was forecast for today and indications were, weather officials said, that the rain would continue over Wednesday.

Three thousand regular street cleaning employes and the 450 city-owned snow plows and tractors were ordered out at 11 o'clock last night by Commissioner of Street Cleaning Aufred A. Taylor.

Preparations for calling out 5,000 extra laborers, when the 4,500 men of the day shift relieve the night workers at 8 o'clock this morning, also were completed.

There has been a total snowfall of forty-two inches this Winter, which is one inch more than during the average Winter for the last twenty years.

Dies in Movie Theatre.

As he was returning to his seat next to his wife in a motion picture theatre in Jamaica, Queens, where they had been witnessing the matinee performance, Stewart Good, 64 years old, a salesman, of 18 Willis Avenue, Floral Park, Queens, was stricken with an attack of heart trouble yesterday afternoon and died a few minutes later.

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SHOULD HOLD RUHR, SAYS GEN. EDWARDS

Hopes French Soldiers Stay There Until Germany Pays the Last Franc Due.

'MUSHY PACIFISM' A MENACE

National Republican Club Applauds Sympathy Expressed for France by Soldier and Senator Lenroot.

Hope that France would keep her soldiers in the Ruhr until Germany had paid her every last franc due under the Versailles Treaty was expressed last night by Major General Clarence R. Edwards, commander of the Yankee Division during the World War, at the Lincoln dinner of the National Republican Club at the Waldorf-Astoria.

This assertion, as well as an attack on "mushy pacifism" as a menace to the United States, was applauded by the majority of the thousand men and women present. That the sympathy of by far the greater part of those present was with France rather than Germany in the present controversy was shown by the applause on repeated occasions. United States Senator Irvine L. Lenroot, of Wisconsin, was cheered loudly when he expressed sympathy with France, while his subsequent qualification that France must not treat the German people unjustly passed almost without notice.

It was General Edwards's first public speech since his retirement from active service, and he prefaced his remarks by saying that he intended to speak "with the caution of his conducted colleague, Admiral Sims."

General Edwards said that because of the restrictions imposed by his long service in the army it was the first time that he had ever addressed a political audience, except once. The exception, he said, was when, as a young lieutenant serving on the Mexican border, he was forced to address a political mass meeting and advised a crowd of Texans to vote the Republican ticket.

"Mushy Stuff Called Pacifism."

"I am concerned about this mushy stuff called pacifism that is being fed to the American people," he said. "I believe that the most intelligent friend of peace is a General who has been through three wars. I think he knows the sacrifices.

"Dangerous propaganda is abroad in this country. During the last twenty years there have been erected in Washington great marble lobby temples, supported by the contributions of earnest and enthusiastic but misguided people.

"Abroad they had Wilhelm, Ludendorff, Von Hindenburg and Kultur. It was nothing but the insistent Prussian minority that forced its views on a peace-loving majority. The poison of it brought the disaster which we all know.

"From the dead echoes of a war in which there was victory without peace and peace without victory there has started another great foundation. They called an arms conference and started a slogan, 'Support our President; support our conferees.' That was unnecessary. Everybody was supporting them, especially the army and navy.

"The conference met with responsive reaction among many, particularly among women. A society which started as a society for the limitation of armaments became a society for the reduction of armaments and then a society for the prevention of war, and now it's extensive propaganda declares that war is a crime.

"We have developed an American 'kultur' in this country. These minorities are telling us what we shall eat, what we shan't drink, are threatening to invade our homes and control birth, and are now advocating peace at any price, perhaps disarmament."

Points to Switzerland.

General Edwards asserted that one-tenth of 1 per cent. of what the United States spent in the World War expended each year for the forty years preceding it, would have saved the lives of countless soldiers and would probably have prevented the United States from being in the war at all. He cited the instance of Switzerland, surrounded by warring nations and preserving her neutrality by her army, which was too strong to be disregarded by either belligerent.

"Not a soldier of the Central powers entered Switzerland except to be interned," he said. "That was because the youth of Switzerland were taught the first principles of citizenship, how to defend their liberty and their homes. Isn't that the kind of preparedness we want?"

General Edwards said he did not wish to criticize the withdrawal of the American troops from the Rhine, but felt as a soldier that it would have been better if they had been withdrawn earlier if they were to be withdrawn. "I hope that France completes her occupation," he said, referring to the invasion of the Ruhr, "and makes the handcuffs secure. If she asks us later for our good offices, I hope we answer, most assuredly, but upon one condition, that the army that is there stays there until every franc due from Germany is collected."

Senator Lenroot, in expressing sympathy with France, said that the nations of Europe needed the charity of a Lincoln and also his sternness against wrong by whomever committed. "It is unfortunate that Germany has not seen fit to do her utmost to pay her obligations and maintain the value of her currency," he said, "and then rely upon the sympathy and help of the rest of the world to secure for her such terms as would enable her to resume an economic place in the world, but without any possibility of a return to military power.

But One Way to Peace.

"There is but one way to peace in Europe. Germany must pay to the utmost limit of her ability to pay, and yet live and occupy a place in the family of nations. France must not seek to crush the German people, nor must she or England or Italy exploit weaker peoples for selfish advantage and imperial domination.

"I hope the time is near at hand when America's voice will be heard for peace and justice to all of Europe and that it will be welcome, heard and heeded. We know that when that day arrives President Harding and Secretary Hughes will give expression to it. But I am not in favor of the United States Senate deciding the time when action shall be taken or in building up false hopes in any nation in Europe that the United States is ready to help it against others, regardless of justice and right.

"It should be clearly understood, too, that the United States has not a dollar to help any nation to maintain huge standing armies or to enable them to assist one nation in fighting others.

"We must not isolate ourselves from the rest of the world, but realize that we are a part of it and have a responsibility to it. This we can do without any sacrifice of our sovereignty or independence. We never shall surrender to any league or association of nations the right to determine for us when and how and where we shall engage in war. No American boy shall ever be sent to fight and die anywhere except with the consent of his own Government. We owe a duty to the rest of the world, but our first is to make civilization safe here in America."

Senator Lenroot said he hoped, if there should be another war, that capital as well as man power would be drafted and "that never again would war be profitable either to the men who owned the factories or the men who worked in them." He declared that the Republican Party stood for "service," to the United States first and to the world second, and suggested that a declaration of general party principles should be drawn at the next Republican national convention.

Wadsworth on the Constitution.

United States Senator James W. Wadsworth Jr., of New York, suggested some method of requiring submission of all future proposed amendments to the Federal Constitution to the vote of the people of the respective States.

Senator Wadsworth called attention to the fact that about seventy proposals for further amending the Constitution were pending in Congress, and asserted that the Legislatures of many States ratified the prohibition and woman suffrage amendments, to both of which he was opposed, in violation of the expressed will of the voters of those States. "We do not want our form of government, a union of States," he said, "to be transformed, step by step while we are not looking, into a highly centralized bureaucracy."

Senator Wadsworth said that thirty-eight Legislatures ratified the Nineteenth amendment and in thirteen of these States the people had but a short time before voted down State woman suffrage amendments. He declared that the Massachusetts Legislature at the behest of the Republican State Committee ratified the prohibition amendment in opposition to the expressed will of the voters and that in New York a party caucus in the State Senate changed two votes and assured the ratification of the prohibition amendment.

"It matters not what any one of us thinks of the Eighteenth and Nineteenth Amendments," he said. "That is not the point. The point is that we have reached a step in the development of our Constitution where something must be done to restore to the people the power which every one thought they possessed. We must see to it that amendments proposed from this time on shall be submitted in such fashion as to give the people themselves a chance to say 'yes' or 'no' to them. We cannot afford to have some future amendment, destructive of our whole theory of government manipulated through the requisite number of Legislatures with the people standing by helpless to prevent it.

"The issue is too great for us to take any chances with the propagandas which today are seeking to undermine the Constitution. The modern propagandist has just commenced to work. He is tireless always, he has an organization and that organization is very often generously supplied with funds; it has facilities for widespread publicity; often its leadership is adroit and skilled politically. The pressure of organized propaganda upon legislative bodies is terrific, well-nigh compelling. I can say that advisedly because I have seen and experienced it during fourteen years of legislative service.

"If in the future organized propaganda succeeds in amending the Constitution, that amendment, though it is wretchedly bad, is there to stay. To perfect it, to change it or to repeal it will require, under the present practice, the affirmative action of two-thirds of each House of Congress and thirty-six Legislatures. I doubt if you can amend or repeal an amendment once it is adopted. It is politically impossible."

Former State Senator Nathaniel A. Elkinberg presided. Those at the speakers' table included Robert W. Bonynge, Mrs. James G. Wentz, Samuel S. Koenig, Mrs. Courtlandt Nicoll, Dr. Nicholas Murray Butler, Brig. Gen. William Weigel, Mrs. Douglas Robinson, Charles D. Hilles, the Rt. Rev. William T. Manning, Mrs. Arthur L. Livermore, Rear Admiral Charles P. Plunkett, James R. Sheffield, Miss Maude Wetmore, Philip Elting, Mortimer C. Addoms, Miss Helen V. Boswell and J. Van Vechten Olcott.

LINCOLN AND PERICLES.

Greek Editor Compares Them as the Great Exponents of Democracy.

CHICAGO, Feb. 12 (Associated Press).—Abraham Lincoln and Pericles were linked as the "greatest champions of democracy the world has ever known," by P. S. Lambros, publisher of The Greek Star of Chicago, in an address today before the Hamilton Club. He took as his subject "Pericles's Funeral Oration and Lincoln's Gettysburg Address, the World's Most Notable Lamentations."

He declared that the Gettysburg address, translated in all languages, is universally known as the greatest lamentation in history and that although it is in a class by itself, historical records showed another notable funeral oration, delivered in Athens by Pericles 2,000 years ago.

"In making a comparison of the democratic ideals of both men," he declared, "we can safely say that Pericles was the originator of democracy and Lincoln was the perfector.

"In making further study and analysis of the events that occurred in 431 B. C. and the facts that occurred in 1861 A. D. we note that the events which took place between the 2,000 years were really the same. The two great orations, delivered by the two great men to pay tribute to dead heroes, were delivered for the same purpose. Both speeches were funeral orations, delivered to inspire democracy. Pericles's funeral oration stands as the old testament of democracy, while Lincoln's Gettysburg address stands as the Gospel of democracy.

"Pericles delivered his famous funeral oration upon the graves of Greek heroes who fought and died in the civil war between North and South of Greece, between Athens and Sparta. In the South were slaves; in Sparta the Helots. The Helots were the property of their masters.

"It was the ambition of Pericles to abolish slavery and oligarchy; Lincoln, the great American, believed that all men were born equal."

SAW LINCOLN ASSASSINATED

Mrs. Jennie Struthers Was in Same Cast With Booth.

Special to The New York Times.

MONTCLAIR, N. J., Feb. 12.—Mrs. Jeannie Struthers, mother of Mrs. Richard E. Humbert of 110 Harrison Avenue, Montclair, is one of two living members of the cast of "Our American Cousin," which was playing at Ford's Theatre in Washington on the night that Abraham Lincoln was shot by John Wilkes Booth. Mrs. Struthers lives with another daughter at Media, Pa. She was known on the stage as Jeanne Gourlay. William J. Ferguson is the other surviving member of the company.

Mrs. Struthers has told how she narrowly escaped being slashed by a knife that Booth waved as he fled across the stage after firing the shot which mortally wounded Lincoln. An actor who stood beside her as the assassin passed had his coat cut by the blade.

Two other members of Mrs. Struthers's family played in "Our American Cousin." There were her father, John C. Gourlay, who was Sir Richard Trenchard, and a sister, Miss Margaret Gourlay, who took the part of Skillet, the maid. Two of her brothers were in the audience. Following the shooting the company was under surveillance by the authorities, who suspected a conspiracy. In the investigation that ensued they were forced to repeat the performance under the scrutiny of the police.

SEES PERIL TO THE UNION.

Senator Pepper Warns Against Too Centralized Government.

PORTLAND, Me., Feb. 12.—The objective of the Republican Party, like that of Lincoln, is to preserve the Union, Senator George W. Pepper of Pennsylvania said tonight in an address at the annual banquet of the Lincoln Club here.

"To say that our object, like that of Lincoln, is to preserve the Union is no figure of speech. If class is to be arrayed against class and section against section, race against race and creed against creed, the will of the American people to be one people may be weakened to the breaking point.

"If the States' aim to be submerged, their initiative and self-reliance lost, and an overwhelming central organization developed which takes over and operates the instrumentalities of our social and commercial life, our Union quickly becomes an unwieldly aggregate whose very strength is its weakness.

"America will be happiest and therefore the Union most secure if our governmental policies are such as to encourage individual initiative and self-development. If our government machinery is simplified and operated at minimum cost and if we strike the note of service to a suffering world, but resolutely decline to enter international combinations likely to involve us in war."

RODMAN FOR NAVY SECOND TO NONE

Admiral Appeals for Construction of Number of Ships of Less Than Capital Strength.

TO BACK UP FOREIGN POLICY

Pacifists He Finds Right in Theory, but History Has Shown Error of Their Idea.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 12.—The foreign policies of the United States cannot be more powerful than the country's navy, Rear Admiral Hugh S. Rodman declared tonight in the course of an appeal for the construction of ships of less than capital strength in such numbers as to make the American Navy second to no other nation in the world in this respect.

Speaking to the District of Columbia Commandery Loyal Legion, in a Lincoln Day address, Admiral Rodman referred to the fact that Germany had been engaged in the development of a powerful navy for several years prior to the World War, but had not been able quite to match the British naval establishment, having at the outbreak of hostilities about 80 per cent. of the naval strength of Great Britain.

"Let us profit by this experience. We do not want an 80 per cent. navy, but one that is up to the full 100 per cent," he said.

Recognizing the fact that pacifists are right in theory, the naval officer asserted that their ideals have not been borne out in practice. No class of men disparage war more heartily, he declared, than do the officers and men of the navy who have given their lives and best endeavors over to the service of their country, yet such men can see more clearly than can others the necessity of maintaining a strong and efficient fighting force.

"Even though our active service may be at an end," he admonished the veterans, "let us still take the same deep interest in that which has been our life's work, and strive unitedly and individually in the common cause to the end that we may have an army and a navy at all times fully adequate to guarantee that our country never shall be humiliated or go down to defeat."

NEED OF LINCOLN'S SPIRIT.

His Reconstruction Policy Seen as World's Hope by Rabbi Kohn.

Special to The New York Times.

PITTSBURGH, Feb. 12.—The need today for Lincoln's reconstruction policy, as outlined in his second inaugural address, was stressed by Rabbi Jacob Kohn of New York at the annual convention of the United Synagogue of America, which is taking place here today.

"His formula was a simple one," said Rabbi Kohn. "He would proceed with 'malice toward none, with charity for all * * * to do all which may achieve and cherish a just and lasting peace among ourselves and with all nations.' He did not live to see the politicians of his day make mock of the sentiment to which he had pledged the nation. In that he was more fortunate than one of his successors in the presidential office.

"The world is still seeking an effective formula for reconstruction. Can we not imagine Lincoln urging upon the nations, America included, the policy which once he offered to our nation alone in the hour of bitter feud? Of charity, of love and good-will there is but little on earth today; of bigotry and of malice there is a heart-breaking abundance. Old national feuds have been revived and intensified, racial hate and suspicion are being fanned into flame; religious intolerance once more unseats men's reason, so that the better world order of which men have dreamed and for which the youth of the world was called upon to spill its blood seems to have been but a mirage of the human soul.

"The wisest political formulae, the most astute economic plans, will remain abortive unless the spirit in which men undertake the task of reconstruction is that which Lincoln foreshadowed."

LINCOLN AS A POSTMASTER.

Future President Kept Money Due Government Tied in a Rag.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 12.—A musty volume in the archives of the Post Office Department in which is recorded the appointment of Abraham Lincoln as postmaster at New Salem, Sangamon County, Ill., on May 7, 1833, recalls on his birthday anniversary today an interesting story of his postmastership which is said to be a tradition of the service.

As related in a memorandum made public by the department, it was several years after the post office at New Salem had been closed, in 1839, that one of the few special agents then assigned to that duty called on Lincoln, then a struggling young lawyer of 27, to close up finally the accounts of the office. The former postmaster, in accordance with departmental routine, had waited for the agent's visit. The latter, according to the story, presented Lincoln with a statement showing a balance due the Government from the post office amounting to about $17.

"Lincoln, as the memorandum relates the story, responded by rising from his chair, crossing his office to an old trunk in the corner and taking from it a cotton rag tied with string. Untying it, he produced the exact amount of money demanded by the Post Office agent, indicating that he had held the sum intact and untouched ever since his retirement as postmaster.

"'I never use any man's money but my own,' he ejaculated calmly."

While there was no special observance of Lincoln's birthday anniversary today in either the Senate or House, Senator Stanley, Democrat, Kentucky, referred to it incidentally in the Senate with a remark that if Lincoln could return to life today he would be "mighty lonesome" in view of his stand for personal liberty and State rights, and also would be "damned as a hopeless reactionary."

The House paused in its work to pay tribute to the memory of Lincoln. Representatives Mondell of Wyoming, the Republican leader; Houch, Republican, Kansas, and Upshaw, Democrat, Georgia, eulogized the martyred President. Mr. Upshaw declaring no tribute to Lincoln would be complete unless a Southern man participated.

PRAISES LINCOLN'S POLITICS

Representative Yates Says Men of That Type Are Needed Now.

Representative Richard Yates of Illinois, former Governor of that State, as was his father, who was an intimate friend of Lincoln, spoke on Abraham Lincoln at the annual meeting yesterday of the Republican Committee of One Hundred, at the home of Dr. and Mrs. Edward H. Peaslee, 17 Washington Square North. Ex-Governor Yates called Lincoln a wonderful orator; a great lover, who was human enough to pour out his heart to four girls in rapid succession; an ardent believer in God, trusting to divinity as well as humanity; a conqueror of many obstacles; a consummate politician; and a man who had the "wisdom of little children" in understanding, and being understood by, the people.

"I wish to emphasize Lincoln, the consummate politician," said the speaker, "and I use the word politician as it should be used, a man who is a student of the science of Government. In those days, mothers and fathers would tell their children to enter politics and serve the Republic. They don't do that now. Today the cry is 'Anything but politics, my son.' We must bring back the old attitude; the salvation of the country depends upon it. In my humble opinion, Abraham Lincoln, who sought the humblest of public offices until he reached the greatest, who entered politics to serve the Republic, achieved the grandest victory in this old world since Christ walked on earth two thousand years ago."

RACE QUESTION ACID TEST.

Negro Minister Calls it a Challenge to the Christian Religion.

At a Lincoln's Birthday service in the Calvary Baptist Church, 123 West Fifty-seventh Street last evening, the Rev. Charles S. Morris, a negro Baptist minister of Virginia, formerly of this city, spoke on "The White and Black Races Side by Side in Peace."

"Can these races live together in this country?" he asked. "That is the acid test of American freedom, and the challenge to the Christian religion. One of the most hopeful signs of our generation is that the white people of the South are beginning to see that the white and black races, opposed in culture as in color, must live side by side in peace."

WORLD FEELS NEED OF LINCOLN'S SPIRIT

Continued from Page 1, Column 1.

agements and criticism which would have crushed any less than a master heart and soul.

The Recent Trial of Civilization.

"The world today sees civilization brought to its supreme test. Its trial came when it might least have been expected. At the very apex of material advances, when science and industry and invention and culture seemed to have united in justifying man's proudest estimate of his destiny, there came among the nations such a clash of ambitions, such a confusion of ideals, such a crash of conflicting aims and aspirations as they had never known before.

"It brought bewildering confusion and overwhelming amazement to those who had been esteemed the wisest among their kind and who in the folly of their wisdom had been most certain that such a thing could never happen. And in the very face of havoc wrought, of the utter futility of it all, we still wonder that it could have been.

"But the sobering and distressing realization has come at last, that in its eagerness to harness and dominate the material forces of the world humanity had lost its anchorage to the ultimate things of the higher, the nobler, the spiritual universe. Turning now in the midst of the wreckage to seek for whatever can be trusted as safe and strong and lasting, it is not to be wondered that people turn anew the pages of Lincoln's story.

"In very truth his soul is marching on. To him it has been given to leave a living heritage of vital power and supreme inspiration to the race. Out of Lincoln came the proof that lofty achievement is not in ideals alone, but in that spiritual and material justice which is the wholesome blending of infinite purpose and man's capacity for fulfillment.

"I spoke a moment ago of the multiplicity of present-day writings about Lincoln. They embrace everything from the genealogist's delvings into his ancestry, to the psychologist's and the moralist's searchings into his innermost motives and objectives. Nothing that might possibly reveal any phase of his life and work has been accounted trivial. We are coming year by year to a more truthful and understanding appraisal of him. But all the researches of scholars and efforts of students have brought us little store of real understanding; have taught us well-nigh nothing concerning the supreme providential purpose which permits such a light to shine now and then upon a generation of men. We know not whence come such great souls, such simple wisdom, such capacity for sacrifice and service. But we do know that as men contemplate this strange career and study its wonders and its lessons, they are at least planting in their minds and hearts a certain vague realization of what Lincoln was and meant; a consciousness of his personal significance to them; and with all this a keen aspiration for some little participation in such a bestowal of selflessness, sacrifice and service as was the life of Lincoln. That aspiration, I firmly believe, is fixed in a greater number of human hearts today than it ever was before. It may be somewhat vague and unformed yet we readily recognize that it represents something like the aspirations of a race for a new incarnation of the spirit and the leadership of Lincoln.

Salvation in Unselfishness.

"Doubtless it is vain to hope that another such as he will be given to us and to our time. But to the extent that we shall prove ourselves worthy of such a leader, to that extent we shall be the better able to save ourselves without him.

"The task which men face throughout the world now is one with which they must cope as God intended. Their hope, their salvation, their destiny, must at last be in their own hands. They will save themselves if they will forget themselves.

"Probably the task would be less difficult if humanity would get a little nearer to God. In times like these the fullest, truest service that any nation or any society can render to itself, will be the service which is conceived in unselfishness and rendered without thought of immediate gain, or even of ultimate personal advantage.

"We drink from memory, we find inspiration in example, we are exalted by the eternal truths which Lincoln saw and proclaimed, but the highest usefulness in these things is their practical preservation, so as to reveal to all the people a true understanding of Lincoln's transcending eminence. His supreme gift was not in construction, his was the master preservation. And the call of the world today is for preservation, for the preserved civilization, which is the best judgment of human intelligence since the world began.

"Our coming together tonight is due, in large part, to the interest of the sponsors for such an institution as Lincoln would have loved. The Lincoln Memorial University has been truly called a living memory to the Emancipator. It was founded in pursuance of his expressed desire that the light of learning might be carried to the people of that strangely sequestered, mountain community of which his own forebears were members.

"These people of the Southern Appalachian Empire number now some six millions. They constitute one of the world's greatest reservoirs of purest Anglo-Saxon stock. Pioneers from the day of the first Colonial movement away from the tidewater country, they passed over into the mountains to make their homes, and they, and their descendants have lived, curiously, almost inaccountably, aloof from the sweeping tide, the quickening life of those mighty migrations which subdued the continent and made our country.

"Remote from the outside world, well-nigh forgotten in the activities of the generations that laid down our highways of steel, they have been at times almost a mystery to us. Sturdy, hardy, independent and self-sufficient, they have lived generation after generation almost to themselves; but not quite; for it stands to the everlasting credit of these men and women of the mountains that in the time of national need they have been instant in response and magnificent in loyalty.

"Their sons have stood in thousands against the barbarians of our own wilderness; they battled for Lincoln's concept of union and nationality and with equal steadfastness they have taken their place on battlegrounds of Europe and contributed their heroic part that a world civilization might live. The nation owes to them a vast balance of obligation and the Lincoln Memorial University represents one instalment which devout and unselfish people are paying upon that debt.

"It is a strange circumstance that in the rush and eagerness of our continental conquest such a people as this should, almost by accident, have drifted into the backwaters and there remained while the surging currents of settlement and development left them generation after generation well-nigh untouched and forgotten. Today they number a population double that of the Thirteen Colonies on the day when they declared independence; the greatest single reserve in all the land of untainted, unmixed, pure and pristine American stock.

"Out of the loins of this community came to us Lincoln, in limb and lineament in physical and moral power, in moral and mental ruggedness, a very prototype of his own people. From the nation which owes to them its debt for Lincoln and for a myriad of humbler heroes, now most of them forgot. It is due that the nation should light the way, should offer the means to guide this people into the ways of ample education and of ripened opportunity to make their full contributions to the national advancement.

"It has been told that nowhere in our country is illiteracy among Anglo-Saxons so prevalent, so dominant as among these people of the mountains. To state the fact is to confess remissness. It is a condition which must not be permitted to continue.

"For the sake of Lincoln, who loved them as his own people; for the sake of ourselves, who will be the equal beneficiaries of their advancement; for the sake of these splendid, loyal unquestioning Americans of the truest strain our nation knows, it is our duty to hold up the hands of the men and women who are carrying on this work of education, who have lighted this lamp, of inspiration and leadership for the men and women who have already given and may give again immeasurably to American greatness and the growing glory of the republic."

Lincoln and the Equality Theory.

In his address Senator Watson said that Lincoln had no illusions regarding the doctrine of equality in the Declaration of Independence. He granted that all men were created equal, but maintained and showed by his example that the reward for sloth and ignorance is not the same as for industry and intelligence.

"If he (Lincoln) had sat around on a log in Indiana and Illinois," Senator Watson said, "and complained about the inequality that exists among men and satisfied himself with uttering the old wail about the rich getting richer and the poor getting poorer, and constantly had asserted that the Government owed him a living and that it ought to take something away from the men who had accumulated and that the whole scheme of things was wrong because he was being brought up under the most extreme conditions, while others had abundance to spare, if he had assumed that this attitude toward life and Government he would have remained an obscure and unlettered man on the rude frontier throughout his life. But he knew that success and achievement and triumph lay within himself and he set about with sublime faith and unfailing courage to work out his own destiny.

"'Let not him who is houseless pull down the house of another,' he said on one occasion, 'but let him labor diligently and build for himself, thus by example assuring that his own will be safe from violence when built.'

"Here is a clear declaration of the right of private property, an exhortation to achievement by labor and by sacrifice, an appeal to close the heart to appeal of envy against those who have been fortunate in life, and a blow to all violence in seeking to solve the problems of existence."

SMYRNA SITUATION MUCH IMPROVED

Local Authorities Are More Conciliatory in Exchanges With Allies.

ULTIMATUM IS UP TONIGHT

But it is Expected That the Turks, Impressed by Allied Unity, Will Keep the Peace.

CONSTANTINOPLE, Feb. 12 (Associated Press).—A distinct improvement in the situation respecting both Smyrna and the peace outlook is reflected in official quarters tonight. It is understood that the Turkish authorities at Smyrna have adopted a more conciliatory tone in their exchanges with the commanders of the foreign warships, while a similar softening is reported in Angora's communications directly with the Allies.

Immediate favorable results are looked for on Ismet Pasha's arrival. It is expected that he will give definite assurances that the peace negotiations have not been broken off, but deferred, and that the way is open for the adjustment not only of the Smyrna affair, but the resumption of peace parleys.

No official utterances have been made here, but this is the view in well-informed circles.

Snow in Rumania and heavy weather at sea have delayed Ismet Pasha's arrival here. Meanwhile Kemal Pasha and other prominent Ministers have gone to Smyrna to attend an economic Congress, thus postponing the conferences which were expected to take place immediately on Ismet's reaching Constantinople.

The fact that a Russian Soviet Minister has also gone to Smyrna has caused comment, in view of insistent reports of the conclusion of a Russo-Turkish agreement at Lausanne. Presumably the Turks are awaiting overtures for the reopening of the treaty discussion, and with this maintaining the view that the Allies caused the breakdown of the conference by their sudden departure.

The semi-official French organ Aurore says that peace will be signed within a fortnight. The Turkish press maintains its confident tone, both as to the Smyrna incident and the break at Lausanne.

The United States destroyer Gilmer sailed Sunday for the usual round of Near East ports, but it is understood that she will not enter Smyrna. The destroyer Edsall, which is at Smyrna, will meet the Gilmer outside and will then return to her anchorage.

Turks Impressed by Allied Unity.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, Feb. 12.—The French Foreign Office confirms the report that the Turks addressed a fresh ultimatum to the Allies, demanding that all warships of more than 1,000 tons quit Smyrna Harbor in three days. This time limit will expire tomorrow night.

The importance attached to this in official circles here is only relative. The situation is not in any way dramatic—it is, in fact, considered unchanged by the renewal of the Turkish demand. The Turks appear to merely desire to maintain the principle of their protests against the presence of allied men-of-war at Smyrna while actually standing by the clauses of the Mudania Armistice, which accords the Allies the right to remain.

That this is so may be gathered from the tone of the Turkish authorities in Smyrna in all their discussions with the allied and neutral commanders. It may also be inferred from the conversations between the Allied Commissioners in Constantinople and the representatives of the Angora Government. The Turks are very obviously impressed by finding allied unity where they expected discord, or at least divergence of opinion. They are also impressed by the fact that neutrals also refused to leave Smyrna harbor under the threats made by the Turkish commander. But they are probably most of all impressed by the presence of warships and of the British military forces at Chanak and Gallipoli.

A Paris report says that Mustapha Kemal himself is proceeding to Smyrna, where negotiations are proceeding between the port authorities and the allied naval commanders regarding such matters as the position of the moorings of ships lying in the harbor.

Ismet Pasha has not yet completed his return journey, being delayed at Bucharest by heavy snowfalls. It is expected that he will be able to proceed to Constantinople tomorrow. General Harrington will have an interview with him as soon as he arrives, and will try to persuade him to show a conciliatory attitude in order to hasten the signing of peace. It must not, however, be forgotten that the Angora Assembly includes a large percentage of hot-heads and militarists, who may prove a factor of trouble.

BUCHAREST, Feb. 12.—Ismet Pasha, on his way to Angora from the Lausanne conference, had a talk today with J. C. Duca, the Rumanian Minister of Foreign Affairs, who urged upon him the advisability of Turkey maintaining a conciliatory attitude and setting forth the disastrous consequences of a resumption of hostilities in the Orient.

M. Duca gave a dinner in honor of the Turkish delegation, which will leave here tonight for Constantinople.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 12.—The State Department today received a cablegram from Rear Admiral Mark L. Bristol, one of the American unofficial observers at the Lausanne conference, reporting that he had returned to Constantinople and resumed his duties there as American High Commissioner. The department, however, has no confirmation of press reports indicating that the Turks had issued a second ultimatum with respect to closing the harbor at Smyrna to foreign warships.

VALETTA, Malta, Feb. 12.—It is understood that the British force of destroyers in Turkish waters is being added to by another flotilla from the Atlantic fleet, presumably the fourth, which is stated to be en route to Malta, destined for the Dardanelles. This will bring the number of British destroyer flotillas in Near Eastern waters up to five.

ADMIRAL RAPS TOURISTS.

Americans' Display of Wealth "Putting Us in Bad," Plunkett Says.

Americans on sightseeing trips in the Near East or in Mediterranean waters were criticised by Rear Admiral Charles P. Plunkett, Commander of the Third Naval District, who spoke on "Our Navy" at a luncheon of the Republican Women's Club yesterday at the Hotel Plaza.

Admiral Plunkett first said that the armament pact entered into at Washington for the limitation of naval powers was an experiment "and a dangerous one." He predicted that at the end of ten years this treaty would not be renewed. He urged the policy of isolation, and then said:

"I read in this morning's paper that a lot of joyriders left our shores to visit that part of the world in which war is most likely to break out at any time.

"These Americans make a lavish display of wealth in the faces of people who are starving. There is enough work right here at home for them—they are literally putting us 'in bad' with the rest of the world by taking the depreciated currency of other nations to make a vulgar display. They are simply sightseeing. They would do better to stay at home."

LINKS HARDING AND LINCOLN

Senator-Elect Fess Thinks Problems of Today as Great as Those of Civil War.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., Feb. 12.—Simeon D. Fess, Senator-elect from Ohio, principal speaker at the Lincoln Day dinner here tonight, eulogized Abraham Lincoln and President Harding.

Lincoln, Mr. Fess said, solidified "public opinion, determined to preserve the Union," which event, he asserted, "is properly estimated as the greatest event in the history of civil government since the dawn of civilization. It was the final test of the representative system which has now covered the world as the waters cover the sea." Lincoln's success, he added, "was not accidental, but providential."

"Whatever be the degree of seriousness of the problems of Lincoln's Day," Mr. Fess continued, "they were not more so than those facing the nation in the great war's aftermath.

"As President Harding sailed safely against endangering our national integrity by his wise neutrality policy, and Lincoln's almost prescient genius in correcting Seward's hasty recommendation, and thus preserving our normal development unhindered by foreign commitments, so today our national sovereignty and independence demand leadership that cannot be swept off its feet from whatever influence, or combination of influences, no matter what the purpose."

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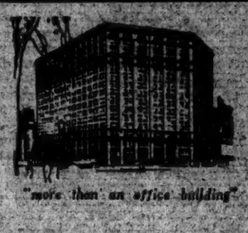

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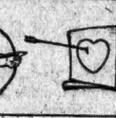

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Lost and Found, Page 28

CONDUCT OF JUDGES REDUCED TO CANONS

Industry, Impartiality, Hard Study and Clean Living Are Enjoined.

TAFT COMMITTEE REPORTS

Body Appointed by American Bar Association Frames Code of Judicial Ethics.

SOCIAL COURSE OUTLINED

Warned to Keep Free From Associations That Might Cause a Suspicion of Bias.

The proposed canons of judicial ethics, formulated by a committee of the American Bar Association, headed by Chief Justice William Howard Taft of the United States Supreme Court, for the guidance of judges in their conduct on and off the bench, have been completed for submission to members of the Bar Association and are printed in the present issue of the American Bar Association Journal. Lawyers and judges have been asked to examine them and make suggestions. When the final draft is written it will be submitted to the American Bar Association for ratification.

The committee was composed of Justice Taft, Justice Leslie C. Cornish of Maine, Justice Robert von Moschzisker of Pennsylvania, George Sutherland of Utah, and Charles A. Boston of New York, who also acted as Secretary. When Mr. Sutherland was appointed to the United States Supreme Court his place on the committee was taken by Garret W. McEnerney of California, as two members were to be lawyers in private practise.

The proposed canons not only declare what is ethical for a Judge on the bench, but also lay down principles which should govern his private conduct which, it is stated, "should be beyond reproach." It is particularly emphasized that a Judge should be careful to avoid the slightest infraction of the law lest his example be demoralizing to others. The unusual extra-legal sentences which have sometimes gained notoriety for Judges are frowned upon, discipline of the Judge's own devising, not set by law, being one of the things which the committee felt was undermining respect for the bench.

The committee in its search for fundamental principles of conduct went back to the Bible and quoted Deuteronomy on the duties of a Judge, and Francis Bacon's essay on "Judicature" was also drawn upon to remind Judges that "an overspeaking Judge is no well-tuned cymbal."

"Ancient Precedents."

Under the heading "Ancient Precedents" it quoted:

And I charged your judges at that time, saying Hear the causes between your brethren, and judge righteously between every man and his brother, and the stranger that is with him.

Ye shall not respect persons in judgment; but ye shall hear the small as well as the great; ye shall not be afraid of the face of man; for the judgment is God's; and the cause that is too hard for you, bring it unto me, and I will hear it.—Deuteronomy, I, 16-17.

Thou shalt not wrest judgment; thou shalt not respect persons, neither take a gift; for a gift doth blind the eyes of the wise, and pervert the words of the righteous.—Deuteronomy, XVI, 19.

Judges ought to remember that their office is *jus dicere* not *jus dare*; to interpret law, and not to make law, or give law.

Judges ought to be more learned than witty; more reverend than plausible; and more advised than confident. Above all things, integrity is their portion and proper virtue. . . .

Patience and gravity of hearing is an essential part of justice; and an over speaking judge is no well-tuned cymbal. It is no grace to a judge first to find that which he might have heard in due time from the bar, or to show quickness of conceit in cutting off evidence or counsel too short; or to prevent information by questions though pertinent.

The place of justice is a hallowed place; and therefore not only the bench, but the foot pace and precincts and purprise thereof ought to be preserved without scandal and corruption. . . . Bacon's Essay "of Judicature."

The canons follow:

PREAMBLE—In addition to the Canons for Professional Conduct of Lawyers which it has formulated and approved, the American Bar Association, mindful that declared ethical standards tend to become habits of life, deems it desirable to declare its views respecting those principles which should govern the personal practice of members of the judiciary in the administration of their office. The association accordingly adopts the following canons which it suggests as proper guides of conduct for Judges, and as indicating what all concerned may reasonably expect from them.

PROMISES OF CANDIDATES—A candidate for judicial position should not make or suffer others to make for him promises of conduct in office which appeal to the cupidity or prejudice of the appointing or electing power; he should not announce in advance his conclusions of law on disputed issues to secure class support, and he should do nothing while a candidate to create the impression that if chosen he will administer his office with bias, partiality or improper discrimination.

RELATIONS OF THE JUDICIARY—The assumption of the office of Judge casts upon the incumbent duties in respect to his personal conduct which concern his relation to the State and its inhabitants, the litigants before him, the principles of law, the practitioners of law in his court and the witnesses, jurors and attendants who aid him in the administration of its functions.

THE PUBLIC INTEREST—The courts exist to promote justice and thus to aid in securing the contentment and happiness of the people. Their administration should be speedy and careful. Every Judge should at all times be alert in his rulings and in the conduct of the business of his court, so far as he can, to make it useful to litigants and to the community. He should avoid unconsciously falling into the attitude of mind that the litigants are made for the courts instead of the courts for the litigants.

CONSTITUTIONAL OBLIGATIONS—It is the duty of all Judges in the United States to support the Constitution of the United States and of the State whose laws they administer; in so doing they should fearlessly observe and apply constitutional limitations and guarantees.

AVOIDANCE OF APPEARANCE OF IMPROPRIETY—A Judge's official conduct should be free from the appearance of impropriety, and his personal behavior, not only upon the bench and in the performance of judicial duties, but also in his every day life, should be beyond reproach.

ESSENTIAL CONDUCT—He should be temperate, attentive, patient, impartial, and, since he is to administer the law and apply it to the facts, he should be studious of the principles of the law and diligent in endeavoring to ascertain the facts.

INDUSTRY—He should exhibit an industry and application commensurate with the duties imposed upon him.

PROMPTNESS—He should be prompt in disposing of all matters submitted to him, remembering that justice delayed is often justice denied.

PUNCTUALITY—He should be punctual in the performance of his judicial duties, recognizing that the time of litigants, jurors and attorneys is of value and that if the Judge is unpunctual in his habits he sets a bad example to the Bar and tends to create dissatisfaction with the administration of justice.

COURT ORGANIZATION — He should organize his court with a view to the prompt and convenient dispatch of its business and he should not tolerate abuses and neglect by clerks, sheriffs and other assistants who are sometimes prone to presume too much upon his good-natured acquiescence by reason of friendly association with him.

CONSIDERATION FOR JURORS AND OTHERS—He should be considerate of jurors, witnesses and others in attendance upon his court.

COURTESY AND CIVILITY—Judges should be courteous to counsel, especially to those who are young and inexperienced, and also to all others concerned in the administration of justice in their courts.

They should also require, and, so far as their power extends, enforce on the part of clerks, court officers and counsel civility and courtesy to witnesses, litigants and others having business with the Court.

APPOINTEES OF THE JUDICIARY AND THEIR COMPENSATION—Trustees, receivers, masters, referees, guardians and administrators appointed by a Judge to aid in the administration of justice under his supervision should have the strictest probity and impartiality and should be selected with a view solely to their character and competency. Patronage of a Judge is conferred because it is thought that it will be exercised by him for no personal or partisan advantage. A Judge should not permit his appointments to be controlled by others than himself, and he should avoid the allowance of excessive compensation to the appointees. He should also avoid nepotism in his appointments.

KINSHIP OR INFLUENCE OF PARTIES AND COUNSEL—A Judge should not, unless it is unavoidable, sit in litigation where a near relative is a party or of counsel; and he should not suffer his conduct to create the impression that any person can unduly influence him or enjoy his favor, or that he is affected by the rank, position or influence of any party.

INDEPENDENCE—A Judge should not be swayed by public clamor or considerations of personal popularity.

INTERFERENCE IN CONDUCT OF TRIAL—While a Judge may properly intervene in a trial of a case to promote expedition and prevent unnecessary waste of time, or to clear up some obscurity, nevertheless he should bear in mind that his undue interference, impatience or participation in the examination of witnesses, or a severe attitude on his part toward witnesses, especially those who are excited or terrified by the unusual circumstances of a trial, may tend to prevent the proper presentation of the cause, or the ascertainment of the truth in respect thereto; and in a jury trial the frequency of interruption and interrogation of witnesses by the Judge is too apt to create the impression upon the jury that the Judge has made up his mind upon the facts or the merits of the controversy, and thus to invade the legitimate province of the jury, and to prevent its proper functioning by unduly imposing the Judge's views of the facts upon the jury. This should be avoided.

Conversation between the Judge and counsel in court is often necessary, but the Judge should be studious to avoid controversies which are apt to obscure the merits of the dispute between litigants and lead to its unjust disposition. In addressing counsel, litigants or witnesses, he should avoid a controversial tone.

He should avoid interruptions of counsel in their arguments except to clarify his mind as to their positions, and he should not be tempted to an unnecessary display of learning or a premature judgment.

EX-PARTE APPLICATIONS—Judges should discourage ex parte hearings of applications for injunctions and receiverships where the order may work detriment to absent parties; they should act upon ex parte applications only where the necessity for quick action is clearly shown; if this be demonstrated, then the Judge should endeavor to counteract the effect of the absence of opposing counsel by a scrupulous cross-examination and investigation as to the facts and the principles of law upon which the application is based, granting relief only when fully satisfied that the law permits it and the emergency demands it. The Judge should remember that his injunction is a limitation upon the freedom of action of defendants and should not be granted lightly or inadvisedly. One applying for such relief must sustain the burden of showing clearly its necessity and this burden is increased in the absence of the party whose freedom of action is to be restrained even though only temporarily.

CONTINUANCES—Delay in the administration of justice is a common cause of complaint; counsel are frequently responsible for this delay. Judges, without being arbitrary or forcing cases unreasonably or unjustly to trial when unprepared, to the detriment of parties, may well endeavor to hold counsel to a proper appreciation of their duties to the public interest, to their own clients and to the adverse party and his counsel, so as to enforce due diligence in the dispatch of business before the court.

JUDICIAL OPINIONS—In disposing of controverted cases, Judges should indicate the reasons for their action in opinions, showing that they have not disregarded or overlooked serious arguments of counsel. They thus show their full understanding of the case, avoid the suspicion of arbitrary conclusion, promote confidence in their intellectual integrity and contribute useful precedent to the growth of the law.

But the volume of reported decisions is such and is ever so increasing that in writing opinions which are to be published Judges may well take this fact into consideration, and curtail them accordingly, without substantially departing from the principles stated above. It is of high importance that Judges constituting a court of last resort should use effort and self-restraint to promote solidarity of conclusion and the consequent influence of judicial decision. A Judge should not yield to pride of opinion or value more highly his individual reputation than that of the court, to which he should be loyal. Therefore, except in case of conscientious difference of opinon on fundamental principle, dissents should be discouraged.

INFLUENCE OF DECISION UPON THE DEVELOPMENT OF THE LAW—A judge should be mindful that his duty is the application of general law to particular instances, that ours is a government of law and not of men, and that he violates his duty as a minister of justice under such a system if he seeks to do what he may personally consider substantial justice in a particular case and disregards the general law as he knows it to be binding on him. Such action may become a precedent unsettling accepted principles and may have detrimental consequences beyond this immediate controversy. He should administer his office with a due regard to the integrity of the system of the law itself, remembered that he is not a depositary of arbitrary power, but a judge under the sanction of common and statute law.

IDIOSYNCRASIES AND INCONSISTENCIES—Justice should not be molded by the individual idiosyncrasies of those who administer it. A Judge should adopt the usual and expected method of doing justice, and not seek to be extreme or peculiar in his judgments, or spectacular or sensational in the conduct of his court. Though vested with discretion in the imposition of mild or severe sentences he should not compel persons convicted or accused to submit to some humiliating act or discipline of his own devising, without authority of law, because he thinks it will have a beneficial corrective influence.

Judges imposing sentences should endeavor to conform to a reasonable standard of punishment and should not seek popularity either by exceptional severity or undue leniency.

REVIEW—In order that a litigant may secure the full benefit of the right of review accorded to him by law, a trial Judge should scrupulously grant to the defeated party opportunity to present the situation arising upon the trial exactly as it arose, was presented and decided by full and fair bill of exceptions or otherwise; any failure in this regard on the part of the Judge is peculiarly worthy of condemnation because the wrong done is irremediable.

LEGISLATION—Judges have exceptional opportunity to observe the operation of statutes, especially those relating to practice, and to ascertain whether they tend to impede the just disposition of controversies; and they may well contribute to the public interest by advising those having authority to remedy defects of procedure of the result of their observation and experience.

INFRACTIONS OF LAW—The Judge should be studiously careful himself to avoid even the slightest infraction of the law, lest it be a demoralizing example to others.

INCONSISTENT OBLIGATIONS—A Judge should not accept inconsistent duties, nor incur obligations, pecuniary or otherwise, which will in any way interfere with his devotion to the expeditious and proper administration of his official functions.

BUSINESS PROMOTIONS AND SOLICITATIONS FOR CHARITY—He should avoid giving ground for any reasonable suspicion that he is utilizing the power or prestige of his office to persuade or coerce others to patronize or contribute, either to the success of private business ventures or to charitable enterprises. He should, therefore, not enter into such private business or pursue such a course of conduct as would justify such suspicion, nor use the power of his office or the influence of his name to promote the business interests of others; he should not solicit for charities nor should he enter into any business relation which, in the normal course of events reasonably to be expected, might bring his personal interest into conflict with the impartial performance of his official duties.

PERSONAL INVESTMENTS AND RELATIONS—A Judge should abstain from making personal investments in enterprises which are apt to be involved in litigation in his court; and, after his accession to the bench, he should not retain such investments previously made longer than a period sufficient to enable him to dispose of them without serious loss. It is desirable that he should, so far as reasonably possible, refrain from all relations which would normally tend to arouse the suspicion that such relations warp or bias his judgment or prevent his impartial attitude of mind in the administration of his judicial duties.

It is highly improper for a Judge to utilize information coming to him in a judicial capacity for purposes of speculation, and it detracts from the public confidence in his integrity and the soundness of his judicial judgment for him at any time to become a speculative investor upon the hazard of a margin.

EXECUTORSHIPS AND TRUSTEESHIPS—While Judges are not disqualified from holding executorships or trusteeships, they should not accept any continuing or future appointment to hold any fiduciary or other position if the holding of it would interfere or seem to interfere with the proper performance of their judicial duties, or if the business interests of those represented require investments in enterprises that are apt to come before the court, or to be involved in questions of law to be determined by it.

PARTISAN POLITICS—While entitled to entertain his personal views of political questions, and while not required to surrender his rights or opinions as a citizen, it is inevitable that suspicion of being warped by political bias will attach to a Judge who becomes the active promoter of the interests of one political party against another. A Judge should avoid making political speeches, contributions to party funds, the public endorsement of candidates for political office or participating in party conventions.

SELF INTEREST—He should abstain from participating in any judicial act in which his personal interests are involved. If he has personal litigation in the court of which he is Judge, he need not resign his judgeship on that account, but he should, of course, refrain from any judicial act in such a controversy.

PRIVATE LAW PRACTICE—A Judge should refrain from the practice of the law. In many jurisdictions it is properly forbidden by statute. In superior courts of general jurisdicition, it should never be permitted. In inferior courts in some States it is permitted because the county or municipality is not able to pay adequate living compensation for a competent Judge. In such cases a Judge who practices law is in a position of great delicacy and must be scrupulously careful to avoid conduct in his practice whereby he utilizes or seems to utilize his judicial position to further his professional success.

He should not practice for fees in his own court, even when presided over by another Judge, or appear therein for himself in any controversy.

Gifts and Favors—He should not accept any presents or favors from litigants or from lawyers practicing before him.

SOCIAL RELATIONS—It is not necessary to the proper performance of judicial duty that Judges should live in retirement or seclusion; it is desirable that, so far as the reasonable attention to the completion of their work will permit, they continue to mingle in social intercourse, and that they should not discontinue their interest in or appearance at meetings of members of the bar. A Judge should, however, in pending or prospective litigation before him be scrupulously careful to avoid such action as may reasonably tend to awaken the suspicion that his social or business relations or friendships constitute an element in determining his judicial course.

A SUMMARY OF JUDICIAL OBLIGATION—A Judge's conduct should be above reproach, and in the discharge of his judicial duties he should be conscientious, studious, thorough, courteous, patient, punctual, just, impartial, fearless of public clamor, and regardless of private influence, should administer justice according to law and should deal with the patronage of the position as a public trust; and he should not allow outside matters or his private interests to interfere with the prompt and proper performance of his office.

COOLIDGE LAUDS NEGROES.

Dedicates Hospital at Tuskegee, Made Possible by Lincoln.

TUSKEGEE, Ala., Feb. 12 (Associated Press).—America stands unchangeably committed to the principle of the right to individual freedom made forever plain and clear by Abraham Lincoln, Vice President Coolidge declared today in an address dedicating the $2,000,000 Government hospital for negro veterans of the World War.

"In less than seventy years that the negroes in America have been in the enjoyment of freedom they have made marvelous progress," said the Vice President. "That progress is shown most of all in the honest, industrious way in which the great body of their people have performed the plain, everyday duties of life.

"When the call came in time of war they were ready and desirous to respond. They were more anxious to enlist than they were to evade any service for their country. In spite of every deception, of temptation to which public enemies artfully subjected them, they exhibited a loyalty and devotion to the cause of America which was unsurpassed. Nearly 400,000 of them went into military service."

The total casualty of negro troops, he said, was approximately 103 officers and 1,543 enlisted men, of whom six officers and 203 enlisted men were killed in action. Fourteen negro officers and 48 enlisted men received the Distinguished Service Cross, he added.

The negroes' record at home and abroad during the war won them the everlasting gratitude of the American people, he said. They have justified the faith of Abraham Lincoln.

The rehabilitation hospital, costing $2,000,000, an institution second to none in the country in point of plant and equipment, in which World War negro veterans will receive care and treatment for all classes of physical infirmities or injuries incident to their service at home or abroad, stands on a spot made memorable by the life and works of Booker T. Washington.

BRITAIN MAY ASK PAY.

May Thus Start Reconstruction Steps, It Is Said.

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LONDON, Feb. 12.—It is probable that soon after Parliament meets a suggestion will be made by Great Britain to France, Italy and Belgium that, as Great Britain is paying her debt to America, they pay their debts to her.

It is expected that their reply will be that this is impossible unless Germany pays reparations in full. The next step, in case this works out, will be for Great Britain and America to join in saying, "All right, let us get together in a world conference and talk about this debt matter."

This is another indication of Great Britain's desire for the two greatest creditor nations, Great Britain and America, to co-operate in directing a policy for Europe.

TWO WOMEN KILLED IN AUTO ACCIDENTS

Brooklyn Resident Is Crushed Against Elevated Pillar—Two Men Are Held.

ONE VICTIM UNIDENTIFIED

Struck by Taxicab While Crossing the Street—Boy Coaster Suffers Fractured Skull in Crash.

Automobile accidents in the city yesterday caused the death of two women, the probable fatal injury of a boy while bobsleding in Staten Island, and injuries to several others.

An unidentified woman, about 40 years old, walked in front of a taxicab operated by Harry Boyle at 201 West Sixty-sixth Street about 11 P. M. at Tenth Avenue and Fifty-third Street and sustained injuries from which she died a short time later at Roosevelt Hospital. Boyle was arrested by Policeman McGrath of the West Forty-seventh Street Station on a technical charge of homicide.

Boyle said that the woman appeared to have become blinded by the snow as she walked in front of his machine. He carried her to the hospital, where she died on the operating table.

Mrs. Maud Knipschild, 40, of 1,346 Bergen Street, Brooklyn, died in St. John's Hospital in Brooklyn shortly after 6 o'clock last night from injuries she received half an hour before when she was crushed against an elevated pillar by a touring car at Atlantic and Bedford Avenues.

The accident led to a two-mile chase, which ended at Bedford and Marcy Avenues, when a policeman, standing on the running board of a car operated by a driver who had witnessed the accident, threatened to shoot the fugitive chauffeur, who said he was Frank Di Bella, 19 years old, of 1,407 Seventy-fifth Street, Brooklyn.

When Policeman Samuel Schaffel of the Gates Avenue Station took him back to the scene of the accident, several other witnesses were holding Salvatore Balsamo, 21 years old, of 206 Union Street, who, they told the policeman, was driving the car when the woman was crushed. Di Bella, who said his father owned the car, and Balsam were locked up in the Atlantic Avenue Station on a homicide charge. Police said that both men admitted they were in the car at the time of the accident.

Witnesses said that the car was coming south on Atlantic Avenue under the Long Island Railroad's elevated structure when the woman stepped from behind a pillar into its path. Before Balsamo could bring the car to a stop, it struck the woman and pinned her against the pillar.

Witnesses said that Balsamo and Di Bella got out, pushed the car away from the unconscious woman and carried her to the sidewalk. Then, they alleged, Di Bella jumped into the car and sped in it through Kingston Avenue to Marcy Avenue. The driver, who went in pursuit of Di Bella, as he turned into Marcy Avenue, picked up the policeman.

Ambulance Hits Hydrant.

Dr. Scott Rutherford, an interne at the Beekman Street Hospital, and Arthur Sykes of 201 East Eleventh Street, a chauffeur, were injured last evening when their ambulance collided with a fire hydrant on Broome near Lafayette Street. Sykes was driving and Dr. Rutherford, whose home is in Ontario, Canada, was seated beside him, when an automobile driven by Harry Chamberlain of 770 Jefferson Avenue, Brooklyn, unexpectedly pulled in front of them.

Dr. Rutherford was thrown through the windshield, sustaining cuts and bruises on the face, arms and body. The ambulance was also hurled to the street and suffered a possible fracture of the right leg.

Policeman Kine of the Oak Street Station lifted Sykes into the ambulance, where the injured physician treated him. The policeman commandeered an automobile, which towed the ambulance with the two injured men to the hospital.

William Crowson, 9, of 128 St. Paul's Avenue, Tompkinsville, S. I., suffered a fractured skull and internal injuries when he was run over by an automobile in the afternoon as he was coasting on a bobsled near his home. Henry Koffer, chauffeur of the car, which was owned by Anselm Brothers, butchers, in Broad Street, Stapleton, told the police the sled shot under his vehicle before he could bring it to a stop.

The boy was removed to the Staten Island Hospital in a dying condition. It was the eighth accident of the kind reported by the Staten Island police since the first of the year.

Held for Attack on Driver.

When one of four occupants of a motor truck was injured in a collision with another motor truck at South Street and Sutphin Boulevard, Queens, the three friends of the injured man attacked the chauffeur of the other truck, left him unconscious on the street and fled with the injured man in their vehicle. They were overtaken by Policeman Steffen of the Jamaica Station, who commandeered an automobile, after a two-mile chase.

Carmon Licurale, 31, of 111 Wahl Avenue, Inwood, L. I., was removed with a crushed hip to the St. Mary Immaculate Hospital at Jamaica, and his three friends were locked up on charges of assaulting Kenneth Gordon of Hillside Avenue, Jamaica, driver of the other vehicle, and resisting arrest. They said they were James Martiotte, 22, of 154 Wahl Street, Inwood; William Montengo, 15, of Mercedes Cottage, Meadowmere, L. I., and Carmon Olivera, 19, of 12 Wahl Avenue, Inwood.

SUICIDE'S WIDOW HELD.

Mrs. Lambelle to Be Tried as Accessory to Husband's Forgeries.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., Feb. 12.—Mrs. Mary Lambelle, widow of Philip Lambelle, who died from a self-inflicted bullet wound in a hospital here following his arrest on a charge of forgery, was arraigned in police court today on charge of having been an accessory to the alleged forgeries, and her trial was set for Feb. 14. She was placed in jail and her bond fixed at $1,000.

A. L. Von Wormer, Mrs. Lambelle's father, returned to his home in Fort Wayne, Ind., today after a conference with his daughter. While here he said his son-in-law, declared by police to have operated on a national scale under fifteen aliases, was in trouble in Cincinnati last May and that he had spent a considerable sum in getting him freed.

Lambelle shot himself Saturday night with a pistol snatched from a drawer at Police Headquarters. It was understood the body was to be taken to Fort Wayne for burial.

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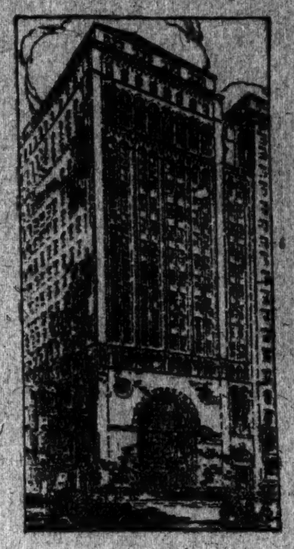

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MISS FARRAR HEARD IN DIVORCE SUIT

Replies to Twelve Formal Questions in Five Minutes Before Referee.

NO DEFENSE IS OFFERED

"Let Her Get It," Tellegan's Order to Lawyers—Singer Hides Her Face From Photographers.

For about five minutes yesterday Geraldine Farrar testified in her suit for absolute divorce from Lou Tellegen. Twelve formal questions were put to her by Alvin Untermyer, her lawyer, and without hesitation or emotion she answered each with "yes" or "no"—nothing more. Arthur E. Schwartz of 1,540 Broadway, Tellegen's lawyer, said he did not care to cross-examine the singer.

After the hearing Mr. Schwartz told reporters he would offer no defense. "Some one has said 'if a lady asks for a divorce, give it to her,'" said Schwartz, "and that's the attitude that Mr. Tellegen has taken. At first he had decided to fight it out to a finish, and I was working on the case for a year and a half. But suddenly Mr. Tellegen said 'Let her get it,' and we won't offer any resistance."

The proceeding opened on a legal holiday so that Miss Farrar, who is to sail soon for Cuba, could get her testimony on record. Accompanied by Mr. Untermyer and a man who was reported to be a private detective, Miss Farrar entered the office of Thomas H. Mahony, the referee, at 100 East Forty-fifth Street, at 11:30 o'clock. She smiled slightly when she beheld a roomful of reporters and photographers, Mr. Mahony having decided that the hearing should be public. She hurried into Mr. Mahony's private office. Ten minutes later the singer appeared in the hearing room.

She wore a long chinchilla-trimmed broadtail coat and carried a large chinchilla muff and beaded bag. Long white kid gloves and a smart fur-trimmed toque completed her costume. A black embroidered veil clung closely to her face. Low colonies encased her feet.

With subdued mien, contrasting with the vivacity that characterized her long career with the Metropolitan Opera, Miss Farrar took her station at the end of a long table opposite Mr. Mahony and took the oath.

She affirmed that her name was Geraldine Farrar Tellegen, known on the stage as Geraldine Farrar.

"Did you marry Lou Tellegen, the defendant in this action, on or about Feb. 3, 1916, at 18 West Seventy-fourth Street, City and State of New York?" asked Mr. Untermyer.

"Yes."

At the time of the marriage and the commencement of the divorce action the prima donna was a resident of this State, she replied to further questions. Then she went on to say that she never had condoned or connived at the misconduct alleged against her husband.

"Is there any action for divorce, other than this action, pending between yourself and Mr. Tellegen in the courts of this State?"

"No."

Miss Farrar replied in the negative also when asked if five years had elapsed since Tellegen's alleged acts of misconduct. She made a similar reply when asked if there was any judgment or decree in any court "against you and in favor of the defendant for a divorce on statutory grounds."

Miss Farrar, who was the only witness examined, left while the lawyers and the referee were deciding that the next hearing should take place at 10:30 tomorrow morning.

She refused to answer reporters' questions or to pose for pictures, screening her face with her muff as she passed through the corridor. Several photographers, however, took flashlight pictures, even though her face was hidden.

GAMES BEFORE RELIGION.

Ohio Pastor Changes Service Days to Accommodate Athletes.

OAK HARBOR, Ohio, Feb. 12.—Because the majority of the young people are basketball fans and will not miss a game to attend church services, the Rev. B. F. Brandt, pastor of St. John's Evangelical Lutheran Church here, has departed from an aged custom and will hold special Lenten services on Sunday evenings instead of Friday evenings.

The Rev. Mr. Brandt also has changed the date for a meeting of the Luther League from Wednesday evening to Tuesday evening for the same reason.

EDISON, AT 76, TALKS OF TUT-ANKH-AMEN

Continued from Page 1, Column 5.

ment during the war. Every one of them was pigeon-holed. I don't know how it is with the Army, but as far as the Navy is concerned, the naval officer resents any interference whatsoever in his business by civilians. You can't do anything with those fellows. It is a close corporation. The Catholic Church ain't organized anywhere near as close as they are."

Asked if he couldn't do something about this by taking it up with the President, Mr. Edison replied:

"You can't do anything in this matter through the President or Congress or anybody else."

"What do you think of the talk of a second term for President Harding?"

"I think he ought to have a second term. I like Harding. He is a little slow. But the foreign business that he is up against is mighty complex."

He was asked if he would prefer to see Woodrow Wilson back in the White House in 1925.

"No, I would not," he said. "I don't think he is really a good man for President. He is a fine man and a man of imagination, but he hasn't been up against the world quite enough to be practical."

The inventor said he was still using his questionnaire with success, and that he had nothing to retract in his previous statements about the average college man's lack of information.

"Quite the contrary," he said. "I find that they don't even know the answers to my questions after they have been printed in the newspapers. When my first set was printed, I naturally supposed it would be spoiled. But I find now that those that are printed are just as good as if they had not been printed. They make just as many mistakes in one case as in the other. This shows, to my mind, that the average college man doesn't read newspapers, except one part."

"What part, Mr. Edison."

"You can draw your own conclusion."

Views on Foreign Politics.

The examination was suddenly switched to foreign politics. The inventor was asked what he thought of the settlement of the English debt.

"It was a good settlement, but I think we should have taken less interest. There was a half per cent. there in the space separating pure business from pure sentiment. We made it a business proposition and took that half per cent. We would have shown a finer sentimental regard for what had taken place in the war by foregoing that half per cent. What we did, I would say, was not exactly nice."

"Do you approve of the proceedings of the French in the Ruhr?"

"Certainly," Mr. Edison replied with emphasis. "They had to do something to bring that matter to a head. You could not have conferences and meetings and let that sort of thing go on forever. It was time to do something. The French are only making a business call. Nobody need worry about that. It is purely a business visit. The Germans are miserably poor losers. The British are good losers."

"Have you been reading about Tut-ankh-Amen?"

"About whom?" said Mr. Edison.

"Now, wait a minute," said a member of his staff. "You are not to ask Mr. Edison any questions about religion."

"Have you been reading about Tut-ankh-Amen?" was repeated, the interlocutor giving the ancient monarch the benefit of the long sound of all the vowels, so that the name sounded like "Two Tank Hamen."

"I accept your pronunciation," said Mr. Edison. Then he pronounced the name himself in pure Fourteenth Century B. C. Egyptian and continued, "It is an extremely interesting thing to open that tomb after 3,400 years or so and to find designs so surprisingly fine. We always thought the Greeks were the ones, but it looks as if the Greeks had got a lot of things from the Egyptians."

It was not much a short step from this to the subject of prohibition, but the transition was deftly made; and Mr. Edison recorded himself strongly on the dry side.

"Ten or fifteen years from now, there won't be many with that damned habit," he said. "The new generations won't be cursed with it. Those who persist in drinking will be thinned out by ethyl alcohol and wood alcohol."

"Do you think prohibition will always be a political issue?"

"No; it will be settled and out of the way before the next generation."

Likes Sentimental Movies.

Mr. Edison blamed the worldwide economic disturbance on the war, and said that he could offer no cure for it. The man who used to get $1.25 pushed his income up to $7 a day during the war and then loafed on the job, he said.

"He did about half as much work as he used to, and that made it equivalent to paying $14 a day for a day's work. It will take quite a time before a man used to living at $5,000 a year can adapt himself to living at $1,000 a year. That is the trouble."

Talking of motion pictures, the inventor said that he liked the sentimental ones and went to see them about twice a week. He doesn't like the plate-breaking comedies. Asked about his favorites, he named Douglas Fairbanks, Tom Mix, "Bill" Hart, Mary Pickford, Mary Miles Minter and Alice Joyce. He called "Jackie" Coogan "a smart boy," but added that he did not care so very much about seeing him. Young Coogan was one of those who sent the inventor a long telegram of congratulation.

Except on his motion picture nights, the inventor's active day lasts from 9 o'clock in the morning until somewhere between midnight and 1:30 in the morning, when he finishes his correspondence and reading. He said that he read THE TIMES, Tribune, Herald, Sunday World, Globe, Sun, Newark Evening News and the Philadelphia Public Ledger. He said that he liked the papers, but thought they had failed to improve in the last twenty years or so.

"If I owned a paper," began Mr. Edison, when a tall, strongly-built reporter from Newark interrupted, saying:

"If you owned a paper, Mr. Edison, wouldn't your first act be to double the reporters' salaries?"

"No," said Mr. Edison, with a cool and appraising survey of the questioner. "No, I would not. I would hand them a questionnaire. I would have a questionnaire made specially for reporters. I am afraid that some would not attain high marks. Then I would keep very much on the lookout for men with imagination. If a newspaper man is to be any good, he must have imagination."

Somebody said that complaints had been made about too much imagination, but Mr. Edison said:

"No, the trouble is you sin't got enough. I never knew anybody to have too much. A rare thing is imagination.

"Another thing you could do with the newspapers is to cull out a lot of trash. There is too much scandal trash in the papers, and the readers are losing interest. I would have more in it of the kind of thing you see in the Literary Digest, for instance. That has been a great success. It has no scandal. I think every newspaper ought to have a scientific reporter to go around to the research laboratories and see what they are doing.

"Remarkable things that could be made most interesting are being done by the Bureaus of Standards and in the colleges and elsewhere. They never get into the newspapers. You hardly ever hear of the Rockefeller Institute, in spite of the great research that is going on there. A physician recently discovered the cure for diabetes. There are thousands and thousands suffering from that disease. His work was of interest to everybody. But when he came to New York recently, he was hardly mentioned in the papers."

Speaking of the report that a French inventor had gone straight upward eighty feet in a helicopter, Mr. Edison told of his study of the possibility of craft of this kind in 1884. James Gordon Bennett appropriated $1,000 for his experimental work, he said. He worked first with a model weighing eighty pounds and placed it on scales. When the motor was running, he found evidence of lifting power, by the lightening of the burden on the scales, but he could not make it leave the ground. Then he experimented by feeding the gun-cotton ticker-tape into another type of engine and exploding it by sparks, something after the fashion of the rocket with which a scientist proposed a year or two ago to attempt a flight to the moon.

Mr. Edison said that he got good results for a while, but that the copper cylinders through which the tape was rolled into the explosion chamber failed to work properly and the explosion occurred on the outside, blowing up the whole roll of tape, burning his own hair off and seriously injuring one of his assistants.

"The experiments convinced me that it was just a matter of getting a very powerful motor with small weight and the helicopter would be a success. In my opinion, it was most likely to be a commercial success. I have never changed my mind, but I have had to wait a long while."

Mr. Edison refused to enter a general discussion of politics. He said this was one of the greatest weaknesses of newspapers, which "fell," he said, for miles and miles of trash in the form of political speculation.

"There are 10,000 politicians all over this country who are playing the newspapers for suckers," he said. "They get thousands and thousands of columns printed about themselves. What do we care about the prospects of Smith and Jones? But these 10,000 office seekers always seem to know how to get into the newspapers. The papers all seem to fall for it."

Real Singing in the Homes.

Mr. Edison said he had no fault to find with young American girls today, not at all.

"And I can tell you," he continued, "that the most beautiful voices in the world are in the private homes in America. There is where you will find the real singing, the real melody. There is nothing like it in the grand opera."

He said that he had many records made by women in private life which surpassed the finest efforts of professionals. "But I cannot use them," he said. "They all have papas who won't let them commercialize their voices. You have to go into private homes to hear them. You can't get their voices on the phonograph. They won't sing for money."

"Why don't you let them sing for nothing?"

"I do, but I am helpless. Their papas won't have it, and I am helpless."

Everybody at the plant and many persons in the Oranges wore a button with a large "70" on it and "Edison" written across. There were seventy-six American Beauty roses on the table at a luncheon in the afternoon, attended by 150 old associates and friends of Edison. Telegrams and cable messages of congratulation came from all over the world. At the luncheon a telegram was read from Henry Ford, who said:

"My best birthday congratulations. You are setting a great public example by sticking on the job."

Some of the other messages of congratulation were from Guglielmo Marconi, inventor of radio, Governor and Mrs. Alfred E. Smith, Ambassador George Harvey, Ambassador Myron T. Herrick and Mrs. and Mrs. Harvey S. Firestone.

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Of patterned crêpe, rose or black figures on a white ground.

One-piece frock preserving the slim silhouette through an adroit application of circular flounces on an apron which ties in the back with the fashionable bow sash.

GOWN SHOP FOR MADAME—*Third Floor*

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Smart Accessories from the Extensive Furnishings Stocks of Saks & Company

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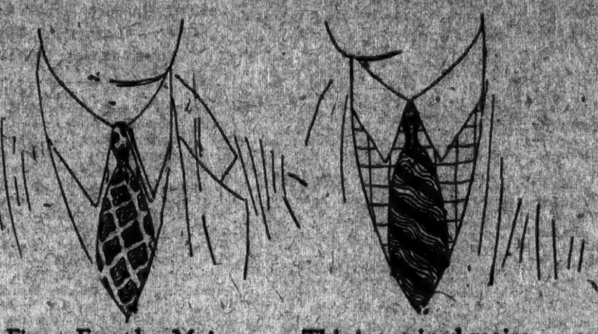

Fine French Moire Cravats—exclusive with Saks—you will see nothing better in the Rue de la Paix! Shown in a host of smart colorings, 2.50
Street Floor

This is a striped moire silk cravat of fine French silk. Paris has sent us nothing better for years. Plenty of good colorings at 2.50
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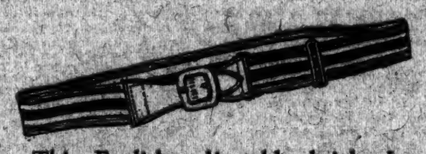
This Saks' Dinner Jacket, with a shawl collar, comes in a plain or a diamond weave. The white waistcoat, now recognized as correct for dinner coat wear, is having a companion in the opera hat, which daring spirits are attempting to convert to the same purpose.
Tuxedo Coat and Trousers, 65.00
Dress Vest, 10.00 — Opera Hat, 18.00



This English adjustable bright hued belt of silk webbing will add a very welcome touch of color to an all white outfit for the South . . 2.50
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Especially made to hold packets of cigarettes of the Fatima or Camel size is this case of seal leather, mounted with 14-kt. gold 7.95
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As good as a Banker's introduction, is the companionship of this smart Kit bag, made of durable hand-boarded leather. Splendid value at 46.50
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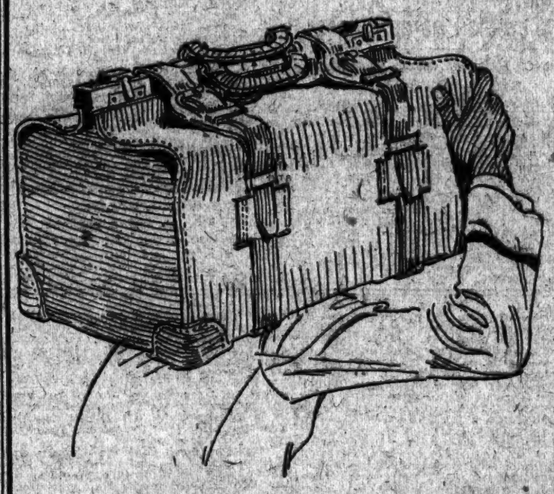

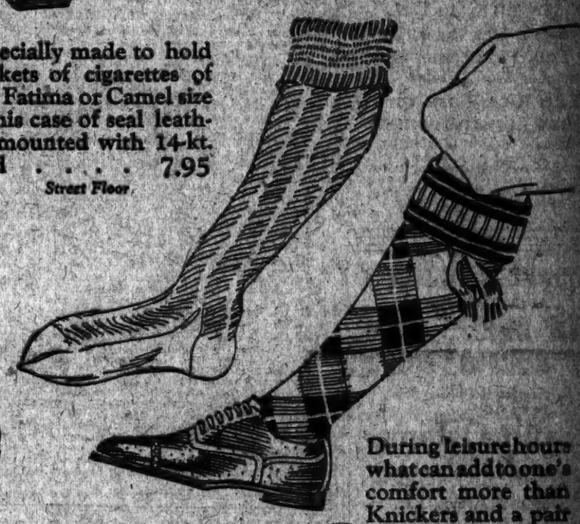

This shoe is a "Buckingham" model, of Scotch grain in a quiet brogue design. Custom bootmakers ask for a shoe of this quality, $35.00. Saks' Buckingham model pictured, 11.50
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UNTERMYER OPENS NEW HOUSING FIGHT

Back From Florida, He Outlines Campaign for Lockwood Legislation at Albany.

WOULD EXTEND RENT LAWS

If New Committee Is Appointed Instead of Enacting Reforms, He Will Quit.

Samuel Untermyer, counsel to the Lockwood Committee, returned from Florida yesterday to take up the fight today at Albany on behalf of the legislation proposed by the committee. In a summary of his views on the housing situation he recommended the extension of the present tax exemption law until May 1, 1924, and suggested that the emergency rent laws should also be extended for another year from February, 1924. He opposed extending the life of the new Housing Committee beyond the present legislative session and declared the committee should remain in existence until a State Trade Commission shall be organized to keep trade combinations under control and eliminate labor union abuses.

If the Legislature, notwithstanding his advice, "resorts to the makeshift of extending the Committee or of appointing a new committee beyond May 1, of this year", instead of enacting the reforms recommended, "Mr. Untermyer announced that he would under no circumstances act for such a new committee, as he was "feverishly anxious to be relieved."

"If, however, the Trade Commission bill is passed and the Governor appoints men of the high standard required for this work, as I am sure he will, I have expressed my willingness, if it is the wish of the new committee, to act for it without compensation for the first six months of its existence to the extent of assisting it in its organization and launching it upon the important work that lies before it", said Mr. Untermyer.

Housing Situation.

Mr. Untermyer further said:

"As a result of a minute review of the housing situation and of reports that I have gathered from different sources, I have reached the following conclusions:

"That the emergency which gave rise to the rent laws no longer exists insofar as concerns the demand for and supply of living accommodations that can be had at an average of $15 per month per room and upwards.

"That insofar as concerns living accommodations for the masses of the people of the city who cannot afford to pay more than from $10 to $15 per room per month, the emergency is almost, if not quite, as acute as it has been at any time and that the construction now under way and that which is scheduled for the coming Spring, will not relieve this emergency. It will require at least another year, and perhaps more, of artificially stimulated building construction to bring us to anywhere near normal conditions. By 'normal conditions' I do not mean that we shall for the next ten years, if ever, find rents reduced to the prewar level, either in building construction or any of the other factors that constitute the cost of living.

"Neither labor nor material costs are likely within that time to reach prewar level. The cost of living accommodations is, however, entirely out of proportion to total living costs as they have previously existed and will remain so unless the supply is brought closer to the demand.

"Dilapidated, uninhabitable, obsolete old tenements are accumulating and are more crowded than ever. Three and four families are now occupying the space that was formerly occupied by one family at the imminent peril to life and health and of widespread contagion. If a virulent contagious disease should ever strike New York City it would spread through these districts like a plague.

Profit in Cheaper Tenements.

"It is possible, notwithstanding the high cost of labor and materials, profitably to construct modern substantial sanitary tenements that will yield a substantial annual revenue over 6 per cent. at rents less than $15 per room per month with the aid of the tax-exemption law.

"I accordingly recommend:

"That the Tax-Exemption law be extended until May 1, 1924, but only as applicable to dwellings that yield a net rental not to exceed $15 per room per month.

"The emergency rent laws should also be extended for another year from Feb. 1, 1923, for the reasons above stated.

"Meantime other steps must be taken to keep the cost of building within bounds. The combinations between manufacturers and dealers in building supplies that have been suppressed must be kept suppressed and those that have not yet been exterminated must be pursued. The most important of these, such as the Cement Trust, the Window-pane Trust, the Pipe and Plumbing Trusts and a variety of others too numerous to mention, are nation-wide, but nothing effective may be expected from the Federal authorities as the Department of Justice is now constituted. But we shall find a way to reach most of them through the State Trade Commission bill, now under consideration by the Legislature, with the aid of an amendment to the Federal Trade Commission law that will give that body the power to conduct its own prosecutions.

"The Department of Justice has been the greatest obstruction with which the Lockwood Committee has had to contend. We would be better off if there were no such thing, for then we would have found other ways of dealing with the situation instead of relying on what proved to be worse than a broken reed.

"The monstrous exactions and abuses of the labor unions that are adding heavily to the cost of building, while adding nothing to the wages of the working man, must be checked by regulation. That involves no attack upon organized labor and no interference with the existing hours and wages.

Reforms for Unions.

"The limits upon membership in these unions and upon apprentices must be abolished and the doors of the unions must be opened to all qualified men; the criminal combinations between grafting employers and short-sighted union leaders that are adding to the cost of building and not benefiting labor must be checked. That is the purpose of the bill to regulate labor unions that is now before the Legislature.

"If the Legislature will extend the operations of the State Fund for Workmen's Compensation Insurance so as to exclude the private companies, that act alone will save about 35 cents per day for every laborer employed in building construction and in every other line of industry.

"The great domestic problem of this country for the next few years is going to be how to prevent the continuance of this era of growing profiteering. Unless checked, it bids fair to drive the cost of living to a point at which the standards of living of the masses must be completely readjusted. They will either have to have poorer food, housing and clothing or we must find a way to break up these combinations from the producers and manufacturers all the way down to the final distributors who are mainly responsible for the perilous situation that confronts us. The way can be found if our lawmakers can be brought to a realizing sense of their responsibility."

CALLS FOR 90-CENT GAS.

Senator Reiburn Offers Bill Fixing Rate in All Boroughs.

ALBANY, Feb. 12.—Senator Reiburn of New York, introduced tonight a bill designed to fix the rate for illuminating gas in New York City at 90 cents per 1,000 feet in all boroughs except Richmond, where the rate would not exceed $1.

An appropriation of $75,000 for the preliminary work on a laboratory building for the New York State College of Teachers at Albany is asked in a bill introduced tonight by Senator Byrne of Albany. It is understood that the total cost of the proposed laboratory will be about $500,000.

HYLAN TRANSIT BILL GIVES CITY CONTROL

Continued from Page 1, Column 2.

the property actually used in the service, not the investment, and that the same basis be used in establishing fares.

Still another late change provides that in litigation over accidents police reports shall not have the weight of prima facie evidence.

The Transportation Commission will not have power to increase fares. Only the Board of Estimate will have that power, or the power to modify franchises and other undertakings of transportation companies in any respect.

The Rapid Transit act (Chapter V. of the Laws of 1901) under which the "original" subway was built, is explicitly continued in force through provisions in the bill, and is amended only in minor details to meet the present transit situation in New York City.

Provisions of the Bill.

An official summary of the measure is as follows:

"This act is a special city bill, applicable only to the City of New York, but is not an amendment to the charter. It is similar in character to the act creating the Board of Water Supply.

"By the terms of the bill the city is given the largest measure of home rule in planning, building, acquiring and operating or leasing for operation transit facilities of any and every kind. State supervision and domination are entirely eliminated. All of the overriding powers heretofore granted to officials not named by the city's elected representatives are, by the provisions of the bill, to be taken from such State officials. The Board of Estimate and Apportionment is designated as 'the local authority' of the city in control of the streets for the purposes of exercising the broadest jurisdiction in all transportation matters.

"The act creates in the City of New York a department of transportation, the head of which shall be a transportation commission composed of three commissioners to be appointed by the Mayor, and whose term of office shall end with the term of the Mayor; but the commissioners may be removed by the Mayor at his pleasure. The Mayor is also empowered to designate the Chairman of the commission. The Board of Estimate and Apportionment is authorized to increase or decrease the number of commissioners at any time. No salary is fixed for the commissioners nor for any employes of the commission. The Board of Estimate and Apportionment is authorized to fix all salaries. The board is also authorized to establish or designate any other department or agency of the city to exercise any of the powers and duties conferred upon the department of transportation by this act or to transfer to the department any powers and duties similar to those described in the act which are exercised by any other city agency.

"The Corporation Counsel of the city is to be the counsel of the Department of Transportation, and is required to establish a bureau in the office of the department to efficiently take care of its affairs.

Transit Commission Abolished.

"The present Transit Commission is abolished. All employes and all records of the Transit Commission are transferred to the new department, and by the terms of the bill will hereafter be city employes and subject to the City Civil Service Commission. All powers to override the Board of Estimate and Apportionment vested in the present Transit Commission are repealed and the new Transportation Commission will be subject to the Board of Estimate and Apportionment in all financial particulars.

"The introductory sections of the new act convey a grant of power to the City of New York, acting through the Board of Estimate and Apportionment or the Transportation Commission as specified, to establish, construct, install, own, acquire by purchase or condemnation, or control by lease, any railroads, street railroads, street surface railroads, rapid transit lines, moving platforms, omnibus or stage lines, trackless trolley lines, or any other transportation facility that would require a franchise to operate in the streets of the city. The city is also authorized to set up municipal operation of any or all such transportation facilities, or the Board of Estimate and Apportionment may lease any city-owned transportation facility to a corporation to operate in behalf of the city. The act further empowers the Transportation Commission to supervise and regulate the rates, fares, charges and practices of all corporations or persons owning, obtaining or operating any transportation facility within the city.

"The Board of Estimate and Apportionment is authorized to issue the obligations of the city for the purposes of ownership of transportation facilities, in the form of transportation facility bonds to be issued for a period not longer than the estimated duration and usefulness of the facility to be financed by such means.

"The jurisdiction of the department extends to all transportation facilities lying exclusively within the city and to all transportation facilities partly inside and partly outside the city, so far as concerns the operation of those lines within the city.

Powers of New Commission.

The Transportation Commission will have power to subpoena witnesses, administer oaths in all parts of the State, conduct investigations in regard to quantity or quality of service rendered by any corporation, and in regard to any rates, fares or charges exacted for the transportation of passengers or property.

"The commission will have power to prescribe rules and regulations to be observed by all transportation corporations with respect to quantity or quality of service, rates, fares and charges for carrying passengers and property, methods of accounting, financial reports, and all other powers now vested in the Transit Commission or the Public Service Commission to enforce such regulations and orders.

"The first three articles of the new act are substantially similar to the provisions of the Public Service Commission law adapted to apply only to transportation within the city, and transfer the power to regulate transit facilities from the Transit Commission to the new city Department of Transportation.

"The most important expansion of power occurs in broadening the field of municipal construction, acquisition and operation. Heretofore, by the terms of the Rapid Transit act, the city has been authorized to construct only rapid transit railroads, defined as being railroads principally over or under the streets, and in Section 30 the State Commission is briefly authorized to conduct municipal operation of rapid transit railroads on behalf of the city under certain conditions. The new transportation act authorizes the city to establish, construct, equip and operate or to lease to another to operate, any form of transportation facility of the nature that would commonly require a franchise.

"The limitation to transportation facilities that usually requires a franchise is intended to exclude individual commercial carriers of the type of taxicab companies, baggage transfer companies, truckmen and those engaged in similar occupations, and to confine the scope of the bill to transportation facilities that carry passengers over a regular route at an established rate of fare. Such facilities may also carry freight.

For Municipal Construction.

"The article authorizing municipal construction and operation is developed in considerable detail. Parts of the Rapid Transit act are included, adapted to the needs of the city, including the prohibition against constructing elevated railroads on certain streets, the obtaining of consents of property owners along the route of a proposed railroad, the sections regarding the letting of construction contracts, public hearings on contracts, and the acquisition of railways partly completed.

"A completely new portion of the municipal operation section of the new act is descriptive of financial control to be exercised by the Department of Transportation over the various forms of municipal operation.

"It is provided that the Department of Transportation may on its own initiative, and shall, at the direction of the Board of Estimate and Apportionment, make an investigation of the advisability of installing municipal operation of any form of transportation facility included in its jurisdiction, and that in reporting to the board it shall set up an estimate of the cost of construction, equipment or acquisition; an estimate of the cost of operation, including the personnel and organization that would be required; an estimate of the amount that will be required for maintenance and depreciation of the property and for interest and amortization of any city debt contracted to establish such transportation facility.

"The act provides that under municipal operation the fare shall not be more than 5 cents, except by express authorization of the Board of Estimate and Apportionment, and that the revenues from operation shall consist of money derived from fares, carrying freight, sale of surplus power, or any other income that may be obtained. From the income, the first deduction is to be for operating expenses and maintenance, the second for a depreciation reserve, and the third for interest and amortization of city debt. Depreciation and maintenance are defined.

Full Public Reports Required.

"It is provided that the Commission shall prescribe the method of accounting and set up in detail all the different classes of income and all the charges required for operation, and that the operating agency of every transportation facility shall be required to make monthly reports to the Mayor, the Controller, the Board of Estimate and Apportionment, and publish the same in the City Record, showing in detail the results of operation of any transportation facility. Any operating agency is required to report forthwith to the Board of Estimate and Apportionment at the close of any month when the income is not sufficient to pay the expenses of operation and maintenance, exclusive of depreciation, interest and amortization, and the board is required to take action immediately to either have the deficiency supplied or the franchise revoked.

"The act provides that all the revenues obtained from municipal operation of any transportation facility shall be held for one month by the operating agency as an operating fund. The payments for wages, supplies and other operating expenses shall be made directly by checks drawn by the Commission, signed by the Commissioners and by a representative of the Controller, and it is made the duty of the Controller to currently audit all operating expenses and, if necessary, to maintain a special bureau for that purpose.

"Out of the operating fund created it is required that, after the close of operations each month, there shall be paid into the city sinking fund, the monthly proportion of interest and amortization chargeable on account of the city debt, and there shall be paid into a special fund, to be in the custody of the Controller, a sum on account of depreciation of the property, to be used for renewal and replacement of worn out or obsolete parts.

"Another provision sets up a transportation contingent reserve fund in the custody of the Controller, into which will flow each month the surplus income remaining after all expenses and charges have been paid, except that the operating agency may retain an amount equivalent to the average expenses for one month as a working capital to meet the requirements and wages and supplies during the succeeding month.

"It is provided that if the operating income in any month should be sufficient to pay all the expenses of operation and maintenance, but not be sufficient to pay the contributions to depreciation, interest and sinking fund, that such contributions may be deferred until the first month when there shall be a sufficient operating income to make up the deficit, but all accounts must be closed at the end of the year, and any deficit in the amounts due for interest and amortization must be paid out of the contingent reserve fund, if there be enough balance in that fund, or else supplied by the Board of Estimate and Apportionment out of tax levy.

"Much of the matter contained in the sections devoted to regulation of accounting and handling of moneys derived from municipal operation is such as would be established by any private operator of a public utility, but it has been deemed advisable, as an assurance to the public and as a means of compelling frequent public reports of the results of such operation, to include these provisions in the statute.

Apart From All Other Activities.

"The intent and aim of the statute in respect to municipal operation is to require that such enterprises be maintained entirely separate and distinct from all other activities of the city; that the funds derived from the operation shall not be merged with other income of the city, and that the conditions of operations shall be such that the public shall be fully and completely informed at all times respecting the progress and results of any municipal operation that may be carried on.

"Summarizing the bill as a whole, practically all of the powers conferred in respect to regulation are exercised at the present time by the Transit Commission, and formerly by the Public Service Commission of the First District. The powers in respect to construction and operation of rapid transit railroads are now vested in the Transit Commission and have descended from the old Board of Rapid Transit Commissioners. The new feature is the expansion of the power of the city in respect to municipal ownership and operation to include all other forms of transportation facilities in addition to rapid transit railroads.

"No other acts are repealed. The Rapid Transit act remains, but the section of the Public Service Commission law establishing the Transit Commission will doubtless be amended and the provisions of this new act will supersede and take the place of any contradictory provision in any other act."

ASKS HYLAN FOR DETAILS.

Jesse Offers Resolution Calling for His Transit Program.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, Feb. 12. — Assemblyman Jesse of the Twenty-third District of Manhattan presented a resolution tonight calling on Mayor Hylan or Acting Mayor Hulbert to furnish to the Assembly detailed information with reference to the City Administration's plan for transit development, as promulgated by Mayor Hylan some months ago. The resolution calls on the Transit Commission for similar information with reference to its plan, to the end that both may be before the Assembly when that body takes up consideration of the new transit bill introduced tonight.

The Jesse resolution follows in general the lines of a similar resolution introduced some time ago by Assemblyman Steinbers and adopted a week ago tonight.

In the matter of specific information the Jesse resolution calls for full details in regard to the five-year construction program under the Hylan plan, what rapid transit and surface lines are to be acquired, what the cost would be, the city's ability to meet consequent demands upon its treasury and estimates of the increase in passenger-carrying capacity.

UNTERMYER CALLS BILL BOON TO LABOR

Regulatory Measure Will Protect Workers From Union Abuses, He Insists.

HILLQUIT DENOUNCES IT

Lawyer's Opponent Assails New Machinery—Lexington Theatre Packed to Hear Debate.

Nearly 3,500 men and women, the majority members of labor unions, jammed the Lexington Theatre, Fifty-first Street and Lexington Avenue, last night at a debate on "Shall Labor Unions Be Regulated?" held under the auspices of the United Hebrew Trades. Samuel Untermyer, counsel to the Lockwood committee, spoke for regulation and Morris Hillquit opposed the idea. Oswald Garrison Villard was Chairman.

Every seat in the auditorium was occupied and nearly 500 were turned away. The stage was crowded, and several hundred standees listened to the debate. The fire regulations were enforced soon after the doors were opened.

Boxes were occupied by labor delegations, and it was said that between 300 and 400 trades unions were represented in the audience. Representatives of employers' associations also were present in large numbers. The debate resolved itself mainly into a discussion of Mr. Untermyer's bill for the regulation and supervision of trade unions, on which a hearing will be held in Albany today.

Hillquit Assails Measure.

Mr. Hillquit, who opened the debate, declared that while the bill had no chance of passage it was fraught with great danger for the workers nevertheless, as it might be "a godsend" to other State Legislatures to get a labor regulation bill prepared "with the rare legal skill of Mr. Untermyer." The bill was wrong in principle, oppressive and discriminatory against the workers and would work disaster in practical operation, he said. He maintained that the employers and not the unions sought to limit membership.

But if trade unions are to function effectively they must have control over admission and expulsion of their members, he asserted. Under the bill prepared by Mr. Untermyer, he said, industrial spies planted in union ranks by detective agencies and chronic strike-breakers could not be expelled.

The speaker criticized the clauses of the bill aimed against limitation of output by the workers. The law would take away the legally recognized right of workers in the building trades, he declared, to refuse to handle material made by non-union men. Under the proposed law the union men would not be permitted to oppose the installation of new and labor-saving machines, he said. He complained that in the painting industry a new spraying machine had been introduced and the unions would be forbidden under the bill to "refuse to work with the pestilential device."

"Workers have the absolute right," he went on, "to limit the number of bricks they will lay for a stipulated daily wage just as brick dealers have the right to limit the number of bricks they will sell for a specified sum. This is the main feature that distinguishes free labor from slavery."

The wide discretionary powers of the Trade Commission to supervise unions, according to Mr. Hillquit, would "reduce all trade unions to the condition of existence of mere sufferance." The cardinal error of the whole theory, he argued, was that "it considers the individual worker on a par of industrial equality with the individual employer and places the trade union in the same category as the employers' association."

Sees Boon to Labor.

Mr. Untermyer maintained that the bill safeguarded all the fundamental rights of labor and was a veritable "charter of liberty" that should be acclaimed by labor as such. He pointed out that it would not take away the right to strike, but that in cases of jurisdictional disputes between the labor unions themselves it would bring about a settlement.

One of the fundamental troubles of organized labor today is that the international unions and the American Federation of Labor have no compulsory or disciplinary power over local unions, Mr. Untermyer declared.

"In their attitude toward regulation the leaders of organized labor have lost sight of the fundamental fact that in sanctioning combinations among workers for the purpose of collectively enforcing their demands as to wages, hours of labor and the like, both Federal and State laws have placed labor unions and their members in a special privileged class," Mr. Untermyer argued. "It is a violation of the Federal and State anti-trust laws and a penal offense for employers of the men in these trades to combine to maintain the price of the product with respect to which the workmen whose labor is employed in making the product are permitted to combine."

He said there was the corresponding obligation to protect the workers who surrendered their individual right of contract and liberty of action. "That protection is what this bill proposes to afford."

In the unions today there was no such thing as an honest election or a secret ballot, he charged, and pointed out that in some unions delegates were appointed for life. In some of the unions limitation of members was practised so as to admit sons and brothers of members but not outsiders, he said. The Union of Heating Engineers, he said, virtually had been closed to new members for thirteen years.

As matters now stand the unions can make rules that will create a famine in skilled labor, he asserted, and there is no review anywhere.

"A labor union is not a social club," he continued. "It is a mutual protection association. No union should have the right to expel a member for any cause. Mr. Gompers rightly denounced this practise from the witness stand and characterized it as equivalent to sentencing a man to industrial death.

As for labor's fight against machinery Mr. Untermyer insisted that every labor-saving device increased rather than decreased the demand for labor. He protested against the unions combining to bargain collectively "as is now done by the Jewish bakers' union.

Pointing out that labor leaders had been convicted by the Lockwood Committee for stealing funds of unions, Mr. Untermyer said the proposed bill would cause accounts to be regularly kept so as to eliminate defalcations from union treasuries.

In the rebuttal Mr. Hillquit asserted that the part of the bill called by Mr. Untermyer the "Magna Charta" of trade union liberties was the most indefensible part of the measure. He denied the truth of the statement in the bill to the effect that labor was not a commodity and asserted that it was a commodity and was being bought and sold and bargained for and obtained at the cheapest rates by the employers.

"Just as the cure for the evils of democracy is more democracy, so the cure for the evils of organized labor is more organized labor," he said.

Mr. Untermyer in closing the debate attacked the proposition that labor only should regulate labor organizations. He declared that when abuses were committed an impartial individual or body must be called in.

TO KEEP OIL FROM BEACHES

Resolution at Albany Asks Congress to Protect New York Waters.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, Feb. 12.—A resolution memorializing Congress to pass legislation to prevent the dumping of oil and oil refuse into the navigable waters of the State in the vicinity of bathing beaches and fishing grounds was offered tonight by Assemblyman Bloch of New York.

This practice, Mr. Bloch contends, has become so acute as to seriously menace the property of the bathing beaches, and has increased the fire hazard along water fronts.

A resolution offered by Minority Leader Donohue would memorialize Congress to give New York State broader power in dealing with its Indians.

Senator Farrell of Brooklyn, Chairman of the Cities Committee, put in a bill giving the Board of Estimate exclusive power to fix salaries of the personnel of the Police Department in all grades, with the proviso that salaries cannot be put at a figure lower than those in force when the bill becomes effective. At present the salary schedules are embodied in the charter.

GREENE ABOLISHES SEVEN STATE JOBS

Declares They Were "Soft Political Berths, With No Real Work Attached."

SAVES $18,600 IN SALARIES

But Highway Commissioner Says He Will Ask for a Few Increases in Pay.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, Feb. 12.—Seven positions in the Albany Headquarters Office of the State Highway Department, with salaries totaling $18,600 a year, were abolished today by Commissioner Greene, after he had characterized them as "soft political berths with no real work attached."

In a letter to Governor Smith, Colonel Greene told of abolishing the seven positions and said he intended to recommend a few increases in salaries, but that the increases would not total more than $3,000, leaving a net annual saving in the headquarters office of $15,000.

The most important of the positions abolished was that of Chief of the Bureau of Tests, which was created during the first year of the Administration of former Governor Miller at a salary of $3,600.

"The position of Chief of the Bureau of Tests," said Colonel Greene in his letter, "was apparently invented to take care of a politically favored employe. Since the Highway Department was established this bureau has been directed by the First Deputy, and I am informed that this new position resulted in confusion instead of greater efficiency."

Six Other Positions Abolished.

Other positions abolished include stenographer for the Chief of the Bureau of Tests, Superintendent of Prison Labor, three confidential inspectors and financial clerk. Five of these, Colonel Greene pointed out, are exempt.

Colonel Greene told the Governor that at the earliest possible opportunity he would study conditions in the nine other divisions of the Highway Department, "for the purpose of effecting, if possible, further economies." He pointed out that the First Deputy Highway Commissioner can take charge of the prison labor work. This place was left vacant during the administration of former Governor Miller.

"There is no longer any need for the three confidential inspectors," Colonel Greene wrote. "During my former administration I had difficulty in finding steady work even for two. As further evidence of their uselessness, I am told that two of the retiring inspectors came but seldom to the office during the last few months, although having no possible outside duties at this season.

"Attempts to verify these absences by our time clock records were vain, as these inspectors, as well as all bureau heads, were not required to punch the clock during the last two years. From now on everybody in the department, including the Commissioner, will punch the time clock, and the Commissioner will be one of the first to punch it in the morning.

"From this and my former experience I am convinced that the positions named above have now become merely soft political berths with no real work attached, and therefore I have abolished them.

Will Ask Some Increases.

"On the other hand, I believe some of the really important positions are undepaid, and for the best interests of this department I shall recommend a few increases. These increases, if allowed, will not total more than $3,000, leaving a net total saving in the Headquarters Office of $15,600."

The salaries of the confidential inspectors were $3,000 a year; Superintendent of Prison Labor, $3,000; financial clerk, $1,800, and stenographer to the Chief of the Bureau of Tests, $1,200.

Assemblyman McGinnies, Chairman of the Ways and Means Committee, took issue with the statements by Colonel Greene. He pointed out that the only one of the seven positions appearing in the budget is that of financial clerk at $1,800. The salaries for the other six persons, he said, were paid out of the funds appropriated for maintenance and construction, and these expenditures were for necessities, which must be met in one way or another.

All materials used in the construction of roads, Mr. McGinnies said, had to be inspected, and if the work is not done by an "inspector," it would have to be done under another name.

LAYS TRANSIT DELAY TO ESTIMATE BOARD

Andrews Says Flushing Extension Will Not Be Completed for Two Years.

General Lincoln C. Andrews, receiver of the New York and Queens County Railway Company, in a letter to Borough President Maurice E. Connolly of Queens blamed the Board of Estimate yesterday for delay in the construction of the Flushing extension of the Corona branch of the Queensboro subway. General Andrews said that delay by the board in approving the award of the contract for part of this work to the lowest bidder had caused the withdrawal of this bid and would necessitate the readvertising of bids, with the result that the line would not be completed for two years.

General Andrews offered to consider making an extension of the New York and Queens County surface line to the Alburtis Avenue elevated station in Corona along the route of the proposed elevated extension if the Board of Estimate would promise continuation of the operation for three years and not require the company to bear any expense for roadway improvement or paving.

"I believe that I have been given an unusual opportunity to prove both to myself and the public in Queens what it is possible for a street railroad to accomplish with a five-cent fare," General Andrews said. "I have been handed this railroad system, as it were, as a present. In other words, I have the property without paying anything for it and also without any cash in the till. I am trying to arrange for the most economical operation possible and I am keenly interested to see if the property can be set up on such a basis as will admit its financial stability and its continued operation at the revenue to be derived from a five-cent fare."

SMITH FILLS 20 OFFICES.

Several Managers of State Institutions Reappointed by Governor.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, Feb. 12.—Twenty nominations, most of which cover vacancies in the Boards of Managers of State Hospitals and other State institutions, were sent to the Senate tonight by Governor Smith. Several were reappointments. The Governor said that because they had faithfully served the State in these capacities, they were entitled to be continued in office.

The nominations include these from New York City:

Grace Wilson Whitehall of Brooklyn reappointed manager of the Brooklyn State Hospital.

Florence D. Wallis of New York reappointed manager of the New York State Hospital for the Care of Crippled and Deformed Children.

Dr. Frank Overturm of New York reappointed trustee of the New York State Hospital for the Treatment of Incipient Pulmonary Tuberculosis.

Dr. J. Francis Ward of Brooklyn reappointed one of the managers of the Craig Colony, to succeed Dr. J. Ramsay Hunt, whose term has expired.

Franklin B. Kirkbride of New York reappointed a member of the Board of Managers of Letchworth Village.

Ellen B. Scott of New York reappointed manager of the New York State Woman's Relief Corps Home.

Franklin Simon & Co.
A Store of Individual Shops
FIFTH AVENUE, 37th and 38th STS.
For Wear Now!
For Madame and Mademoiselle
CUSTOM CUT-OUT STRAP OXFORDS

With larger cut-outs, more straps, and graceful Spanish heels.
10.00
The smart women who set the fashions in footwear are ordering this exact model every day from the custom boot shops, and paying twice this price . . . . . .
Brown or black suede, black satin, patent or dull leather, gray or red kidskin also patent with gray kid or suede
SHOE SHOP FOR MADAME AND MADEMOISELLE
Third Floor
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Franklin Simon & Co.
A Store of Individual Shops
FIFTH AVENUE, 37th and 38th STS.
TODAY
For Madame and Mademoiselle
In the Riding Apparel Shop
SPORTS SHIRTS OF IMPORTED WHITE ENGLISH BROADCLOTH
5.50
Shirts of this quality usually sell for 7.50
FASHION: Four successful model riding and sports shirts made especially long, so that they are the most practical as well as the smartest shirts for all active sports wear. Soft collars and cuffs.
RIDING APPAREL SHOP—Fourth Floor

ERA
Read the TRUTH about the most REVOLUTIONARY discovery of the age
An answer to Hearst's International on DR. ALBERT ABRAMS
In the same issue:
Details of
$1500.00 LITERARY PRIZE CONTEST
in the New
PEARSON'S
for February
At all Newsstands, or 719 Broadway, New York City

$125,000 SALARIES FOR OIL OFFICIALS

Bedford and Teagle, Drawing That Sum, Highest on List Sent to Senators.

VICE PRESIDENTS, $100,000

Standard of New Jersey Pays That Amount or More to Six Men.

LATE PRICE FIXING CHARGED

Black Tells Committee Standard of Indiana Used Pressure on Independents.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 12.—Salaries paid by the leading oil companies of the country to their chief officials range from $100,000 to $125,000 a year, it was disclosed today through the publication in part of the proceedings of the Senate subcommittee which has been investigating the oil industry.

All of the companies under examination by the subcommittee were required to present detailed lists of all officials and employes paid more than $5,000 a year, the committee holding over the protest of some of the companies that such information should be given as "it is part of the expense of the business that the public has to pay."

The figures as to salaries in practically all cases were submitted by mail after the company officials had completed their testimony. The proceedings made public today contain the salaries of officials of the Standard Oil Company of New Jersey, the Standard Oil Company of New York, the Prairie Oil and Gas Company, the Magnolia Petroleum Company and the Midwest Refining Company.

$125,000 to Bedford and Teagle.

The Standard of New Jersey is shown to lead among these companies with respect to salaries, having six officials who receive $100,000 or more a year and five others who get between $50,000 and $100,000. A. C. Bedford, Chairman of the board, and Walter C. Teagle, President, each receive $125,000 a year.

The four Vice-Presidents each in charge of a special department of the company's business—F. H. Bedford, F. D. Asche, S. B. Hunt and George H. Jones—receive $100,000 annually.

Other salaries paid by the Standard of New Jersey of $50,000 or more are given as follows:

J. A. Moffett, Director in charge of marine matters, $85,000.

E. M. Clark and C. G. Black, Directors in joint charge of manufacturing, $50,000 each.

E. J. Sadler, Director in charge of crude oil production, $50,000.

G. W. Mayer, Director in joint charge of domestic sales, $50,000.

F. G. Folger, as President of the Standard of New York, receives $100,000 from his company. The three Vice Presidents are paid as follows: H. L. Pratt, $80,000; O. F. Meyer, $50,000, and H. E. Cole, $47,500, and the Secretary, C. M. Higgins, gets $32,500.

Salaries of New York Directors.

L. L. Thomas, a Director of the New York company, is listed as receiving $40,000; H. A. Wilkinson, another Director, $37,500, and F. S. Fales, a Director and President of the Standard Transportation Company of Delaware, a subsidiary, $32,500.

Salaries of officials of the Magnolia Petroleum Company, a subsidiary of the Standard Oil of New York, as listed include John Seeley, President, $34,800, and E. R. Brown, Vice President, $34,800.

H. M. Blackmer, Chairman of the Board of the Midwest Refining Company, is shown to receive $24,000 a year; T. A. Dines, President, $30,000, and J. D. Clark and R. S. Ellison, Vice Presidents, $24,000 and $20,000, respectively.

The highest salary paid by the Prairie Oil and Gas Company is given as $50,000 to its President, J. E. O'Neill. N. K. Moody, Vice President, receives $31,000; W. S. Fitzpatrick, Vice President, $20,000, and D. K. Kelsey, assistant to the President, $20,000.

Figures as to the salaries of other oil companies are expected to be made public through the release of additional testimony soon.

SAYS STANDARD FIXED PRICES AFTER DECREE

T. S. Black Tells Senators Pressure Was Used on Independent Oil Men.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 12.—That subsequent to 1911, the year of the Standard Oil dissolution decision, the Standard Oil Company of Indiana brought pressure to control the prices of independents operating in its territory was the unqualified statement of Thomas Shelby Black, who was a witness today before the Senate committee which is investigating the crude oil and gasoline industries.

Mr. Black, who is President of the Western Petroleum Company of Chicago, said that pressure had been brought to bear upon the independents in a great many cases and that in all instances the independents agreed to raise their prices to the Standard Oil rate. He said that he acted for the Standard Oil Company in transmitting the views of the Standard to the jobbers who were selling below the prices fixed by the corporation.

Senator La Follette, Chairman of the investigating committee, considers the testimony of Mr. Black the most important so far placed before the committee, for if Mr. Black is accurate it shows that the practice of price control was continued by the Standard of Indiana through the war period and up to 1919, some of the contracts, Mr. Black added, being carried through into 1920.

The Western Petroleum Company, which was organized in 1916, is now in process of liquidation. It is not insolvent, Mr. Black explained, and is engaged in settling claims prior to going out of business.

Was With the Standard 22 Years.

For twenty-two years, Mr. Black said, he was with the Standard Oil Company. From 1911 to 1916 he was with the Cudahy Refining Company, which, in the latter year, was one of the concerns consolidated into what is now the Sinclair Consolidated Oil Corporation. He was the general sales manager of the Cudahy Company.

Mr. Black was the only witness before the committee today. His examination was conducted by Gilbert H. Roe, counsel for the committee. He said that while he was with the Cudahy Refining Company that concern sold in tank cars lots almost exclusively to independent jobbers throughout the country, mostly in the territory of the Standard Oil Company of Indiana. His testimony proceeded:

Mr. Roe—Did you, at that time, have any conversations with the Standard of Indiana officials as to the maintenance of price?

Mr. Black—Very often.

Mr. Roe—With what officials of the Standard were those conferences held?

Mr. Black—Mr. P. C. Crenshaw, general manager.

Agreed to Adjust Prices.

Mr. Roe—What was the nature of these conversations that you had with regard to prices?

Mr. Black—Well, in a great many cases we found that certain jobbers were marketing with their prices not in line with those of the Standard Oil, and I called on these jobbers or had them come in to Chicago and familiarized them with the prices over the territory in which they were marketing.

Mr. Roe—You mean the Standard prices?

Mr. Black—Yes, sir. And they in all cases agreed to adjust their prices to meet conditions over their territories, claiming that they had no way of ascertaining just exactly what the prices were in all the territories in which they marketed.

Mr. Roe—At whose request did you call these men in, if any one's, to inform them of the Standard Oil prices?

Mr. Black—The Standard Oil Company's.

Mr. Roe—About when were these conversations?

Mr. Black—The last conversations I had on that subject wer in 1920, I tink—no, it was during the time of the Western Petroleum Company that I had occasion to take that matter up again of the jobbers' prices.

Persuaded Iowa Jobber.

Mr. Roe—With what Standard official did you have the conversation at that time?

Mr. Black—With Mr. S. C. Drake.

Mr. Roe—What was his position then?

Mr. Black—General manager.

Mr. Roe—What was your conversation with Mr. Drake?

Mr. Black—He just asked me if I could get a certain jobber from Iowa into his office to see if he could not get the prices straightened out for that territory, as this jobber was selling at a less price than the Standard Company, and they did not want to have to cut the market.

Mr. Roe—How did you get him in? Did you go out to see him?

Mr. Black—No, sir. I called him up on the telephone and he came in, and I took him over to the Standard Oil Company's office and we discussed the price situation over his territory. He said he would be very glad to advance all his prices in excess of the Standard Oil Company if they wanted him to be keen from having any trouble. So he left and I got from the records of the Standard Oil Company all their prices over his territory and mailed them out to him, and he mailed me his prices back, showing that they had been adjusted to the prices that I had given.

Notices to Mid-Continent.

Mr. Roe—Did you ever receive from the Standard Oil Company officials while you were with the Cudahy interests a request to inform the Mid-Continent refineries that if they would put up their prices the Standard Oil in its territory would put up its tank wagon price, or anything in substance like that?

Mr. Black—Very often.

Mr. Black said that there was an agreement between the Standard Oil Company of Indiana and the Cudahy interests to maintain their service for filling stations in agreement. His brother, A. C. Black, he added, was in charge of the station division of the Cudahy company, with headquarters in Kansas City.

"I was in Chicago," continued Mr. Black. "When there was some controversy regarding prices at any given point my brother wrote me, usually on a blank piece of paper, mentioning the name of the town, the price of oil and gasoline, and I took the blank piece of paper and mailed it over to the Standard Oil Company's office in blank. They sent me back the paper with the Standard's prices marked on the opposite side and I mailed it to my brother, who corrected the market according to the Standard's figures. In very few instances was the paper signed, never by the Standard."

Mr. Black said that after organizing the Western Petroleum Company in 1916 he was told a great many times by Standard officials that there would be an increase in the price of gasoline on a certain day and would be advised to go out and purchase before the increase became effective.

MRS. WINTER IS READY TO TESTIFY ON BRIBE

She Declares Other Women Have Been Offered Large Sums to Lobby for Measures.

MINNEAPOLIS, Minn., Feb. 12.—Mrs. Thomas D. Winter, President of the General Federation of Women's Clubs, is willing to testify, she said here today, before a Congressional committee in regard to a statement made a few days ago that she had received an offer of a bribe of "$250,000 to lobby for a certain bill in Congress." Dispatches from Washington have intimated some action may follow Mrs. Witner's charge, although she had received no word from that city as to what would be required of her.

Mrs. Winter said today that various insidious efforts have been made to engage prominent club women in lobbying, but that all the efforts were unsuccessful, despite offers of as high as $75,000.

Mrs. Winter said she knew of one woman who received an offer of $25,000 to lobby for a certain measure, but refused. The offer was raised to $50,000 and then $75,000, all of which were refused.

"Finally," Mrs. Winter said, "she was asked to name her own figure."

The woman turned her back on them by declaring that her soul was not for sale.

HUGHES DOWN WITH A COLD.

Secretary Cancels Dinner Engagement and Goes to Bed.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 12.—Secretary of State Hughes was not at his desk today, having caught a cold which confines him to his residence. At noon Mr. Hughes spoke at a luncheon given by the Overseas Writers Association of Washington, but returned to his home immediately afterward and went to bed.

While his physician advised him not to go out it was stated at the State Department that his indisposition is not regarded as being at all serious. But it forced him to cancel an engagement to speak at the Lincoln Memorial dinner at Wardmann Park Hotel tonight, where he had been scheduled to speak with President Harding.

$2,000,000 FOR UNIVERSITY.

Johns Hopkins Also Gets Provisional Gift of $900,000.

BALTIMORE, Md., Feb. 12.—Besides announcing a grant of $2,000,000 to Johns Hopkins University from the Carnegie Corporation of New York (not $5,000,000, as previously reported), President Frank J. Goodnow of Hopkins will tell of a conditional gift of $900,000 from an anonymous donor at the annual commemoration day exercises of the university on Feb. 22.

The anonymous gift is provisional upon the raising of $1,000,000 by April 1. It is for the expansion as well as the endowment of the psychiatric clinic.

The Carnegie donation, the first to Hopkins from that source, is for the construction and maintenance of an out-patient dispensary and diagnostic clinic.

John Wanamaker

Broadway at Ninth, New York.

Every day some New Word about this Great February Sale of Furniture

It is not an Advertisement, but a mathematical certainty

—certain as that two and two make four—that you are more likely to find the furniture you need in the sale that holds more of it than any other two, or probably three, sales combined.

It is not an advertisement, but a mathematical certainty that the Wanamaker Sale is the sale which holds more of all desirable kinds of furniture than any other two, or probably three, sales combined.

It is not an advertisement, but a mathematical certainty that the money you save on Wanamaker furniture is real money, not imaginary money, because it is founded on real quality, not imaginary quality in the goods.

It is not an advertisement, but a mathematical certainty that the Wanamaker Sale is pre-eminently the sale of unequaled varieties.

It is not an advertisement, but a mathematical certainty that there are more low-priced and medium-priced suites in the Wanamaker Sale than can be found in any other sale.

It is not an advertisement, but a mathematical certainty that the selection of fine furniture, superb suites and pieces, novelties, beautiful reproductions, furniture de luxe, to be found in the Wanamaker Sale is large and exquisite.

It is not an advertisement, but a mathematical certainty that the realization of these facts by people everywhere is bringing us more and more business all the time and making this an unprecedented February Sale.

It is not an advertisement, but a mathematical certainty that if you need, or are likely soon to need furniture, this Sale can be of the greatest advantage to you.

Our whole stocks are offered at reductions of 10 to 50 per cent.

Bedroom suites, from $97.50 to $4,207.
Dining-room suites, from $150 to $3,086.
Living-room suites, from $158 to $1,170.

Fourth to Eighth Galleries, New Building

An Extraordinary Sale of

1,000 Mattresses $13 to $16

for the $20 to $24 grades

"The Savoy," in six sizes

"The Savoy," a finely constructed, enduring cotton-felt mattress, resilient and sleep-inducing, whose exceedingly low price is made possible by a special arrangement with the manufacturer for the limited number of 1,000 only.

Made especially and exclusively for John Wanamaker by the Stearns and Foster Company, one of the largest mattress factories in America and one of the most reputable, which for many years has been making only high-grade mattresses and during the War handled, successfully, large contracts for Government uses.

Scientifically constructed

These mattresses are filled with virgin cotton—cotton which has never been used before and is absolutely clean, fresh and sanitary. Scientifically felted into nine even layers of 360 soft cotton sheets, to avoid packing and lumping. The weight of the mattress in the large size is 50 pounds.

Made with the so-called imperial edge, hand-rolled, with two extra rows of side-stitching on the boxed sides to hold them firm and upright. Crown-centered and hand-tufted with 54 tufts to the full size. Round corners. Strap handles for the 48 and 54 in. widths, to facilitate turning and lifting.

Best of Workmanship

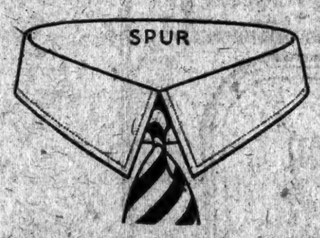
Covered with the old-fashioned blue-and-white striped ticking which, after all, is the best for wear and for keeping clean.

A mattress which, in spite of its very low price, has been constructed with all the care and craft which are put into the building of vastly higher-priced mattresses.

Wrapped by the manufacturer in a heavy, scientifically made paper warranted to resist contamination in transit.

Size	Inches	Grade	Sale Price
Full double bed	54 x 76	$24.00	$16.00
Three-quarter bed	48 x 76	$23.50	$15.50
Large single bed	42 x 76	$22.50	$14.50
Twin-bed size	39 x 76	$22.50	$14.50
Single bed size	36 x 76	$22.00	$14.00
Cot size	30 x 76	$20.00	$13.00

Seventh Gallery, New Building



An Arrow collar that smartly expresses the youthful ideal in style, an Arrow introduction that will appeal strongly to men who like botherless collars.

Wallach Bros

Broadway, below Chambers
Broadway, cor. 29th
246-248 West 125th
3d Ave., cor. 122d

Hart Schaffner & Marx Clothes

MACY'S 65TH ANNIVERSARY SALES — MACY'S 65TH ANNIVERSARY SALES — MACY'S 65TH ANNIVERSARY SALES — MACY'S 65TH

The Romance of a Great Store

Is Exemplified

in the Extraordinary Growth of

R. H. Macy & Co. Inc.

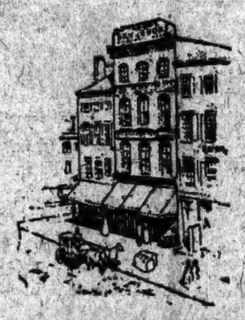
Herald Square New York

America's Leading Department Store

A Sailor Founded Macy's

Interwoven into the history of the ancient island of Nantucket are the names and annals of some of the earliest American families—the Coffins, the Eldredges, the Myricks, and the Macys. In the eighth generation of the Macys there was born, in 1822, one Rowland Hussey Macy, the man who was destined to found the great Macy store of to-day.

At the age of fifteen Rowland H. Macy went away to sea, but not finding it entirely to his liking he decided at the age of nineteen to become a merchant. This he did, in Boston, changing soon afterward to Haverhill, Mass., which he left almost immediately to make the supreme adventure of coming to New York. Here, in 1858, he founded the store that is to-day R. H. Macy & Co., Inc.

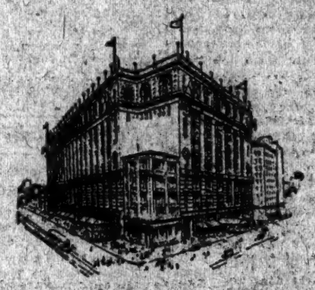


Macy's—In 1858

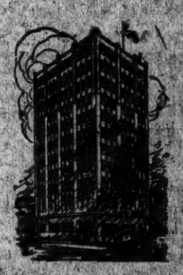
It was in this little store in 1858 that R. H. Macy set himself up in the dry goods business. The store was located at 204 Sixth Avenue, between 13th and 14th Streets. Soon he added the store at 62 West 14th Street—and with this branching out to include new lines of merchandise the complete department store idea was launched for the first time in America, if not in the entire world.

Macy's—Since 1902

When the present Macy store was built in 1902 it was planned as the largest single department store building in the United States. It has over a million square feet of floor space.



As early as 1912 its inadequacy became apparent. To-day, with over 5,800 employes (7,800 during last December), it has become so cramped that additional space is indispensable. Accordingly, a new factory-warehouse was erected and opened in October, 1922. And an addition to our present store building is now well under way.



The New Macy Factory-Warehouse

This twelve-story building at 35th Street and 11th Avenue contains 105,000 square feet of floor space.

Two floors are given over to the fur storage plant, which is one of the largest in New York City. Five floors are used to store merchandise. On the Eighth and Ninth Floors is the Candy Factory, where nearly all the candy sold by Macy's is manufactured. Part of the Ninth Floor is also given over to storing edible goods, and on the Tenth Floor is the Packing Department, where Drugs, Perfumes, Toilet Supplies and Groceries, which are purchased in great bulk, are put into retail size packages and cartons.

Some of the Policies That Have Made Macy's What It Is To-Day

* * *

We Buy For Cash Only

Thereby being enabled to profit by all discounts.

* * *

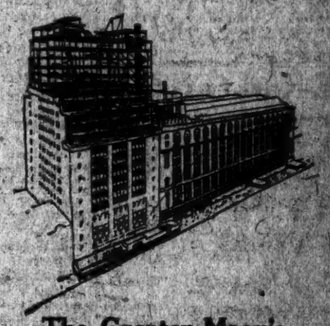
We Sell For Cash Only

and therefore have no bad debts or expensive credit collection system.

* * *

We Sell At Lowest-in-the-City Prices

Prices here are at least 6% below competitors' prices—in most cases even lower.



The Greater Macy's Nearing Completion

Last spring work was begun on the new Macy addition, which is to tower up immediately behind the present store.

It will be nineteen stories high, with a basement and sub-basement.

The basement and first seven floors will be devoted to selling space.

The next three floors will be stock rooms.

The upper nine floors will be for executive, financial and other non-selling offices.

There will be fifty-six elevators in the greater Macy's when completed, some of them built to carry loaded motor trucks up to the Tenth Floor.

Read the complete story of this great store's growth in Edward Hungerford's book, "The Romance of a Great Store." On sale in our Book Department, Main Floor, at $2.09.

65th Anniversary Sales In Progress This Week

The Merchandise

—is perfect, seasonable, desirable, and complete in sizes and color range.

The Prices

—are lower than we have ever marked similar merchandise during the past year.

Fresh, New Merchandise Is Added Daily

Counter cards bearing "65th Anniversary Sales" emblems plainly mark all the offerings.

MACY'S 65TH ANNIVERSARY SALES — MACY'S 65TH ANNIVERSARY SALES — MACY'S 65TH ANNIVERSARY SALES — MACY'S 65TH

FACTS about PAPER

NO. 63 THE LINDENMEYR LINES

If you have a booklet that is saddle wire stitched and you do not want the wire staples to show, use a "Jap Fold" Cover.

This is a double folded cover, the inner half of which is wire stitched and the outer half is free.

Both Substances Nos. 50 and 65 Buckeye Cover Papers are suitable.

Samples on request

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Telephone SPRING 9600

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CALISSANO
NON-ALCOHOLIC
ALBA (ITALY)

For Real and Better COCKTAILS

Italian or Dry (French)

As sold for 50 years

To comply with American laws, 4 ounces of pure alcohol have been taken out of the contents of each bottle.

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What Europe Thinks

THE Ruhr situation continues to be the absorbing topic of discussion by financiers and business executives, and there is much speculation upon what effect a continuance of the French occupation, or an adjustment with Germany, will have upon trade and commerce.

WHAT is being said about it by the leaders of Europe? This week's ANNALIST devotes its regular weekly review of European conditions to this subject. The article is of great value to executives, especially of houses affected by import and export conditions.

On news stands or by mail 10 cents.

By the year (52 issues) $5.00

THE ANNALIST
Times Square, New York
Published by The New York Times Company

NEW SENATE SNARL DELAYS SHIP BILL

Norris's Motion to Take Up Plan to Change Congress Date Startles Harding Men.

TEST VOTE IS THREATENED

But They Force Early Adjournment and Avert Displacing of President's Measure.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 12.—The whole Administration program, so far as the Senate is concerned, looked for a time this afternoon as if it was headed for the rocks.

For five hours, following a motion by Senator Norris to take up the resolution to amend the Constitution so as to bring new Congresses into effect in January instead of on March 4, the Harding leaders were powerless to regain control of the situation. The anti-subsidy forces were within call but there were so many Administration Senators absent that, had a vote been taken on the Norris motion it would probably have prevailed.

Displacing of the ship subsidy would have been at least a moral victory for the opposition, creating a situation which, in the opinion of anti-subsidy Senators, would have made it difficult for the Administration to extricate itself.

The Administration leaders in the end escaped the peril by adjourning the Senate at 4 o'clock, two hours in advance of the hour set for that action. The leaders then went into conference, and when the Senate convenes tomorrow there will be a full attendance of subsidy Senators.

The situation tonight with regard to Senate legislation is very complex. Senator Jones, who has charge of the shipping bill, wants that measure kept constantly before the Senate, while other leaders are anxious to bring up the Debt Funding bill and get that out of the way.

A proposal which Senator Jones suggested today, and is said to have the support of other party leaders, is to give the morning hour to the Debt Funding bill and the rest of the afternoon as well as every night session to ship subsidy.

The Administration is still hoping against hope that a vote can be reached on the bill, and will exert every effort to that end. Senator Robinson, for the Democrats, said this afternoon that if the bill was amended so as to limit its operation to one year, leaving continuance of the subsidy to the action of each Congress, he would not object to an agreement to vote on the measure. This proposal awoke no answering chord among the Republicans.

Tomorrow a motion may be made to table the Norris motion. If so that will supply the first definite test of the subsidy strength in the Senate.

At the outset of the day's session Senator Jones sought unanimous consent to limit debate on the Shipping bill, beginning Friday. Senator Williams refused his assent and thereupon the Washington Senator set forth the plan for division of time between the Shipping bill and the Debt Funding bill and added that he should ask to have the Senate hold night sessions, beginning Wednesday.

It was then that Senator Norris added confusion to the situation by moving to take up the resolution to amend the Constitution so as to bring new Congresses into session on the first Monday in January following November elections. Senator Norris called attention to the fact that this Congress had only sixteen working days left. For that reason, he said, he wanted the resolution passed so that Legislatures might have the opportunity of passing on it at the earliest possible date.

Senator Robinson supported the proposed amendment, saying:

"If the amendment is adopted the present spectacle would not again be witnessed; a situation which every possible pressure being brought to pass legislation which, as disclosed in a general election, is unpopular with the people. It is a case of pressure for action by a Congress that has been repudiated on this subsidy proposition. But for the votes of defeated Senators I think we must all admit that this bill could not pass. And the Congress that was elected in November will not pass it.

"The President, however, conscientiously believing this bill is in the public interest, is exerting his every influence to secure the enactment of it before this Congress ends. There can be no escape from the conclusion that the program is to pass this measure by the votes of Senators who were defeated in November, in some instances this very legislation contributing to their defeat."

He then suggested that if the Senate would restore the Madden amendment to the shipping bill, adopted by the House but eliminated by the Senate Commerce Committee, the Democrats might agree to a vote. This is the amendment which makes ship subsidy grants contingent upon annual appropriations of Congress.

Calder Talks for Defeated.

Senator Calder, who is supporting the subsidy, explained his position as one of the Senators not re-elected. He said in part:

"When I returned to the Capitol on the first Monday in December, I was a defeated Senator. I had been in Congress eighteen years, six terms in the other House. But when I returned the last time, it did seem to me that when the thing was applied to me, when the acid test was put on me, after all it was a very great mistake to bring back defeated Senators and Representatives to pass upon questions which had been voted upon in the very recent past. So for the first time in eighteen years it was brought home to me.

"I am in favor of the Senator's resolution, but I shall vote against taking it up now. I want a little more time given to the subsidy. And in my case the subsidy does not come within the arguments advanced in favor of the resolution. The subsidy was not an issue in New York State. Not once was it mentioned in the campaign. I am certain that Dr. Copeland, my successor, will bear me out in this."

Senator Norris said that if the resolution was made the business of the Senate he would ask that only the part which calls for the earlier convening of a new Congress as well as the earlier inauguration of the President be considered at this time. All those parts that would change the Electoral College system of electing Presidents would be abandoned for the time being, he said. The President, under the resolution, would be inaugurated the third Monday in January, or two weeks after the new Congress was convened.

Senator Ashurst, author of a resolution along the same lines, also spoke for the change, as did Senator Fletcher and Senator Heflin.

When the clock pointed to a vote on taking up the resolution the Administration leaders decided to take no chances and the 4 o'clock adjournment followed.

Senators to Confer With Harding.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 12 (Associated Press).—Definite arrangements to put into effect the plan for joint consideration of the Debt bill and the Shipping bill were deferred today as Democratic Senators said they wished to consult with Senator Reed of Missouri, a member of the Finance Committee, who returned to the capital today after an absence of several weeks, before formulating their views on the proposal. Republican leaders, however, indicated after adjournment that they expected to begin operations under the plan tomorrow.

The question of the legislative program will be discussed with President Harding tomorrow, by Senator Lodge, Republican leader; Chairman McCumber of the Finance Committee, which reported the Debt Settlement bill Saturday, and Senator Smoot, a member of the Debt Funding Commission.

OBJECT TO HARDING RESTRICTING 'PORK'

Supporters of Big Harbors Appropriation Resent Talk That He Won't Let It All Be Spent.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 12.—Reports that President Harding would prevent, by executive order, the expenditure of more than the $27,000,000 estimated by the Bureau of Budget for rivers and harbors out of the $38,000,000 contained in the Army Appropriation bill have caused a stir in Congress. Senators and Representatives who voted for the pork barrel asserted that if an order were issued they would be heard from. In the Senate Senator Caraway said today:

"I hope that this report is not true. The President is the Chief Executive and it is his duty to see that the law is enforced. If it shall transpire that the President, instead of enforcing the laws, shall himself issue an executive order, forbidding the officers of this Government to obey the law, it will certainly be a very unfortunate circumstance.

"It comes with ill grace from a President who is insisting that the Congress shall pass a subsidy bill that will cost the people millions of dollars, a bill already repudiated by the voters, to ignore the will of Congress in this legislation to improve the waterways of the country. The situation which will develop if the President makes good that threat will be one he will certainly regret. The time has not yet come when the people will tamely submit to executive domination, no matter who the President happens to be."

There was some talk today of amending the bill in conference so as to make it mandatory on the President to permit the expenditure of the entire $38,000,000. It is not believed, however, that anything will come of this.

FRENCH DEBT TO WAIT.

Washington Wishes to Avoid Pressure During Ruhr Moves.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 12.—The American Debt Funding Commission, confident that the Senate will approve the terms accepted by the British mission for the funding of the British debt to the United States is making plans for a final agreement. It is believed that it will be possible to close the negotiations within ten days after Congress has acted.

The attitude of the American commission toward the other debtor Governments among the allied nations, especially France and Italy, remains in doubt. It is understood, however, that as soon as the funding law is changed and the British arrangement is ratified by both nations, notification of the changes made in the law will be forwarded to the other Governments in the hope that they will, in replying, indicate readiness to begin negotiations on the new basis. It is considered probable that a reasonable time will be permitted to elapse before any definite suggestion will be made either to France or Italy that a reopening of negotiations is desired by the American commission.

Developments in the Ruhr may have an effect, as there have been intimations that the Administration does not wish further to embarrass the French Government at a critical time.

It had been the hope of the American commission that arrangements could be made for further negotiations with the French as soon as the British debt problem was out of the way, as France is the next largest debtor. But under the present circumstances the developments of the next few weeks probably will be awaited before any direct suggestions as to France are put forward by the Administration.

HOUSE TO HEAR HERRICK.

Objections to Oklahoman's "Shocking" Remarks Are Overruled.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 12.—Despite objection by Representative Mondell of Wyoming, and other Republican leaders, the House voted today to hear Representative Manuel Herrick, Republican, of Oklahoma, whose oratorical effort of last week was cut short on objections by Representative Stafford, Republican, of Wisconsin, that his remarks were "shocking to the sensibilities of all members."

As on the former occasion the Oklahoma Representative spoke on his resolution proposing expulsion from the press gallery of Representatives of the Washington Times and Washington Herald as a result of publications dealing with his alleged romance with a young woman of this city. Characterizing the articles as "libelous and scandalous," the speaker asked immediate action on his proposal, but the House ignored the request.

Mr. Herrick, who styles himself the "daredevil aviator of Congress," read from a prepared manuscript. His remarks were interrupted frequently with bursts of laughter from the membership and the galleries.

SILZER SENDS NOMINATIONS

Picks R. V. Kinkead as Common Pleas Judge in Hudson County.

Special to The New York Times.

TRENTON, N. J., Feb. 12.—Governor Silzer tonight sent to the Senate the nomination of Robert V. Kinkead, a Democratic lawyer, to succeed James W. McCarthy as Judge of the Court of Common Pleas in Hudson County. Ward Kreamer of Asbury Park, Chairman of the Monmouth County Democratic Committee, was named to succeed Benjamin B. Smith as Judge of the First District Court of that county, while Harold C. Morford of Long Branch was appointed to take the place of Harry Truax as Judge of the Second District Court.

Thomas F. Meaney of Jersey City, senior Vice Commander of the American Legion, was nominated for Judge of the Juvenile Court in Hudson County, and James Baker of Jersey City was renamed as a member of the State Board of Taxes and Assessment.

Quake in Washington State.

BELLINGHAM, Wash., Feb. 12.—A distinct earth shock, believed to have been caused by an earthquake, was felt here about 10:30 this morning, according to reports from many parts of the city. Plaster was broken in some of the downtown buildings.

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Important Sale

ENGLISH HOSE

Tuesday only

Pure wool Cashmere hose in smart colors and mixtures, for Street and Sports' wear.

1.25

Regularly sold at 3.95

J. M. Gidding & Co.
FIFTH AVENUE · 56TH & 57TH STS.

Final Reductions Prevail On All Remaining Winter Fashions

2 Four-Piece Costume Suits . . . $195
Values to $450—with entire short coats of Mole.

Day Coats and Wraps $75, $95
Values to $225—Fur-trimmed.

Gowns and Dresses $38, $65
Values to $175—for all occasions.

FURS—*for Final Disposal*

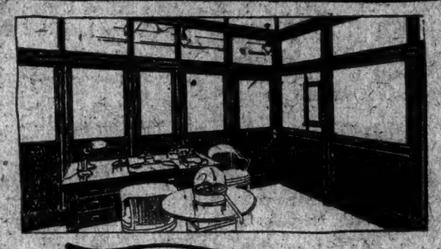
$1075 Choice Hudson Seal Coat . . . $750
(*Nat'l Stone Marten Collar & Cuffs*)

$1500 Misses' Ermine Cape $695

$950 Viatka Dyed Squirrel Cape . . $595

Novelty Short Capes of Mole—Taupe Squirrel—Hudson Seal and Natural Squirrel with Baron Duki.
Values $550 to $650 to close out at $295

Gidding



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TAILORED WOMAN
CAMEL'S HAIR COATS

OF fine quality Camel's Hair in plaid design, these coats are tailored with the expert craftsmanship of *The Tailored Woman.*

Some have set-in sleeves, others the raglan shoulder; full silk linings or shoulder linings; green, henna, rust, blue, tan and brown plaids, 78.50 to 110.50.

Page Frocks for the youthful figure are shown exclusively at The Tailored Woman

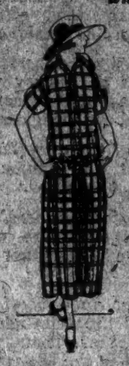
The Things That Are Notable — Flashes of Fashion — The Things That Are New

PUBLISHED BY

R. H. Macy & Co. Inc.
Herald Square New York

Woven In The Desert To Be Worn By Smart New York

That is the romantic history of the remarkable fabric which fashions a chic new frock.



It really travelled on camel-back out of an Indian desert—this beautiful Oriental madras. And its supple firmness and softness, of a quality rarely seen, are due to the fact that it was entirely hand-woven. Hand-dyed as well to colors of unimaginable richness and beauty—shades of plum and strawberry, rose and lapis, blended and contrasted in unusual arrangements of stripes and bandings.

As difficult to obtain as it is greatly in demand by smart members of the younger set, we naturally pride ourselves on being able to offer smart frocks made of it at this time.

The Spring Silhouette

The gay little dresses have, of course, the charming slender silhouette of spring, and are brightly bound and sashed with grosgrain ribbon in harmonizing colors. $33.75

Top Coats Decide To Be Daring in Color

Extremely chic are top coats in quite the most primitive colors—for Paris has decreed that it is to be a season of color. They have an irresistible swing and flare to accord with their tropic hues of scarlet, Fuchsia and lemon. Others of checked novelty fabrics are also delightfully dashing. $48.75 to $74.75

"Silk Coats Supersede Wool"

Our Latest Paris Cable Informs Us

The smart Parisian is wearing the black silk coat. One which her unerring flair for style would undoubtedly approve is of black crepe warmly and richly lined with beige duvetyne. Others have smart linings of plain or printed crepe.

Many of these very elegant wraps are trimmed with bands of squirrel or caracul; others consider a heavy cording of their own rich fabric adornment enough for any coat. One has a bloused back which, in front, intends you to think it a cape; another, a handsome design of fine braiding, center-back.
$109.00 to $189.00

A Sport Blouse Is Checked—

and ties at one side. One may choose it in colors as fresh as spring—a gay green with a bold check in rose and black, or white with Fuchsia and green. $9.74

New Jacquettes, Demure or Gay

For The Smartly Dressed Young Woman

When it comes to jacquettes one may give one's fancy free rein. Every fabric is in order for some hour of the day, from practical flannel or camel's hair to the richest, most shimmering metallic tissue. $19.74 to $59.75

For street or sport one could not do better than choose a knitted jacquette of smart wool and fiber, with the striking block design illustrated and a sash of crisp moire, tying, of course, at one side. In such effective combinations as black with silver gray, brown with beige, and glowing Chinese vermilion—one of the smartest shades for spring—with lemon. $39.75

Sizes 14 to 20 years.

For more festive occasions are very elegant jacquettes of black silk crepe trimmed with monkey fur. Gay linen jacquettes are embroidered in garden colors, and jacquettes of flannel have taken a thought for summer by being white and embroidered in scarlet, yellow or black.

$19.74 to $59.75

Macy's—Third Floor.

JUDGMENT

IT IS THE INTENTION OF FINCHLEY TO DEVELOP CLOTHES WHICH CARRY A CONSISTENT APPEAL TO THE PRACTICAL BUSINESS OR PROFESSIONAL MAN WHO EXPRESSES MENTAL VIGOR BY HIS MANNER OF DRESS.

FORTY DOLLARS
AND MORE

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TAILORED AT FASHION PARK
CUSTOM FINISH WITHOUT THE ANNOYANCE OF A TRY-ON

FINCHLEY
5 West 46th Street
NEW YORK

REBELS SHOOT DEAD AGED IRISH PATRIOT

Assassinate Dr. O'Higgins, Father of Minister and Brother-In-Law of Governor Healy.

MARY MACSWINEY IS HELD

Free State Troops Start Large Movement to Clear Republicans Out of Cavan Mountains.

Copyright, 1923, by The New York Times Company.
By Wireless to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

DUBLIN, Feb. 12.—Few outrages in the recent history of Ireland have caused such a sense of horror as the assassination last night of Dr. Thomas O'Higgins, an old esteemed nationalist, the father of Kevin O'Higgins, Minister of Home Affairs, and brother-in-law of Governor General Healy.

The gallant old doctor was in his seventy-eighth year and sought to defend his beautiful Queens County home when armed incendiaries arrived Sunday night. Admitting one of them to see certain documents he appears to have disarmed him, and the baffled raider shouted to his comrades to fire, and they fired with deadly effect, almost blowing off the doctor's head. They left only when the wife and daughter interposed with fearful appeals.

Dr. O'Higgins was a fellow of the Royal College of Surgeons of Ireland. He had a very extensive practice, associating himself throughout life with the cause of the people and sacrificing at times his own social and financial interests for them. Despite his age he was harried by the Black and Tans and one son, Dr. Tom O'Higgins, was interned till the truce. Some time ago armed men tried to burn his house, but the parish priest was the doctor's guest, and he refusing to leave the incendiaries departed.

Snatched Rebel's Revolver.

DUBLIN, Feb. 12 (Associated Press).—Dr. Thomas O'Higgins of Maryborough, father of Kevin O'Higgins, Free State Minister of Home Affairs, was assassinated last night. The official announcement says:

"Dr. O'Higgins, Coroner of Queens County, was shot dead by armed men last evening."

The victim is a brother-in-law of Timothy Healy, Governor General of the Free State.

The tragedy occurred at Woodlands, near Stradbally. A party of armed men drew up near the O'Higgins residence at 7 o'clock Sunday evening and three members of it approached the house and demanded admittance. Dr. O'Higgins replied that in consequence of a communication recently captured he would not admit any one, but on the plea of wanting to see the document the raiders induced him to open the door. One of the armed men then entered, leaving his two companions on the doorstep.

While the raider inside was reading the document, Dr. O'Higgins, who was 70 years old, disarmed him, snatching away his revolver. The raider shouted to his two comrades to fire. They responded with the fatal shots, which crashed into the top of Dr. O'Higgins's skull, others of the raiding party also firing at him through the windows.

The raiders were reloading their rifles when Mrs. O'Higgins and her daughter rushed up on the scene, the former crying: "For God's sake, don't fire!" And then: "You've killed him!"

One of the armed men told her to stand back, as he had orders to fire, and at that instant a volley was fired over the heads of the two women.

The leader of the gang came from the kitchen and demanded Dr. O'Higgins's revolver. Mrs. O'Higgins asked him to send for a priest, but he refused and continued to demand the revolver.

Dr. O'Higgins was one of the oldest medical officers in the country. During the conflict with the British he was arrested and detained at Curragh for some months.

Mary MacSwiney Arrested Again.

Miss Mary MacSwiney and Mrs. Clark, widow of Tom Clark, who was executed in 1916, were arrested, together with their mothers, in a raid by Free State forces today upon the republican central publicity offices here, which had just been reopened. Among others arrested in the raid were Miss Kathleen Barry, sister of Kevin Barry, who was executed in 1920 for killing a soldier, and Dr. Brown, a professor of Maynooth.

In an interview before her arrest, Miss MacSwiney said she desired to reply to the "venomous attack" made upon Eamon de Valera by Kevin O'Higgins, Minister of Home Affairs in the Free State Government. The calumnies against de Valera, she said, were carried on in the same way and for the same purpose as had been those against Erskine Childers, "to get an excuse to shoot him."

She denied that de Valera had let down the republic. She knew that he had agreed to the form of the oath of allegiance and to an annual payment to King George, but his intention in agreeing to a policy of external association with the British Empire was to avoid a split.

No peace was possible on a basis of unconditional surrender, she declared, nor would the republicans at war agree to recognize the King or accept the Free State Constitution. Even if all the sixteen men appealed to by Liam Deasy agreed to surrender, which was unthinkable, nevertheless it would not halt the war, which would be continued by men of invincible faith.

Mr. de Valera would reject President Cosgrave's suggestion for the surrender of arms and a free election on the issue of a republic, she said. England's withdrawal of her "threat of war" was essential if the election were to be free. Furthermore the election should not be for the twenty-six counties of Southern Ireland but for the whole island, though Ulster would find the republicans very reasonable.

Judge Powell in the Chancery Court ruling today in the case against Eamon de Valera, David O'Donoghue and Stephen O'Mara, brought by President Cosgrave and others as Trustees of the national fund, to prevent the defendants from withdrawing $10,000 of the funds from a Dublin bank, said there was no evidence connecting de Valera and O'Mara with the money. He therefore refused the plaintiff's application against them with costs, but continued the injunction against O'Donoghue pending trial of the action.

The Dublin Corporation by 32 votes to 15 today rescinded the resolution to pay interned employes, which was recently adopted. This was due to pressure exercised by the Government in refusing to pay housing subsidies.

Donegal Farmer Is Shot Dead.

BELFAST, Feb. 12 (Associated Press).—A number of masked men appeared at the home of John Gallagher, a farmer of Gweedore, County Donegal, on Saturday and shot him dead. The crime is believed to be a sequel to a recent raid on Gallagher's home when he wounded one of the raiders with a shotgun.

Anniskeagh House, near Dundalk, the property of A. N. Sheridan, clerk of the Crown in County Louth and a close friend of Cardinal Logue, was blown up last night.

Two priests had just left the mansion when a body of armed men appeared and told Mr. Sheridan they had orders to blow up the house because he was a Government official. He asked time in which to get his wife, three children and servants to a place of safety. This was granted. A mine then was exploded, reducing the house to ruins.

The position held by the Republican leader Bofin in the Arigna Mountains of County Cavan was attacked this morning by a large body of Free State forces, and heavy fighting is in progress. Bofin is credited with leading the recent attack on Ballyconnell and Belturbet.

Hundreds of Free State troops have arrived in Belturbet in special trains, leaving by rail and in armored cars for the scene.

A Belfast dispatch on Feb. 6 told of the raiding of the village of Belturbet by fifty men, who bombed the bank and other business buildings, killing two men and wounding one.

Cosgrave Get Loan in London.

LONDON, Feb. 12.—President Cosgrave of the Dail Eireann, who left London for Dublin tonight, succeeded during his stay here in raising a loan. This was vouched for by a member of his party. Mr. Cosgrave's party was escorted to the station by an armed guard and accompanied on the train by a number of armed detectives.

NEW REVOLT QUELLED IN NORTHERN MEXICO

Coahuila Rebels Captured Without Firing a Shot—Monterey Politician Probably Murdered.

Copyright, 1923, by The New York Times Company.
Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

MEXICO CITY, Feb. 12.—A new attempt to revolt against the Government was quelled in Coahuila yesterday. Government troops captured eighty-five prisoners, among them General Jesus Davila Sanchez, chief of the new movement. Saltillo, capital of the State of Coahuila, was panic-stricken by the appearance of an armed group which took possession of the school building. Federal troops stationed in the city surrounded the building, capturing all the rebels without firing a shot. A large quantity of arms and ammunition was seized. Among the prisoners were several Generals recently pardoned under the amnesty law.

The movement was planned to cause outbreaks in several parts of the State of Coahuila on Sunday, probably against the present Governor, General Arnulfo Gonzales.

The mysterious death of General Jesus Garza in Monterey, where he was a candidate for the Governorship, is causing much comment in Mexico City, where Garza was extremely popular. One afternoon newspaper reports that Garza was murdered, citing the fact that Garza left a letter for his wife here saying he was anxious to arrive home to see their young baby.

Breakfast had been served in Garza's room and the food was found to be half eaten. All political parties here have draped their clubhouses in mourning.

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Between 54th and 55th Streets

"Poirette"
By
MOUTON
A BLACK CREPE TOWN DRESS—GOLD EMBROIDERED BODICE TOPPING ITS PLEATED SKIRT. $55
Fifty Five Dollars

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An Exceptional Array of Springtime Models in
Chapeaux La Marquise
$8.50
An unequalled combination of style, quality and value

The newest phases of the mode; presented with the treasured touches of individuality that always characterize these charming hats.

For example:

EMBROIDERY is effectively exploited in close-fitting and soft mushroom shapes. Silk braid or chenille appears in especially lovely patterns.

HATS WITH MILAN CROWNS and brims of silk come trimmed with the daintiest of lace rosettes—a charming combination for spring.

AND THE MATRON will be delighted with the smartly draped straw turbans, brightly flower-trimmed, that await her selection.

COLORS
Black Brown Beaver Henna Almond
Mountain Haze Rouge Smart Combinations

Macy's—Second Floor, 34th Street, Front.

W. & J. SLOANE
FIFTH AVENUE AND FORTY-SEVENTH STREET NEW YORK

PRICE COMPARISONS ARE IMPORTANT
When They Are Thoughtfully Made

The common practice of comparing prices, provided it is thoughtfully and carefully done, is welcomed rather than deplored by progressive establishments; for ability to meet competition is one of the corner stones upon which a successful expanding and permanent business is built.

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We offer for your inspection at the present time

2500 Room Size Rugs
in
430 Different designs, colors and effects

We quote below prices for the 9 ft. x 12 ft. size

Other sizes at proportionate prices

Wilton, Worsted	$135.00	Axminster	$70.00
Wilton, Worsted	125.00	Axminster	64.00
Wilton, Worsted	115.00	Axminster	52.00
Wilton, Wool	95.00	Axminster	50.00
Wilton, Wool	87.50	Axminster	44.75
Wilton, Wool	80.00	Scotch Art Rugs	60.00
Wilton, Velvet	81.50	Scotch Art Rugs	58.50
Chenille	110.00	Scotch Art Rugs	46.50
Chenille	75.00	Velvet	45.00
Axminster	82.50	Velvet	40.00
Axminster	73.00	Reversible Wool	36.00

Also 1500 Small Rugs As Follows

Antique Hooked Rugs	$24.00 to 64.00	Hand Braided Rugs	8.50 to 45.00
Navajo Rugs	30.00 to 54.00	Mohair Rugs	6.25 to 32.50
Rag Rugs	1.75 to 49.50	Machine Braided Rugs	3.50 to 12.00
Bath Mats	3.25 to 11.00	Labrador Rugs	15.00
Door Mats	2.75 to 35.50	Fibre and Grass Rugs	2.50 to 17.25

ORIENTAL RUGS

Thousands of Room and Small Size Rugs, each one desirable, offer the widest possibilities for satisfactory selection.

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Persian . . . 9 x 12 ft., $225 India . . . . 9 x 12 ft., $360
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Small Persian Rugs at $25, 30, 35, 40, 50 and up

We would be glad to have you personally visit our establishment and

Compare the prices—You will find them no higher than elsewhere.
Inspect the selection—We are confident it is unequalled.
As to the qualities—We are pleased to endorse them.

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Freight prepaid to all shipping points in the United States.

For Advanced Collectors

E. Luder-Edelmann & Co. Zürich

The Principal of an important European Postage Stamp Firm is visiting New York and invites parties interested in speculative lots of the best kind of stamps to apply between Feb. 20th and March 10th to Mr. Ed. Luder, care of R. Koenig, 323 Franklin Ave., Hasbrouck Heights, New Jersey. We are in a position to show very beautiful copies of fine old rarities and wish to enter into business relations with first-class collectors. We are also buyers of anything exceptionally fine in early Swiss stamps. Latest price list sent free on application. Approval selections sent on security or references given.

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5 to 7 Rooms—2 to 3 Baths
Tenant-Ownership Plan—Liberal Terms Social and Business References Required
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Find them through the Lost and Found columns of The New York Times. Telephone Bryant 1000.

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Safe Milk and Malt Grain Ext. in powder, makes The Food-Drink for All Ages
Avoid Imitations—Substitutes

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Hear it. Two pianos, saxaphones, sparkling brasses—worth walking a mile to hear. "The Thief," another big hit, on the other side. And like all Brunswick Records, a true reproduction, not a note lost or slurred.

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A New John David
TUXEDO SUIT
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For Dining, Dancing
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ALL The Elegance Of An Evening Suit With All The Ease And Comfort Of A Lounge Suit. Remarkable Value. Compare!

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The product is one of home utility in a line yielding many millions of dollars annually in profits and which in this instance possesses features of merit well calculated to place the enterprise in the front rank of its class immediately upon the development of the distribution and service plans now ready.

While the company is manufacturing and marketing its goods the opportunity now presented is one of expediency toward the earlier maturity of a larger organization than can be realized through the reinvestment of profits.

This is a live proposition and ready for immediate action. No brokers. Our client wishes to confer with investors or active associates who can take substantial interests. We will be glad to have such men write us for further information.

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ELECTRICAL & ENGINEERING CO.
716 Eighth Ave. (45th) Bryant 6874

SAY TWO SUSPECTS ADMIT 12 HOLD-UPS

One Attempted to Draw Pistol Before Submitting to Arrest, Detectives Assert.

OTHER TAKEN AFTER CHASE

Accused Said to Have Confessed Taking $1,500 and Several Overcoats in Store Robbery.

In the arrest of two men last night detectives of the West Sixty-eighth Street Station asserted they had two hold-up men who admitted that in the last month they had robbed more than a dozen persons. The prisoners said they were George Roberts, 22, of Hartford, Conn., and William Murray, 23, stopping at the Y. M. C. A. at 318 West Fifty-seventh Street Station.

They were arrested by Detectives McCarthy and Bailie of Inspector Bolan's staff and Policeman Schnaible of the West Sixty-eighth Street Station, after Roberts was alleged to have attempted to shoot Detective McCarthy at Broadway and Sixty-sixth Street following an altercation. Murray sought to escape, after the detectives had subdued Roberts, by jumping into a taxicab and driving north through Columbus Avenue. He was captured by Policeman Schnaible, who followed in another taxicab, at Sixty-ninth Street and Columbus Avenue, after the policeman had fired six shots.

When the detectives searched Roberts, they said, they found a fully loaded pistol in his coat pocket. Policeman Schnaible disarmed Murray of a blackjack, and found a loaded pistol on the seat of the taxicab from which the policeman dragged him.

Detective Sergeants Tierney and Lawless questioned the prisoners at the station, and they alleged that Roberts and Murray admitted that only yesterday afternoon they held up a dentist in his establishment at Fifth and Flatbush Avenues, Brooklyn, and robbed him of $80, a gold watch and chain and a diamond stickpin. This admission was made, the detectives said, when the watch and chain were found on Roberts and the stickpin on Murray.

The prisoners then were alleged to have admitted that several weeks ago they held up the proprietor of a clothing store at Seventh Avenue and Fifteenth Street and, after knocking an employe unconscious with their pistols, took $1,500, several overcoats and suits and escaped in a taxicab.

The men also were reported to have admitted taking $100 from Herman Hergwitz in a holdup in his cigar store at Columbus Avenue and Eighty-first Street on the afternoon of Feb. 7.

Roberts and Murray were charged with attempted felonious assault and carrying concealed weapons. When they are arraigned in the West Side Court this morning the detectives expect to have some of the victims of their alleged robberies present.

EIGHT HELD FOR MURDER.

"Black Handers" to Be Arraigned in West Virginia Today.

CLARKSBURG, W. Va., Feb. 12.—Eight of nine men held in jail here in connection with a series of murders and dynamitings, part of a "black hand reign of terror," reaching into four States—West Virginia, Pennsylvania, Maryland and Illinois—will be arraigned tomorrow before Magistrate Kidd on a charge of murdering James Papara, slain here about three weeks ago. The ninth member of the gang, Joseph Malina, will be arraigned later in Marion County on a charge of arson. It is alleged that Malina, after having failed in an extortion scheme against a Farmington (W. Va.) merchant, started a fire which destroyed a block of buildings in that town.

New evidence against the alleged plotters was uncovered today when authorities spent several hours grilling the prisoners. Records and books of the "Camorra" Society, found in a trunk seized when the arrests were made, were admitted by the gang members to be a part of their "black hand literature." Contents of the books, printed in Barcelona, Spain, is being translated.

Extradition papers for Patsi Corbi, held in Baltimore in connection with the murder of Bella Lemon, who was found dead near that city, were sent to the Governor of Maryland today when the authorities were notified that Corbi would not waive extradition. Corbi also is charged with being an accomplice in the murder of Papara.

That members of the gang still said to be at large are trying to block plans for prosecuting those now arrested was seen by authorities tonight when they announced the sudden disappearance from Baltimore of Carmella Maloje, known to be a friend of the Lemon woman. For a time she was held in jail in Baltimore as a material witness in the Lemon murder.

Signs Act for Highway.

TRENTON, N. J., Feb. 12.—Governor George S. Silzer today signed an assembly bill which provides for the construction by the State Highway Commission of a road from Newark through Bergen and Hudson Counties to the New York line, but which the Governor pointed out in a statement, "constitutes little more than a recommendation" that the road be built. The measure stipulated that the Highway Commission commence construction of the road "as soon as practicable," which, the Governor said, rendered the bill innocuous.

New Jersey Autoist Killed by Train.

Special to The New York Times.

MOUNT HOLLY, N. J., Feb. 12.—D. F. Falkinberg, a real estate broker of Haddonfield, attempted to beat an approaching train with his automobile at the Hartford crossing near here this morning and was instantly killed. The body was hurled twenty feet and the car was splintered.

CHARGES INCITING OF RED OUTRAGES

Continued from Page 1, Column 4.

labor unions for Thiel operatives to suppress; of selling the secrets of one employer to another; of carrying what he believed was a trunkload of bombs to New York; of joining radical movements at the behest of private detectives and urging his associates to acts of violence; of spreading radical propaganda which, he said, was furnished him by his employers, and a wide variety of other activities.

Balanow swore that as an operative of the Thiel agency in 1917 he had been assigned to join the cigramakers' union as an agent provacateur during a strike, and was instructed to urge the strikers to break windows and commit other violence. His instructions, he said, came from Michael Flannigan, general manager of the agency, who, he said, told him to "always show your radical side, be so extreme that they'll have confidence in you."

Flannigan, he said, told him that Sol Lazor, President of the La Kurba Cigar Company, was furnishing $100,000 to break the cigar workers' union.

200 to 300 Windows Broken.

Shortly after he suggested window breaking to Charles Winfield, business agent of the union, Balanow testified, 200 or 300 windows were broken, and later he discovered that Winfield was a Thiel operative also.

Later, under directions of Flannigan, he said, he joined the I. W. W., Socialist Party, Socialist-Labor Party, Communist Party, Communist-Labor Party, Young People's Socialist League, Workers' Industrial Union and other organizations and sought to stir up violence among their members. Flannigan, he said, furnished him typewritten speeches to be read at meetings of the organizations, seeking to cause dissension and trouble.

While working for the Burns Agency, he swore, he was sent to meetings of several organizations to preach violence.

In October, 1920, he swore, he met Raymond and Sherman Burns, sons of W. J. Burns, and Allan Meyers, head of the Burns Agency's radical department, and Meyers told him he would supply explosives and show him how to make bombs. Meyers, he said, suggested he cultivate such men as Charles E. Ruthenberg, Levine of the Amalgamated Clothing Workers; Edward Nockells of the Chicago Federation of Labor; Carlo Tresca and others and try to get them to throw bombs so Burns operatives could arrest them.

Cooney of the Thiel Agency, he said, invented the "Knights of the Red Star" and gave him a copy of its alleged manifesto, which described the organization "as the most dangerous revolutionary organization in the United States."

Cooney admitted, he said, that no such group existed but explained it was necessary to have evidence of it to show Alfred Austrian, attorney for J. Ogden Armour and other Chicago packers, so the packers would put up money to keep the radical hunt going.

Cooney, he swore in his deposition, compiled a list of alleged members of this non-existent organization from names and adresses found among the effects of supposed radicals caught in the Jan. 1, 1920, round-up here. He produced a list of some 3,000 names, which, he said, was the one Cooney furnished to Austrian and attorneys representing other business interests.

He also swore that Cooney had faked reports, alleged to have been made by Balanow, and had turned the report of a meeting of the textile workers of the I. W. W. into a secret conference of "Knights of the Red Star."

Attorney Walsh announced in the course of the hearing that he expected to show that the W. J. Burns agency planned and executed the raid on the Communist gathering at Bridgman, Mich., last August, and that their agents provacateur, established in the Communist ranks, committed any illegal acts that may have been committed in connection with that meeting.

He said he expected to prove in the course of the trial, which is set to start at St. Joseph, Mich., two weeks from today, that private detectives have foniented the various radical disturbances in recent years.

O. L. Smith of Lansing, Assistant Attorney General of Michigan, and Charles W. Gore, Prosecuting Attorney of Berrien County, Mich., represented the State at the taking of the deposition. Indications are that Mr. Walsh will not be through with Bala now for two or three days. The State will then cross-examine him.

Balanow, in the course of his testimony, swore he had joined the Workers' International Industrial Union, of which Caleb Harrison of Grand Rapids, one of the defendants in the forthcoming trial, was head in 1917, and how he then organized the men's beltmakers at the direction of Michael Flanrigan, General Manager of the Thiel Agency, who said that the agency would then go to the belt manufacturers and explain that they had a man in the new union and, if retained, could break it up.

Says He Held Office in I. W. W.

He joined the I. W. W. in 1919 under orders from Flannigan, he said, worked up in the ranks, obtained credentials permitting him to enlist members and collect dues and actually obtained ten new members in Chicago.

Back in Chicago, with the Thiel Agency again, he was directed by Cooney, he said, to run for Secretary of the I. W. W., local and a Thief operative named Brockmiller, who was also a member of the I. W. W., nominated him and he was elected. He swore he kept his Secrtary's books in the Thief office safe at Cooney's direction.

When he resigned from the secretaryship Cooney, he said, kept the official I. W. W. stamp and 200 blank credentials, membership books, due stamps and other paraphernalia, so he could make his operatives members of the I. W. W. at will.

Cooney, he said, sent him to New York with a 300-pound trunk. "I thought it was bombs and I was scared to death," he said. He obtained lodgings with a Mrs. Svardloff, a close friend of Leon Troazky, and posed as a Russian wanting to return to that country, his object being to get information as to how Ludwig C. K. Martens, Soviet Ambassador, obtained money from Russia.

He was ordered to deliver the trunk, he said, to a German named Jaeger, who was to send it to a Soviet representative named Walter at 11 Stuyvesant Place. He opened the trunk and found it full of radical literature. After he made the delivery the trunk disappeared, and Thief operatives who tried to locate it to arrest the possessor for having radical literature were unsuccessful. Cooney, he said, "bawled me out" for spoiling the plan, and then enlisted the aid of the New York bomb squad, two of whose members he swore were in the employ of the Thiel agency in a fruitless effort to recover the trunk.

Back in Chicago after that experience, Balanow said he was called in by the Burns manager here and directed to locate Nicoli Hurowich, Soviet Embassy Chancellor, who was supposed to be in Chicago with papers belonging to Martens. The Burns people paid him $4 a day for the work, he testified, and told him he could have unlimited expense accounts as Secretary of State Colby was paying for the investigation. The papers were wanted in New York by the Lusk Legislative Committee, investigating the Soviet Ambassador.

Before the 1920 raids, Balanow testified, Cooney gave his money to have 2,000 blank petitions to Congress demanding the impeachment of Attorney General Palmer printed at a Socialist newspaper office on the west side. The petitions, copy for which, he said, he received from Cooney, demanding Mr. Palmer's impeachment for failure to prosecute the sugar trust.

Balanow brought in the name of Jacob Spolansky, head of the Radical Bureau of the Department of Justice, Bureau of Investigation here, and swore that Spolansky received $25 a day from the Thiel Agency for selling it the secret reports of the Government. Spolansky, he swore, had a cousin in the Thiel Agency and another relative on the Chicago Police Bomb Squad "and they all worked together."

Burns Calls It a "Tissue of Lies."

W. Sherman Burns, head of the Burns Detective Agency here, characterized last night the story told on the witness stand by Albert Bailing, alias Banalow, as a "tissue of lies," and said that if the agency found that the testimony warranted prosecution it would bring a charge of perjury against the former agent.

Mr. Burns admitted that Banalow had been in the employ of the agency, first at Chicago and later at New York, but declared that the man was discharged "because we found when we checked him up that he was a faker" and had reported a number of stories about radical meetings and radical activities which were non-existent.

"One of the things which got him into trouble with us," Mr. Burns said, "was his report about the 'Knights of the Red Star,' which is mentioned in the report from Chicago. Another was a story regarding a meeting of radicals at a New York hotel. We found upon checking up the reports that the man could not be relied upon to tell the truth.

"After he had worked for us in New York about two weeks in the Fall of 1921 he was discharged. Then he claimed that we owed him some money. We informed him that we would not pay him for false reports and told him he might sue us if he wished.

"I am sorry to say that the man was recommended to us in good faith by a District Attorney in one of the largest cities of the country. The District Attorney apparently had employed him in connection with some radical matters. I doubt whether Banalow ever met W. J. Burns. If we find that it is necessary to do so after seeing the reports of the man's testimony in full we may make a formal statement answering his reported statements in detail. So far I cannot find an ounce of truth in anything he has said."

Lost His Money

The following interesting statement appears in a letter just received:

"I have your esteemed favor and beg to advise that I am at present engaged in paying off a loan which I obtained some years ago and lost in a bad investment. This precludes the advisability of my taking advantage of your offer of a First Mortgage Certificate."

The writer then goes on to say that he was tempted by the higher rate offered on a bad investment and regrets that the loss of his money prevents his buying a Guaranteed First Mortgage Certificate.

His experience has been shared by thousands of others, but 15,786 people in 1922 did take advantage of our offer and put $36,962,000 into Guaranteed First Mortgage Certificates and will never have any loss on them.

Title Guarantee & Trust Co.

Capital $10,000,000. Surplus $11,000,000.

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R. H. Macy & Co. Inc.
Herald Square New York

65TH ANNIVERSARY SALE

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MEN'S SHIRTS

$1.39

All Woven Madras

Sizes 14 to 17

Macy's—Main Floor, 35th Street.

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Franklin Simon & Co.
A Store of Individual Shops
FIFTH AVENUE, 37th and 38th STS.

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For Madame and Mademoiselle

LOUNGING ROBES OF QUILTED SATIN LAMB'S WOOL LINED

14.50

An achievement! Robes of this quality and fashion have never sold before at this price.

FASHION: Tailored model with set-in sleeves.
Full length, full cut model.
Silk lined.

COLORS: Coral, Copenhagen, light blue or peach.

NEGLIGEE SHOP—First Floor

Business Opportunities (bank and business references required), Page 28.

An Arrival of New Suits

Which bring forth some remarkable values at a mid-season price.

$35

They are all smart looking conservative models, in light colors, grays, mixtures and medium weights. The lines, the patterns, the fabrics; all unite to form the figure of 1-9-2-3. Two factors that stand out are—the quality of the woolens and the quality of the workmanship.

BLUE SUITS
By the house of Kuppenheimer made of finest serges, cheviots and unfinished worsteds.
$50

TUXEDOS
That represent the highest type of Kuppenheimer tailoring skill. A complete assortment of sizes in stock.
$55

Brill Brothers
Broadway, at 49th Street
279 Broadway, near Chambers St. 47 Cortlandt St., near Greenwich St.

Arnold Constable & Co.
FIFTH AVENUE AT FORTIETH STREET

HOUSEHOLD LINENS

of the excellent quality upon which was built our reputation for fine serviceable linens

TABLE CLOTHS of heavy Belgian Linen
2x2 yards—6.00. 2x2½ yards—7.50. 2x3 yards—9.50.
NAPKINS to match, per dozen—22x22 in.—7.50. 24x24 in.—10.25

TABLE CLOTHS of fine Irish Linen
Two yards wide, and 2 to 4 yards long. 4.00 to 34.50 each.
NAPKINS to match, 22 to 24 in. square, per dozen—5.25 to 29.50.

ODD NAPKINS, pure linen, specially priced
Breakfast size, 22x22 in., 7.50 dozen. Dinner size, 24x24 in., 9.90 dozen.

SHEETS of pure linen, hemstitched
For single bed, 12.00 to 26.50 a pair. For double bed, 15.75 to 33.50.
PILLOW-CASES, all linen, hemstitched, 2.85 to 5.00 a pair.

TOWELS and TOWELING
All linen huck towels, room sizes, 6.75 to 42.50 a dozen.
All linen Guest towels, 4.50 to 18.00 a dozen.
All linen Kitchen towels, hemmed, 3.85 to 10.50 a dozen.
Irish linen crash toweling, 17 in. wide, 30c and 35c a yard.
Turkish Towels, of very fine linen yarn, 3.25 each.
Turkish Towels, of finest cotton yarn, 3.50 to 25.20 a dozen.

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Life is Never Humdrum, If—

"YOU must get pretty tired of the kind of life you lead," said a workman one morning to A. B. Farquhar, who is eighty-four years old. "Just the same old thing every day. Going to your plant every morning at seven, rain or shine. Doesn't it get monotonous?" "No," Mr. Farquhar answered. "It doesn't. It gets to be more fun every day."

Life is never humdrum if your mind can reach out and find its own relation to the problems of the world around you. There are millions of people in America who, like Mr. Farquhar, enter eagerly into the life beyond their own picket fences. They are not cynical about politics, not doleful about prohibition, not despondent over taxes, because they are alive—and *interested.* They get more out of life because they give most to it.

They want economic, political and social affairs brought into focus. Their ideas make public opinion. For them Collier's is edited. Let us see what they will read this week:

A. B. FARQUHAR, who knew Lincoln, tells young people how to live so that life will never lose its zest. Thrills and aspirations are still new to him—and to everyone who can love life as he does.

HUNDREDS of letters from Collier's readers have gone into the making of William G. Shepherd's article on inheritance. You can see in those he quotes the kind of private thinking that multiplies itself into the greatest power in the world—public opinion.

EVEN SPORTS can be humdrum to the humdrum player. For the others, Walter Camp says that Coué's famous formula has its application to games. He tells some amazing things that happened when famous athletes used their imaginations.

FICTION must have the flavor of life if it is to be interesting. "The Swamp Angel," Richard Connell's first novel, has it. Donn Lane is a real boy; Ellie Byrne is a real girl. If you like people you can know well, you will like "The Swamp Angel."

JIM MCGEE and his wife came to New York. They saw but did not conquer. They went back to Williamsburg, and the manner of their coming and going, as told by Harold H. Armstrong, will warm the hearts of those of us who know and love the small town.

Collier's serves those who do their own thinking by telling them not what to think, but what to think about. In more than a million homes every week these men and women who lead interesting and *interested* lives welcome Collier's because it helps them to a fresh perspective on the great affairs and events about them. And their minds are alert and open to receive your message through Collier's advertising pages.

Collier's

THE NATIONAL WEEKLY

in more than a million homes

THE CROWELL PUBLISHING COMPANY . 381 FOURTH AVENUE · NEW YORK

COLLIER'S, The National Weekly WOMAN'S HOME COMPANION THE AMERICAN MAGAZINE FARM AND FIRESIDE THE MENTOR

(This is the thirty-seventh in a series of advertisements.)

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Whatever is worth while in photography is here, with intelligent salesmen to explain its use.

Kodak and Graflex cameras of every style always in stock.

Developing, printing and enlarging of the superior kind.

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Dr. Reed Cushion Shoes and Oxfords
for Men and Women

Selected styles from regular stock at greatly reduced prices.

Dr. A. Reed CUSHION SHOES
For Women Made by
JOHN EBBERTS SHOE CO.
SOLD ONLY AT
12 Park Place, Woolworth Bldg.
1372 Broadway, at 37th Street

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"Hall" Day Beds are reasonably priced and harmonize with any scheme of furnishing.

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Put in so you're not "put out"

Feminism's Goal

Joseph Collins discusses "La Garconne," a novel written by a Frenchman, M. Victor Marguerite, who has abridged the distance between present feminism and its possible terminus.

PLAY ACTING IN AMERICA—What effect will the Moscow Art Theatre have upon the stage in America? This and other interesting questions form the basis of a timely contribution.

SPEED READING—In this era of speed and more speed, an article by Thomas L. Masson, in which he has analyzed the possible amount of reading a human being can do in a day, is of interest.

BOSTON'S POLICE ADONISES—Charles J. Rosebault tells about the policemen of the "hub," contrasting them with New York's force.

TAXATION'S ILL REPUTE—Some suggestions that might make taxation more popular in the United States than at present.

POLISHING UP WESTMINSTER—Discoveries in Westminster Abbey which have led to an attempt at restoration.

The New York Times Magazine
NEXT SUNDAY
Reserve a copy of The Times at your news stand.

WARNS OF DANGER IN GOLD IMPORTS

Controller Crissinger Says Flow of Metal Here Is "Unfortunate" for All.

SHOULD BE FREE TO MOVE

American Banking System, He Reports, Has Justified the Confidence Reposed in It.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 12.—America is justified in hoping that in the very near future there will be a cessation of imports of gold into this country, and when that point is reached a long step will have been taken toward the restoration of a world economic equilibrium, Controller of the Currency Crissinger declares in his annual report transmitted today to Congress. This nation holds virtually one-half of the world gold stock, he says, describing the situation as "no less unfortunate for us than it is for other countries to have their stocks so sadly depleted."

The Controller warns that thought must be given to future conditions which may be presented when gold stocks again are liberated and free to travel about the world in equalization of industrial and financial requirements.

"We have need," he says, "to keep our stocks of gold so well in hand, our credit so sound, our fabric so secure, that we will be able to meet these demands without shock or jar to the industrial and business concerns of the country. It is because we must look forward to the time when we shall have to return our present gold holdings to those from whom in recent years it has come to us, that we must give thought to the importance of having our financial establishment in order and prepared for the demands which will come to it.

"From the purely financial point of view, the cessation of gold imports would represent a long step toward the restoration of that economic equilibrium which is absolutely necessary as a prerequisite to the re-establishment of sound monetary systems throughout the world. While it is true that the paper money of some unfortunate countries has experienced disaster, it is also true that these very disasters have been a lesson to statesmen and business men everywhere, and, on the whole, have emphasized in the public mind our dependence upon a sound money system, based upon gold, and enabling international commodity transactions to be conducted in confidence and security.

"Some of the monetary systems which have been watered down to the point of complete saturation have begun to yield to the inevitable pressure, so that the more stable money units of other countries are being called in and utilized. All this is entirely to the good, for it testifies that in the end the gold standard will be recognized as the soundest, safest and most reliable that fiscal and economic wisdom has yet devised.

Must Shoulder Responsibility.

"There will hardly be serious dissent from the proposition that when social and economic balances are finally placed throughout the world in the ultimate redress our own country must shoulder a large responsibility in connection with the re-establishment of sound conditions and relationships. One of the things which then must happen will be the disintegration, in a considerable part, of that enormous stock of gold which has been flowing to our shores since early in the European war. We hold now well-nigh half the monetary gold stock of the world, and such a disproportionate holding is only less unfortunate for us than it is for other countries to have their gold reserves so sadly depleted. We are now well past that era of crude economic thought in which many of us quite sincerely believe that the more gold a country could accumulate the better for it, regardless of every other consideration. We have come to understand that it is equally undesirable for a country to have either a vastly excessive or an utterly inadequate share of the monetary gold. Just in proportion as gold is liquid, free, and safe to move about the world in the process of equilibrating industrial and financial requirements, so we shall have an approximation to that stability of conditions, that general level of prosperity and industrial activity which is so greatly to be desired."

Turning to a discussion of question of domestic import, the Controller declares that the banking institutions of the country have made satisfactory progress through the period of deflation and liquidation that necessarily followed the war-time expansion of credit and inflation. The banking system, he says, has justified the confidence reposed in it, although there are some difficult banking questions confronting the country. The most difficult of these, the Controller reports, have been produced by the depressed conditions which characterized agriculture in the last few years.

The areas where bad farming conditions have developed serious banking problems are few and appear only as a slight blemish to the whole fabric of economic improvement which the Controller finds existing in nearly every section of the nation. There has been a general improvement even in agriculture, according to the Controller, but he notes that betterment in conditions in farming communities has not quite kept pace with improvements in other lines of business and commerce.

"To state the matter broadly," the report goes on, "it may be said that the development of banking conditions within the year and their present status quite generally and accurately reflect the agricultural conditions of the country. That is, the greatest improvement in banking conditions is found in sections where there has been most improvement in the agricultural, or in those where the general business position is least dependent upon the prosperity and progress of agriculture."

The banking situation, taken as a whole, however, is described by the Controller as filled with "cheerful prospect." He predicts continued improvement in all phases of agriculture with a consequent greater return in profit to those who supply the raw food products of the nation.

Conditions Since the War.

Commenting upon conditions as they have developed since the war, Mr. Crissinger says that it is a rather striking commentary on the unwisdom of many of the most trusted economic theories that so many of the anticipations which were almost universally entertained during the war have proved to be erroneous.

He calls attention to the wide belief during the war that the restoration of peace would see a vast accumulated deficit in the world's shipping capacity. This belief, he says, was held partly because of the destruction of cargo craft during hostilities, and partly because it was believed that depleted stores and empty shelves would constitute a vacuum to which goods would be attracted in all parts of the world.

"We know now," he adds, "that these anticipations were strangely in error, and that, following the industrial and merchandising boom which for a short time followed the conclusion of peace, there has been instead an almost utterly unanticipated shrinkage in the demand for shipping tonnage. Very plainly, in this time of political, economic and financial uncertainty, the different countries have been thrown back upon their own domestic resources to supply their various requirements to an extent not formerly believed to be possible. There has, of course, been a great shrinkage in consumption, and therefore in demand; but along with this there has undoubtedly been developed in most countries a determined effort to reduce the requirement for imported articles of whatever kind, in order to bring the trade balance more nearly to a favorable basis."

Discussing the work of the banking system further, the Controller says it must be admitted that there is some disappointment in the fact that the Federal Reserve System has not attracted to it more of the banking institutions of the country. Without derogating its "splendid service," the Controller believes that the work and the functions of the system always must be kept in mind, and that wise liberality as a continuing policy in dealing with the national banks should be perpetuated to insure the fullest benefits from the banking business as an industry. Only such a policy, he says, will assure sufficient strength and substance to enable the Federal Reserve System to do its work of financial mobilization and equilibration.

ARGUED FOR AIR BLOCKADE.

French Jurists at The Hague Sought to Obtain Sanction for It.

LONDON, Feb. 12.—The Hague correspondent of The London Times understands that the French proposed at a conference of the jurists at the Peace Palace, whose deliberations were carefully concealed from the press, that international legal sanction for an aerial blockade should be obtained, even though, owing to physical conditions, such a blockade could not be made effective in the sense required by international law. The correspondent believes that the French proposal was intended to placate the United States.

The Japanese opposed the proposal, which they considered might make aerial communication in wartime exceedingly difficult. Great Britain's attitude is not known.

It is said that France possesses at least 20,000 airplanes, the finest air fleet in the world.

LABOR URGES DISARMAMENT

Conferees at Geneva Plead for Co-operation as a Preliminary.

GENEVA, Feb. 12 (Associated Press).—European labor put itself on record today before the Disarmament Commission of the League of Nations as advocating the adoption of all possible measures to secure that moral disarmament which it deems a necessary preface to material disarmament.

It indirectly favored an early solution of the reparations problem by calling attention to the resolution adopted by the last Assembly that the League should study the problem and hold itself in readiness to offer its services toward the attainment of a settlement.

The commission adjourned until May 4, after a discourse by Prince Radziwill of Poland explaining the causes of the failure of the Moscow conference for the limitation of land armaments.

FINDS BABY IN SUBWAY.

Reporter Turns Week-Old Girl Over to Police.

Harry W. Lohse, who described himself as a reporter, of 200 East Sixty-seventh Street, found a week-old girl baby under a bench in the station yesterday when he got off a northbound Lexington Avenue subway train at Sixty-eighth Street. He took the baby to the East Sixty-seventh Street Police Station and turned it over to Lieutenant Casey, who had the baby removed to Bellevue Hospital.

A porter at the station told the police he saw a woman, evidently a foreigner, with a bundle pacing up and down the station a few minutes before the baby was found.

EDUCATION HEAD SUES.

Bayonne Official Asks Damages From Predecessor for Alleged Slander.

Thomas H. Kernan, who was succeeded by William Sheehan on Feb. 1 as President of the Board of Education of Bayonne, N. J., has been sued by Mr. Sheehan for $50,000 for alleged slander and libel, according to Aaron Meinicker, attorney for Sheehan and also City Attorney. Kernan said that the papers had not been served on him yesterday.

The suit grew out of statements alleged to have been made by Kernan after Sheehan's election, that the latter was not a fit man to be head of the school system.

MISSING PERSONS.

JOB TERENS, 35 years old, 621 Madison Street; 1 A. M. Jan. 11; height 5 feet 5 inches, weight 135 pounds, gray eyes, black hair, light complexion, blue overcoat, black suit, tan lace shoes, brown soft hat.

GEORGE PAYTON, negro, 45 years old, 29 Lexington Avenue; 8 P. M. Feb. 7; height 5 feet 7 inches, weight 148 pounds, brown eyes, black hair, green striped overcoat, black coat, green tweed trousers, gray shoes, khaki socks, khaki shirt, B. R. T. porter's cap.

Missing Persons Located.

THOMAS O'CONNOR, 75 years old, 1,050 Trinity Avenue, Bronx; disappeared Feb. 10, located in hallway at 513 Ninth Avenue at 7:30 A. M. Feb. 12; removed to Bellevue Hospital suffering from exposure.

Debts Void, but He Pays Them.

In 1908 the waist manufacturing firm of Spitzer & Rosenblatt was forced into bankruptcy. The liabilities were about $6,000 and the assets not enough to cover the claims. Louis C. Rosenblatt, who was a member of that firm and who is now in business as a dress manufacturer at 131 West Thirty-fifth Street, announced yesterday that he had just settled the last claim against the old firm. He did this, although he had been discharged from bankruptcy and the debts outlawed. He has received letters from most of the former creditors praising

NUN IS KIDNAPPED, ESCAPES CAPTORS

Continued from Page 1, Column 2.

Father Kane believed to be saturated with the drug, was discovered in a corner of the room.

Sister Cecilia could give Father Kane no idea of who her kidnappers were.

She said she had watched them in front of the building for more than an hour before she was kidnapped, but was unable to give a proper description of them.

Father Kane said he could not account for the attempt to kidnap Sister Cecilia. "We are going to investigate this affair," he said, "and will not be satisfied until we have apprehended all persons involved."

Found Dazed in Baltimore.

Special to The New York Times.

BALTIMORE, Feb. 12.—Sister Cecilia was found wandering about Camden Station tonight in a dazed condition and sent back to Frederick in a taxicab by the police.

Sister Cecilia told the police that after she had been brought here she recovered consciousness in a room in a house the location of which she could not accurately describe. She heard voices in an adjoining room, but these she did not seem to have recognized. She escaped from the house and made her way to Camden Station in order to take a train for Frederick. No trains depart for Frederick at night, so the police summoned a taxicab to take the nun back to the convent.

Became a Nun Last August.

PITTSBURGH, Pa., Feb. 12.—Sister Cecilia, formerly Marie Whalen of Verona, a suburb of Pittsburgh, took up studies in the parochial school at Verona, and last August became a sister of Notre Dame. She left Verona for Frederick last September.

Both her parents are dead. Her grandmother and a number of other relatives live in Verona.

Father Duwell, pastor of the Catholic Church at Verona, said tonight that Sister Cecilia was a member of his parish for years. "She was a model young lady," the priest said, "and was well thought of by all with whom she came in contact."

"I know of no reason why Sister Cecilia would leave Notre Dame," he said, adding that she was thoroughly satisfied there.

Modern Clothes
Versus
Hides and Skins

WHEN people finally decided that cloth was a more desirable dress material than hides and skins, the question of supply became acute. Five or six spinners, working at the "high wheel" or the "low wheel," were needed to supply warp and woof for one clumsy hand loom. James Hargreaves' "spinning-jenny" (named in honor of his wife) relieved the pressure somewhat, because it could spin eight threads at once. Compton's "mule" of 1779 got its name because it was a hybrid combination of the spinning-jenny and Richard Arkwright's spinning machine.

The power loom devised by the Rev. Edmund Cartwright at the end of the eighteenth century, and Eli Whitney's cotton gin of the same decade, brought cotton goods "within the reach of all." A quantity of cotton yarn which in 1786 sold for 38 shillings, ten years later was worth only 19 shillings; was down to 7 shillings 2 pence, in another ten years, and in 1831 brought only 3 shillings.

WITHOUT the financial resources which have been mobilized by modern banking, the world would not possess its 150,000,000 whirling cotton spindles, and the world would not be using 7,800,000,000 pounds of cotton piece goods in a single year.

This bank has for eighty-five years employed and is employing its resources and facilities to assist the forward movement of many branches of commerce. It welcomes the opportunity to discuss possible banking relations with corporations, firms and individuals.

A 'phone call or a letter from you will bring our representative to see you at any time.

In 1838 this Bank occupied one floor in a very inconspicuous building. Today, in its own building, the business of the Bank necessitates the use of eight entire floors—about 50,000 square feet of space.

The American Exchange National Bank
Total Resources over $175,000,000
128 Broadway New York
Our Monthly Letter sent free on request
(Copyright, 1923) A. E. N. B.

BE KIND TO YOUR EYES

Bed Lamp

RELAX, try reading in bed. Get a good book—and an EMERALITE with a restful green shade just the right shape to shield your eyes from glare and reflect a soft, even light where you want it. Simply pull the chain and the dimming socket gives you more or less light or a mere glow that is ideal for sick room or as a night light. The felted clamp attaches securely to any wood or metal bed. Shade adjusts to any angle. A practical, well-made, substantial fixture.

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For Brass Beds
$7.50 complete

Genuine Emeralites are branded. Look for the name. It is your guarantee of satisfaction. Also sold by electrical dealers and department stores.

Booklet showing many Emeralites for home use sent free upon request.

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Makers of Lighting Devices since 1874

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For Wood Beds
$7.50 complete

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BAYER
Genuine
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SAY "BAYER" when you buy Aspirin.

Unless you see name "Bayer" on tablets, you are not getting the genuine Bayer product prescribed by physicians over 22 years and proved safe by millions.

Accept only "Bayer" package which contains proper directions.

Handy "Bayer" boxes of 12 tablets—Also bottles of 24 and 100—Druggists.

Aspirin is the trade mark of Bayer Manufacture of Monoaceticacidester of Salicylicacid.

Built to stand the hardest tests of wear. All sizes for men and children.

Only when made to fit—
can rubbers be made to wear

So light and elastic you hardly know it's on—a "U.S." Foothold for women.

"Of course, I want them to wear well," a woman buying rubbers said recently. "But I'm *most* interested in the way they fit. I can't stand this bulging and wrinkling!"

How many people feel that way about rubbers! Yet—

Wear and fit with rubbers are inseparable! Perfect fit means *more* than good appearance—it means insurance against those early breaks that *can* make your rubbers worse than useless!

That is why careful study of all styles of shoes on the market is made by our designers every year. That is why "U. S." Rubbers and Arctics are built on such a wide variety of lasts. U. S. Rubbers are designed to insure smooth, perfect fit everywhere—across the toe, at the ankle, at instep and heel.

In addition, their length of wear is actually *measured* and *tested* before they leave the factory.

Backed by 75 years of experience

The construction of U. S. Rubbers is the result of 75 years of experience—from the making of the first successful rubbers ever turned out down to the manufacture of the master brand that bears the "U. S." trademark today.

Whether you want rubbers so light and elastic they seem almost a part of your shoe—snug, warm arctics of any size or kind—men's rubbers as masculine as a Scotch Brogue—sturdy little rubbers for children who kick and scuff—you'll find just the type and style you want in the big "U. S." line.

They are not "U. S." brand unless they have the "U. S." trademark. It will pay you to look for it. They cost no more and wear longer.

Discovered before the eye can detect them

Where it bends, poor rubber is apt to break. In the above machine strips cut from "U. S." Rubbers are bent *double* thousands of times and examined through a magnifying glass for the first signs of cracking or checking.

This is only one of many laboratory tests by which the high standard of quality of "U. S." Rubbers is maintained today.

United States Rubber Company

TRADE MARK

Ask for
"U.S." Rubbers

For those who revel in the soft light of candles, Ovington's will prove a fountain-head of good suggestions. And for those who yield their preference to the soft light of a beautiful lamp, Ovington's too, have amply prepared.

MASSIVE CANDELABRA

THE TALL and richly wrought candelabrum to the left has nine great candles to illumine its beauty. Only in certain places in certain homes could it be used to good advantage. But regard it, please, as a representative of many others, some of them tiny, some of them small enough for a mantel, others the right size for a table, and others the size for your living room or entrance hall. Two things they all have in common, however; one of them is a high plane of beauty, and the other is a low plane of price.

Candlesticks, too, of many new kinds.

OVINGTON'S
"The Gift Shop of Fifth Avenue"
FIFTH AVENUE AT 39TH STREET

ROBBERY INSURANCE CALLED CRIME AID

Responsible for Large Number of Burglaries, Enright Tells Furriers' Security Alliance.

WANTS INDUSTRY TO HELP

Commissioner Urges Silk and Fur Trade to Co-operate With Police—Patrol Force Only 1,700, He Says.

Burglary insurance was blamed for the large number of robberies in New York City and elsewhere by Police Commissioner Enright yesterday at a luncheon of the Furriers' Security Alliance of the United States at the Hotel Martinique. The luncheon marked the beginning of a drive to strengthen the alliance organized a year ago as a protection against criminals. The Commissioner proposed a working agreement between the fur and silk industries as a basis for their co-operation with the police in a war on crooks.

"I believe that burglary insurance is responsible for the very large number of burglaries that take place," said Commissioner Enright. "There are two classes of burglaries, including those burglaries that never take place and are merely faked by the insured to collect their insurance, and these burglaries that take place because of the indifference of the insured who fail to take proper precautions to safeguard their property once it is covered by insurance.

"I say that burglary insurance companies, for the amount of insurance they exact, should be required to protect the property insured. You will say, 'But that will mean they will raise the rates.' That is not true. Losses would be reduced by proper protection to such an extent that the rates would be reduced."

Commissioner Enright said it was astonishing to see how carelessly hundreds of thousands of dollars worth of goods were left exposed to robbery by the occupants of loft buildings. He said the records showed that many crooks worked as elevator men and as employes in loft buildings where fortunes in furs, silks and jewelry were stored without the least security from burglary.

"You leave on your tables in loft buildings great quantities of furs, but you wouldn't think of leaving their equivalent in money so exposed in a big room, or if you did you wouldn't trust a member of your own family near it.

"Why should you submit to having crooks in your buildings? They and their friends rob you while you are away over Sundays and holidays. You demand of the landlords of your buildings that they take the finger prints of their employes and the Police Department will tell you if you have any crooks planning with their confederates on the outside to rob you. Sooner or later the owners of buildings have got to submit to the finger-printing of their employes.

Urges Better Protection.

"Why, the valuables that might be taken away by bank employes are not nearly so great as the valuables of which your own employes can rob you, yet the greatest precautions are thrown around the banks to safeguard them against dishonest employes."

He cited as an example of results obtained, when the police received the co-operation of such organizations as the Furriers' Security Alliance of the United States, the recent arrest of a bookkeeper alleged to have taken part in the $250,000 robbery of Shaftstein & Cohn, furriers.

"That was a case that not only related to theft in this city, but throughout the country," he added, "and the Police Department received a great deal of help from the Furriers' Security Alliance in clearing up that case.

"The sooner we get the public to stand behind their great police organization for the enforcement of law and order, the sooner will we eliminate lawlessness and disorder.

"Bad police don't know that there is $1,000,000 worth of goods in a particular loft building. We are not brought in until after the patient is dead. We do not even have an opportunity to treat the patient. Over holidays and Sundays why shouldn't any concern having $250,000 worth of goods stored in a loft building have better protection. There is no line of business left so wide open to the crooks as the fur business.

"The crooks have unlimited resources and powerful friends. But finally, if we do manage to land a crook in jail, we still must contend with our friends of the Prison Reform Association. Largely moved by sentiment, they manage to get him out and bring him down from Sing Sing to appear before the Parole Board. Along with the prisoner they bring his friends, who testify that he formerly had a splendid character and that there were extenuating circumstances which made him commit a criminal act. Members of his family also are brought along to heighten the effect of his appeal for clemency.

"They never invite the victim. The man who has been robbed of $50,000 is not asked to go before the Parole Board and tell his story. No, the prisoner is a young man who has made a mistake and must have a chance to make good. They don't bring down the widow of the man who was killed in one of the prisoner's forays.

Wants Prisoner to Pay Price.

"I believe that the only way of reforming a criminal is to let him pay his price in full. I believe we should say to the burglar who has been convicted, 'You must make restitution of the amount of your theft, also the amount of court costs.' He should pay in full. He should be sent to prison with the understanding that he could pay off his obligation at the rate of $3 a day representing his earning capacity in prison.

"The man who enters a house at night and kills the father in that family should be made to support the children of his victim until they become of age. Let those that prey be the ones that pay. Then, at the end of their terms, they can step out of prison, and a prisoner who has robbed a man can look his victim squarely in the eye, even shake hands with him, and say, 'I have liquidated my obligation.'"

He explained that the problems of the police were greatly accentuated by the World War, in which many potential criminals acquired an expert knowledge of firearms, a disregard of human life and became "resolute men." The increase in crime also was attributed by him to the increase in drug addiction, largely among individuals between 20 and 21 years.

The Commissioner analyzed the distribution of the 12,000 men of the force and showed that there are only 1,700 patrolmen available for duty for the 3,000 miles of streets in New York City.

"What we need is the support of the business men of this city," he concluded. "I am delighted to see that the fur industry, representing $150,000,000 in New York City alone, has come to a realization of its responsibility in the protection of their business."

Abelman Quits Charities Post.

The Brooklyn Federation of Jewish Charities announced yesterday the resignation of Max Abelman, for more than thirteen years the Federation's Executive Director. A dinner will be given in his honor next Tuesday evening at the Unity Club in Brooklyn. Mr. Abelman has been compelled to relinquish his duties with the Federation on account of poor health.

PEACE MOVE FAILS IN DRESS STRIKE

Contractors Reject Jobbers' Proposal to Negotiate Terms With the Union.

HOLD OUT FOR PIECE WORK

Threat to Force Individual Contracts With Workers Is Resented by the Manufacturers.

A preliminary move by the dress jobbers looking toward the settlement of the dressmakers' strike, was rejected yesterday by the union and the contractors. The jobbers will meet today and formulate another policy. The indications yesterday were that they would attempt to force the contractors who make up their garments, to sign agreements with the union. The manufacturers said yesterday they were determined not to accede to the union demand for the introduction of week work in place of piece work.

Jacob Siegel of the Siegel-Levy Company, President of the Wholesale Dress Manufacturers Association, the jobbers' body, asked Herman L. Flam, President of the Association of Dress Manufacturers, Inc., the contractors' organization, to give the jobbers' committee power to negotiate for terms with the union. Mr. Siegel promised that he would get the best terms possible.

The proposal was discussed at a meeting of the Executive Board of the manufacturers and was unanimously rejected as the contractors declared they were unable to grant a power of attorney to anyone to represent them. It is understood that the jobbers threatened to try to force the individual contractors to sign up with the union on the basis of week work. This virtual ultimatum caused bitterness among the contractors.

Louis Rubin, manager of the contractors' association, said: "Whatever the jobbers do is not being done with a view toward settling the strike but with the idea of getting their merchandise out for the Spring season. They are not concerned with what happens in our shops after that. We have to live with our workers all year round and we will negotiate for our own contract if we want to do so. The contractors' ranks are as solid as ever. Not one member has fallen out and we have taken in some new members. Canvass of the shops shows a large number of contractors at work."

Mr. Siegel was asked if the jobbers would agree to week work. Speaking as an individual jobber he declared that he was against week work "without limitations."

It was indicated by the jobbers that they might agree to week work if guarantees of production was given and if the system were suspended for ninety days until present contracts are filled, a commission in the meantime to investigate the details of the week work system.

Salvatore Ninfo and Julius Hochman, for the dress strikers, announced that sixteen independent jobbers had signed agreements with the union and that others would follow. The union will begin to act on the applications of 600 contractors today, it was said. If its investigators make satisfactory reports many o fthe contractors will begin work in a day of two.

Three men and two women were arrested yesterday as a result of skirmishes between strikers and strikebreakers. The prisoners were held in $300 bail each for arraignment Thursday in Jefferson Market Court.

MONEY SAVED TO BRING FAMILY HERE IS LOST

Laborer Was on Way to Steamship Office When He Discovered Loss of $560.

After working seven days a week for ten months and making many sacrifices in order to save enough money to bring his wife and baby from England, Frank Fallan, a garage worker, lost all his savings last Friday. He appealed to THE TIMES yesterday. Fallan lives at 134 East Forty-third Street and is employed by the Commonwealth Garage, 132 West Forty-second Street.

"Last April I came back to this country, after serving with the British Army throughout the war, and got a job at the garage," Fallan said. "I worked every night, seven nights a week, to make enough money to bring my wife and baby here. Together with the presents I got on Christmas, I had $560 saved. That was enough for the tickets, with a little left over for a present for my daughter, who will be 2 years old on Feb. 23. I put it all in an envelope, placed the envelope in my pocket and took the subway to the steamship office.

"When I got there I noticed the envelope and money were gone. I am sure by pocket wasn't picked, as I had my mand in it all the time. It must have fallen out, when, between Bowling Green station and the steamship office, I pulled out my handkerchief from the pocket."

Fallan displayed a "military medal" which King George personally had handed him for "bravery in the field."

Part of his savings consisted of two one-hundred-dollar bills and six fifty-dollar bills.

CALLS ROADS CONFERENCE.

Governor Pinchot Invites All States to Discuss Highway Policies.

HARRISBURG, Pa., Feb. 12.—Governor Pinchot announced today that he had issued inivtations to the Governors of all States to send representatives to a conference here March 23 and 24 for the interchange of ideas on roadbuilding policies and practices.

"I am more and more impressed by the fact that the highway problem is an interstate problem," said the Governor. "No State builds roads for its own citizens only. The interstate trade of high powered motor cars and trucks puts a heavy tax burden on all States. Courtesies between States in the present mutual recognition of motor licenses seem to open the way for an exchange of such helpful information as may lighten the taxpayers' burden in building and maintaining State highway systems and as may promote the safety and convenience of road travel.

"The purpose of the conference will be to consider the policy and practice of State highway construction, methods of State highway maintenance and the whole problem of traffic regulation, with specific reference to co-operation between the States in such regulation. I am convinced that a very important reduction in the enormous and unnecessary injury and loss of life and limb now caused by reckless and unregulated driving can be brought about by such a conference."

Hagenbeck Sending Animals Here.

HAMBURG, Feb. 12.—A large shipment of Hagenbeck animals left this port yesterday for the United States. The collection included zebras, hyenas, kangaroos, birds of prey and monkeys of various sorts.

ADVERTISEMENT.

To-Day

Marks our Tenth Anniversary which we Celebrate with our Friends

From a modest beginning LEHIGH has developed into one of the important units in the Silk Hosiery Industry. This growth has been made possible by the loyalty of those who have traveled the road of progress with us.

Lehigh Silk Hosiery Mills

extend their

Greetings and Thanks

To the Merchants who have perceived and commended to their customers the character, quality and service of Lehigh Silk Stockings.

To the Many Women who have been quick to recognize our efforts to present the best in silk hosiery.

To Our Employees who by their diligence and zeal have so conscientiously upheld our unwavering standards of good merchandise.

To each and all of them—our thanks and pledge of continued comradeship in service.

LEHIGH SILK HOSIERY MILLS
INCORPORATED
Salesrooms: 294 Fifth Avenue, New York

MILLS: Philadelphia, W. Hoboken, N.J., Norristown, Pa.

"The Silk Stockings That Wear"

ADVERTISEMENT.

The Greatest Fisherman in the World

To guarantee the supply of fish and sea foods in the volume required by the American people, to harvest and market the product quickly and economically over an area continental in extent, was created and developed the great modern service of the Booth Fisheries Company.

This Company today is the world's greatest fisherman.

Its equipment for service involves an investment of more than twenty million dollars.

It does a yearly business exceeding $30,000,000.

It engages the combined activities and resources of what originally were more than 60 corporations and now is one big Company with its 21 subsidiaries.

It employs directly 3,000 men and women, and indirectly employs 25,000 more.

It sends more than a thousand ships out upon the waters of the world, under the Diamond house flag of Booth, to catch and bring into port the hundreds of millions of pounds of fish and sea foods required annually for America and Canada.

It maintains buyers at every pier to which fine quality fishes and sea foods are brought in any quantity by fishermen, and adds their catch to the store brought in by the boats of Booth.

It operates canneries and packing plants in Maine and Canada, in Florida, the Columbia and Fraser River districts, and Alaska.

It ships direct from the wharves and the canneries to mammoth cold storage plants in Chicago, St. Paul, Minneapolis, St. Louis, Seattle, Buffalo and Winnipeg.

All this great organization, with its vast equipment and its range of operation up and down the continent and out into the seas on both sides of America, is devoted to deserving Booth's eminent position as the greatest fisherman in the world.

Booth Fisheries Company

The Booth Diamond is the house flag of the world's greatest fisherman. On fish and sea food it is the mark of Booth service and quality

Do You Know What Sheffield Farms Means in This Community?

PERHAPS you do not. Probably you have never given the matter a thought. To you, milk is milk. It all looks alike. It comes every day. You see so many Sheffield wagons that they drift by without leaving even a vague impression.

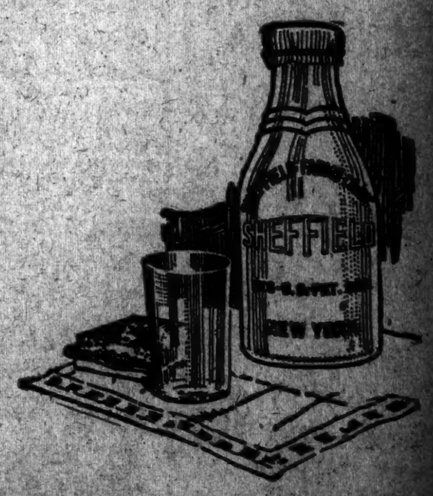
Yet these wagons, or their predecessors in service, brought to you the first really safe milk sold in New York City.

It was Sheffield Farms that first solved the problems of Milk Pasteurization. It was Sheffield Farms that sent out to the consumers of this city the first supply of milk that mothers could offer to their children with the absolute assurance that it was pure, fresh and free from the hidden dangers that lurk unsuspected in raw milk. It was Sheffield Farms that devised the equipment and built the splendid plants that now pasteurize and distribute 500,000 quarts of safe milk every day in the year.

If you are interested to know what Sheffield Farms means in this community, look up the Health Department records and see the wonderful change for the better in the infant mortality rate since Sheffield introduced Pasteurized Milk. Note the decrease in the number of cases of typhoid and other infectious diseases. Not all the credit is due to Sheffield. Many influences have aided in bringing about these conditions. But of this be sure—no other single factor has contributed so much toward the conservation of child life in New York as Pasteurized milk has done, and Sheffield led the way and is still leading the way in Scientific Milk Pasteurization.

Wherever you find milk with the Sheffield Label you may know that it is GOOD milk whether it be "Grade A" or "Grade B" in bottles or served in your own container at any of the 220 Sheffield stores or one of the 800 A. & P. stores that sell Sheffield milk in Greater New York. Deliveries of Sheffield bottled milk are made by 1350 Sheffield wagons

Sheffield Farms
New York



Tell the Sheffield Driver to leave you a bottle of Dr. Spieker's Bulgarian Yoghurt. A really wonderful medium for correcting intestinal disorders.

ADVERTISEMENT.

Dioxogen

kills germs with Oxygen

DIOXOGEN should be in every family medicine chest, although it is neither a drug nor a medicine.

Dioxogen is simply a solution of pure Oxygen and pure water, absolutely safe to have around, yet absolutely destructive to the germs that cause infection.

Its chief uses are as a mouthwash and gargle, for cuts, scratches and burns.

At All Druggists

ADVERTISEMENT.

Coming Sunday

DOWN TO THE SEA IN SHIPS'

A Hodkinson Picture

ADVERTISEMENT.

A RAW, SORE THROAT

Eases Quickly When You Apply a Little Musterole

And Musterole won't blister like the old-fashioned mustard plaster. Just spread it on with your fingers. It penetrates to the sore spot with a gentle tingle, loosens the congestion and draws out the soreness and pain.

Musterole is a clean, white ointment made with oil of mustard. It is fine for quick relief from sore throat, bronchitis tonsilitis, croup, stiff neck, asthma, neuralgia, headache, congestion, pleurisy, rheumatism, lumbago, pains and aches of the back or joints, sprains, sore muscles, bruises, chilblains, frosted feet, colds on the chest. Keep it handy for instant use. 35c and 65c, jars and tubes; hospital size, $3.00.

Better than a mustard plaster

MUSTEROLE

WILL NOT BLISTER

Reg. U. S. Pat. Off.

Shampoo With Cuticura And Have Healthy Hair

Regular shampoos with Cuticura Soap will keep the scalp clean and healthy. Before shampooing touch spots of dandruff and irritation, if any, with Cuticura Ointment. A clean, healthy scalp means good hair.

Sample Each Free by Mail. Address: "Cuticura Laboratories, Dept. 6M, Malden 48, Mass." Sold everywhere. Soap 25c. Ointment 25 and 50c. Talcum 25c. Cuticura Soap shaves without mug.

Real Kid Gauntlet 6-inch

CROSS

$3.85

White-black, Black-white, mode, brown, tan and gray.

The World's Greatest Leather Stores
404 Fifth Ave., New York, 353 Broadway
Boston—145 Tremont Street
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SAVE 30%

Tungsten
10-40 Watt 25¢
60 Watt 28¢
Nitrogen
75 Watt 42¢
100 Watt 53¢

FULLY GUARANTEED DEALERS SUPPLIED

TUNGSTEN

PEERLESS LIGHT CO.
537 Broadway Spring 2956
MAIL ORDERS FILLED

DUTCH HOLDING REIN ON EX-CROWN PRINCE

Official Says He Cannot Leave Netherlands Without Asking Permission.

CLOSER WATCH IS LIKELY

Secretary Kann Thinks It Would Be Unwise for Him to Try to Go to Germany.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

THE HAGUE, Feb. 12.—The Dutch Government refuses to admit that its official attitude has changed in any way with regard to the former German Crown Prince and his sojourn in Holland, when questioned by THE NEW YORK TIMES correspondent today on the Prince's intrigues and suspicious movements in the last few days. Secretary-General Kann of the Ministry of the Interior, who is directly responsible for him, said:

"I cannot state what the attitude of the Dutch Government is with regard to this question. It is certain that the Crown Prince cannot leave the Netherlands without first asking permission of the Government, but he has not asked.

"As for what the Government would do under such circumstances, it is impossible for me to say until such time comes. I personally, however, should not advise him to risk going to Germany at present in his own interest. I do not think it is the moment for him to return."

When asked whether the Government assumed any responsibility for the possible actions or intrigues of the Prince, Secretary Kann replied:

"None whatsoever. I speak for the Government so far as it is concerned and the Crown Prince is not permitted to go anywhere outside the Island of Wieringen without first obtaining my permission. He should always be accompanied."

Regarding the Prince's visit to the frontier, Kann did not admit or deny the story, but stated that he had authorized the Prince to go to Doorn and to visit a few friends in the vicinity while there.

There is reason to believe that a closer watch will be kept on both Hohenzollerns from now on in view of the representations made by certain allied powers.

ROW OVER COLLEGE PAPER.

Sinclair's Son Involved in Wisconsin Snarl With Faculty.

MADISON, Wis., Feb. 12.—Two University of Wisconsin students, David Sinclair, son of Upton Sinclair, novelist, and J. H. Brooks, are ordered to appear before S. H. Goodnight, dean of men, to answer for the unauthorized publication of The Scorpion, a new student journal of opinion.

The first issue of this paper appeared on the campus on Friday, containing one chapter of the forthcoming book of Upton Sinclair, touching on the subject of liberalism at the University of Wisconsin. It was an attack on the institution. Dean Goodnight called the editors to answer for the paper, which was printed without university sanction.

They assert that an issue of free speech is involved and have declared their intention to go through with the publication, even if expelled from the university because of their connection with it.

Legislators today evinced their interest in The Scorpion and indicated that if the editors of the paper were expelled from school they would take a hand in the situation.

Speaking of the new paper, the Daily Cardinal, an authorized student newspaper, says:

"An independent publication endeavor comes to Wisconsin's campus in the form of The Scorpion, a student-edited paper styling itself as a 'political fortnightly.'

"The Cardinal welcomes the appearance of The Scorpion. As a public and unrestricted means of expressing a phase of University and national thought, it is an interesting project and may prove an exceedingly noteworthy one. The initiative of its editors is commendable.

"If the paper's title be interpreted correctly, stings are due. And stings expertly handled and well directed oftimes can do much to seek out the root of difficulty, bring error to light and correct it."

Certain legislators, especially among the Socialist group, subscribe to this statement, and say that they will watch the university.

MOUNTAINEERS PRAISED.

Kentucky Has No "Monopoly on Ignorance," Says Education Chief.

The Kentucky mountaineers, among whom Lincoln was born, have no "monopoly on ignorance" today, according to United States Commissioner of Education John James Tigert, at a Lincoln memorial meeting held last night at Town Hall in West Forty-third Street under the auspices of the Woman's Advisory Board of Lincoln Memorial University. He referred to Massachusetts as a State of "shoes and boots" and the Kentucky-Tennessee mountaineers as a people of "shoots and booze." He said that Lincoln's mother came from the "blue blood" of Virginia, but he argued that in America there was now only "red blood."

The following message from President Harding was read by Dr. John H. Finley, Chairman of the meeting:

"To the Executive, Lincoln Memorial University.

"It is hardly necessary for me to express to you my deep appreciation of the work being done at Lincoln Memorial University, that school founded at his own request for his own people in his own country.

"I wish you every good wish for the success of your effort; indeed, I hope this may be the means of bringing higher education within the reach of every boy and girl, every young man and woman of the mountains, that these schools of the people, for the people, shall increase and grow as their great instigator would have wished, for they

OPPOSE GRADE CROSSINGS.

Richmond Hill Citizens Ask Governor to Support Bill.

A resolution adopted by representatives of thirty-five organizations from Richmond Hill, Woodhaven, Union Course and Ozone Park at a mass meeting last night in the Roosevelt Republican Club, Richmond Hill, urged that Governor Alfred E. Smith lend his support to a bill which would abolish grade crossings on the Long Island Railroad between Jamaica and East New York. Such a bill will be presented to the Legislature by Senator Frank Giorgio.

The meeting was called by the Allied Citizens' Protective League of Richmond Hill, which three months ago successfully fought against the establishment of a garbage incinerator in Richmond Hill. Ralph Halpern presided.

Copies of the resolution are to be sent to the Mayor, the members of the Board of Estimate and every Assemblyman and State Senator.

New Haven Actress Takes Poison.

Special to The New York Times.

NEW HAVEN, Feb. 12.—Miss Georgianna Hewitt, ingenue of the Poli stock company at the Hyperion Theatre, lies critically ill in the New Haven General Hospital. She swallowed seven tablets of bichloride of mercury last night, after a nervous breakdown. Her friends say that she took the tablets by mistake.

SEES HER BOY BEATEN, GOES INTO HYSTERICS

Mother Is Taken to Bellevue as the Result of Jealous Pupil's Attack.

Seeing her nine-year-old son, Max, being beaten by a group of jealous schoolmates last night, the police say, made Mrs. Tillie Werner, 38 years old, of 36 Clinton Street, so hysterical that she had to be taken to Bellevue Hospital and placed in the psychopathic ward for observation.

The boy attends Public School 174, at Attorney and Rivington Streets, where he is in the 6A grade and is making an unusually good record. His success, the police learned, caused jealousy among some of his mates, who set upon him last night as he was entering the home of his aunt, Mrs. Sarah Smith, of 80½ Attorney Street. His mother was visiting Mrs. Smith and from the third floor window saw the group of boys attack her son and knock him to the pavement with a club. She became so hysterical that four policemen were summoned by Mrs. Smith from the Clinton Street Station. They accompanied Mrs. Werner to Bellevue Hospital after she was attended by Dr. Rubenstein of Gouverneur Hospital. The boy was only slightly injured.

FEWER LABOR DISPUTES.

Britain's Were 198 Less in 1922 Than in 1921.

Great Britain had fewer industrial troubles in 1922 than in any year since 1916. The total number was 565 affecting 551,000 workers, 198 less than in 1921 and involving 1,200,000 fewer workers.

Official figures of the British Labor Ministry just received by the Bankers Trust Company compare last year's industrial disputes with those of other years as follows:

	No. of Disputes.	No. of Workers Affected.
1922	565	551,000
1921	763	1,801,000
1920	1,603	1,931,000
1916	532	276,000
1912	1,459	663,000

Disputes in three industries—coal mining, engineering and shipbuilding—accounted for 65 per cent. of the number of workmen who lost time because of differences between British employers and workers in 1922. Workmen in those industries to the number of 474,000 lost 18,471,000 working days out of 19,918,000 days which were lost in all trade disputes in Great Britain during 1922. In 1921 85,872,000 working days were thus lost, principally in the coal strike.

Aside from working conditions which figured in the engineering dispute, the British industrial troubles in 1922 were due mainly to proposed wage reductions.

Downward readjustments of wages were, however, made effective during 1922 which reduced the weekly pay of 7,600,000 workers by £4,200,000 at the end of December compared to the amount paid weekly at the beginning of 1922.

CURBS PRIVATE BANKS.

Jersey Bill Subjects Them to State Supervision.

Special to The New York Times.

TRENTON, N. J., Feb. 12.—At the request of the New Jersey State Bankers Association, Speaker William W. Evans tonight introduced in the Assembly two bills to strengthen the provisions of the act in relation to individual or private bankers and subjecting them to the supervision and control of the State Department of Banking and Insurance.

One of the bills would require a paid-in permanent capital of $50,000 before any individual or association could engage in banking and would make violation a misdemeanor with a penalty of a fine of $5,000, imprisonment for seven years or both. It would also require such individual or individuals to be citizens of the United States and would make their business subject to the same control as incorporated banks. Such private banking institutions must also have unencumbered assets of at least $50,000 and could not operate without a permit issued by the State Commissioner of Banking. The other bill has to do with the purchase and conveyance of realty by individuals or associations engaged in private banking.

MOTHER DIES, SON FOLLOWS

Man's Devotion Fails to Save Woman—Both Influenza Victims.

A story of a son's devotion to his mother even unto death, was disclosed in Bayonne, N. J., yesterday, with the death of Mrs. Sarah Malitt, 65 years old, and her son, Jacob Malitt, 25, which occurred a few hours apart.

A week ago last Sunday both were stricken with influenza. Physicians were called and both seemed to progress. On Sunday, however, the mother became decidedly worse, while the son showed improvement. When the physician called, the son insisted that he devote all his time to treatment of his mother. Mrs. Malitt, however, died early yesterday. The son, growing worse, heard the news, and the shock brought a turn for the worse and he died. Following the Jewish custom both were buried, yesterday, in Silver Lake Cemetery, Staten Island.

Mrs. Mary Safrank, 30 years old, of 1,850 Simpson Street, the Bronx, died last night in Fordham Hospital from influenza. She, her two-days'-old infant son, and a daughter, Caroline, 2, were taken to the hospital by Policeman George Stevens. The children probably will recover, the physician said.

FIRE PANIC IN HOSPITAL.

Patients Frightened When Blaze Starts in X-Ray Room.

Forty-two patients in St. Gerard's Italian Hospital in Newark were thrown into a panic yesterday morning by a fire in the X-ray room in the basement of the institution's annex. The blaze, which was confined to the basement, was caused by a short circuit.

Four women patients were carried out of the building by firemen, but when it was found that the fireproof construction of the building was checking the flames, the removal of patients was stopped. Physicians and nurses using hand fire extinguishers fought the blaze until the firemen arrived. The damage was estimated at $2,500.

TO SELECT BASTROP JURY.

Morehouse Committee Prepares for Hooded Murder Inquiry.

MONROE, La., Feb. 12.—The Morehouse Parish Jury Commission, consisting of six members, will meet at Bastrop tomorrow to select a Grand Jury to investigate hooded band activities in the parish during the last six months which culminated on Aug. 22 in the kidnapping and death of Watt Daniel and Thomas F. Richards, Mer Rouge citizens.

Transcribing of the testimony obtained at the open hearing is reported to be nearing completion and will be ready for personal presentation by Attorney General A. V. Coco when the new Grand Jury convenes on March 1.

Woman Killed in Fall.

Climbing from a front window on the second floor of the Marion Court apartments at 672 St. Nicholas Avenue to the fire escape, Mrs. Mary Kuten, 55, of New Haven, Conn., who had been recuperating from a nervous breakdown, either fell or jumped to the sidewalk yesterday morning and was killed. Her body was found by a bakery boy making deliveries. For the last seven weeks she had been staying with her son-in-law and daughter, Mr. and Mrs. S. W. Schroeder.

Send 10c with coupon below for a trial tube of Stacomb. See what it does.

Neatly Combed Hair

Now any man can have it

Unruly, fractious hair, or soft fluffy hair that won't stay down with ordinary combing and brushing will answer to a new product called Stacomb—a boon to men who are well dressed in all respects except the hair.

Now they comb their hair in any style, smoothly and neatly, and it stays.

And a million well dressed men look *better* dressed because of well combed hair.

Rub on palms of hands and apply to the hair—it's easy to use.

So no matter what your hair is like, see how Stacomb will control it—see how quickly you too will become a constant user.

Natural Oils

Stacomb supplies natural, beneficial oils which the scalp absorbs. Dry and brittle hair is unknown to Stacomb users.

Greaseless, stainless, not a liquid. So Stacomb shows only in a neatly combed effect.

A well dressed appearance is a business asset, and one can't have it without well combed hair. But that is available to all men now—with any kind of hair.

Men, women, children—all find that Stacomb makes their hair stay combed—even after the hair has just been washed, because it replaces the natural oils washed out.

Ask your barber for a Stacomb Rub.

At all druggists. (*Not a liquid.*)

Stacomb

Makes the Hair Stay Combed

Standard Laboratories, Inc.,
Dept. 108, 750 Stanford Avenue
Los Angeles, California

For Sale by all Drug Stores, Dept. Stores and Barber Supply Dealers.

Standard Laboratories, Inc.
750 Stanford Avenue
Dept. 108
Los Angeles, California

Please send me trial tube of Stacomb for which I enclose ten cents.

Name_____
Street_____
City_____ State_____

Stick to Shorthand—

If business can wait.
If your time is worth less than ever.
If your overhead is too low.
If your letters are "good enough."
If orders are coming in too fast.

But Dictate to the Ediphone—

If business needs doing.
If your time is worth more than ever.
If your overhead is too high.
If your letters are not good enough.
If orders are coming in too slow.

Take 10 minutes of your time and find out what this is all about.

Telephone Canal 5670

EDWIN C. BARNES & BROS.
412 Broadway New York

THE NEW EDISON
Ediphone

Newark Office, 207 Market St. Telephone Market 8053.

ADVERTISEMENT.

UPSET STOMACH

Indigestion Gases Flatulence
Sourness Acidity Palpitation

A few tablets of harmless, pleasant "Pape's Diapepsin" correct acidity, thus regulating digestion and making distressed stomachs feel fine. Good Stomach corrective.

Large 60c Case—Druggistores

BETTER HEATING AT LESS COST

Because you've been in the habit of burning egg, stove or nut coal to heat with, don't think that no other size will do.

Buckwheat Anthracite is the breakage which occurs when large sizes of coal are manufactured.

It contains identically the same heating value. Naturally it is lower in price. And more than 10 million tons a year of Buckwheat are available for heating purposes.

Users of Buckwheat Anthracite claim that with a Spencer Heater they have reduced heating costs 30% to 40%.

Spencer Heaters can be installed with any steam, vapor or hot water system in any type of building. They burn no more of small than others do of large sizes of coal.

It means the most heat at least cost.

It holds a steady, even fire that needs attention only once every 12 hours. No "sitting up at night" with a Spencer.

The water-jacketed magazine holds a supply usually sufficient for 24 hours—not less than twelve hours in "blizzard weather."

Ask your architect, steam fitter or heating contractor about Spencer Heaters.

Send For The Spencer Book and Information of Local Installations

Get this detailed description of Spencer Heaters and the reasons why they are so efficient. Also, we'll gladly give you a list of names and addresses in this city where you can see Spencer Heaters in operation.

Spencer

Steam, Vapor and Hot Water
Heaters

STANDARD HEATER CO., WILLIAMSPORT, PA.

NEW YORK: 101 Park Ave. PHILADELPHIA: Otis Bldg.
BALTIMORE: Equitable Bldg. BOSTON: 136 Federal St.
BUFFALO: Lafayette Bldg.

23—3.

The Passing of the Centemeri Shop

Of the long list of old patrons who have come to purchase their final supply of gloves at the Centemeri Shop, many have paid us the compliment of sincere regret that this retail establishment can serve them but a brief while longer.

Until the closing day, we will endeavor to observe the ancient French tradition of *noblesse oblige* to the fullest extent compatible with our retiring from the retail business.

The spring stocks of our superior qualities of French gloves will be kept complete as long as possible. Incomplete lines that must be disposed of, are marked at prices representing exceptional bargains.

Women's Imported Gloves at 1.95
Values to 3.75

Gauntlet length and one or two clasp French Kid gloves in many colors and styles—incomplete lines but all sizes.

The House of Centemeri Goes Forward

In retiring from the retail trade, P. Centemeri & Co. will devote every energy to the extension of their large wholesale business in gloves and hosiery. The development of Centemeri facilities for glove production at Grenoble and environs in the south of France—the recently installed dye plant at Fontaine, the new cutting-centre at La Mure and enlargements of the factory in Grenoble—are notable factors in the greater service P. Centemeri & Co. are equipped to render to the merchants of America.

The new wholesale address after May first will be 334 Fourth Avenue, New York.

Centemeri
400 FIFTH AVE.

ADVERTISEMENT. ADVERTISEMENT. ADVERTISEMENT. ADVERTISEMENT.

New conditions in business have developed a new trend in banking

What the coming together of highly specialized organizations in the two great fields of banking means in the development of service to depositors

IN 1922 the bank clearings in New York City alone were more than 213 billions of dollars—an amount over four times as great as the corresponding figure for 1900. This figure may be taken as a barometer that records the colossal proportions which year by year American business is assuming—and as a measure of the great forces which make this growth possible.

Markets for commodities which a decade ago were confined to the larger cities, today have been extended to every town and hamlet and farmer's home. Farm products that only yesterday found a seasonal market within a radius of a hundred miles, today are being delivered regularly the year round in every city of the nation.

Everywhere markets for both buying and selling have become more varied and more distant—more nation-wide, more world-wide.

The increasing demand upon banking services

Commercial banking transactions have consequently become more voluminous and increasingly complex—involving accurate knowledge of distant markets, rapid transfers of credit, expert advice in financing, and a multiplicity of services almost unheard of a generation ago.

Banks must be prepared to render such services with the rapidity and sureness with which they once performed the simplest operation.

This is why trust companies have added one after the other banking services of an entirely commercial character. It is why commercial banks have added trust services, personal and corporate.

The problem every bank faces today

This creates a real problem for every bank which is attempting to meet the needs of business. Special services can be best furnished only by departments of specialists. But such departments cannot be created over night. In order to produce a service that is high grade, time, experience and the growth of corporate judgment are necessary.

The Irving Bank-Columbia Trust Company therefore considers itself fortunate in being able to announce to its depositors this consolidation which brings together into one organization a group of special services seasoned by long years of experience.

The former Columbia Trust Company contributes, among other things, the ripe experience of long years of specialization in trust services—personal and corporate. For a generation it has been identified as one of the leading factors in the development of these services, influencing thousands of individuals to apply business methods in the management of their personal affairs and serving successfully corporations, large and small, as their fiduciary agents.

Long experience in trusts combined with that in commercial banking

The former Irving Bank contributes the accumulated experience of more than seventy years of specialization in commercial banking. Step by step for nearly three quarters of a century it has kept pace with the growth of American business—developing many highly specialized services which make it possible to handle with speed and with accuracy all commercial transactions—national or international.

Office of Irving Bank-Columbia Trust Company at 60 Broadway—one of its fourteen offices in Greater New York (see complete list, with their locations, below).

The depositors at the several offices of the two former institutions will thus have at their command an exceptionally well-balanced service which will combine the knowledge, experience and skill of both organizations and insure all facilities for meeting every banking need—Deposit, Credit-Loan, Trust, Investment Information, and Foreign Exchange.

The new service can be tapped through 14 offices in Greater New York

Each of the fourteen former Irving and Columbia Trust offices in Greater New York—from Bowling Green to the Bronx, from the North River to Flatbush—is being operated by the new institution in the same location and with the same personnel, thus insuring the continuance of the same policies and methods of doing business and of the same cordial personal relationships.

Each of the offices is a banking unit, completely equipped for the banking needs of its community. Through each can be tapped all the resources, highly developed service departments and the world-wide facilities of the entire organization.

A visit to the nearest office (see complete list below) and a talk with the officers in charge will suggest how these facilities can serve you in your business and personal affairs.

IRVING BANK-COLUMBIA TRUST COMPANY

MEMBER FEDERAL RESERVE SYSTEM

Downtown
- Woolworth Building
- 60 Broadway
- 81-83 Fulton Street
- 92 West Broadway
- Eighth Street at Broadway

Mid-town
- Fifth Avenue at 32nd Street
- Fifth Avenue at 34th Street
- 42nd Street opp. Grand Central
- Park Avenue at 48th Street

Harlem and the Bronx
- 125th Street at Seventh Avenue
- Third Avenue and 148th Street

Brooklyn
- 350 Fulton Street
- Flatbush and Linden Avenues
- New Utrecht Avenue at 53rd Street

CAPITAL IS GOUGING, SAYS SENATOR LUSK

Charges That Combinations, Talking of Price Cuts, Have Profiteered Grossly.

FEARS GREAT CRISIS NEAR

"Notwithstanding Tragic Example of Russia, Country is Drifting Toward Socialism," He Warns.

Speaking yesterday on "Our State," at a luncheon of the Republican Woman's Club of New York at the Hotel Plaza, State Senator Clayton R. Lusk declared that under modern conditions "capital has been and is hectically organizing upon a basis of eliminating competition and substituting price-fixing combinations in its stead." While theories of reduced prices for production are advanced by the members of these combinations, Mr. Lusk said, "the evidence is conclusive that they have resulted in gross profiteering."

Senator Lusk prefaced his remarks by saying that he would read his address from manuscript, something he seldom did, because he did not wish in the least particular to be misquoted. Senator Irving L. Lenroot, of Wisconsin, who discussed "Our National Government," echoed Mr. Luck's sentiments in a measure, adding a few words about Republican policies.

"This is Lincoln's day; Lincoln the emancipator; the man who stood at the cradle of the Republican Party; the exponent of the doctrines of which our party was founded; the leader who guided the nation safely through a great crisis," Mr. Luck said in opening his address.

"Our country is approaching another great crisis. Has the Republican Party the same ideals today and does it live for the same things for which Lincoln lived until his life was sealed in martyrdom?

"Are we thinking clearly as he thought? Are we unselfish, as he was unselfish? Are we fighting for justice for all as he fought, or are we giving only lip service to the great principles upon which our party was founded?

"A party with such a birth and such a history as ours should certainly have something to offer to a world on the verge of chaos.

"First, let us emulate the immortal Lincoln by having the courage to look facts squarely in the face and to speak the plain truth.

Finds Toilers Neglected.

"Our great national resources have been developed. Modern machinery and inventions have increased production tremendously. Yet the material condition of many of the organized and of all the unorganized toilers of the country is little improved over that of a century ago.

"A study of production with present methods and machinery leads to the inevitable conclusion that as much can probably be produced in one hour today as was produced in ten hours under the methods of hand labor used by our ancestors. Obviously we are suffering from a system which denies to the producer his fair share of the world's goods in return for his toil.

"We are facing problems of government never dreamed of at the time the nation was founded. At that time the business of the country was conducted on simple lines. We were a nation of farmers, artisans and small independent merchants and manufacturers.

"Modern inventions of transportation and communication have brought about a revolution in our business methods. Our Government was organized upon the basis of individual property rights with prices fixed by business competition. Under modern conditions capital has been and is practically organizing upon a basis of eliminating competion and substituting price fixing combinations in its stead.

"While plausible theories of reduced prices for productions are advanced by the members of these combinations, the evidence is conclusive that they have resulted in gross profiteering. If proof were needed that greed and selfishness, world control these organizations, it has been simply furnished by the profiteering coups which now control many of the commodities in common use.

Says State Has Failed.

"Why delude ourselves longer. No man can make a serious study of conditions as they exist without realizing that the State has failed its citizens in the feeble efforts that it has made to adjust our laws to these changing conditions.

"The new problem in government must be met and solved. Its solution requires intelligent, unselfish leadership. Could we better celebrate the birthday of Lincoln than by dedicating ourselves to such a task?

"Our people are justly restless. The two dominant political parties in this State have both been emphatically repudiated at the polls within a little over two years. Notwithstanding the tragic example of Russia, the country is drifting toward Socialism.

"Men of both political parties advocating new and untried socialistic schemes have been swept into office. The present dominant political party in the State of New York is pledged to a program of legislative wage fixing. We are becoming confused as to what measures are consistent and what measures are inconsistent with our system of government. Political principles are giving way to political expediency.

"How are we to preserve our present system of Government? Obviously, by making it function. Laws with real teeth in them must be enacted to put our business back on the competitive basis. Also, the necessary legal machinery must be created to see that these laws are enforced. This may work apparent injustice on some interests. It will be small in comparison with the injustice suffered by the great mass of our people under present conditions.

"The individuals and corporations profiting by these practices will not give up without a struggle. The fight will be bitter. Men will be maligned. It will be the acid test for men in public life."

Mr. Lusk recalled for his hearers the work of the Lockwood Investigating Committee, saying that he knew of no more interesting reading than the report of this legislative group.

Lenroot For General Welfare.

"There is one thing we need to do," said Senator Lenroot, "and that is to think less of winning an election and think more about our party principles, and what our party stands for. There is a tendency that we must not stand for, and that is the tendency which says 'We must not do this thing or that because we will offend somebody.' Any man or woman not willing to subordinate his interests to the general welfare has no place in the Republican Party."

He urged women to take a more active interest in government, adding that if women would fully realize their political responsibility many of the nation's problems would be more quickly solved. He pointed out that the opponents of government are active from one year's end to the other, and that if the women of the country would take a serious interest they would show how small class or group minorities were.

Brig. Gen. William Weigel, Chief of Staff of the Department of the East, counselled national military preparedness.

Harding Sends Message.

The following Lincoln Day message from President Harding was read to the assembled women:

"As the passage of the years takes us farther away from it, there is apparent a disposition among thoughtful Americans to look back upon the generation ending with the Civil War period as a sort of golden age of American statesmanship. It was marked by a courageous attack upon the stupendous questions whose wise settlement was rightly regarded as fundamental to the very existence of the Republic. There were giants arrayed on both sides of these questions and for that very reason we have come to appraise more highly the contributions of the leader of leaders, whose sagacity, clarity of intellect, and steadfastness of purpose won, for him the premiership among those who at last dominated and won the cause of liberty and union, Abraham Lincoln.

"Even those who were at the front of opposition to him appear to us greater by reason of having coped with this giant of human purposes and patriotic aims. It was the moral intensity of this one man which, more than anything else, made the men of his time appear to us as giants; and we shall appreciate him more and more as, with continued studies of his career, we come to recognize that his times were truly the Age of Lincoln."

BERNHARDT NOT AT WORK.

Actress's Physicians Still Refuse to Permit Rehearsals.

PARIS, Feb. 12.—A report that Mme. Sarah Bernhardt is rehearsing Maurice Rostand's new play, "The Sphynx," is premature, for, although the star insists that she is capable of resuming her work, her physicians still refuse to permit her to do so.

Mme. Bernhardt received many friends yesterday, including M. Rostand.

APPEALS TAX INJUNCTION.

Government Takes du Pont Stock Transfer Question to Supreme Court.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 12.—A petition for review of the decision of the United States Court for Delaware, affirmed by the Third Circuit Court of Appeals, enjoining the collection of an income tax of $1,578,000 assessed against Alfred I. du Pont after a stock transfer transaction, was filed in the Supreme Court today by the Government.

The Government did not ask the Court to rule on the merits of the tax, confining its petition strictly to a question of jurisdiction and procedure, but it pointed out in its brief that the Supreme Court, in its recent decisions in the Phellis case, had held that, in certain circumstances, shares were taxable income.

When the E. I. du Pont de Nemours Powder Company of New Jersey was reorganized, and E. I. du Pont de Nemours & Co. of Delaware was organized, the Government contends, Alfred I. du Pont, as a stockholder of the New Jersey corporation, received 75,534 shares of the common stock of the Delaware company because of his ownership of 37,767 shares of the common stock of the New Jersey corporation. This transaction, the Government insists, represented in effect the distribution of a dividend from the surplus of the New Jersey corporation on the basis of two shares of the Delaware corporation stock for each share of the New Jersey corporation, and it was assessed on that basis by the Commissioner of Internal Revenue.

The Government's position in its appeal is that the lower Federal Courts were without authority to enjoin collection of the tax and that it should have been paid under protest. The court proceedings, it asserts, should have been begun after such payment to enforce its return.

FRENCH CLEAR BARBED WIRE

Department of Somme Gathers 65,000 Tons on Its Battlefields.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, Feb. 12.—Through the united efforts of the population of 250 communes of the Department of the Somme 65,000 tons of barbed wire planted there during the war has been cleaned up. The wire is now being wound into balls and when the operation is completed it will be sent to factories to be transformed into various metal products.

The wire was in a district of 2,600 hectares and presented a great problem as the value was not equal to the cost of the labor necessary to assemble it. At the same time its presence was a nuisance and impediment and a common effort was made to rid the country of it. At present it is expected that it will be outside the Department before Summer.

COLE

Squeezes Water Out of Automobile Prices

$1885 F. O. B. FACTORY — $1885 PLUS WAR TAX

The Plan That Makes This Price Possible

For years the outstanding evil of the motor car industry has been the "trade-in" practice.

To be able to offer what appear to be good prices for old cars taken in trade, it has been necessary to list prices high enough to take care of the old cars "traded in."

Frankly, it has been necessary to "water" the prices of the new cars.

The result—you have an old car for which you paid $2000—the dealer allows you $1000, or perhaps more. You think you get $1000—but do you? To make this offer possible a high price is set, with big discount to dealers. After all—at actual valuation aren't you getting only $200 or $300 for your old car?

The Cole Motor Car Company dealers have decided to lay their cards on the table face up—to lay bare the inside truths of merchandising motor cars—and, what is more important, discontinue the "trade-in" policy.

This means that we are literally saving the biggest cost of doing business—no more heat, light, rent, sales cost, interest and depreciation to be charged to used cars—the saving is passed on to the public, where it belongs.

That is the plan in tune with modern economic conditions, which makes it possible to offer the Cole at $1885—a surprising reduction from the price of a year ago in New York, and from $1000 to $1500 under any car of similar power, finish and quality.

We strongly suggest that you make an appointment for an early demonstration. Our limited allotment for the first three months of 1923 is being taken up rapidly.

COLE MOTOR COMPANY OF NEW YORK
1850 Broadway, at 61st St., New York.
Telephone Col. 6651

Newark Branch: 894 Broad St. — Brooklyn: Royal Vehicle Corp., 1750 Bedford Ave.

There's a Touch of Tomorrow in All Cole Does Today

Tonight—Tomorrow Night —or Some Night

Your Motor Car Investment is Important

DURING business hours your mind is occupied with other things and so is not free to give that close attention to the purchase of an automobile that it deserves.

Why not give up an evening at the opera, or at the drama, or a night at whist and visit our salesroom with your family, after the strain of the day's work?

The building of a fine automobile is an art in which excellence is reached by the combined skill of experienced craftsmen. At your leisure you can see and examine what genius, taste and thought have accomplished for your motoring comfort in 1923.

The wise buyer likes to have a man-to-man talk about his car—here any night you can avail yourself of the services of a corps of salesmen who will painstakingly go into all the details with you.

A leisurely and uninterrupted inspection will aid you in getting a complete appreciation of the unusual values offered for 1923 in Hudson and Essex cars. You will then understand those comparisons that have confirmed public opinion in their favor.

You can look forward to real enjoyment any night you select to visit our new salesroom. Also you can decide with satisfaction on the type and style of car that you want delivered to you on the date you select in Spring.

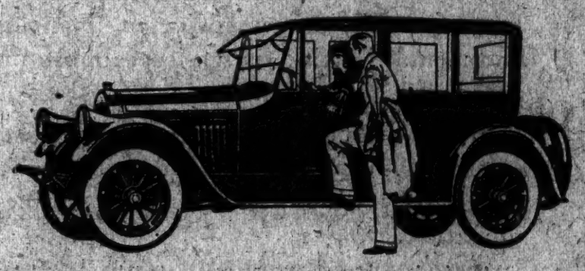
Avail yourself of the opportunity to visit our salesroom tonight, or tomorrow night, or some night when your mind is free to give careful attention to your 1923 car.

Salesroom open continuously every night except Sundays, until 10.30 p. m.

HUDSON MOTOR CAR CO. *of* NEW YORK, Inc.
COLONNADE BLDG.—BROADWAY at 57th ST.

BROOKLYN, N. Y. 1422 Bedford Ave. — JAMAICA, L. I. Bergen and Hillside Aves. — NEW ROCHELLE, N. Y. 567 Main Street — INWOOD, N. Y. 596 West 207th St.
JERSEY CITY, N. J. 2676 Boulevard — MOUNT VERNON, N. Y. 117 Prospect Avenue — WHITE PLAINS, N. Y. Orawaupum St. and Martine Ave. — PORTCHESTER, N. Y. 146 North Main St.
BRONX, N. Y.—2374 Grand Concourse—802 Southern Boulevard — NEWARK, N. J.—961-963 Broad St.

PIERCE



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FOUR-PASSENGER, FOUR-DOOR SEDAN

A closed car especially suitable for the small family in which one car serves all purposes the year 'round.

A car that because of its beauty and luxury and ease of control appeals especially to the woman driver.

The graceful, narrow lines and snug appearance are very deceptive. One would hardly expect to find such generous accommodations for four passengers within.

Throughout the entire car the finish and appointments are of the best Pierce-Arrow practice. The four doors, which may be locked, provide comfortable entrance. The seats are wide and deep, upholstered like finest furniture. A combination dome-light-ventilator refreshes the air by an exhaust action.

We are now showing this and other modern Pierce-Arrow cars. Demonstrations may be had upon request.

Closed Cars, $7000 — Open Cars, $5250
At Buffalo. War Tax Additional

ARROW

Harrolds Motor Car Company
New York—Brooklyn

Ellis Motor Car Company
Newark

PSYCHOLOGY BOARD PROPOSED FOR NEWS

Scientific Censorship for Crime and Sex Stories Suggested by Dr. J. J. Walsh.

SEES PERIL IN PUBLICITY

The Talk Society of Medical Jurisprudence That Stories of Evil-Doing Allure.

A "Board of Psychology" to regulate publication of news of crimes and sex matters was suggested last night by Dr. James J. Walsh, extension professor at Fordham University and Professor of Physiological Psychology at Cathedral College, in an address before the Society of Medical Jurisprudence at the New York Academy of Medicine. Dr. Walsh said publicity for crime gave it an allurement and did not act as a deterrent.

"People crave to have something happen to them—it may be something alluring," he said. "I remember having had a man say to me 'Do you know, I have never had anything happen to me? I have never even been on a trolley car that killed somebody?' This is a question of craving to be in the limelight.

"In England they do not permit the showing of a motion picture of a robbery because they find that boys will be practicing it. I believe that here they say that if a crime is shown punishment must be shown on the same screen.

"You can understand how the printing of all the sex details affects us. The more prominent the people are the more interest is attached to them. The idea, apparently, is to show that, after all, nobody is good. Some editors boast of how long they keep a story like the New Brunswick murder on the front page. Not only are the newspapers telling the stories, real or supposed, of the sexual incidents of the day before, but magazines are making it a point to print sex stories.

"It is said that news of crime is printed completely, so that in the future they will not be committed. Were there any more murders committed in the old days before the news of all the crimes was printed in detail? The deterrence of crime is different from giving it the allurement that present publicity gives it."

Dr. Walsh spoke of the regulation of sanitary conditions by Boards of Health. "I am wondering," he added, "whether under the circumstances we do not need a Board of Health for the min as well as for the body? Is there any reason why we should have the details of suicides? Don't you think, when you read that the last hold-up was committed by a boy of 19, that a similar thing led him to do it as led the boy who read the dime novel a few years ago to steal his father's revolver and run away to Hoboken? Would it hurt anybody to prevent the publication of these details? Of course, such a Board of Psychology would be liable to abuse, but every good thing is liable to abuse—even marriage."

LENT BEGINS TOMORROW.

Special Daily Services to Easter, Which Falls on April 1.

Lent will begin tomorrow and Easter will be April 1. All Roman Catholic and Episcopal churches will hold special daily services.

A feature in Episcopal services will be a series of lectures each Friday afternoon at 5 o'clock in the Cathedral of St. John the Divine, by Bishop William T. Manning. The general subject will be "A Revival of Personal Religion." The theme of the first lecture will be "The Present Confusion as to Standards of Life and Conduct."

The three-hour service at the Cathedral on Good Friday will be conducted by the Rev. Dr. Bernard Iddings Bell, President of St. Stephen's College.

At 12:30 tomorrow the Bishop Manning baptistry in Trinity Church will be dedicated by the Bishop, who for thirteen years was the rector. It is a gift of Mr. and Mrs. John Callendar Livingston.

The Thursday noon preacher in Trinity will be Bishop Herbert Shipman; the Friday preacher, Bishop Arthur S. Lloyd.

The Rev. Leslie Watson Fearn, warden of the Church Mystical Union, London, England, will conduct a Lenten mission at St. Mark's-in-the-Bouwerie. He will preach on Sundays at 11 and 8 o'clock and Thursday evenings. Beginning Feb. 20, Mr. Fearn will conduct group meetings for women at 4:45 o'clock and for men at 8:15 in the evening.

BETHEL SUCCEEDS CROWDER

Is Made Judge Advocate General, With Major General's Rank.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 12.—President Harding today nominated Colonel Walter A. Bethel to be Judge Advocate General of the United States Army, with the rank of Major General, succeeding Maj. Gen. Enoch H. Crowder, who is to be retired at his own request to accept the appointment of ambassador to Cuba.

General Bethel is now on duty in the office of the Judge Advocate General. During the World War General Bethel, with the grade of Brigadier General, was Judge Advocate General of the American Expeditionary Force. The signing of the armistice prevented favorable action on General Pershing's recommendation that he be appointed a Major General in recognition of his services. General Bethel received the Distinguished Service Medal from our Government and the Legion of Honor from France.

Ohio Society Renews Its Lease.

The Ohio Society of New York, of which President Harding, Attorney General H. M. Daugherty and Chief Justice William E. Taft are members, yesterday renewed the lease of its headquarters at the Waldorf-Astoria since 1897 for five years. Ogden Reid, President of the club, and Roy Carruthers, managing director of the hotel, signed the new lease.

this winter

there is every out-of-doors reason for taking your family to

California

and every travel-comfort reason for going via the Santa Fe

Orange groves and snow-capped mountains bordering a summer sea.
Perfect motor roads and well-kept golf links.
Excellent schools for your children.
Cozy inns and luxurious resort hotels, or, rent a bungalow and enjoy your own rose garden.
Beautiful Yosemite is open all the year.

4 *daily* California trains via the Santa Fe
Two of them carry Pullmans via Grand Canyon Nat'l Park.
Fred Harvey serves all the meals "all the way."

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ADVERTISEMENT.

For Your Delight

Your beauty, safety and daintiness

A far better way to clean teeth

This offers you a delightful test, to show you what cleaner teeth mean.

Millions of people are brushing teeth a new way. Dentists the world over now advise it. To careful people of some 50 nations it is bringing a new dental era.

We urge you to learn, at our expense, what it means to you and yours.

It combats film

Film is the great tooth enemy—that viscous film you feel. It clings to teeth, enters crevices and stays.

Food stains, etc., discolor it, then it forms dingy coats. Tartar is based on film. That is why teeth lose luster.

Film also holds food substance which ferments and forms acids. It holds the acids in contact with the teeth to cause decay. Germs breed by millions in it. They, with tartar, are the chief cause of pyorrhea.

That is why, under old-time methods, few escaped tooth troubles.

New ways discovered

Dental science, after long research, found two ways to fight film. One acts to curdle film, one to remove it, and without any harmful scouring.

Able authorities proved those methods effective by many careful tests. Then a new-type tooth paste was created, based on modern research, and those two film destroyers were embodied in it.

That tooth paste is called Pepsodent. To people all about you it is daily bringing results you would enjoy.

Just opposite effects

Old methods brought in some ways just opposite effects.

They reduced the alkalinity of the saliva. That is there to neutralize mouth acids, the cause of tooth decay.

They reduced the starch digestant in the saliva. That is there to digest starch deposits which may otherwise ferment and form acids.

Pepsodent gives multiplied power to these two natural tooth-protecting factors. So they fight the enemies of teeth.

Free to All

This 10-Day Tube

See Coupon

Avoid Harmful Grit

Pepsodent curdles the film and removes it without harmful scouring. Its polishing agent is far softer than enamel. Never use a film combatant which contains harsh grit.

Millions of people show the results

Look about you and on every hand you will see the good results. Teeth glisten as they should. Note the new beauty, new charm.

Those whiter teeth mean cleaner, safer teeth. Film and acids are constantly combated. You will want those benefits when you once know them. Cut out the coupon now.

Pepsodent REG. U.S. PAT. OFF.

The New-Day Dentifrice

A scientific tooth paste based on modern research, free from harmful grit. Now advised by leading dentists the world over.

You'll see and feel

Send the coupon for a 10-Day Tube. Note how clean the teeth feel after using. Mark the absence of the viscous film. See how teeth whiten as the film-coats disappear.

What you see and feel will show you what this way means.

TEN-DAY TUBE FREE 1134

THE PEPSODENT COMPANY,
Dept. A, 1104 S. Wabash Ave., Chicago, Ill.
Mail 10-day tube of Pepsodent to

Only one tube to a family.

ADVERTISEMENT.

Are energy and personal success worth the cost of sound sleep?

You can't dodge Nature's sleep tax. She simply confiscates four months in every year. Whether you get full value for all your time in bed depends on the condition of your sleep equipment.

If a worn-out, lumpy mattress or a noisy, sagging spring keeps you from going to sleep easily or breaks your rest, you lose. You miss the rebuilding of strength and energy which only deep, refreshing slumber can give.

Take ten minutes tonight to study the mattress and spring you sleep on. Go to your furniture dealer's and examine the wide range of Simmons mattresses and springs, priced to fit any pocketbook.

Compare what you have with a Simmons mattress of buoyant *new* material and a Simmons spring of the type you like. Then judge for yourself whether health, energy and personal success are not worth the cost of Simmons sleep comfort.

SIMMONS *Mattresses*

BEDS AND SPRINGS

BUILT FOR SLEEP

Canadians in the United States

HUNDREDS of former Canadians are members of the faculties of American universities, declares D. M. Le Bourdais in an article in February CURRENT HISTORY MAGAZINE. Then he goes on to name Canadians who are prominent members of other professions and who make their homes in the United States. He gives us a new thought on our neighbor on the north.

IN the February number, among other outstanding features, is Secretary Hughes's disclosure of the foreign policy of the United States.

On news stands or by mail 25 cents a copy
By the year $3.00

CURRENT HISTORY MAGAZINE
Times Square New York

Published monthly by The New York Times Company

The reasons why the New Peerless is so actively discussed by men who know motor cars, are perfectly obvious. Its outstanding superiority in practically every phase of control and performance and riding qualities have won it favor far beyond that which an ordinary car would receive.

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SAYS JAPAN SEEKS AN UNDERSTANDING

Hanihara, New Envoy Here, Proclaims His Mission to Dispel Suspicions.

EXPECTS FAIR TREATMENT

Racial Prejudice Is the Only Outstanding Question Now, He Says at San Francisco.

SAN FRANCISCO, Feb. 12 (Associated Press).—Lack of knowledge of the facts in the case and lack of understanding of each nation's motives were reasons ascribed here tonight by Masano Hanihara, newly appointed Ambassador from Japan, for the existence of the only question which is vexing the minds of the American and Japanese peoples.

The Ambassador, speaking at a dinner in his honor given by the Japan Society of America and S. Yada, Japanese Consul General, on this, the first evening of his presence in this country, coupled this statement with another to the effect that Japan never would ask of the United States anything impossible or unreasonable.

"With regard to our particular countries there are no vital interests that conflict," he said. "All we want is to be accorded the same fair treatment you accord to other people; in other words, no unfair discriminations on account of race or nationality.

The Ambassador did not make any more definite reference to the nature of the question he was discussing, but it was assumed he had the treatment of Japanese immigrants and settlers in mind. He gave the highest praise to the armament agreements concluded at Washington and said they already had given evidence of their practical value.

He referred gracefully to the good feeling of the evening as evidence of the triumph of those in each country who wished the other well, and declared that the recent round of honors bestowed on Charles B. Warren, Ambassador to Tokio, who is about to retire, and who also was a speaker, was evidence of the loyal friendship of the whole Japanese nation.

"All nations, like all individuals, make mistakes," he continued. "It was perhaps a natural pyschological development, at the conclusion of the great war, that many of the nations should feel that other nations were taking selfish advantage of situations and opportunities. But, unfortunately, among the great powers this mental distortion did not long prevail. Common sense and a general consideration of the interests and good intentions of others soon took the place of the meaner attitude. Men got together from three continents in Washington a little over a year ago—men of friendly feeling, representatives of nations who were able to give and take, to deal fairly with each other, and the whole world is increasingly happier as a result.

"So sound and fundamental are the agreements that were reached in Washington, that the three greater naval powers of the world—the United States, Great Britain and Japan, in spite of the fact that their treaties have not yet been ratified by the others have already been able materially to reduce their budgets and the personnel of their navies and armies. This is a notable fact—no other evidence is necessary—although there are many others to show the soundness and the practical value of the Washington understandings. With regard to our particular countries there are not vital interests that conflict. It is true that there is a question between us—and probably that is the only question which has been and still is to some extent vexing the minds of our two peoples. Difficult as it may seem at times, it is not more than anything else due a lack of an accurate knowledge of the actual facts in the case and to the lack of proper understanding of each other's motives and desires on the part of those who discuss the subject, or who hear it discussed. Ignorance and distrust are the worst enemies of concord.

"During the last great war Japan has been accused, time and again, of being disloyal to the cause of the allies, while in fact she has remained willingly and cheerfully one of the most faithful and helpful. Then again we have been charged with non-execution of our public promises. Have any of these charges ever been justified or certified in the light of solid facts that have been disclosed? No, never. Now, then, I trust you will believe me when I say that Japan has never asked and never will ask you or anybody, anything that is impossible or unreasonable, in spite of occasional insinuations to the contrary. We know too well that even if you were asked, yours is not a country to yield to any demand or request from outside which is not just or reasonable.

"All that we want is to be accorded the same fair treatment you accord to other people; in other words, no unfair discriminations on account of race or nationality. We ask no more, no less. On the other hand I know that you want always to be fair and friendly to us just as much as we desire you to be. If that is known and understood, as I believe it is today, I do not see why we should feel so uneasy about the question which has been much exaggerated and exploited. Our common sense—our mutual trust and our good will to each other will surely enable us to find a way to its solution, which is fair and satisfactory to all concerned."

106 BODIES RECOVERED.

Fourteen More Still Remain in New Mexican Mine.

DAWSON, N. M., Feb. 12 (Associated Press).—All but fourteen bodies of the 122 miners entombed in Mine No. 1 here following an explosion last Thursday had been removed by rescue crews tonight. The official list of dead now numbers 106, two of the entombed men having walked out uninjured last Friday.

Officials of the Phelps-Dodge Corporation, owners of the mine, announced late tonight that exploration of the shattered mine workings had definitely revealed at this time that no miners still remained alive in the mine. The cause of the explosion has not yet been determined, it also was stated.

MOTHER AND CHILD KILLED.

Perth Amboy Woman Carrying Daughter When Train Hit Them.

PERTH AMBOY, N. J., Feb. 12.—While walking along the Central Railroad of New Jersey tracks today, carrying her five-year-old daughter Tillie, Mrs. Mary Elasko, 20, was struck by a Lakewood special train and instantly killed. Her child was also killed.

They were on a southbound track and were apparently on the way to the Perth Amboy cigar factory, where it is believed Mrs. Elasko intended to seek employment.

SEES PERIL IN HIGH WAGES.

Ex-Gov. McKelvie Says They Increase the Farmer's Burden.

BOSTON, Feb. 12.—The nation is suffering from an excessively high wage level and a complexity of laws, Samuel R. McKelvie, former Governor of Nebraska, said in an address tonight before the Middlesex Club at the "Lincoln Night" gathering of that body.

So complex have the laws become, Mr. McKelvie said, that it is either impossible for the people to comprehend their meaning or for the officers of the State to enforce them.

"Dangerous as is the disrespect of laws that are intended to influence the social and moral welfare of the people, it is even more hazardous to the national welfare that the parties to industrial disputes should disregard the law and seek to force their issues by direct action," Mr. McKelvie said.

"When the parties to any suit in which the public interest is involved refuse to bring their case into court to be decided by judge and jury, the violations of the rights of life and property that ensue are immediately subversive of orderly government and strike at the very foundations of the republic. * * *

"Agriculture is the nation's basic industry, and upon the prosperity of the farmer depends the ultimate prosperity of the people who are engaged in every other line of endeavor. So long as the present high scale of wages continues the farmer will have to bear a burden that is economically unsound; and the delayed completion of postwar readjustment will increase the hardships of all."

JAIL SUICIDE HAD RECORD.

Man Who Killed Himself in Louisville Listed Bank Crook Here.

Philip D. Lambelle, who committed suicide Sunday after his arrest in Louisville, Ky., was known to the New York police as "Silent" Lambelle and Philip Ganzett, and, according to the police records here, was an international bank crook.

On June 13, 1899, according to the records at Police Headquarters, Lambelle robbed the National Bank of Boston of $10,000 and came to New York. He was arrested as he left the train at Grand Central Terminal.

In November, 1908, he robbed the Germania National Bank of Milwaukee of $800. He was subsequently sentenced to fifteen years in prison, but was pardoned for good behavior after serving several years. Later a warrant was issued for his arrest on complaint of the American Railway Express Company charging him with the theft of $7,000 in travelers' checks.

LINCOLN AND STATE RIGHTS.

Hiram Bingham Says He Freed Slaves Only to Save Union.

NEW HAVEN, Conn., Feb. 12.—Abraham Lincoln as a champion of State's rights was painted by Lieutenant Governor Hiram Bingham at a Lincoln dinner here tonight.

"The very fact that Lincoln loved freedom and believed in liberty," said Mr. Bingham, "led him to take the stand that the decision as to whether there should be slavery within the borders of any given State rested within the sovereign State itself. * * * When he issued the emancipation proclamation it was declared he believed it was the only way the Union could be preserved."

Other speakers were Representatives John Q. Tilson of Connecticut and Carl Richard Chindblow of Illinois.

TRAPPED IN DUMBWAITER.

Negro Held as Burglar After Fleeing Artist's Apartment.

The effort of George L. Smith, 23 years old, a negro formerly employed in the six-story apartment house at 101 West Fifty-second Street, to get away by letting himself down the dumbwaiter after being interrupted in an attempt to enter the apartment of Miss Maud Toombs, an artist on the third floor, led to his arrest yesterday by Detective Sergeant Patrick Flood and Detective O'Connor of the West Forty-Seventh Street Station.

Smith let himself down to the basement, but here he found the door of the shaft locked. The detectives, finding the apartment upset and no trace of Smith, hurried to the bottom of the elevator shaft and, opening the door with a key, confronted the negro with revolvers.

"Don't shoot, I'm here," cried Smith, throwing up his hands.

Miss Toombs is in Boston. Her apartment was entered by burglars a week ago and two fur coats stolen. Smith denied being implicated in that job. Several watches were found on him when he was locked up in the West Forty-seventh Street Station today charged with burglary, but he denied they weer part of any loot.

A neighbor saw Smith enter the Toombs apartment via the fire escape and telephoned the police. Detective Sergeants Patrick Ahey and Edward Davis watched the entrances while the other two detectives went into the building after their man.

SMITH SAVES A MURDERER.

Commutes Death Sentence of Peluso, but Rejects Pleas of Two Others.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, Feb. 12.—Governor Smith commuted this afternoon the death sentence of Saverio Peluso, a Long Island City murderer, and denied clemency to two other murderers, Alvin J. Westling and Joseph Zampelli, who are to die in the electric chair at Sing Sing on Thursday night.

Peluso's sentence was commuted to life imprisonment, the Governor said, on the unanimous recommendation of the Judges of the Court of Appeals, who declared they believed Peluso was not properly represented at his trial. Attorney Robert J. Barry of the Bronx was counsel for Peluso.

Peluso killed Mrs. Mary Desano, a neighbor, in 1921, after they had quarreled over a plot of ground which both wanted to make into a garden.

Westling, who came from Worcester, Mass., shot and killed Carl Mueller in the Bronx. He also shot Mrs. Mueller, but she recovered. Prior to the murder he had held important positions with various business firms, and nearly 100 letters from business men in eleven States asking clemency for him were filed with the Governor.

Zampelli was convicted with several others of the murder of Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Holbach at South Ozone Park in 1920.

80 AUTOS BURN IN GARAGE.

Fire Starts When Chauffeur Strikes a Match.

Eighty automobiles belonging to residents of the Kings Highway section of Brooklyn were destroyed by fire in a garage at 1,635 East Sixteenth Street, near Kings Highway, at 7 o'clock yesterday morning. It is said the fire started when a chauffeur, who, unable to start his automobile, looked for the trouble with a match. There was a burst of flame and smoke and the chauffeur took to his heels.

Jules Kelley, who leased the garage recently from Sazo Pini, owner of the building, turned in an alarm, but by the time the apparatus had arrived the flames had spread to automobiles and one by one their gasoline tanks exploded. The damage was estimated at $150,000. The garage was uninsured, but many of the automobiles in it were covered.

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"a wonderful effect upon the cleanliness of the mouth"

Dr. L. E. K——— Chicago, Ill.

DENTISTS all over the country are recommending Revelation to their patients. These men have found, after a thorough trial, that Revelation lives up to every claim we make for it. They have found that Revelation not only cleans the teeth, removes stains, helps prevent the accumulation of tartar, and aids prevention of decay, but it relieves sensitive and bleeding gums. And so more than 10,000 of these "men who know" have written us testimonials, a few of which we are reprinting in these advertisements. We want you to try Revelation, for we are sure you will be more than satisfied with the good results it shows.

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Revelation FOR THE TEETH and GUMS

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Gentlemen: I have used your Revelation Tooth Powder at the chair and have found it exactly as represented. I find the use of Revelation has a wonderful effect upon the cleanliness of the mouth.

Yours truly,
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Chicago, Ill.

Dear Sirs: I wish to inform you that I have used, recommended and observed the effects of Revelation Tooth Powder for more than ten years, and believe that if used as directed it will do more to prevent the formation of tartar, than any other agent now on the market.

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Dr. W. J. M———
Minneapolis, Minn.

August C. Drucker
Subscribed and sworn to before me this 27th day of December, 1922.
Notary Public in and for the County of San Francisco, State of California

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The New York Times

"All the News That's Fit to Print."

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NEW YORK, TUESDAY, FEB. 13, 1923.

PROTECTING THE CITY'S CREDIT.

Controller CRAIG knows his business and the city's business. He is protecting the interest and the credit of the city. At the Board of Estimate he insists, as he did last week by the objections of his deputy, that appropriations shall be made according to the rules and the law, and not lightly granted as if the taxpayer's money were only "a little thing among friends." If the noses of some eminent city officeholders are temporarily out of joint, that fact doesn't win sympathy for them from the public. It sees in Mr. CRAIG a thoroughly competent official. He is trying to keep in order a financial condition perplexed in the extreme. He is trying to block at Albany bills introduced at the Mayor's request; bills adding millions annually to the city debt; enlarging that debt by the issue of bonds for expenditures that ought to be provided for annually in cash by taxation.

Of two of these bills, monkeying insidiously with the credit of the City of New York, the Controller says:

> If they become law, two results are inevitable: First, the city's power to finance rapid transit will be seriously undermined, if not entirely destroyed; second, the debt of the City of New York will be piled up merely go relieve the State of New York from liabilities that it should meet.

The "people's plan" of rapid transit calls for vague and impossible hundreds of millions of dollars. It is curious that at the very moment when heroic or fatal operations upon the municipal credit are in contemplation determined efforts, inspired at the City Hall, should be making at Albany to bleed and deplete that credit, anaemic and exhausted already; to prepare for the major operation by submitting the patient to a few more minor ones. "Without going into figures," the Controller remarks with moderation, "it may unhesitatingly be said that for the City of New York to finance urgently needed transit facilities will require not only every dollar of its credit that is safely available, but will also require the utmost skill in the use of that credit and the postponement of other very desirable public improvements until a subsequent time."

There is much talk about the Controller's "feud" with the Mayor, the Mayor's patron, and so on. That is beside the mark, and tends to make personal an impersonal, a purely financial, question. The chief financial officer of the city is trying to save it from unnecessary strains upon its credit; trying to preserve that credit so that the imperious needs of enlarged rapid transit may be provided for. He is doing good service to the city. His temper may not be precisely seraphic, but his grasp of facts and figures can't be denied even by the adversaries whom he loves to prod.

PEACE WITH PROFIT FOR RAILWAYS.

The Interstate Commerce Commission has finally decided that the Southern Pacific may continue its control of Central Pacific, although the Supreme Court had ordered them to be separated. The commission does not antagonize the court. The latter applied the anti-trust law; the commission interprets the later Transportation act. The combination of the two companies existed a generation before the enactment of the Sherman law. Other transcontinental routes are combinations of routes, the Southern Pacific-Central Pacific being the first between the oceans under a single ownership and management. It scarcely needed the decision of the commission to prove that it was not a conspiracy in restraint of trade. Railways are paid in proportion to traffic moved. Its increase is to them as the breath of life. Now they have official authorization for the increase of trade, with profit.

The Interstate Commission has converted into a happy family the competing railways and the shippers. All adhere to the Interstate Commission's proposal, which none of them would have accepted from any other source. It is instructive that the fifty-year-old contest ends in the manner originally intended. Union Pacific has but one route westward, through Ogden. But the Southern Pacific at Ogden has two routes. Hitherto the Southern Pacific could route Western freight southward to the Gulf, and then northward from the Gulf over a thousand miles to an Eastern destination. Such traffic ought to take a northerly route, and will do so under the commission's plan. It creates a traffic agreement specifying a line for the division of the business which normally belongs to the northern and southern routes, respectively, and which has been hitherto carried over abnormally long routes at uneconomic rates.

In effect, the territory is divided, or the traffic is pooled. The commission has found its rule of reason. Last October the Supreme Court refused to reconsider its original decree of separation of the railways which the Interstate Commission now holds lawfully married. It is the function of the commission to administer the Transportation act, not to decide upon the conflict of laws, and reservation was made for the action of the Supreme Court on the arrangement, which is final so far as the commission's power is concerned. It would be hard to condone any action which renewed a fifty-year quarrel. In that case there would be a rough road ahead for the program of solving the problem of the weak and strong roads by combining them in systems. It may be done by agreement. It is difficult to see how it can be done by compelling the strong roads to surrender earnings to the weak. There is a prospect in that of a quarrel which would last more than fifty years.

PERMANENT EXHIBITIONS.

It was a delicate bit of international courtesy that was expressed in the piece of American spun silk sent to the Lyons Fabric Museum by one of the great silk manufacturing houses of America. This was recognition of the debt which the American silk industry owes to France. The unique museum in Lyons is a prototype of what New York City should have. The temporary exhibition, the "Silk Show," now in its last days, illustrates the processes of sericulture and silk manufacture, and gives a hint of the popular interest, the educational value and the art stimulus which would be quickened and deepened by a permanent exhibition. That would put against the old backgrounds the ever-changing patterns and processes in the development of the art. In Lyons, the Musée Historique des Tissus has not only examples of every known loom and the first sewing machine, but samples of textiles and embroideries from many centuries and from all parts of the world.

What is suggested for silk production, design and use indicates what should be done here in New York for every province of industry and for every material that enters into the life of millions—fabrics, metals, wood fibres, &c. Such a museum of permanent yet changing exhibition would be the animating centre for laboratories, studios, lecture rooms and classes in the industrial arts, and would, at the same time, furnish enlightenment to millions concerning the processes by which the things in use in everyday life have come to be. Our educational provision will not be complete, nor will our art training meet the common need as it ought to, until the industrial arts are included. Meanwhile, the "Silk Show" gives a brilliant display of what the silkworm from the "slender store" with which "it clouds itself all o'er," when assisted by the skill of human hands and of seemingly sentient machines and directed by designs of the human imagination, can do to contribute to the comfort and the adornment of the world.

IMAGINARY PLOTTERS OF RUIN.

It is a common saying in Berlin today that the French are deliberately working for the economic destruction of Germany. Chancellor CUNO himself recently declared that this was the visible aim of France. But with him General DECOUTTE, in his blunt soldierly remarks on Sunday, took sharp issue. He said that the French were not such fools as the German charge would imply. What they really want is that Germany should pay up. How could she do that if she were ruined?

The entire dispute on this subject, with the recriminations on both sides, dates back to the time and spirit of the war. In the Tageblatt, for example, THEODOR WOLFF argues that the French must be bent on the ruin of Germany today, because that was one of their avowed purposes or hopes early in the war. To that effect he quotes some suspicious phrases from the dispatches of the Russian Ambassador in Paris, sent in late September, 1914, and afterward dug out of the Petrograd archives and printed. But if the argument were to be rested upon the intentions of wartime, it would go heavily against the Germans. Take the declaration made to the German Chancellor on June 20, 1915, which was signed, among others, by 182 leading German industrialists. There was a true program of economic ruin for you! Belgium was to remain irrevocably under German control "from the economic point of view as well as from the political and military." Great stretches of French territory were to be taken and "a tremendous war indemnity was to be imposed upon France without any hesitation." These were among the safeguards which the great German industrialists then felt it necessary to insist upon for the future. One of the signers of this declaration was Herr KIRDORF, head of the powerful mining and metallurgic company of Gelsenkirchen. Yet he now appears in the news from the Ruhr as one of the most violent protesters against the course of France. This he calls an outrageous act of war, though it contemplates but a minute fraction of the policy which he himself seven years ago held it needful to pursue against France.

To summon now these manifestations of the temper of war avails little in dealing with the post-war economic problems. The French Prime Minister rejects as a "stupid calumny" the assertion that the French plot or even desire the economic breakdown of Germany. She is not only the chief debtor of France, whose resources it is a manifest French interest to conserve, but is also a neighbor with whom France must manage to live, and a customer whose goodwill it is her obvious concern to cultivate. There is far too much loose talk about deliberate plots to bring financial and industrial ruin upon large sections of Central Europe. No Government or nation is mad enough to think that it can get any profit from such a policy. The real troubles are thick enough and black enough without inventing imaginary ones. The plan which the French have taken up to force reparations from Germany is proving so complicated and difficult in execution that it really strains credulity to represent her as at the same time meditating schemes for the disruption and fatal economic weakening of the Reich.

THE IRREPRESSIBLE OIL PROBLEM.

The greatest problem in the world today is oil, which is indispensable in both industry and war. Nations that cannot obtain a supply sufficient for their needs will fall behind in wealth and influence.

"Just when the point is reached where oil controls money," says E. MACKAY EDGAR, an English writer, "the United States finds her chief source of domestic supply beginning to dry up, and a time approaching when, instead of ruling the oil market of the world, she will have to compete with other countries for her share in the crude product." The United States must have that share or cease to be the greatest industrial nation in the world. If Great Britain should be able to command the major part of the oil production of the world, it would be only a question of time when she would have an unchallengeable supremacy as a manufacturing nation and be secure in the position of first military power. She is the chief competitor of the United States in the oil fields of Mexico and South America, and in those of the Near East and the Far East Great Britain is entrenching herself. In the oil territory of the United States British capitalists have established themselves, and are seeking, by the purchase of stock and by promoting reorganizations, to obtain control of American companies. The Federal Trade Commission's report upon foreign ownership in the petroleum industry of the United States, which has just been submitted to Congress, is therefore of timely interest.

The report throws light upon the operations of the Royal Dutch-Shell Transport and Trading Company, which in 1921 produced 11 per cent. of the world's supply. This combination has oil lands, refineries and tank ships in all parts of the world. The subsidiary Shell Union Oil Corporation controls 240,950 acres of oil land in the United States, together with pipe lines, refineries and marketing equipment. Recently it absorbed the Union Oil Company of Delaware, which owned 26 per cent. of the stock of the Union Oil Company of California. Whatever British capitalists may accomplish by acquiring stock in American companies, they will have to reckon with a law enacted in 1920, which, to quote from the Federal Trade Commission's report, "forbids the acquisition of properties by the nationals of any foreign country that denies reciprocity to Americans." According to the report, Great Britain is such a country, for American oil capitalists are excluded from India, Australia, British Borneo, certain African colonies, British Honduras, British Guiana and Trinidad. The percentage of oil production in the United States credited to British companies is comparatively small, and as to the future the great American combinations can probably take care of themselves. It is in other parts of the world that the contest for oil must be fought out between the rivals.

In the February number of The Atlantic Monthly Leo PASVOLSKY discusses civilization and oil. He makes it plain that there can be no lasting prosperity for America unless more oil is obtained than is now produced here. "Left with only its own oil resources," he says, "the United States would begin to experience a serious shortage of oil within the present decade." It is true that this country has the greatest deposits of oil shale, but the process of extraction is expensive. According to the Geological Survey, the available supply of petroleum oil in the world is 60,000,000,000 barrels, of which only one-seventh is found in the United States. The demand for gasoline, kerosene, fuel oil and lubricating oils is increasing tremendously, and the greatest increase is in the United States. Conservation of petroleum products has become imperative. Mr. PASVOLSKY maintains that if civilization is to endure there must be international control "in the matter of the distribution of such primary materials as coal, iron, timber and, first of all, oil." At the Paris Peace Conference the question came up but was quickly dismissed. The only alternative to an international agreement to divide the oil of the world is, in this writer's opinion, a series of struggles for possession.

S. P. A. E.

Mr. HARTLEY MANNERS, in a fit of irritation, has called our theatrical managers glorified janitors. How can glory be added to him in whose person all known glories, splendors and powers are already centralized? What Mr. MANNERS really meant was that the managers are half-hearted janitors, with the inferiority complex, who perform the work of a janitor but dare not assume the name and regalia.

That reproach cannot be brought against the members of the Society of Professional Automotive Engineers. There is a Society of Automotive Engineers, composed not of amateurs as might be hastily inferred, but of engineers engaged in the production of automotive vehicles. But the S. P. A. E. is composed of persons who operate automotive vehicles. The coarse unfeeling world has been calling them chauffeurs. "Chauffeur" means the man who heats up, and the Professional Automotive Engineers heat up only when you call them chauffeurs. They want to eliminate that disgusting word, not only for themselves but for humbler brethren in similar occupation, who are hereafter to be known as automobile drivers.

Not every automobile driver, it appears, can get into the S. P. A. E. That is confined to "professional operators of automobiles in private employment." A taxi driver is not a professional automotive engineer. Yet even he is above being stigmatized by the epithet of chauffeur, it seems, and the S. P. A. E. wants us all to get into the habit of using the term "automobile driver" for persons who operate taxis and trucks. But for professionals in private employment the term engineer is reserved, thus maintaining the heaven-born distinctions of the caste system on the driver's seat. All that is now needed is a simple terminology to describe the three ranks of passengers—those who own a car driven by a P. A. E., those who own and drive their own, and those who own nothing but the price of a taxi ride.

Luckily we have the three terms ready to hand. They come down from old times, with some antique connotations, but their substantial meaning suits the need—nobles, gentry and the common herd.

MAKING TEACHERS.

If this nation had to depend upon those alone who are "born" teachers, there would be such a shortage that few children could be taught. Most teachers have to be "made." The most important educational service that a State or private philanthropy can render is to provide and support institutions in which teachers may be taught to teach. Without them there cannot be schools worth "keeping." Too much praise cannot be given those who have made it possible for Teachers College, which had less than 200 students in 1897 and now has nearly 5,000, to continue in an ever larger and more effective way to "make" teachers.

This institution, of which, under a slightly different name, Dr. BUTLER was the first President, and which has been carried to its present primacy by Dean JAMES E. RUSSELL, has already sent 50,000 teachers out into the field (more than twenty of whom are now college or university Presidents), and has on its rolls at present students from every State in the Union and from thirty-seven foreign countries, preparing for what a recent report of the Carnegie Foundation on "The Professional Preparation of Teachers" called "pre-eminent service." Says this report: "If training of any sort can provide men and women who are equipped and willing to serve youth as youth should be served, their service is pre-eminent." The willingness is not sufficient; there must also be the professional equipment.

Teachers College, which has now this prospect of larger usefulness, through the loyal gifts of its graduates and the generous aid of others, is not only making teachers, it is studying the fundamental problems of education and taking a foremost part in developing the science of pedagogy and the art of teaching. Such researches as Dr. THORNDIKE has already made have altered profoundly the ratings of various disciplines and led to the better measurement of abilities. All such scientific knowledge, when carried into the conscious possession of the teacher, will ultimately reach the generations to come. It is they who will have special reason for gratitude to those who are giving today to Teachers College and making possible the better teaching of the men and women who are to teach the children and youth of these who, as SENECA remarked, are quite as useful to the State as they who "bring forth candidates" for offices, or "defend the accused," or "decide for peace or war."

TOPICS OF THE TIMES.

They Dealt With More Than Politics.

Presumably all of the Irish republicans—so-called—either read or heard the Lenten pastorals that were delivered in all of the Catholic churches of Ireland on Sunday. They can say easily enough, and doubtless will, that while they are willing to take their religion from the priests they will use their own judgment in political matters.

That sounds well, but as a matter of fact the declarations and exhortations coming from Cardinal LOGUE, Archbishop GILMARTIN and other eminent members of the Irish hierarchy dealt for the most part with matters not at all political—with murder, arson and the demoralization of young men and young women. Do the followers of DE VALERA deny that their priests have a right to advise them in that domain—to condemn those who commit the crimes so vigorously rehearsed in these remarkable pastorals?

It was politics, perhaps, when the Cardinal declared that the hurricane now sweeping Ireland "sprang from a thin, intangible, unsubstantial vapor—the difference between some equivocal words in an oath, the difference between external and internal connection with the British Commonwealth." That the rebels may hold to be debatable, even with a Cardinal, but surely he speaks with authority when he denounces them, not for their opinions as to what the government of Ireland should be, but for the committing of most of the crimes in the calendar, running all the way from assassination down to petty larceny.

He does not accept the excuse that this is war, nor does he consider it war to put "lethal weapons in the hands of mere schoolboys," or to involve "young women and girls in this wild orgy of violence and destruction." Again he discusses the beguiling of "youth and inexperience by false principles of patriotism, playing upon the generous spirit of Irish devotion and Irish bravery."

He Spoke Plainly of Germans.

General DECOUTTE, the French commander in the Ruhr, has a great reputation as a fighting soldier, but he also uses words with skill as well as energy. That is shown by some remarks made by him while discussing with a representative of The Associated Press the situation and prospects as he saw them.

"Germany," he said, "never will fight unless she is stronger, or believes she is stronger, than her adversary. The moment she feels that an opponent is the more powerful she surrenders." Then he became reminiscent. "She pleaded and begged for an armistice under circumstances in which the Allies would have considered that they had just begun to fight." And he added, in contrast: "We did not quit after Sedan. We fought to the finish, we lost and we paid." The close was a warning: "If she forces another battle on us she will not stay our hands by crying 'Kamerad.'"

That is not suave language, but is it not true that neither England nor France would have thought of giving up while they had the enormous power of resistance possessed by the Germans in November of 1918? There was, too, the surrender of Germany's great fleet without the firing of a single shot—an act so humiliating, so shameful, that the officers and men in the other ships turned away their eyes as from an indecent spectacle.

Attacking the Clouds Scientifically.

"Rain-making," having been practiced, or attempted, or promised, so often by persons equally ill-equipped with knowledge and with honesty, has come to be a phrase half humorous and half expressive of disgust. What has been done out at Dayton, Ohio, of late in the way of dispelling clouds and precipitating the moisture in them is an entirely different thing.

The physicists who conducted the experiments for the Army Air Service there—Professor WILDER D. BANCROFT of Cornell and L. FRANCIS WARREN—are both of such eminence in the world of science that the familiar jokes about rain-makers must be laid aside, and their announcements of what they have done and hope to do can be accepted with confidence.

They are not the first to hold that clouds could be dissipated by the use of devices for influencing the electrical condition of the particles in watery vapor. Attempts to do this were made with some measure of success in London some years ago, but there the plan was abandoned as impracticable. The scattering from airplanes of finely divided and highly electrified sand is a wholly new idea, but its promise of success lies in its consonance with general scientific opinion as to the nature of clouds, and of fogs, which are merely clouds flying low. It long has been believed that every raindrop forms around a minute particle, usually of dust, but often, as in London, of unconsumed carbon from coal fires. It is upon these theories, evidently, that the Dayton experiments were founded, with the electrification of the particles to hasten the desired action.

The object at present is not to make rain, but to clear away clouds from above flying fields. The two activities are related, however, and there may be development along both lines. If much should be achieved, then man as well as Jove would deserve the title of "cloud-compelling."

Legality Hardly an Excuse.

Technically, both the Immigration Commissioner at this port and the head of the Immigration Bureau in Washington seem to have been correct in refusing to stop the deportation of fifty-one Armenians on the steamer Madonna. They followed the strict letter of the law, they say, and if in doing so they inflicted a handship on these wretched people—well, all deportations are hardships and the law orders them.

With that admitted, the fact remains that the treatment of the Armenians was such as to humiliate us all—a needless piece of cruelty that could have been avoided if the officials concerned had been entrusted with more of discretionary power to be decently human in special cases—could have been avoided, perhaps, if they had chosen so use the discretionary power they have. Instead, they took advantage of what they preferred to consider peremptory compulsion; and though a writ which they would have been obliged to obey had it reached them a little earlier had been issued, they refused to heed a timely notice of its existence on the ground that the notice came over the telephone.

Considering the amount and importance of the business done every day with no better basis than a telephone message, this is a very thin excuse. They could have delayed the deportation if they had chosen to do so; they didn't choose, and the fifty-one Armenians sailed away to what possibly will be their death.

COLORADO'S LAUREATE.

Her Aims of Helpfulness to the Aspiring Authors of Her State.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

A kind friend has just presented me with your editorial of Jan. 28, and I wonder if you can ever know just how unjust that editorial was to one who had not asked for recognition from you. I did not seek this appointment, knew nothing of it until the newspaper notices came out, and in accepting it I do so not with any pretense to worth or desire for recognition. I do hope to find in it an opportunity to serve Colorado and Colorado writers. If you disapprove of State laureates, there was no possible reason for a personal attack upon a person whom you did not know and of whose work you could not judge.

I have not published a book of poems. I am not yet ready to do so. I have published several plays and appeared in six or eight magazines of national circulation. The prizes to which you refer so flippantly were four of them national. You cannot conceive that anything worthy of recognition should exist out of New York, but there is a very large and hungry world beyond its limits with a right to its own standards and opinions which are not always yours, and "noblesse oblige" is a law of our great West—we help the other fellow instead of throwing stones when he seeks to rise.

This is written in sorrow rather than bitterness, just to beg of you do not do to another the thing which you have done to me. Men's souls (and women, too, are now believed to possess them) have been embittered by just such thoughtless cleverness too often already. Come but to our West, learn to know us better, and the tolerance of our broad plains and the majesty of our mountains will convince you that we are at least striving and sincere.

You ask what the duties of a State laureate are. May I answer in all seriousness the question you have asked in jest? It remains to be worked out in detail, since the thought of it is so new, but I interpret it wholly as an opportunity of service to the creative work that is being produced under such tremendous odds in the West. Yesterday I visited Chappel House in Denver, the new home of the Denver Art Association and the Allied Arts. I found musicians and artists in evidence, but no bookshelf of Colorado writers. I shall immediately collect the published books of Arthur Chapman, Edith Colby Banfield, Helen Hunt Jackson, Knibbs and others whom you will not recognize because not upon accredited lists. We do not write poems upon inaugural occasions in Colorado, nor make them upon order. I shall take the time to answer every letter from would-be writers, furnishing my own postage by the way, directing them, if the work is bad, to help upon technique and advising them that only through study may these defects be overcome. If it is good, it will be my great pleasure to give it encouragement and help it to find recognition. I hope that a definite program of helpfulness may open up to me. I should have preferred to go quietly on my way with your blessing, but I have filed your editorial together with the most atrocious snapshot of me I ever saw, and whenever I begin to think too well of my job I shall just take them out and look at them.

(Mrs. L. A.) NELLIE H. MILLER.
Colorado Springs, Jan. 31, 1923.

FORGOTTEN LOVELINESS.

Where has it gone?—that haunting loveliness
Of other years—dead cities—loveliness
That flung, perchance, o'er Athens long ago
This evanescent glow of jeweled skies,
All amber, pearl, spilled rubies, molten gold.

Not only Nature has this lavish hand,
Spilling her splendors down forgotten ways.
But Art, too, wakes her largesse royally,
The picture, painted on some plaster wall,
That fades with age, and is so ill restored
You'd never dream how beautiful it was:
The line of verse, alive with haunting charm,
Yet written by some long forgotten bard.
And then the mellow house among old trees,
Where children laughed and played, and mothers sang,
Where lovers walked secluded garden paths
And smelled that magic smell of purple grapes!
A house forgotten now, no legend lent,
While, huddled on its site, a factory
Sits like some monster toad, but jewelless,
Save for pale lights on Winter afternoons.

And more than all, the faces we have loved,
So beautiful in curving gracious line
And ruddy color, warm with life's red wine,
So beautiful they were—and are no more!

And like ourselves were they, remembering
Life only, never what gray Death must bring,
Yet vanished all, as any vanished Spring!

And yet this waste, this princely arrogance,
Like some contrived orchestral dissonance,
Has yet its nobler aspect: we shall die
And underneath Earth's loveliness shall lie,
While children of our children live to see
The soul of Beauty, reborn endlessly!

ELIZABETH NEWPORT HEPBURN.

SUPREME COURT DIVISIONS.

Right of Congress to Require 7 to 2 Decisions is Questioned.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Senator BORAH, with his usual iconoclastic enterprise, has introduced a bill in the Senate requiring the concurrence of at least seven of the nine Justices of the Supreme Court in the exercise of its appellate jurisdiction to declare an act of the Congress unconstitutional.

Since the unanswerable vindication of this power of the court by Chief Justice Marshall in the celebrated case of Marbury vs. Madison (1. Cranch, 176) its exercise by Federal and State courts has been recognized and acquiesced in by the country at large; and this bill is in itself an admission of this right of the court.

While it is true that this power is not expressly conferred on the court by any provision of the Constitution, it is an inevitable incident of our form of government, and of a written Constitution, limiting and controlling the exercise of the powers of government by public officials, and of the several departments of the Government.

In Section 2 of Article 3 of the Constitution we find a provision addressed directly to the courts, namely: "No person shall be convicted of treason unless on the testimony of two witnesses to the same overt act, or on confession in open court." Suppose Congress should pass an act authorizing conviction on the testimony of but one witness, or on confession out of court. This would be clearly beyond the constitutional power of Congress, and is as clearly a mandate to the court to declare such an act void as against the Constitution.

If we recognize and admit this power of the court, which is now undisputed by anybody, its exercise by a majority thereof must be likewise conceded whether we approve of it or not.

If the foregoing observations are well founded, a conclusive answer to the unconstitutionality of this bill is that, if we admit the constitutional power of Congress by an act to require a greater number than a majority to declare laws unconstitutional, then we logically concede that the power is without limit, and that the Congress can go a step further, which it would likely do, and require unanimity on the part of the court to declare acts unconstitutional, thereby taking, in effect, from the court this power it derives from the Constitution—making an act of the Congress superior to the organic law of the nation, and thereby destroying one of the most valuable and important powers exercised by the courts for the protection of the liberties and the property rights of the citizen.

In view of the socialistic tendencies of the times, and the manifest and growing disposition on the part of a large section of our people to practically confiscate private property for public uses by taking it over without just compensation, this bill is vicious in the extreme, and very dangerous to our liberty, our property rights, and to those fundamental principles of our Government that are essential to its perpetuation.

ALEXANDER SIDNEY LANIER.
Washington, Feb. 7, 1923.

THE FRENCH IN THE RUHR.

Washington's Failure to Understand What Was Going On.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

A cable dispatch intimates that Washington did not know that the French were going to enforce their treaty rights and enter the Ruhr. Can it be that "Washington" imagined M. Poincaré either met a man of his word or unable to retain the support of the public?

Surely independent American observers, who have understood more than the average tourist knows about what has been going on in France for a long time, could have told many months ago that either France must be paid as agreed or that she would put keepers and scrutineers over the defaulting Germans.

If Washingtonians had carefully read M. Poincaré's direct assertions printed in the Revue des Deux Mondes over a year ago, or had at least read faithful translations, they would have known what was sure to happen. Perhaps some of them were so busy figuring out on paper that Germany could pay this or that exact sum, and no more, that they missed the facts of the case. Who knows what Germans can pay? Time will tell.

France is in the Ruhr, and has the desired evidence, according to reports today, to prove that some of the Hun industrialists have, as we say in America, "sent property out of the State to defraud creditors." "Thieves can not pass a title"; therefore it would seem that if funds that should have gone toward reparations have been diverted, and then deposited abroad, the French and Belgians have a clear case to make representations to any Governments under whose jurisdiction the funds may be proven to be.

So France may, after all, get more out of the defaulters than the overseas pro-Germans are now predicting. Wouldn't that be a grim joke, after all the labors of the Germans since the armistice, to manufacture a muddled sentiment abroad? Almost as much of a joke as their efforts in the United States prior to our tardy entrance into the war against them. They failed. They will fail.

HERBERT EITCH.
London, England, Jan. 27, 1923.

Zinn Gould.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

The sudden death during the week of Zinn Gould was a great shock to the newspaper world. Mr. Gould was born in Carlisle and began his career on The Philadelphia Press as a reporter. He then went to The Philadelphia Times, one of the great papers of its day, founded by John and Frank McLaughlin. Here he trained under the great Alexander McClure, who was editor in chief, and wrote a series of articles for the paper extending over a period of two years. These dealt with the different phases of medieval art. They brought him into prominence as a writer of scholarly attainments. Essays, verse, de société and, from the French, novels of Daudet and others followed. For five years he was in Paris as a correspondent. His perfect knowledge of French was invaluable to him. He became noted for his brilliant, forceful style and as a master of epigram and satire.

A. M.
New York, Feb. 9, 1923.

Senator Borah, Isolationist.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Senator BORAH has sermonized about Egypt, about India, about Russia, about Ireland, and is now engaged on Germany. He is said to be an "isolationist," but not for himself, surely. Excepting France alone, his voice has covered all Europe, and it has been echoed back by the pyramids of the Nile and the crags of Mount Everest. Such a voice cannot be isolated. Is it possible that the less an honest man knows the fiercer his determination to tell us about it?

E.
A TRAVELER.
Lake Minnetonka, Minn., Feb. 7, 1923.

AMERICA IN THE LEAGUE.

What Reservations to the Covenant Are Now Proposed?

To the Editor of The New York Times:

You recently published an account of the campaign Mr. Hamilton Holt and associates have inaugurated on behalf of the entry of the United States into the League of Nations—with a list of names representing many well-known publicists, the majority of them, however, apparently of the group which from the first favored the League covenant and the treaty as brought from Versailles by Mr. Wilson. You still later have published the account of Mr. Justice Clarke's taking up and leading in the advocacy—giving the prestige of his late position as an Associate Justice of our highest national court, giving also what he has said publicly in that advocacy.

The blank form of petition which Mr. Holt's headquarters circulate leaves it uncertain as to what form of covenant it accepts and advocates the adoption of—the original form or the form with reservations; and I am sure many of us who are anxious that once for all we abandon our isolation and associate ourselves in a helpful way with our allies abroad with whom we fought for the defeat of Germany would like to see such a definite statement of purposes as would command the support and gain the signatures of the multitudes who met Mr. Wilson's challenge for a great and solemn referendum with an emphatic and overwhelming negative vote. Dr. Henry van Dyke a year ago, as reported in THE TIMES itself, said at the Town Hall, while eulogizing President Wilson as an "epochal leader," that he was satisfied the great majority of Americans were in favor of our joining the League when the covenant should have been so modified as to "conform it to the requirements of the Constitution"; implying that in its original form it does not so conform; and knowledge that this eulogist of Mr. Wilson so views it must tend to dissuade many from signing any petition as long as it is possible, perhaps probable, that this campaign, thus eminently led, contemplates and involves advocacy of adoption in that form.

Mr. Justice Clarke is reported as disclaiming any intention to suggest to those having the power to ratify any form in which to ratify. Is not that a mistake? Would not the movement be greatly popularized by the definite statement that the form which was so signally defeated, both in the Senate and at the polls, is not the form its advocates, now led by the Justice, propose to have adopted? Why handicap the championship by the possible imposition of a condition already proved to be unacceptable? It is known that Canada has asked the elimination—as a Lodge reservation proposed—of Article X. of the covenant, which also was the crux of the great debate in the Senate, which body came near to having a two-thirds vote, including twenty-three Democratic Senators, in favor of ratification with Lodge reservations. And it was reported a year ago that at Geneva the League Assembly was ready to waive all obligations accruing under that article, while recently the Council of the League, meeting in Paris, debated a similar proposition, but adjourned definite action on it. Except they disclaim a purpose to ratify with that article intact and unmodified, is there not danger that all attempts to end isolation and give (conferring) the most generous help abroad may be defeated? President Harding, when a candidate, said at Marion, Ohio, on Aug. 28, 1920, that as a Senator he voted twice for ratification with the Lodge reservations, and under like conditions would do so again. He has never said he would favor ratification with Article X. as originally proposed and against which he voted. The supposition that almost a two-thirds vote for ratification with reservations, one of which proposed to omit Article X. altogether, can be changed to a two-thirds vote to ratify with the article in and left intact and unmodified seems wildly chimerical, and I raise the question whether a specific announcement of adoption of the Canadian proposal be not indispensable to any prospect of popular approval and success.

The attitude of opposition to acceptance of the covenant with Article X. as originally presented is quite explicable. Article VI. of the Constitution provides that a duly ratified and proclaimed treaty becomes part of "the law of the land," which the courts are commanded to enforce. With a Chief Executive who was a broad and liberal constructionist, it was felt the step was short and easy to an assumption that what the courts were commanded to carry into effect the Executive might reasonably assume to execute; and Mr. Wilson's reported remark at Versailles—reported by himself as having been made by himself to the Rumanian representative—as to what he might reasonably expect of the United States if his Government and nation were attacked or menaced, that is, intervention with our army and naval forces—strength and the conviction that there was danger the Executive would assume to do that, without any authorization by Congress. Mr. Justice Clarke certainly can perceive how real this danger might seem to many who desired closer and more intimate and helpful relations with our former allies and associates in the World War. On the whole, the premises seemed to justify the apprehension that such danger was real.

Now, ought not the new propaganda to be fortified by a declaration and statement, definitely, of what it is not proposed shall be done?

GEORGE R. BISHOP.
New York, Feb. 7, 1923.

The Late Samuel Parsons.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

In the passing of Samuel Parsons our parks have lost a valued friend. Personally, and as President of the Parks and Playgrounds Association, I desire to pay tribute to the memory of this most loyal citizen who never failed to join in every move to protect the park spaces of this city from invasion. His efforts in this direction won for him the admiration of all fellow-members of the association and the esteem of the general public. He was sincerely devoted to the development and preservation of our park system for the best interests of the people and most conscientious in protecting these breathing spaces—the parks—of our city.

GEORGE GORDON BATTLE.
New York, Feb. 5, 1923.

Return of the Troops.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

I want to congratulate you and THE TIMES on the account of the home-coming of the troops on the St. Mihiel in your issue of Feb. 6. It is a wonderful piece of reportorial writing—in fact, one of the very best I ever saw. As I was on the Rhine last Spring and my family have been in Coblenz most of the time since, I can perhaps enter more fully into the spirit of the occasion than some others. The article has all the sentiment the occasion demanded and at the same time is a true picture. I only wish some of the people who try fancy writing and my effect could take a lesson from this writer.

F. W. HAUBARD
(U. S. A., Retired).
Knoxville, Tenn., Feb. 10, 1923.

EARL OF DENBIGH WEDS MISS EMMET

Cardinal Bourne Officiates at Marriage of Daughter of Late Dr. T. A. Emmet of New York.

IN WESTMINSTER CHAPEL

Bridegroom Has a Notable Military Record—His Bride Has Lived Abroad Sixteen Years.

By Wireless to THE NEW YORK TIMES. Copyright, 1923, by The New York Times Company.

LONDON, Feb. 12.—Through streets that were still practically deserted a few personal friends went to Westminster Cathedral at 8 o'clock this morning to attend the wedding of the Earl of Denbigh to Kathleen Emmet, a descendant of Robert Emmet, famous Irish leader, and daughter of the late Thomas Addis Emmet of New York.

In compliment to the Earl, who is lay head of the Roman Catholic Church in England, Cardinal Bourne celebrated mass in the Crypt Chapel of the Cathedral. The bride, who is 37, wore a long traveling coat, and her brother, Captain Robert Emmet, gave her away.

The Earl, who is 42, was attended by his nephew, Captain Ralph Elwes.

Viscount Fielding, Lady Dorothy Moore and Lady Victoria Fielding, son and daughters of the Earl, were present. The Earl and his bride left for Paris for their honeymoon.

Miss Emmet is the youngest daughter of the late Dr. Thomas Addis Emmet of New York, and has lived abroad sixteen years. Her brothers are Dr. John Duncan Emmet, Thomas A. Emmet Jr. and Robert Emmet. Her father, who died in 1919, leaving an estate of about $1,000,000, was a grand-nephew of Robert Emmet, and in his will directed that his body be buried in Ireland. His instructions were carried out last Autumn. Miss Emmet's sister, who married Charles N. Harris, died many years ago.

The engagement of Miss Emmet and the Earl was announced Jan. 24. He had a distinguished military record prior to the war but had retired from active service. He re-entered the army at the outbreak of hostilities and served in the campaign in Egypt. This is the second marriage for the Earl, who was born in 1859, his first wife having died in 1919.

Haworth—Strong.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 12.—The marriage of Miss Erma Strong, daughter of Representative and Mrs. James G. Strong of Kansas, and Paul Haworth of Kansas City took place this evening at 9 o'clock at the Congressional Club. The bride was attended by Miss Norma Chandler, daughter of Representative Chandler, as maid of honor. Mrs. Frederick G. Stodder of New York was the matron of honor. Miss Florence Curry and Miss Elizabeth Hudspeth were bridesmaids. George Strong was best man for Mr. Haworth and the ushers included Fred Tenney, George Ward and Forrest Curry.

Kimball—Wham.

The marriage of Miss Mary Wham, daughter of the late Major Joseph W. Wham and Mrs. Wham of St. Louis, formerly of this city, to Colonel Robert E. Kimball of Pittsfield, Mass., took place at noon yesterday in the chapel of St. Bartholomew's Church on Park Avenue at Fifteenth Street. Colonel Kimball is the son of J. Fred B. Kimball and Mrs. Addie Stanley Kimball.

The bride, whose uncle, Colonel Clarke S. Smith of Columbia, S. C., gave her in marriage, was attended by Mrs. William Whitlesey of Pittsfield. Lincoln A. Wagenhals was best man. The ceremony was followed by a wedding breakfast at Sherry's, given by Miss Lucy E. Smith and Mrs. Robert London, the bride's aunts.

After a honeymoon in Florida the couple will live in Pittsfield.

Morschauser—Hulse.

Joseph Morschauser Jr., son of Supreme Court Justice Morschauser and Mrs. Morschauser of Poughkeepsie, N. Y., and Miss Ida Foster Hulse, daughter of Mrs. Olive Hulse of Patchogue, L. I., were married yesterday afternoon at 5 o'clock in St. Joseph's Church in East Eighty-seventh Street. Mgr. Gallus Bruder, pastor of the church, officiated, assisted by the Rev. A. Asfalg of Poughkeepsie.

The bride's only attendant was her sister, Miss Jennie Hulse, and the best man was John R. Schwartz. After a short honeymoon the couple will make their home in Poughkeepsie, where the bridegroom is a member of the firm of Aldrich, Morschauser & Haas. Mr. Morschauser served as a Captain in the United States Army during the war.

Kelsey—Peniston.

John Forsyth Kelsey, a son of Mr. and Mrs. Clarence H. Kelsey, of East Orange, and Miss Elizabeth Peniston, a daughter of Mrs. Charlotte M. Peniston, also of East Orange, were married yesterday at St. Mark's Church, West Orange, the Rev. Dr. Reazon officiating.

COMMANDER THOMSON MARRIED IN LONDON

Assistant U. S. Naval Attache Weds Miss Lillian Norton—Ambassador Harvey at Reception.

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LONDON, Feb. 12.—Commander Thaddeus A. Thomson Jr., Assistant United States Naval Attaché here, and Miss Lilian Norton, daughter of Mrs. Herbert A. Orme of Vale Head, Wightwick, Staffordshire, were married today in St. Margaret's Church, Westminster, by Canon Carnegie.

The bride's stepfather, Colonel Herbert A. Orme, gave her away, and the train of her white satin wedding dress was carried by two children in Kate Greenaway costume. The bridegroom was in uniform and had as best man Lieut. Commander Newton H. White, Junior Assistant United States Aviation Attaché. The guard of honor at the church door was provided by other United States Attachés.

At the reception at Claridge's among the guests were the American Ambassador and Mrs. Harvey, Lord and Lady Lee of Fareham, Colonel Amery, First Lord of the Admiralty, and Mrs. Amery; the Italian Ambassador, Sir and Lady Willert, Admiral Mark Kerr, R. N., Rear Admiral Maurice Fitzmaurice, R. N., Director of British Naval Intelligence and a large number of the staff of the American Embassy and other diplomats stationed in London.

Hagen-Towler Engagement.

Mr. and Mrs. Louis A. Hagen of Cranford, N. J., have announced the engagement of their daughter, Miss Lucile Antoinette Hagen, to Eugene Davis Towler, son of Mr. and Mrs. Edward T. Towler, also of Cranford. Miss Hagen is a graduate of the Institute of Musical Art of this city, Class of '18. Mr. Towler is a graduate of Dartmouth, class of '13, and was Secretary to the President of Dartmouth. He served during the war in the Chemical Warfare Service of the Army. No date has been set for the wedding.

SOCIAL NOTES

New York.

A musicale will be given for the benefit of Hope Farm this afternoon at the residence of Mrs. Cornelius Vanderbilt, 660 Fifth Avenue, at 4 o'clock.

Miss Florence Mathews of 812 Fifth Avenue gave a luncheon yesterday at the Plaza. Among her guests were Mrs. William A. Perry, Mrs. William A. Slasam, Mrs. Robert Smith, Mrs. Harold C. Mathews, Miss Julianna Cutting and Miss Mary Field.

Mrs. J. Mayhew Wainwright of Scranton, Pa., was the guest of Mrs. Stephen Gilmore Mallary at 10 East Eighty-first Street, over Lincoln's Birthday.

Mrs. Frederick Martin Davies, Miss Emily O'N. Davies, and John Whitehead were the guests last evening at the private performance of "Cortez and Peggy," given in the Ambassador grill.

Mr. and Mrs. J. Macy Willets entertained a small party at luncheon yesterday at the Marguery.

Baron de Cartier, the Belgian Ambassador, will arrive at the Ritz-Carlton next Friday. On that day he will have lunch with J. Pierpont Morgan, and on Saturday he will be the guest at luncheon of Mrs. Newbold Lefroy Edgar.

Mrs. Philip Rhinelander, 2d, was a luncheon hostess yesterday at the Ritz.

Mme. C. A. Lewolsky accompanied Mrs. Honore Palmer to Palm Beach, where she will be her guest. They plan to return to Carlton House about March 10.

This evening before the opening of the Lenten season tomorrow, a Mardi Gras ball is to be held at the Ritz-Carlton for the benefit of the Southern Industrial Educational Association, of which Mrs. Algernon Sydney Sullivan is President. Many dinners are to precede the ball.

The German Ambassador, Dr. Otto Weidfeldt, with members of his embassy staff from Washington, D. C., occupied a box at last night's performance of "Die Meistersinger" by singers from Berlin, opening their three weeks' Wagner festival at the Manhattan Opera House.

Mrs. Henry Phipps of 1,063 Fifth Avenue, will be at home on Tuesday afternoons until March.

Edward Payson Merwin has returned to his apartment at the Belleclaire for a stay of several days before going back to Pinehurst, N. C., where he is spending the Winter.

Mr. and Mrs. Bernard M. Baruch, Mr. and Mrs. Charles H. Thieriot and Mrs. Moses Taylor were among those entertaining friends at luncheon at Pierre's yesterday.

Mrs. Waldo Cory Johnston has come from her country place, The Orchards, at Cooperstown, N. Y., and is at the Lorraine to remain for several days.

Mr. and Mrs. F. Y. Dalziel and Miss Diana Dalziel, John Achelis, Miss Dorothy Achelis and Mr. and Mrs. Amory S. Carhart of New York, are all at the Princess Hotel, Nassau, and Mr. and Mrs. J. Henry Whitehouse of Irvington-on-Hudson are also there.

Washington.

The Minister of Rumania and Princess Bibesco were the guests of honor at dinner last evening of the Counselor of the Belgian Embassy and Mme. de Selys, who were hosts to ten at the Hamilton Hotel.

The Italian Ambassador, Prince Caetani, was the guest in whose honor Senator and Mrs. Gilbert M. Hitchcock were hosts to sixteen at dinner last evening.

The Chargé d'Affaires of Latvia and Mme. de Seya were hosts at dinner to ten last evening. Additional guests joined the company for a musicale.

The annual breakfast of the Congressional Club was held at noon yesterday at Rauscher's. The two hundred guests were seated at tables of ten, with Mrs. Coolidge, wife of the Vice President, and Mrs. Frederick Gillett, wife of the Speaker of the House, as special guests. Elaborate decorations for the honor table were sent by Mrs. Harding with a note of good wishes. Mrs. Freling-huysen, the retiring President, presided at the luncheon and made a short talk. The Marine band orchestra furnished music and gave a special program for the showing of Guy Bates Post in "Omar, the Tent Maker," which was lent especially for the occasion by Will H. Hays, former Postmaster General, now head of the motion picture industry.

The Persian Minister, Mirza Hussein Khan Alai, was the guest of Mr. and Mrs. Albert H. Putney, who entertained nine at luncheon yesterday at the Shoreham Hotel.

Mrs. H. Wilfred Du Puy entertained at dinner last evening in compliment to her father and mother-in-law, Mr. and Mrs. Herbert Du Puy of Pittsburgh, who are en route to Florida. Mrs. Du Puy also entertained ten at luncheon yesterday at the Shoreham Hotel.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles J. Bell entertained a few friends informally at dinner last evening, inviting their guests to meet their niece, Miss Rosalie Pillat of New York.

Mrs. Charles Boughton Wood was at home for the last time yesterday when she had receiving with her Mrs. Lewis Frissell of New York, who is her guest; Mrs. Walter Schoellkopf, Mrs. William Barrett Ridgeley and Mrs. Victor Cushman. Mrs. George McLean and Mrs. George Ehle presided at the tea table.

Representative Alice Robertson of Oklahoma was at home yesterday for the last time before retiring from Congress. Miss Faith Morrison, niece of Miss Robertson, and her cousin, Miss Georgia Robertson, assisted in receiving. Others who assisted during the afternoon were Mrs. John W. Harreld, Mrs. Clifford Ireland, Mrs. George Richards, Mrs. Edward C. Little, Mrs. Charles C. Kearns and the Misses Bradley.

The Military Attaché of the French Embassy and Mme. Dumont entertained at luncheon yesterday in compliment to Mr. and Mme. Hubert Robert, who are in Washington during the exhibition of paintings of the former at the Corcoran Art Gallery. The guests included members of the Embassy staff.

Newport.

Mr. and Mrs. John Aspegren and their party of guests, who have been spending a few days at Aspen Hall, the Aspegren Summer home, returned to New York last night.

Among those leaving for New York last night were Mrs. Howard Gill, Mrs. G. J. Guthrie Nicholson and A. Fraser Campbell.

Palm Beach.

Mr. and Mrs. George Naphen of New York and their three children, George Jr., Josephine and Mary Margaret Naphen, are occupying a villa here on Seaspray Avenue for the season. Mr. Naphen and a party of friends went on a fishing trip yesterday afternoon.

Among those entertaining luncheon parties at the Beach Club yesterday were Mr. and Mrs. J. Leonard Replogle, Florenz Ziegfeld, Mr. and Mrs. E. Clarence Jones, Mr. and Mrs. George Rasmussen, C. O. Iselin and Mr. and Mrs. C. A. Heckscher Wetherill.

Mrs. Charles L. Harding entertained at a large luncheon at the Palm Beach Country Club yesterday. Mr. and Mrs. Franklin Simon also entertained at a luncheon party there.

Colonel and Mrs. James Elverson Jr., whose houseboat, Golden Days, is docked in Lake Worth in front of the Royal Poinciana, are entertaining Mrs. F. Lumsden Hare and Colonel E. E. Smith.

Mr. and Mrs. Francis Burrall Hoffman of New York are among the arrivals at the Everglades Club. They will be here for the remainder of the season.

Mr. and Mrs. Clarence Dillon have among their guests Mr. and Mrs. W. A. Reed Jr., Mrs. Trowbridge Callaway and Mr. Douglas Dillon. They recently have been from Miami and will be at the Everglades Club for several days.

Many dinner parties will be given before the large dance next Friday evening at El Mirasol by Mr. and Mrs. Edward T. Stotesbury, in honor of Mr. and Mrs. James H. R. Cromwell, Mr. and Mrs. John Kearsley Mitchell and O. Eaton Cromwell, who has just returned from abroad, where he spent two years in Switzerland and Paris.

Mr. and Mrs. E. Clarence Jones are giving a dance this afternoon at their home, Valta Villa. Mrs. Marcus Daly will entertain a large dinner party before the dance.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Pierce Frazier will give a large fancy dress party at the Everglades Club tomorrow evening for their son and daughter-in-law, Mr. and Mrs. Valta Frazier. The guests have all been requested to come in baby clothes.

LUKE D. STAPLETON DIES IN BROOKLYN

Former Justice of the Supreme Court a Victim of Pneumonia at 53 Years.

QUIT THE BENCH IN 1917

President of the Brooklyn Bar Association to Be Buried From St. Francis Xavier Church Tomorrow.

Former Justice of the Supreme Court Luke D. Stapleton, President of the Brooklyn Bar Association, died at his home, 294 Garfield Place, Brooklyn, yesterday afternoon of pneumonia. He was one of the best-known lawyers in this city and when he was a candidate for election to the bench he was supported by prominent men regardless of party lines. In 1908 he was appointed by Governor Hughes to the Supreme Court to fill the place made vacant by the death of Justice George D. Abbott. When the time for his appointment expired Justice Stapleton was a candidate for election, and after his election he served five years on the trial bench, then being designated as a Justice of the Appellate Division.

Late in 1917 Justice Stapleton resigned from the bench and engaged in the practice of the law. He was a member of the law firm of Fitzgerald, Stapleton & Mahon at 25 Broadway.

Justice Stapleton was born in Brooklyn Dec. 11, 1869, the son of Thomas and Catherine Quinn Stapleton. His early education was obtained in the St. James Pro-Cathedral, from which he was graduated in 1885. In 1889 he was graduated from Manhattan College. He studied law at New York University Law School, was graduated in 1891, and in the same year was admitted to practice. In 1899 he was appointed Assistant Corporation Counsel and placed in charge of the Brooklyn office.

In 1903 came his nomination for the Supreme Court Bench and he won by the highest vote cast for any of the candidates on the ticket with him. He was put forward in 1904 as a candidate for Lieutenant Governor, but he withdrew his name.

Justice Stapleton was a member of the Montauk and Brooklyn Clubs, the Driving Club, the National Bar Association and the Knights of Columbus. He left a widow, Mrs. Catherine Nowlen Stapleton; a son, Luke D. Stapleton Jr., and a daughter, Mrs. Robert E. Lee.

The funeral will be held tomorrow at 10 A. M. at the Church of St. Francis Xavier, Sixth Avenue and Carroll Street, Brooklyn. Requiem mass will be sung by the Rev. William Farrell, pastor of the Church of the Assumption, a lifelong friend.

CARDINAL DOUGHERTY BACK FROM CRUISE

Clerical Party and Fifty Freemasons Among Travelers Home on the Megantic.

The White Star liner Megantic returned yesterday from a twenty-eight days' cruise to the West Indies and South America with 346 passengers who appeared to feel the difference between the tropical climate they had just left and that of New York as they stood shivering on the pier waiting for their baggage to be examined. One of the notables on board was Cardinal Dennis J. Dougherty of Philadelphia, who was accompanied by his official secretary, the Very Rev. Mgr. Philip Bernardini, Professor of Canon Law in the Catholic University at Washington and nephew of Cardinal Gaspari, Papal Secretary of State.

The Cardinal said the trip had been very pleasant and that his health was much improved. He celebrated mass each morning in his suite, which was attended by the sixteen priests who were passengers on the cruise.

The party on the Megantic also included fifty Freemasons headed by Dr. F. N. Bonine, a thirty-third degree Mason, of Niles, Mich. The priests and the Masons mingled freely on the voyage and joined in the deck games.

After clearing his baggage at Pier 61, North River, the Cardinal and his party left by special train for Philadelphia with a number of the Catholic laity who had come to New York to greet him.

JEWS PLAN 1923 CONGRESS.

United Synagogue Wants World Gathering in Aid of Palestine.

PITTSBURGH, Feb. 12.—A world congress to be attended by delegates representing Jewish organizations in all countries will be held some time this year to promote plans for the restoration of Palestine. This was decided today by the United Synagogue of America, in annual session here. The date and place of the world congress will be fixed by the Executive Committee at a meeting to be held in New York.

At today's session, the second of the three days' convention, plans were announced for a nation-wide campaign to raise a fund of $500,000 to promote the work of the United Synagogue and affiliated organizations, including the Rabbinical Assembly and the Jewish Theological Seminary.

Dr. Elias L. Solomon of New York was re-elected President, and the following new members were named on the Executive Committee: Maurice L. Avner, Pittsburgh; Abraham Cohn, Scranton; Joseph Boch, New York; Henry Cross, Newark, N. J.; William Praeger, New York, and Ignatz Schwartz, Youngstown, Ohio.

CHIROPRACTORS ORGANIZE.

Seek to Have Member of Society Named Health Commissioner.

A campaign to make a chiropractor the next Health Commissioner of New York was begun by the Greater New York District Chiropractic Society at a meeting at the headquarters, 148 West Seventy-second Street, last night. President Samuel Pingitore said thousands of chiropractic patients were solidly for it and that the city officials would have to take cognizance of such support.

Petitions calling upon Mayor Hylan to consider a prominent chiropractor for Health Commissioner will be circulated.

Columbia Varsity Show for Charity.

A performance of the Columbia Varsity Show will be given for the benefit of the Institute for Crippled and Disabled Men on Friday, March 23, in the ballroom at the Astor. This is the first time in the eighteen years that the Varsity Show has been presented that a benefit performance has been given.

The executive committee in charge of the benefit was entertained yesterday afternoon by William A. Clark 3d, grandson of Senator William A. Clark, with a tea at his grandfather's Fifth Avenue residence. Those present included Miss Charlotte Church, Miss Mary Grace Ahlstrom, Miss Josephine de Selding, Charles Dana Bennett, Simeon B. Chapin Jr., Raymond W. Keenan, John A. Hubert and William Malone.

10,000 New Yorkers on Boardwalk.

ATLANTIC CITY, N. J., Feb. 12.—More than 10,000 New Yorkers were among the 50,000 visitors in the Boardwalk parade this afternoon here to spend the holiday. Last year there were about 5,000 New Yorkers at this resort on Lincoln's Birthday.

REV. DR. H. R. L. SHEPPARD ILL FROM INFLUENZA

Vicar of Church of St. Martin-in-the-Fields Stricken—His Wife Recovering.

The Rev. Dr. H. R. L. Sheppard, vicar of the Church of St. Martin-in-the-Fields, London, is suffering with influenza at the rectory of St. George's Episcopal Church, Stuyvesant Square and East Sixteenth Street. His wife is recovering from influenza at the rectory.

The Rev. Dr. Karl Reiland, rector of St. George's, yesterday canceled all speaking engagements for Dr. Sheppard, and Mrs. Reiland canceled all social engagements for their guests. Dr. and Mrs. Sheppard were to have remained until March 1, and the clergyman had engagements to speak every day. Dr. and Mrs. Sheppard will sail for Southern France as soon as their health permits.

Dr. Sheppard was to have preached this noon and yesterday noon in St. Paul's, Trinity Parish, Broadway and Fulton Street.

BEGINS 20-FOOT CHANNEL.

Dredge Starts Work on $240,000 Atlantic City Project.

Special to The New York Times.

ATLANTIC CITY, N. J., Feb. 12.—The first step in the big program to give Atlantic City a 20-foot channel was begun here today by the Federal authorities when the dredge Atlantic, which dug the present 12-foot Absecon channel several years ago, began her preliminary work.

Congress, besides the $240,000 appropriation for the channel deepening, has also authorized an outlay of $30,000 a year for maintenance. After completion of the work, Steamers will provide passenger service from New York, Philadelphia, Baltimore and other points, it already has been announced.

DIES DAY AFTER HIS WIFE.

Henry Rosenberg Was an Associate of Oscar Hammerstein.

Henry Rosenberg, a veteran theatrical manager and theatre builder, and his wife, Mrs. Anna Rosenberg, who was a sister of Oscar Hammerstein, died within twenty-four hours of each other at their home in the Esplanade Hotel, Seventy-fourth Street and West End Avenue. Mrs. Rosenberg, who was 67 years old, succumbed to pneumonia on Saturday evening and Mr. Rosenberg died Sunday evening. He was 69 years old and had been associated with Oscar Hammerstein in the development of the earliest theatres in Harlem and the Bronx.

Mr. Rosenberg built the Metropolis Theatre, the first theatre in the Bronx, and afterward was interested in the management of the 125th Street Theatre, the Olympic, afterward called the New York Theatre, and the old Victoria. He retired from active business several years ago.

Mr. and Mrs. Rosenberg left three sons, Walter, known in theatrical circles as Walter Reade, and Jerome and Leo Rosenberg.

Joseph R. De Camp, Portrait Painter

BOSTON, Feb. 12.—Word was received here today of the death of Joseph R. De Camp, noted portrait painter of this city, at Boca Grande, Fla., yesterday. He was born in Cincinnati in 1858, studied art in Munich and Florence and painted portraits of Theodore Roosevelt and many other prominent men. He had been awarded medals at several expositions. For some time he had been instructor in painting at the Massachusetts Normal Art School.

Mr. De Camp won first prize in the City Hall decorative competition in Philadelphia, the Temple gold medal of the Pennsylvania Fine Arts Academy in 1899, a gold medal by the St. Louis Exposition and the Beck prize medal in Philadelphia in 1911. He received honorable mention for his work at the Paris Exposition in 1900.

Former Slave Dies at 117 Years.

RICHMOND HILL, Ont., Feb. 12.—Mrs. Susan Augusta Maxwell, Canada's oldest citizen, and one of the most picturesque figures in York County, is dead at her home today, at the accredited age of 117. She was one of the few survivors of those colored people who escaped from the United States before the emancipation of the slaves. Her journey by the "underground railway," which is a story of hazard and adventure, was undertaken some seventy years ago.

Her husband and four children died some years ago. She was born in Lancaster County, Va. Her age was regarded as reasonably authentic by residents of the village.

Jeremiah Evarts Tracy.

Special to The New York Times.

PLAINFIELD, N. J., Feb. 12.—Jeremiah Evarts Tracy, aged 68, formerly of Plainfield, died yesterday at his home in Ballardville, Mass. He was born at Windsor, Vt., was graduated from the Yale Law School, class of 1857, and at one time was a member of the New York law firm of Evarts, Southmayd & Choate, his uncle, the late United States Senator William Evarts, being senior partner.

Obituary Notes.

MISS AMELIA BELL GUNTHER, youngest daughter of C. Godfrey Gunther, who was Mayor of New York City from 1874 to 1876, died on Sunday at her home, 249 West 107th Street, aged 67 years.

ROBERT GUPLACH, a construction and mechanical engineer, died on Saturday at his home, 1,598 East Second Street, Brooklyn. He was formerly in the service of the Canadian Government.

CHARLES B. WHELDON, 65 years old, a marine insurance broker, died yesterday at his home, 1,623 Dorchester Road, Brooklyn. He was a member of Kings County Lodge, F. and A. M., and Lafferts Council, R. A.

Mrs. MARY LOGAN ROUILLION, widow of Octave A. A. Rouillion, who was the oldest pharmacist in this State at the time of his death in 1918, died on Sunday at her home, 443 Clermont Avenue, Brooklyn, aged 87 years.

WILLIAM GREGORY, one of the first gold leaf manufacturers in this city and a well-known member of the Brooklyn Volunteer Firemen's Association, died in St. Mary's Hospital in Jamaica on Saturday in his ninetieth year. His home was in Richmond Hill.

Mrs. ISABELLA M. BANKS, widow of Dr. James Lenox Banks, died Sunday at her residence, in New Hamburg, N. Y. Mrs. Banks was the daughter of the late Joseph Mozier, American sculptor of Rome, Italy, and lived in Rome for some years before and after her marriage. She resided in this city for many years.

J. W. LEEPER, who was until ill health a year ago forced him to give up work a proofreader on THE NEW YORK TIMES for ten years, died on Sunday at his home in Willseyville, N. Y. He was well known as one of the fastest hand-type setters in this country. Mr. Leeper was 67 years old and a native of Fairmont, W. Va. He was a member of Big B.

THEODORE S. TODD of 521 Jefferson Avenue, Brooklyn, died on Sunday at his home. He was 84 years old and head of the importing firm of T. S. Todd & Co.

JAMES J. O'NEIL, Overseer of the Poor of Clifton, died yesterday in that place.

Captain JOHN F. JENNINGS, a retired sea Captain, died yesterday in Mount Vernon. He was 94 years old.

LEONI WARREN ROBINSON, dean of Connecticut architects, and designer of more public buildings of the State than any other member of the profession, died suddenly in New Haven yesterday.

SHOTARO SHOYAMA, who lived with the family of Y. Murai, prominent residents of Riverside, Conn., died at the Greenwich Hospital Sunday night of influenza and pneumonia, aged 27 years.

JAMES M. DOYLE, 62 years old, for thirty years reporter and editor of The New Britain (Conn.) Herald, died there yesterday.

ANDREW BORUP, 49 years old, builder, died on Sunday. He lived in Tuckahoe.

FIREMEN HONOR THEIR DEAD

Chief Leads 600 to Church, Where Memorial Mass is Held.

Led by Fire Chief John Kenlon and the department band, almost five hundred uniformed firemen yesterday morning marched to the Roman Catholic Church of St. John the Evangelist, First Avenue and Fifty-fifth Street, from Engine Company 8, in Fifty-first Street, to attend a memorial mass for firemen who died last year.

Other officers were Assistant Chiefs Joseph Crawley and Thomas Larkin, the Rev. Patrick O'Connor, the Rev. Dr. Harry Handel, Dr. Harry Archer and Robert Mansner, honorary Deputy Chiefs.

The Rev. Richard J. Hamilton, Fire Chaplain of Brooklyn, and Queens, conducted the services, and fifty members of the Paulist Choir sang.

Robert R. Perkins.

Robert R. Perkins died from pneumonia at his residence, 407 West 153d Street on Sunday. The son of Horace E. and Harriet Louise Perkins he was born Feb. 20, 1848, at the family homestead at 175th Street and Kingsbridge Road and was prominently identified with the development of the Washington Heights and Inwood sections of the city. He graduated from Columbia College in 1869 and was engaged for many years in real estate.

Born.

DUBOIS—Mr. and Mrs. Theodore A. announce the birth of a daughter, Saturday, Feb. 10, 1923.

HERTZ—Mr. and Mrs. Samuel A. Hertz (nee Rose H. Rubenstein) of 1,333 Merriam Av. announce the birth of a daughter Feb. 12, 1923.

JACOBS—Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Jacobs, 118 Lexington Av., Passaic, N. J., announce the arrival of a daughter Feb. 11.

WAITOVE—Mr. and Mrs. Jack Waitove (nee Lenora Freapkoff) announce the birth of a son on Feb. 11, 1923, at 1,169 East 171st St., Brooklyn.

WELLS—Mr. and Mrs. William K. Wells, 346 West 150th St., announce the arrival of a son, Feb. 10, 1923, at Hill Sanitarium, 217 West 139th St.

Died.

ALLMUTH—Alice, at noon Sunday, Feb. 11, 1923, in her home at 1,983 University Av., New York City, in her 21st year, dearly beloved wife of the late Franz Alois Allmuth and mother of Sarah, Alice, Frank and Alfred. Funeral at convenience of family. Interment at Riverview Cemetery, Trenton, N. J. Wednesday, Philadelphia, Trenton and Washington papers please copy.

AUERBACH—August, aged 67 years. Funeral from the Chapel Saul A. Rothschild, 128 West 120th, Tuesday, 2 P. M.

BANKS—On Sunday, Feb. 11, 1923, at her residence, The Cedars, near New Hamburgh, N. Y., Isabella M. Banks, widow of James Lenox Banks, M. D., and daughter of the late Joseph Mozier. Funeral services at Zion Church, Wappingers Falls, N. Y., on Wednesday, Feb. 14, on arrival of train at New Hamburgh leaving Grand Central Terminal at 10:10 A. M.

BANKS—At Pleasantville, N. Y., Feb. 11, 1923, John A., beloved husband of Georgetta Tillar Banks. Funeral services at his late residence, 68 Dusing Road, Pleasantville, N. Y., Tuesday, 2:30 P. M. Interment Kensico Cemetery, at 3:30 P. M.

BARNES—At Stoneham, Mass., Feb. 11, Blanche Gilsack, wife of Andrew F. Barnes. Funeral services at F. E. Church, Woodbridge, N. J., on Wednesday, Feb. 14, at 2:30 P. M.

BILLER—George, at his residence, 12 Emmet St., Belleville, N. J., on Monday, Feb. 12. Notice of funeral hereafter.

BLOODGOOD—On Feb. 12, 1923, Susanna Bloodgood. Relatives and friends are invited to attend the services at her late home, 20 Newport Av., Arlington, N. J., on Wednesday, Feb. 14, at 8 P. M. Interment at Flushing Cemetery, Flushing, L. I.

BOYCE—At his residence, 217 23d St., Brooklyn, on Sunday, Feb. 11, Thomas Henry, beloved father of Harry R. Boyce, aged 70 years. Services at Christ Church, 74th St. and Ridge Boulevard, Brooklyn, Wednesday, Feb. 14, 2 P. M. Interment Greenwood.

BRIGHAM—Feb. 12, 1923, at her residence, 124 Riverside Drive, Helen Temple Brigham. Funeral services Stephen Merritt Burial and Cremation Co., 161 8th Av., Wednesday evening, 8 o'clock. Friends and members of Spiritual and Ethical Society invited.

CLAPP—At Tittsworth, Pa., on Sunday, Feb. 11, 1923, Susan J. Clapp, widow of Lewis Russell Clapp. Funeral services at St. George's Church, Hempstead, L. I., Wednesday afternoon, at 2:30.

COFFEY—On Feb. 12, Annie (nee Costello), beloved wife of the late John F., and mother of Thomas, Raymond, John and Mrs. Florence C. Shelly. Funeral from her late residence, 1,598 Home Av., Westchester, Bronx, on Tuesday, Feb. 14, at 9 A. M. Requiem at St. Raymond's Church at 10 A. M. Auto cortege.

COHEN—After a short illness, Feb. 11, 1923, Elizabeth (Lizzie), beloved sister of George and Josephine Cohen, Sarah J. Bernhard, Leah C. Nathan, the late Theresa Baer, Jennie Warner and Louis Cohen. Services at her late residence, 242 West 122d St., Monday, Feb. 12, 1923, at 8 P. M. Funeral private.

CONNERY—Thomas B., son of the late Edward Downes Connery, M. D., at Atlantic City, Feb. 10. Interment at convenience of family.

COWAN—At Summit, N. J., Feb. 10, 1923, Rev. Peter Dickinson Cowan, in his 86th year. Funeral services will be held at the Central Presbyterian Church, Summit, N. J., Tuesday, Feb. 13, at 2:30 P. M.

DAAE—Gerhard, of Ossining, N. Y., on Feb. 11. Funeral services The Funeral Church, Broadway at 66th St., Wednesday, Feb. 14, at 11 A. M.

DAY—Lydia Dwight, for many years principal of Comstock School, in this city, Feb. 12, at Margaret Pillsbury Hospital, Concord, N. H. Interment Concord, N. H.

DUFFIN—On Feb. 10, 1923, Susan May, beloved wife of Charles W. Duffin. Funeral services Tuesday at 8 P. M. at her late residence, Saddle River Road, Hohokus, N. J. Interment private, Vallean Cemetery, Hoboken, N. J., Wednesday morning.

ELKANE—Elias, suddenly, at his home, 412 West 149th St., on Feb. 10. Funeral Monday, 10 A. M.

EPSTEIN—Mrs. Rose, very suddenly, in Los Angeles, adored mother of Mannie Dias, Douglas and Harold Epstein.

FERA—On Feb. 12, at her home, 251 West 93d St., Adelaide Marie Fera, dearly beloved wife of the late Henry Fera, in her 78th year. Notice of funeral hereafter.

FERRIS—On Sunday, Feb. 11, 1923, Julia Gavette, beloved wife of Dr. Albert Warren Ferris, at Watkins, N. Y. Funeral services in Church of the Divine Paternity, New York. Interment in Woodlawn.

FOTH—At Carlstadt, N. J., on Feb. 11, 1923, George F., in his 48d year, beloved husband of Theodora K. Foth. Funeral services at his late residence, 518 16th St., Carlstadt, N. J., Tuesday evening, 8 o'clock. Interment private.

FREED—William, in his 57th year, dearly beloved husband of Sadie Freed and devoted father of Allie S. and Arthur J. Funeral services Tuesday morning, Feb. 14, at 10 o'clock, at his late residence, 926 West 111th St. Kindly omit flowers.

GARDNER—Mary E., wife of the late Alfred Wild Gardner, M. D., at her residence, 111 East 61st St., N. Y. C., on Feb. 12.

GILLESPIE—Suddenly on Feb. 11, 1923, at his residence, 1,192 St. John's Place, Brooklyn, James E., beloved husband of Mary E. Gillespie. Funeral from his late residence on Wednesday, at 9:30 A. M., thence to the Church of St. Matthew, Utica Av. and Eastern Parkway, where a solemn requiem mass will be celebrated. Auto cortege.

GLEASON—At New York City, Feb. 10, 1923, Estelle M., daughter of the late Jeffe and Mary Ramsey Gleason. Funeral services at parlors of W. N. Knapp & Sons, 555 Main St., East Orange, N. J., on Tuesday, Feb. 13, on arrival of train leaving Hoboken, D., L. & W. R. R., 1:32 P. M., for Brick Church Station.

GODWIN—Emily, wife of Samuel A. Godwin, on Feb. 9, at Miami, in her 49th year. Funeral services at 601 West End Av. on Tuesday, Feb. 13, at 2 o'clock. Interment private.

GUNTHER—Feb. 11, 1923, Amelia Bell, aged 67 years, youngest daughter of the late C. Godfrey Gunther. Funeral services at her late residence, 249 West 107th St., Tuesday, Feb. 13, 8 P. M. Interment private, Greenwood Cemetery.

GURET—On Feb. 11, Henry. Funeral Chapel Stephen Merritt Burial and Cremation Co., 161 8th Av., corner 18th St., Wednesday.

HALL—On Feb. 11, Alfred B., beloved father of De Witt G. and Fanny Hall Waite. Funeral services at his late residence, 253 East 176th St., Bronx, on Tuesday at 1 P. M. Interment at Sleepy Hollow Cemetery.

HALL—It is with deep regret the Veteran Association, 71st Regiment, announces the death of Comrade Alfred B. Hall. Funeral services at his late residence, 253 East 176th St., Tuesday, Feb. 13, at 1 P. M.

WALTER I. JOYCE, President.
HENRY L. SERYAN, Secretary.

HAMILTON—On Feb. 10 at her residence, 726 East 176th St., Susan, wife of the late Mark K. Hamilton. Services will be held at the West Farms Reformed Church, Fairmount Place and Prospect Av., on Tuesday at 3 P. M.

Died.

HARNETT—On Feb. 11, 1923, Mary Harnett (nee Mullaly), beloved wife of the late William Harnett. Funeral Wednesday, Feb. 14, from her late residence, 31 Wiley Court, Jersey City. Requiem mass, 10 o'clock, St. Lawrence Church, Jersey City.

HAZLHURST—At Hackensack, N. J., on Feb. 12, 1923, Hamilton Hazlehurst. Funeral services at his late home, At Spuyzenduyvel on Tuesday, Feb. 13, at 1 P. M. Interment at Baltimore.

HAZLITT—At Poughkeepsie, N. Y., on Feb. 11, William S. Hazlitt, formerly of Zanesville, Ohio, aged 87.

HECHT—At Atlantic City, on Feb. 11, after short illness, Hannah Hecht (nee Weil), beloved wife of Robert S. Hecht. Burial at Baltimore, Md.

HEDGES—Suddenly, on Feb. 10, Frank Louis, beloved husband of Bertha Karr Hedges and son of the late James Edwin and Amanda Louisa Rodell Hedges, aged 45 years. Services at his late residence, 620 Pearl Av., Elizabeth, N. J., Tuesday evening, Feb. 13, at 8 o'clock. Interment at convenience of the family.

HILL—On Monday, Feb. 12, 1923, Mary E. Hill, age 84 years 7 months, widow of the late John Bennet Hill. Funeral service at her late residence, 1,175 Union Av., Bronx, on Wednesday evening, Feb. 14, at 7:30 o'clock. Interment Kensico Cemetery, Washington, D. C., papers please copy.

HOUGHTALING—Herbert L., at the residence of his father, Charles W. Houghtaling, Bayne,

METHODISTS ACCEPT RUSSIAN OVERTURE

Bishops to Confer With Church There on the Re-establishment of Religion.

SOVIET APPROVES THE STEP

Dr. Hingeley Hopeful That a Way Will Be Found to Relieve National Chaos.

CHICAGO, Feb. 12 (Associated Press).—The Methodist Episcopal Church has appointed a delegation, including three bishops, to confer this month with representatives of the Russian Church regarding its appeal for "assistance in re-establishing the standard of Christ in Russia."

This announcement was made today by the Rev. Dr. Joseph B. Hingeley, Secretary-Emeritus of the Methodist General Conference, with the statement that the invitation was being given with the approval of the Soviet Government.

The delegation comprises Bishop Edgar Blake of Paris, Bishop John L. Nuelsen of Zurich, Bishop Anton Bast of Copenhagen and the Rev. W. B. Beauchamp, Secretary of Foreign Work.

Dr. Hingeley, who has made an exhaustive survey of conditions in Russia, meeting high officials of the Soviet Government, said of the proposed conference:

"The Soviet Government is not friendly to the Russian Church, but it is well to remember that the Church was tied up with the imperial Government and, though having great wealth and a clergy of education and intelligence, had never been the friend of the people or sympathized with their struggles against autocracy. A mental reaction is one of surprise that the Russian Church and its property have not been interfered with more, in view of the revolutionary situation, the evidently non-Christian character of the political leaders and the abuses of hostile propaganda.

"And now comes an invitation from a section of the great Church, pleading for assistance in re-establishing the standard of Christ in Russia and asking us to prove the genuineness of our brotherhood in Christ by standing by and with them in their efforts to bring spiritual order out of the almost helpless national chaos. Those who invite us may not be officers of the old established order, but the invitation may be all the more important for that very reason. The new wine of American Methodism might be lost if poured into the old bottles of the State Church. The time-worn ceremonial garments might be torn if patched by the new cloth of a young church.

"It might be that were Methodist work attempted in Russia there would be a change of attitude as in France, where French Protestants seem to look upon us as interlopers and to think that our work should be limited to extending financial assistance to their Reformed Church.

"But whatever the future may hold, the way into Russia is apparently open. At Petrograd, by its service to the community, Methodism has already found a place in the hearts and thoughts of the common people. Certain elements of the Russian Church bid us welcome, and the Government declares that there will be no official interference.

"Making all allowances for hostile propaganda, willful misrepresentations, ignorant assumption of knowledge, and the worship of strange gods, it is evident that the situation in Russia, from any point of view, is awful. But out of it has come a Government, differing from any hitherto known, which has established itself, and is seeking recognition in the family of the Governments of the world. Let us not blind our prejudices to words.

"Recently the latest born, the Soviet, has been dropped on the world's doorstep. It is an unwelcome child, an 'ugly duckling,' but it is here."

250 MEN YIELD TO ONE.

Soldier's Suicide Threat Causes Fascisti to Abandon Raid.

FLORENCE, Feb. 12.—Two hundred and fifty Fascisti who organized an expedition to Signa to remove from the cemetery there the body of one of their members killed in last Thursday's crash, for the purpose of bringing it here to receive Fascisti honors, have returned with their mission unfulfilled.

The Fascisti found the cemetery guarded by a non-commissioned officer of the carbineers, with a detail of a few men, under instructions to refuse admittance to any one. He told the Fascisti that while his force was insufficient to prevent their entry, rather than fail to carry out his orders he was prepared to commit suicide.

He drew his revolver and was about to execute his threat when the Fascisti, admiring his devotion to duty, abandoned their purpose.

Chaloner Prizes Awarded.

At the fifth monthly concourse of the John Armstrong Chaloner Paris Prize Foundation for the season of 1922-23, held at the National Academy of Design, the jury, composed of Herbert Adams, Thomas W. Dewing, Charles A. Platt and Douglas [illegible], granted the following awards: First prize, $60, to Miss Erna Lange; second prize, $30, to Joseph Messina Jr.; third prize, $20, to Jack Sobie. All the prize winners are of the National Academy of Design School.

VETERAN BUREAU INQUIRY ORDERED

Senate Directs Special Committee to Report on Charges Against the Organization.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 12.—The Senate passed today a resolution directing a special committee, of which Senator Sutherland is the Chairman, to ascertain whether there is any basis of truth in reports of "waste, extravagance, irregularities and mismanagement in the operation of the United States Veterans' Bureau." The committee was directed to report its findings or opinions within seven days and if the charges appear worthy of investigation such an investigation will be made after the Senate adjourns on March 4.

The resolution recites that it is reported that general dissatisfaction prevails among the officials of the bureau, and that "because of chaotic conditions and lack of co-ordination it is alleged that officials of the bureau have been removed and others have tendered their resignations."

Continuing, the resolution charges that "if true, these alleged extravagance and irregularities will fall upon the incapacitated soldiers for whose relief the bureau was created, and would besides impair the morale of the bureau itself."

The committee is directed to report to the Senate:

"1. Whether it is feasible and desirable to institute a thorough investigation into the alleged waste, extravagance, irregularities and mismanagement in the United States Veterans' Bureau, and

"2. If said committee is of the opinion that an investigation be instituted, that it make such recommendations to the Senate as to the manner and scope of such investigation, and

"3. In view of the expiration of the terms of office of several members of said committee on March 4, next, make recommendation as to what committee, if any, should conduct such investigation."

The members of the committee are Senators Sutherland, Calder and Weller, Republicans, and Walsh of Massachusetts and Pomerene, Democrats.

"Old Mother Peters" Dead.

"Old Mother Peters," as she was called by her neighbors, was found dead yesterday in her apartment in the basement of a house at 211 East Eighty-ninth Street. She had received the kindly nickname because she eked out a living by caring for children while their parents went shopping or to the theatre. Her real name was Louise Peters.

Sixty years old and a widow, she apparently was suffocated while fighting a small blaze which started among her bedclothes.

EXAMINES FIGHT BILL.

Members of School Body Protest Creation of Appeal Board.

A protest against the Dowling bill, now pending in the State Senate, which would create a board of appeals of three members over the Board of Examiners of the Board of Education, was made public yesterday by the Board of Examiners.

"The measure will abrogate the authority of the Board of Examiners," the statement read, "and will destroy its usefulness by bringing it under partisan control and political influence. The present law provides adequate remedies for any abuse of power or unfair treatment by this board, through its own investigation of complaints and the right of appeal to the State Commissioner of Education. The proposal for a board of appeals is unwarranted, vicious in principle, impractical and subversive of the merit system."

The board also protested against another Dowling bill which, it was stated, would transfer from the examiners to the Board of Superintendents certain powers in regard to the appointment of temporary examiners.

Glass Seeks Play Material in Mexico

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

MEXICO CITY, Feb. 12.—Montague Glass of New York is visiting the ruins of Teotihuacan to get atmosphere for a new play to be tried out in New York.

BERGDOLL DIDN'T MARRY.

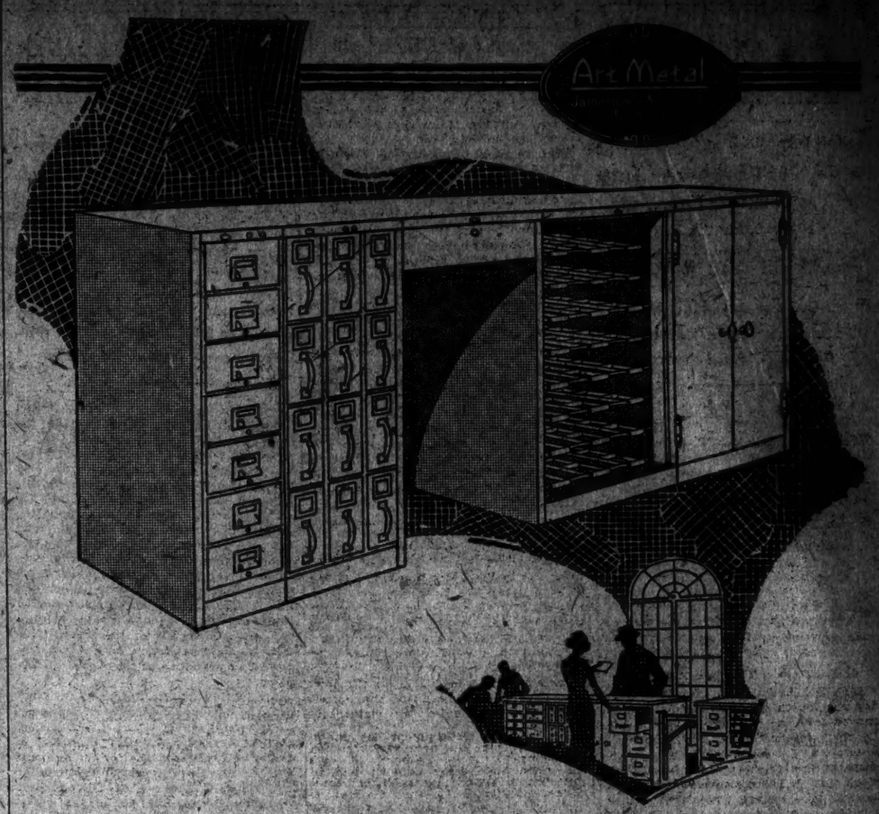
Gave "Engagement Contract" to German Waitress and Bought His Release.

EBERBACH, Baden, Feb. 12 (Associated Press).—Grover Cleveland Bergdoll, the wealthy American draft evader, is again in the limelight as a result of his love affairs.

It was recently reported that he had been married, but this was denied by his friends, who say he became enamored of a waitress in a local hotel and that, one night after a merry dinner, he gave her a written and signed engagement contract.

A local editor was authorized to print this notice, but Bergdoll is reported to have denied the engagement until confronted with the document in his own handwriting. He then asserted that it was all a mistake, and the engagement was canceled after a reported monetary settlement for the waitress's wounded affections.

Bergdoll has been in Switzerland several times lately on recreation trips, but he has remained in Eberbach or its vicinity most of the time since the American detectives, Frank Zimmer and Carl Neaf, attempted to capture him here in January, 1921.



Your office needs a counter file

Think how many minutes have been wasted in your own office in the past—a time when some customer impatiently waited while records were collected from files here and there. How many needless steps do you take yourself every day?

ART METAL Sectional Counter Files are made to prevent emergencies and wasted time. You can buy units with roller shelves for big books, wide shallow drawers for maps or plans, catalogue drawers, card indexes, shelves or cupboards for stationery, or units to file your regular correspondence and records.

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HOME OFFICES AND FACTORIES, JAMESTOWN, N. Y.

From the Length *and* Breadth of the Land—

Come Colgate salesmen called here for convention week. Beginning today and continuing all week, these men are in meeting assembled under the largest clock in the world just across the river in Jersey City. From city, town and hamlet these men come, from metropolis and country cross-roads, where theirs is the mission to spread the doctrines of scrupulous cleanliness, of refinement in personal habits, of more sanitary modes of living.

In a practical way these conditions are bettered through the use of quality dentifrices, soaps, talc, powders—Colgate products that meet the highest possible standards of excellence and good taste.

The service these salesmen render is not alone to the dealer. For example, they bring to the rural dweller as well as to folk in the city the means of cleaning teeth the *right* way. Dentists, schools, hospitals, community nursing centers and dental clinics also welcome Colgate aid in the cause of "Good Teeth—Good Health".

COLGATE'S

Cleans Teeth the Right Way

Washes and Polishes—Doesn't Scratch or Scour

Colgate's Ribbon Dental Cream contains no grit. Its specially prepared precipitated chalk loosens clinging particles from the enamel. Pure and mild its vegetable oil soap gently washes them away. Colgate's cleans teeth thoroughly. No safe dentifrice does more. A large tube costs 25c—on sale today at your favorite store. A tube for each member of your family is a sound investment in sound teeth.

COLGATE & CO., NEW YORK
Established 1806

Truth in Advertising Implies Honesty in Manufacture

THE MIGHTIER THE PEN — THE MIGHTIER THE MAN

Those who write via Duofold are

7 strokes ahead!

And any one stroke worth the $7

AMERICA is witnessing the remarkable spectacle of thousands—yes, tens of thousands—of people discarding their old pens for the new Parker 25-Year Duofold.

Everywhere you go its black-tipped, lacquer-red barrel flashes its cheery fellowship—a beauty that rivals the scarlet Tanager — a color that makes it a hard pen to lose.

But has it never occurred to you how fluent thinking and writing depend upon its shapely, balanced shaft and polished point? Thus comes a writing-swing so free, so smooth and steady that it fatigues neither hand nor brain, but quickly brings your best thoughts into focus on paper.

No style of writing can distort the Parker Duofold Point—hence a pen you can lend without fear. A point that's guaranteed 25 years for mechanical perfection and WEAR!

Will you, for your part, stop at the first pen counter and get it? The genuine bears this inscription, "Geo. S. Parker — Duofold — Lucky Curve."

Duofold may now be obtained in plain black if desired. Contrary to custom, Duofold includes a neat gold pocket-clip, without extra charge.

Parker Duofold LUCKY CURVE **$7** OVER-SIZE

With The 25 Year Point

Duofold Jr. $5 Same except for size

Lady Duofold $7 With ring for checkbook

THE PARKER PEN COMPANY

Manufacturers also of Parker "Lucky Curve" Pencils
Factory and General Office, JANESVILLE, WIS.
Service Station, Singer Bldg., New York, N. Y.

PHARAOH PAINTINGS SHOW NILE CHANGED

Tut-ankh-Amen Hunted Birds and Animals Not Known There in Historic Times.

ITS BANKS ARE NOW BARE

But Were Covered Then With Papyrus and Bulrushes in Which Moses Was Hidden.

FOURTH CHARIOT IS MOVED

Saddles, Hawk Figure Heads, an Ushabti and Mace Staves Are Taken From the Tomb.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LUXOR, Egypt, Feb. 12.—This morning the fourth and last chariot was removed from the tomb of Tut-ankh-Amen in the presence of a fair number of spectators. As mentioned in yesterday's dispatch this chariot, which is an open-work one, is completely broken up, although it is hoped to be able to reconstruct it in its former condition. Various pieces, many of which are heavily gilt, were carried out on seven trays, on which could be seen in addition portions of harness, including saddles finely inlaid upon their ivory tops, crossbars as used for curricles, figureheads in the form of hawks bearing solar disks elaborately decorated upon their heads, spurs, a fly-whisk with a leopard-headed handle, a pink ushabti figure, a mass of long staves highly ornamented with inlaid barks, and some dried dates in a red pottery dish, exactly like the well-known pottery made today at Assiut.

The chariot pole also was carried out almost entirely stripped of its leather coating.

Today's removals were, as can be seen, a miscellaneous assortment—in fact, the remnants that were still remaining in the tomb. The most notable of the things in this collection were undoubtedly some curious instruments of the nature of comb-like spurs, the exact manner of the use of which is so far not understood.

The foregoing comprises this morning's activities outside the tomb, but Mr. Carter and Mr. Callender continued for a long time working inside, being joined by Mr. Lucas and Mr. Mace, who were summoned from the laboratory and brought a tray full of chemicals and implements and assisted in preparing the lion couch, which, except two statues, is the sole large object remaining in the tomb.

Hunted Animals Not There Now.

A more leisurely examination of the objects which are being removed from the tomb continues to bring up most interesting points. Thus reference has been made to the painted scenes of the King hunting various animals, including ostriches, and there is frequent representation in the ancient Egyptian art of ostriches, giraffes, elephants and other creatures not found in Egypt in historic times.

This has given rise to the theory in some quarters that the whole Egyptian civilization came originally from further south where these animals are plentiful, but this is unnecessary. Even in dynastic times numbers of desert animals may have ranged the sandy Egyptian uplands on both sides of the Nile well north of Thebes.

Great changes undoubtedly have come over the face of the land since then. The banks of the Nile, now so bare, must have been covered with a thick growth of papyrus and other vegetation. Presumably, it was within an easy stroll of the King's palace hereabouts that Moses was hidden in the bulrushes. These brakes gave cover to herds of hippopotami, crocodiles and other things now vanished from the lower river, as well as countless flocks of waterfowl.

The reference to "birds that flutter in their marshes" in Khu-n-aten's well-known hymn will be remembered, and in paintings of this period a variety of ducks and so forth is shown in extraordinary life-like fashion, the different species being clearly distinguishable. On one stool found in this tomb the carving of ducks' heads and feet might excite the admiration of the best Japanese craftsman.

Faience Rings Are Dainty.

Mention of "faience rings" may have puzzled you. These rings are very pretty little ornaments in a shape resembling modern oval signet rings, all made in one piece of faience or fine pottery. The general color is turquoise blue with a deeply incised conventional floral design. The whole thing is very dainty. They are of a size to fit a modern woman's little finger.

Besides loose ones, a number of these rings of identical pattern were found strung on a thin roll of linen, presumably for safe-keeping until they were wanted, just as in a ship you will see bunches of curtain rings on a string or as if you rolled up a napkin lengthwise and put on it a lot of napkin rings to keep them tidy.

Another matter on which controversy has been provoked is a figure which is assumed to be a manikin or dummy for trying on the King's robes. It has been rather dogmatically asserted to be a bust of the Queen. It is a matter for decision by learned Egyptologists, but one is reflecting the confidence and judgment of the expert staff here in continuing to describe it as a figure of the King—that is to say of a young man not more than 17 or 18 years of age.

Cases Will Be Shipped by Water.

The news that some of the objects from the tomb are ready to be packed and that a good many more are prepared finally for packing has aroused great interest in the question of transport to Cairo. It has been definitely decided to convey the objects by water and not by rail. There are, indeed, many important considerations to commend the former mode. In the first place, it is undoubtedly easier to protect packages against robbery when all are collected together on one vessel than it would be on a railway. Secondly, rail transport would entail at least three more handlings than river transport, and although the objects have been carefully packed they will not stand too much handling. Finally, the river is nearer to the tomb than the railway, which is about a mile beyond on the opposite bank, while the Cairo museum is alongside the river.

From the laboratory to the river the cases will all be carried by hand, as there are no carts available and donkey or camel back is too precarious. The spectacle of these cases, some of them of considerable size, being carried down the valley on the heads of the porters should prove quite a picturesque pageant.

The Egyptian Government has undertaken to provide the necessary steamer, but owing to the vast amount of work still remaining to be done it will be quite impossible to have sufficient cases in readiness to justify sending a steamer until late in March.

Mr. R. W. de Forest, President of the Board of Trustees of the Metropolitan Museum of Art of New York, accompanied by his wife and Mr. Lythgoe, curator of the Egyptian department of the Metropolitan Museum and director of its expedition in Egypt, spent most of this afternoon with Lord Carnarvon and Mr. Carter inspecting the tomb and those of its contents which have been removed to the laboratory. Mr. Forest was most pleased and interested in all he saw and in all that is being done.

Use Telescope to Get Pictures.

From Our Own Correspondent.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LUXOR, Egypt, Feb. 12.—Three representatives of another film agency—not American—arrived at Luxor this morning. They did not approach the tomb at first, but instead with the aid of a telescope took some pictures. Then there was a warm discussion, but apparently the persuasive powers of the motion picture men were irresistible as the incident ended with the discoverers' party posing all over the place before the cameras of the latest arrivals.

The clearance from the tomb today was not as important as previous removals. The most interesting were two delicately carved figures of the god Horus with sun disks above the head of the figures, which were about the size of an ordinary crow, all covered thickly, but artistically, with gold. It is thought that they were standards used on the handles of the royal chariots.

The discoverers also removed the last of the four royal chariots in the tomb. It was in a shocking condition and had evidently been plundered by the dynastic robbers, who had despoiled it of the gold and gems previously covering it. There is practically no framework left.

Two dozen walking sticks made of gold and exquisitely embroidered with chevron new "bees," a fly whisk with a leopard-head handle inlaid with gold, two mantles of the King with a portion of of a golden insignia, a castanet, a faera-cotta bowl filled with seeds and a miscellaneous collection of pieces of harness from chariots in the antechamber were also cleared.

Most of these things are very interesting merely from the artistic viewpoint, but they are not likely to add much to archaeological information. It is reliably understood that the opening of the inner chamber will be about next week-end. There is a press view of the tomb tomorrow by order of the Egyptian Government, but the antechamber now contains only two life-size statues of the King, a lion-headed coach, a bouquet and two reed mats.

RUSSELL AUTOGRAPHS AUCTIONED OFF HERE

Actress's Books and Manuscripts Are Also Sold at American Galleries.

Books, manuscripts and autographs, including the literary property of the late Lillian Russell (Mrs. Alexander P. Moore of Pittsburgh, Pa.), the late John B. Trevor of Yonkers, N. Y., Frank H. Brooks of St. Johnsbury, Vt., and John B. Rhodes of Pittsburgh, Pa., sold at two sessions yesterday afternoon and evening at the American Art Galleries, brought a total of $12,190. The sale will be continued this afternoon and closed tonight.

Item No. 420, which brought the highest price of the day, $875, was obtained by J. H. Woods. This was a set of French popular romances, "Chefs-d'Oeuvre du Roman Contemporain," 22 volumes, sumptuously bound, each volume with a fore-edge painting. This is a set of the Edition Magnifique, printed on Japan paper, of which only five copies were printed for sale.

The same purchaser obtained item No. 523 for $500, a forty-three volume set of "The Novels, Dramas and Selected Poems of Victor Hugo," printed throughout on Japan paper, illustrated with fine etchings. L. R. Morris paid $600 for item No. 476, a Grolier Club publication, "The Etched Work of Whistler." H. H. Joelson paid $420 for item No. 115, "The Writings of the British Poets," seventy-eight volumes. C. T. Vose purchased for $280 item No. 65, Honoré de Balzac's "The Human Comedy," in English, extensively illustrated with etchings, fifty-three volumes. Item No. 3 went to Gabriel Wells. This was "The Historical Romances of William Harrison Ainsworth," twenty volumes.

THIRD WOMAN IN CONGRESS.

Mrs. Nolan of California Will Sit Also in the Next House.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 12.—Mrs. Mae Ellen Nolan of San Francisco became a member of the House of Representatives today, taking the oath of office as successor to her late husband, John I. Nolan. She is the third woman member of the present Congress, but her election also was to the next House, of which she is now the only woman member-elect. Miss Alice Robertson of Oklahoma and Mrs. Winnifred Mason Huck of Illinois will retire with the ending of this session.

Mrs. Nolan is the first woman California has sent to Congress. In a formal statement after taking the oath she said she would repay the confidence shown in her by "cheerful and untiring service."

Heating in All L. R. T. Cars Now Up to New Department

The Interborough Rapid Transit Company announced yesterday that it had established a special department to have direct charge of heating its subway and elevated cars. Sidney Bingham, Assistant Engineer, is in charge, with forty men under him who devote their entire attention to car heating.

"Hourly reports are received at the headquarters of the department from the subway and elevated terminal stations, giving fluctuations in the outside temperature," a statement issued by the company said. "In accordance with regulations which increase or decrease the heat in the trains as the outside temperature goes up or down, instructions are issued to the trainmasters, who in turn transmit them to the terminals dispatchers and the various yard masters."

The statement said that two windows in each subway car were left open in accordance with instructions from Health Commissioner Copeland to assist in checking the spread of influenza.

ALUMNI HELP OPEN CLUB AT COLUMBIA

Honor Memory of John H. Van Amringe, Famous Dean, at Notable Gathering.

GRADS IN PSYCHOLOGY TEST

3,000 Return to Campus and Attend Meetings—George Beach New Head of Federation.

About 3,000 graduates of Columbia University returned to the campus yesterday and burnished the memory of collegiate years by attending classes, singing the old songs and participating in the formal launching of the Van Am Club, dedicated to John H. Van Amringe, who served Columbia all his life and was its Dean from 1890 to 1910. In addition, the "old grads" tried something that wasn't in the curriculum when they were on Morningside Heights—the psychological tests to which the incoming freshman nowadays applies his brain.

About 100 of the former students, picked from classes ranging back to 1882, submitted to the mental examination by Professor A. T. Poffenberger of the Department of Psychology on the system advised by Professor Edward E. Thorndyke. The tests lasted an hour and were held in Schermerhorn Hall. University officials ruled that the "class in psychology" be barred to reporters, but after the examination a representative announced that the former students went at the tests with enthusiasm, all showing up well. The questions put to the old graduates involved mathematics and a grasp of general knowledge.

Some of the Questions.

"How long must a man walk at a mile in fifteen minutes to cover six and one-half miles?" was one of the questions, while another was "The kidneys are in the head, chest, neck, abdomen," the student being required to underscore the word that correctly answered the question. Another test dealt with New England local Government, the questions being prefaced by a brief description of this type of government. One test was based on veterinary medicine, the questions on this including: "What is the most important aim of veterinary medicine?" "What advantage has veterinary medicine had over human medicine in respect to fallacious general doctrines?"

Professor Poffenberger said that the possible scores on the tests might range from 792 to 0, these being translated into a percentage rating by means of tables especially prepared for the purpose. He said that an exceptionally bright candidate might rate high per cent., but rarely more than 110 to 115 per cent. He said that the average rating was 70 per cent. The psychological test, he explained, is one of four factors which determine the student-candidate's eligibility for Columbia, and said that even if the prospective student's rating in the tests fell below 70 per cent. he might be admitted on the basis of his moral character and previous educational training.

New Club Formally Opened.

The formal opening of the Van Am Club took place in the gymnasium and it attracted the largest attendance of the day's program. The club is to be a sophomore institution, dedicated to keeping alive the memory of the famous Dean.

Dr. Nicholas Murray Butler, President of the university, in an address to the members of the club, said that the late Dean was one of the finest personalities in Columbia's history. He said he was certain that the new organization would work its way into the university tradition as the liaison unit between the spirit of "Van Am" and the university and its sons in narrating an intimate history of the life and work of the Dean. Dr. Butler described him as "one of the most distinguished looking and one of the most distinguished acting men in Southern New York been ever."

Lawyers who received their legal training in the university Law School assembled there to hear Judge Benjamin N. Cardozo of the New York Court of Appeals, a Columbia graduate in 1889 and a Law School graduate in 1892. Dean Harlan F. Stone presided, and the entire faculty occupied seats on the platform. Judge Cardozo told of the criticism of the law, and attributed it to false conceptions of the judicial process. He said that the literature of the law was assuming such proportions that citation and precedent were now of less importance than in the past. He urged that university scholars, judges and lawyers work in greater harmony to the end that the aims of justice might be promoted.

Attend Many Meetings.

Another group of visitors heard Professor Charles P. Berkey of the Department of Geology tells of the recent explorations of the Third Asiatic expedition in the Gobi Desert in Central Asia. This meeting was held in the School of Mines. Professor Berkey said the investigators had found that the desert was floored with rock instead of sand. "Five important fossil fields were located, he said, "and their general character was proved fully enough so that subsequent work can be definitely planned to carry the investigations further."

Dean William Darrach spoke in the College of Physicians and Surgeons. Many of the graduates attended the service conducted by Chaplain Raymond C. Knox in St. Paul's Chapel. From 11 A. M. to 3 P. M. there were reunions and exhibits in the university's other departments and schools. Several events were staged in the gymnasium, including the freshman-sophomore-cane spree, which the second-year men won.

Following a memorial for alumni, held on the steps of the Library, members of the Columbia R. O. T. C. acting as a guard of honor, the sunset gun was fired and the colors lowered. Next came a Columbia "powwow" to listen to those who had suggestions; a meeting of the Columbia Post, American Legion, the alumni dinner and bits from this year's student show, "Hire Education."

The annual meeting of the Columbia Alumni Federation, last night, elected officers as follows: George R. Beach, Newark, academic class of '05 and law, class of '07, President; Rogers H. Bacon, First Vice President; A. L. Goodman, Second Vice President; Charles A. Downer, Third Vice President; William Y. Westervelt, Recording Secretary, and Charles E. Haydock, Treasurer. The Directors elected were: College—Rogers H. Bacon, Chalmers Wood Jr., Robert V. Mahon; Science—William Y. Westervelt, Harold P. Daniels, Donald W. Taylor; School of Law—George R. Beach, Robert McC. Marsh; School of Medicine—Paul Pell; School of Medicine—A. L. Goodman, Linsly R. Williams, William R. McCastline; Doctors of Philosophy—Adam Leroy Jones, Herbert R. Moody, Charles A. Downer; School of Architecture—Edgar J. Mueller, Arthur Lobo, Carlos Contreras; School of Business—Edgar K. Simon, J. Howard Carlson, John N. Penn Jr.; at large—Charles E. Haydock, John K. Fitch and Levering Tyson.

PARIS POLICE GET ARMOR.

They Will Wear It Hereafter When Arresting Dangerous Criminals.

PARIS, Feb. 12.—When the Parisian police are sent to arrest dangerous criminals they will hereafter be equipped with a rectangular sheet of steel to protect the face and with armor in the form of overlapping sheets of chrome steel over heavy cloth.

This garment covers the front of the body and is capable of deflecting a revolver bullet.

Girl Designer Here Wins Scholarship to Study Fashions From the Tomb of Tut-ankh-Amen

The influence on women's fashions of the Tut-ankh-Amen discoveries in Egypt is expected to be so great that Hazel Slaughter, a designer of 110 East Tenth Street, will go to Egypt to study Egyptian art. A scholarship enabling her to make the trip will be presented to her by Horace B. Cheney at the Interregional Silk Show this afternoon.

Miss Slaughter has won prizes at the textile exhibition and at the exhibitions of the Art Students' League. Mr. Cheney believes that the great interest taken in the Tut-ankh-Amen discoveries undoubtedly will affect the designs not only of the outline of women's clothes, but the patterns of the silks and other fabrics of which they will be made.

Lincoln's Birthday was appropriately celebrated at the Silk Show at the Grand Central Palace yesterday. At a ceremony in the Cheney booth in the afternoon Captain Paul Cheney presented an American flag of silk for inclusion in the Lincoln Memorial Building in Washington, as a tribute from the silk industry, by Miss Virginia Fournet, a granddaughter of two Civil War veterans, who accepted it for Clarence G. Sherrill, who is in charge of the Lincoln Memorial.

There was much interest in the exhibitions on the mezzanine floor, where antique Chinese brocades and embroideries are displayed. The collection has been loaned to the exposition by Mrs. W. H. Merriman of Shanghai, China, and Mrs. R. E. Service of Chunking, China, and is considered priceless. There are more than fifty pieces on display, and one, a mandarin coat of black, trimmed with gold, is said to be more than 100 years old.

Mrs. Anne Urquhart Stillman visited the show yesterday. She ended her tour by trimming several hats in the ribbon booth.

MOBILE DRY SQUAD FOR 3 WET CENTRES

Haynes Plans Intensive Campaign Under Washington Direction, Ignoring States.

UNDER HARDING'S APPROVAL

New York, New Jersey and Pennsylvania Are Chief Offenders, Needing Special Force.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 12.—As a result of conferences with various State officials and others, Roy A. Haynes, the Federal Prohibition Commissioner, has adopted a comprehensive plan aimed to clean up what are described as the three wet centres of the East—New York, New Jersey and Pennsylvania. This plan will place the enforcement of the Volstead act directly in the hands of the Federal prohibition authorities in Washington. Federal Prohibition Directors in these areas will be curtailed in their activities. Their duties will consist largely in the issue of permits for the withdrawal of intoxicating beverages for the arts, manufactures and medicinal purposes.

Under the plan adopted by Commissioner Haynes there will be a sweeping change in the methods of prohibition enforcement and administration in New York, New Jersey and Pennsylvania. Instead of having forces of enforcement agents attached permanently to each district, these will be converted into a mobile organization whose personnel will be shifted from area to area as conditions demand. Thus there may be a concentration of prohibition agents for an intensive clean-up in New York City, and when headway has been made in that direction they may be switched to some other Eastern territory in which bootlegging and other offenses against the Volstead law are being committed in a wholesale way.

Commissioner Haynes's plan provides for the creation of four new Federal prohibition areas, which will be administered differently from the State prohibition areas elsewhere in the country. The new arrangement will divide New York, New Jersey and Pennsylvania into the following districts:

Northern New Jersey and Southern New York, Northern and Western New York, Eastern Pennsylvania and Southern New Jersey, Western Pennsylvania. The headquarters of the district comprising Northern New Jersey and Southern New York has not been selected, but the choice apparently lies among New York City, Jersey City and Newark. Some up-State city will be the headquarters of the district of Northern and Western New York, with half a dozen places under consideration. The new forces will work independently of the Federal Prohibition Directors in New York City and in the other places involved.

The plan evolved by Commissioner Haynes is a development of suggestions made by Gifford Pinchot, the new Governor of Pennsylvania. Governor Pinchot's suggestions were intended to apply only to his own State. They so impressed Commissioner Haynes that he went to Harrisburg to see the Governor, and the conferences have been continued in Washington in the course of the last few days, when Governor Pinchot came here to attend the Gridiron Club dinner on Saturday night. Governor Pinchot has conferred with Senators Pepper and Reed of Pennsylvania, and they have assented to his proposals and are cooperating with the Federal Prohibition Director in the preparations for putting the scheme into effect.

Hereafter, under the new dispensation, Commissioner Haynes, with President Harding's approval, will have the power to choose the chiefs of the new clean-up areas and they will act directly under his orders. By this means the appointment of prohibition enforcement agents within a State will be dispensed with and will remove future appointments from the Federal patronage system, under which United States Senators have most to say about appointments in their States.

While Governor Pinchot has given impetus to the adoption of the new plan, the idea is credited to State Prohibition Director Davis of Pennsylvania, who by the scheme will lose control of his force of about seventy agents, which will be converted into the mobile force of clean-up men.

An official announcement of the new method of operation in three wet centres is expected for this week. When the plan is under way activities will be directed mainly to the arrest of those who are carrying on the manufacture of intoxicating beverages in a large way. Suspected breweries and distilleries are to have the special attention of the mobile clean-up force.

"SO THIS IS PROHIBITION!"

Thus Exclaims Magistrate to 13 Charged With Intoxication.

Thirteen men charged with intoxication were lined up before Magistrate McKinstry yesterday in the Morrisania Court. All had been arrested at various places in the Bronx.

"So this is prohibition!" exclaimed the Court.

The prisoners were fined sums ranging from $2 to $10. James Files of 7 Washington Street, fell in the subway tracks at the Hunts Point station. He was picked up and arrested by Patrolman Scott.

Shortly after he had been arrested and lodged in the Poplar Street station to await arraignment on a charge of intoxication yesterday William Thompson, 65, of 24 Myrtle Avenue, Brooklyn, collapsed and died. His death was due to natural causes, it was said.

Howat is Released From Jail.

COLUMBUS, Kan., Feb. 12.—Alexander Howat, former head of the Kansas miners' union, was released from the Cherokee County Jail today. His sentence of six months in jail for violation of the Kansas Industrial Court law was commuted Friday by Governor J. M. Davis. But release was denied by Judge Dean until costs amounting to $500 had been paid. The costs were paid by friends of Howat.

WILL INTERROGATE BURRELL IN JERSEY

Acting District Attorney or an Assistant Will Seek Light on Andersen Fund.

PECORA GOING TO ALBANY

Will Appear Tomorrow at Hearing on Blue Sky Bills Sponsored by Banton.

The offer of Dr. David James Burrell, pastor of the Marble Collegiate Church and President of the Anti-Saloon League, to submit to interrogation in the District Attorney's inquiry into William H. Anderson's handling of the league, will be accepted, Acting District Attorney Ferdinand Pecora announced yesterday.

Mr. Pecora said that in the event he was unable to visit Dr. Burrell at the latter's home in Madison, N. J., he would assign an Assistant District Attorney to call on the clergyman and submit a list of questions which Mr. Pecora would prepare from his examination of Mr. Anderson and other witnesses at the inquiry he had been conducting for three weeks.

He explained that he much preferred to examine Dr. Burrell himself, but that he was anxious to finish his preliminary inquiry before the end of this week, and he could not go to Madison today or tomorrow. He said that other matters that had been laid aside by him during his inquiry into allegations that Mr. Anderson submitted a fictitious bill to the league for $24,700 in connection with the Superintendents' "confidential publicity promotion" for the league would have to be taken up today.

District Attorney Joab H. Banton, who is ill, has requested Mr. Pecora to appear before the Judiciary Committee of the Senate in Albany tomorrow and advocate the enactment of two "blue sky" bills which the District Attorney sponsored. The Judiciary Committee also will hold a hearing on the bill advocated by the Lockwood Housing Committee at the suggestion of Samuel Untermyer, which would regulate transactions in the Stock Exchange. This bill, Mr. Pecora said, contained clauses similar to some of those in the two bills which he would support in behalf of District Attorney Banton.

At Dr. Burrell's home in Madison, N. J., it was said last night that he would be unable to come to New York to see Mr. Pecora. Dr. Burrell's family physician, called on him yesterday and after making an examination ordered the clergyman to remain at home. Dr. Francis Gaillard, the physician of Dr. Burrell last Sunday, morning in going to New York and preaching had proved too much and he had tired himself out. Dr. Burrell, who is 79, is suffering from high blood pressure.

TWO SEIZE RUM BOAT WITH $50,000 CARGO

Atlantic City Policemen Board Craft Amid a Rain of Bullets.

Special to The New York Times.

ATLANTIC CITY, N. J., Feb. 12.—Undaunted by a volley of bullets, two Ocean City policemen, George Seaman and George Myers, boarded an auxiliary schooner, placed eight men under arrest and seized some 400 cases of smuggled liquors valued at about $50,000 at bootleg prices.

When the two policemen, called by a Coast Guard, boarded the boat they found eight men at work. Several shots were fired, but Myers ended the resistance by firing two shots at his nearest assailant. "I'll shoot and shoot to kill," he warned. The shots brought Coast Guards to the aid of the police.

When the prisoners were taken aboard six negroes were found crouching in the rear of a big touring car. Much of the whisky was found piled up near by. Fourteen guns of various description were taken in the haul. The six negroes were armed with sawed-off shotguns.

The fourteen men are being held without bail in the county jail pending a hearing tomorrow before United States Commissioner John E. Izzard. The ringleader is believed to be a man who gave his name as James Weber and his address as the Hotel Walton, Philadelphia. He was well dressed and apparently well educated.

ATTACKS DRY RATIFICATION.

Cuvillier Asserts Ten States Adopted the Amendment Illegally.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, Feb. 12.—Ten of the States which ratified the Eighteenth (prohibition) Amendment did not do so legally and according to the spirit and intent of their constitutions, Assemblyman Cuvillier of New York declared tonight in offering a resolution to have New York rescind its ratification of the dry amendment.

These States, according to Mr. Cuvillier, are New York, West Virginia, Delaware, Massachusetts, Maryland, New Hampshire, North Carolina, Pennsylvania, Rhode Island and South Carolina.

Mr. Cuvillier based his opinion on the provision in the constitutions of these States which says that "no person shall be deprived of life, liberty or property without due process of law."

He also cites an opinion handed down by the Court of Appeals of this State in 1855, when it held that a law which, he says, was virtually the same as the Mullan-Gage State Prohibition Enforcement act and the Volstead law was unconstitutional, because it deprived the citizens of the State of their liberty and property without due process of law.

The Cuvillier resolution went over until tomorrow, when it will be read and referred to committees.

The Republicans in the Assembly will confer tomorrow afternoon on the wet legislation now pending. They will decide, according to Speaker Machold, whether the Donohue resolution memorializing Congress to modify the Volstead law so as to permit the sale of light wine and beer and the proposed repeal of the Mullan-Gage State Prohibition Enforcement law shall be caucus measures.

It is not believed that the Republicans will be bound by caucus on either of these measures. Speaker Machold has said that, so far as he is concerned, the members of the Assembly can have a real "if field day" on prohibition if they wish.

DR. BOWLBY TO PUSH BLUE LAW CAMPAIGN

Says State-Wide Fight by Alliance is Aimed at Vaudeville and Burlesque.

STILL AFTER THE MOVIES

Secretary Promises to Have Counsel in Court to Press Charges Against Brady.

The Rev. Harry L. Bowlby, Secretary of the Lord's Day Alliance, announced yesterday that the proceedings begun against William A. Brady and a vaudeville theatre in Freeport, L. I., last Sunday, would be followed by action against various vaudeville and burlesque theatres in New York. He said that test cases would be brought in an effort to close the vaudeville and burlesque theatres throughout the State, and that every effort would be taken to prevent Mr. Brady and other "legitimate" managers from breaking through the restrictions that now prevent the production of the regular drama on Sundays.

Dr. Bowlby also said that the Lord's Day Alliance was still working to try to put a stop to Sunday movies in New York. Although Mr. Brady and his associates in the fight for Sunday movies had been "temporarily successful," Dr. Bowlby said, it now looked as if the wind were changing. To support this conclusion he cited the action of the Tennessee Legislature in passing a law within the last few weeks prohibiting Sunday movies anywhere in the State.

For the time being, however, the reformers are directing their fight principally at the vaudeville and burlesque shows. Dr. Bowlby said that investigators had been quietly gathering evidence at Sunday shows in different parts of New York City for several weeks past, and had accumulated enough facts, in his opinion, to show that the law had been violated every Sunday night for weeks.

"There was no particular reason for selecting Freeport as the scene of the first action," said Dr. Bowlby. "The vaudeville and burlesque given in New York City is just as much against the law as that in Freeport. We took up the Freeport case because a number of ministers and laymen there asked for our assistance."

Dr. Bowlby was asked if the Lord's Day Alliance expected the Freeport incident to become a test case to settle the issue of Sunday vaudeville throughout the State. "Well, I suppose it will be," he replied, "but if it isn't, you can expect to see some test cases made in New York City before very long."

"Mr. Brady, who has been a fighter against the Sunday law all along," said Dr. Bowlby, in referring to the production of "La Flamme" at the Playhouse Sunday night, after which Mr. Brady and three actors were served with summonses charging violation of the Sunday law, "was merely trying a little camouflage. He announced the performance as a special subscription performance and distributed stubs of seat checks marked Jan. 8 for tickets, along with pieces of paper typewritten with an announcement of the subscription performance and the date of Feb. 11. But these stubs brought in $2.75 and $3.30 each at the box office, all right. Some of our investigators attended the performance, along with the police officers, and we will be represented in the West Side Court when the case comes up at 9 o'clock tomorrow morning."

Dr. Bowlby will have a conference in the Fifth Avenue at 4 o'clock this afternoon with the Rev. Walter E. Thompson, pastor of the Methodist Church at Freeport, and a leader in the movement against Sunday vaudeville.

Frank S. Ritter, State Superintendent of the Anti-Blue Law League of New York, Inc., which he says has a membership of 250,000 in this State, announced yesterday at his home, 755 Forest Avenue, the Bronx, that he had notified the executive officers of the league of the fight started by the Lord's Day Alliance, and that they were coming here from Cleveland, Ohio, in a few days. Mr. Frank said that a questionnaire will be sent to Governor Smith and members of the Legislature to learn their views regarding Sunday amusements.

TRY TO STOP SUNDAY PLAY.

Jersey City Pastors' Plea to Prevent Church Benefit is Denied.

It was learned yesterday that Protestant clergymen in Jersey City had made a vain attempt to prohibit the performance of a play, "Dulcy," as the annual entertainment of the St. Michael's Players of St. Michael's Roman Catholic Church in Jersey City, on Sunday night.

The attempt was made by the Rev. James Parkes, pastor of the Second United Presbyterian Church; the Rev. Frank S. Ritter of the Waverly Congregational Church and the Rev. Harvey C. Wyatt of the Westminster Presbyterian Church, who are said to have asked Chief of Police Richard Battenby to forbid the performance, but he declined to do so, saying that it was for the benefit of the church.

FOR NEW HOUSING BOARD.

Dunnigan Offers Resolution for Successor to Lockwood Committee.

ALBANY, Feb. 12.—Senator Dunnigan of New York introduced a concurrent resolution tonight designed to create a new Housing Committee to have all the powers heretofore granted to the Lockwood Housing Committee, which expired Feb. 1, and carrying an appropriation of $50,000 for expenses.

The resolution directs that the committee report to the Legislature on or before Feb. 15, 1924. It was referred to the Finance Committee.

Majority Leader Walker said he understand when the Lockwood committee reported that it did so on the consummation of its work, and that there was nothing more for the committee to do except to watch the Legislature. While he believed in continuing a sub-committee of the parent body, to watch the parent body, he said, if there was any good to be achieved by a continuance of the committee's work by a new and similar committee, he wanted to join in the movement to have such work done.

Senator Dunnigan said there was an insistent demand in New York for a new committee, that the builders especially were asking for it, and that prices of materials were increasing when they should be on the decline.

"I hope," he said, "that the Legislature will pass the State Trade Commission bill, which will take over the work of the committee."

MUSSOLINI ENVOY'S GUEST.

Voices Friendship for America at Child Dinner.

ROME, Feb. 12 (Associated Press).—Ambassador Child gave a dinner tonight with thirty covers in honor of Premier Mussolini.

In their speeches the Premier and members of his Cabinet expressed the most friendly feelings for America. The dinner was followed by a brilliant reception and ball.

Prices realized at Swift & Company sales of carcass beef in New York City for week ending Saturday, February 10, on shipments sold out, ranged from 16.00 cents to 18.00 cents per pound, and averaged 18.26 cents per pound. Active.

Baby Found on Doorstep Named Nancy Hanks Lincoln

The name of Nancy Hanks Lincoln, President Lincoln's mother, was entered last night on the roll of patients at the General Hospital, Elizabeth, N. J. Nancy is not a relative of the martyred President, nor is she ill. She is a handsome, healthy, blue-eyed baby, two months old, whose name was presented to her by the hospital authorities in honor of Lincoln's birthday, when she was brought in by a patrolman, laughing as cheerfully as if she had not been abandoned a short time before on the doorstep of 621 East Grand Street, Elizabeth.

The hospital will remain her home until the police discover her parents or a family adopts her.

A boy born to Detective and Mrs. Max Leef yesterday was promptly named Abraham Lincoln Leef. Mr. Leef's associates of the West Thirtieth Street Station sent a huge horseshoe of flowers to the bedside of Mrs. Leef and the martyred President's namesake.

COPELAND'S WORK PRAISED AT DINNER

More Than 1,000 Friends Join in Honoring the Retiring Commissioner.

GOVERNOR SENDS MESSAGE

Mayor Hylan Says the Senator-Elect Was the City's Best Health Director.

Senator-elect Dr. Royal S. Copeland received a testimonial dinner for more than 1,100 of his friends at the Hotel Astor last night. Dr. Copeland's work as Health Commissioner of the city was praised by half a dozen prominent speakers, and Dr. Copeland himself said he wasn't so sure that his promotion to Washington was a well-advised public act when so much remained for him to do here.

Democrats and Republicans united to do honor to the retiring Health Commissioner. Bainbridge Colby, Secretary of State in the Wilson Cabinet, was toastmaster. The dinner opened with invocation by the Right Rev. John J. Dunn, and the speakers included George Gordon Battle, Chairman of the Dinner Committee; Senator David I. Walsh of Massachusetts, Acting Mayor Murray Hulbert and Martin W. Littleton. Governor Alfred E. Smith and Mayor Hylan sent messages of regret that they could not be present. Mayor Hylan lauded Senator Copeland as "the best Health Commissioner New York City ever had," and the Governor declared that the city's loss in Dr. Copeland was the nation's gain. Dr. Copeland, said Senator Walsh, was never a dumb Health Commissioner and he predicted that he would not be a dumb Senator. In his speech Dr. Copeland said:

"I shall admit the existence of many of the things these eloquent speakers have described. The results are here, but I deserve but a small part of the credit of their accomplishment. Long before I came into the picture there was a well-organized Health Department in this city. The operatives and the machinery were here when I arrived. My fellow employes, the faithful and devoted staff of the department, deserve far more credit than I do."

Speaking of his election to the Senate Dr. Copeland said:

"If it will not be considered unappreciative of a public which had done so much for me—this dinner is but a small sample of the spirit I have in mind—will pose as a critic for just a moment. Are we satisfied in America to promote a public servant who has had some small measure of success in an important position? For instance, as I view it, I could have served the public to far greater advantage during the remainder of the Mayor's Administration than I have during the last five years. I am not convinced that my promotion has been a well-advised public act.

"To my mind, devotion to the public welfare is a thing which should be expected and not a thing to be specially rewarded. We must demand of public officials that they recognize their obligations to society. They are servants of the people—not masters because of the offices they hold. There must be found men whose sole ambitions will be not to rule or control, but to understand and to help the world.

"Personally, I am entitled to no praise or reward for anything that I may have done as a public official. On the contrary, I am deeply indebted to the Mayor and to the public for the unmeasured privilege of serving those who have needed the sympathy and practical assistance of the Commissioner of Health. My work has been a daily joy, and to do it has been its own reward.

"But by the mandate of the people I go to another field. To this I have been welcomed by the generous words of Senator Walsh. I thank him, and through him my future colleagues in the Senate of the United States."

Among others at the speakers' table were Surrogate James A. Foley, John F. Gilchrist, Professor Adolph Lorenz, Rodman Wanamaker, Richard M. Enright, Otto H. Kahn, Frank L. Polk, Dr. P. J. Monaghan, Kenneth McKellar, John K. Shields, John M. Fitzgerald, William Fellowes Morgan, the Rev. Joseph Silverman, D. D., Bird S. Coler, Frederick A. Willis, R. A. C. Smith and Jesse Lasky. Others present included Mr. and Mrs. Charles Dana Gibson, Mrs. George Gordon Battle, Mr. and Mrs. Herman A. Metz, Mrs. Bainbridge Colby, Mrs. Oliver Harriman, Mrs. Elizabeth Marbury, Miss Harriet May Mills, Mrs. H. Snowden Marshall, John D. Rockefeller Jr., Mrs. Rufus King, Dr. and Mrs. Jr., Mrs. Rufus King, Dr. and Mrs. Shirley W. Wynne, Mr. and Mrs. Annings Prall, the Rev. Percy Stickney Grant and Mrs. Lydig Hoyt.

CONTEST ON MISS GORDON.

Three Seek Guardianship of Heiress in Asylum.

CAMBRIDGE, Mass., Feb. 12.—Hearing of rival petitions for the guardianship of Dorothy Gordon, heiress to $400,000, and now a patient at the McLean Hospital for the insane at Waverly, began today before Judge Leggatt in the Middlesex Probate Court.

William F. Jardine of Boston, the girl's temporary guardian, has asked for permanent custody. John D. Gardiner of Baldwin, L. I., Dorothy's uncle, has filed a counter-petition for appointment as guardian. Mrs. Catherine Hughes, an aunt, asks that further litigation be suspended on the ground that Miss Gordon's estate is being dissipated in costs. The three are being heard consecutively.

Jardine, called as the first witness, reviewed the history of the case since Miss Gordon was sent to the McLean Hospital, March 22, 1921. The legal battle for control of the girl's estate included habeas corpus proceedings brought by Jardine to obtain her release. Jardine was subsequently appointed temporary guardian, and the girl, who was a "voluntary patient" at the hospital, was committed by Judge Stone of the Middlesex District Court.

PRESIDENT REJECTS COAL EMBARGO PLEA

Tells Governor Smith He Blames Transportation Failure for Up-State Shortage.

WAGNERIAN SINGERS WARMLY GREETED

Opera Company From Germany Opens Festival With "Die Meistersinger."

SEVERAL EXCELLENT VOICES

A Spirited Performance, But Marred by Some Crudities—Leo Blech an Admirable Conductor.

DIE MEISTERSINGER, opera in three acts; book in German and music by Richard Wagner. At the Manhattan Opera House.

Hans Sachs	Friedrich Plaschke
Veit Pogner	Alexander Kipnis
Kuno Vogelsang	Hans Schlemuller
Hans Backmesser	Desiderio Zador
Fritz Kothner	Bernd Ziegler
Balthasar Zorn	Johannes Schaaf
Hans Foltz	Peter Ricker
Hans Schwarz	Erich Schubert
Walther von Stolzing	Robert Hutt
David	Paul Schwarz
Eva	Miss Bampsey
Magdalena	Jessyka Koettrik
A night watchman	Robert Heller

Conductor, Leo Blech.

By RICHARD ALDRICH.

The operatic company that has come from Germany to give performances of German opera in the United States began its season in New York last evening with a performance of Wagner's comedy, "Die Meistersinger," at the Manhattan Opera House. The house has been the scene of many brave operatic ventures in the last seventeen years, some of them stubborn fights against odds. It appears that the present attempt is one of them. The scheme of bringing over from Germany an entire opera company with all its belongings, its scenery, and even its orchestra, was a bold one; so far as the orchestra was concerned, too bold, and that element of the company had to be left behind. Even without it, the undertaking was one that required courage and faith. The troubles that the managers of the enterprise have experienced since their arrival in this country have been many and serious and it has only been by the help of friendly Americans that they have been overcome; that the preliminary engagements in Baltimore and Philadelphia have been fulfilled and the beginning made in New York.

The beginning was one that augurs favorably for the success of the company in New York. If the conditions that prevailed at the Manhattan Opera House last evening can be made to continue, success should be assured. The audience was large, an audience that practically filled the house. It was eagerly enthusiastic in its welcome and in its applause at each fall of the curtain. And, more important still, it had reason for its enthusiasm, for the performance was in many ways excellent and had features that called for admiration, as well as others that could by no means win approbation. One potent cause for the enjoyment last evening was the long time that has intervened since "Die Meistersinger" has been heard in New York. The magic of Wagner's music, therefore, worked a more than usually powerful spell upon the listeners last evening, and they gladly gave themselves up to its influence and were willing to ignore the insufficiencies and weaknesses that were undeniably a part of the performance.

The company consists in the main of good voices—several exceptionally fine ones—and of actors efficiently trained in the technique of operatic action. So are German singing actors of the good school trained. The conductor, Leo Blech, is a musician of high standing in Germany, a composer of good music and, what is now more to the purpose, a conductor of force and authority, well acquainted with Wagner's score and insistent upon the execution of his wishes regarding it. He was obliged to insist a good deal last night so far as the orchestra was concerned. It is a body of mediocre players, and the two weeks in which they have been playing together have not been sufficient to weld them into a good orchestra. A German opera company cannot expect to come to America in the middle of the season and pick up enough good players disengaged to make such an orchestra as is needed for its purposes.

The proceedings upon the stage, however, were of a sort to give a good deal of satisfaction. There was a spirit in the performance, confident assurance on the part of the principals, and, though the chorus was small, it sang well and presented no mean appearance.

Of the principals it would not be too much to say that none of them was known to fame so far as New York is concerned. The Hans Sachs was easily the first among them, as he is expected to be. Mr. Friedrich Plaschke has a noble and powerful voice of sympathetic quality, used with skill in singing. His singing was real singing, with real phrasing, which did not prevent him from expressively declaiming his speeches with an admirably clear diction. Mr. Robert Hutt as Walther disclosed a better voice and a better way of singing than most German tenors have possessed who have recently reached these shores. There might be something to be desired in the chivalrous allurement of his appearance and actions, but he showed skill and no little power in the part. There was an excellent Pogner in Mr. Alexander Kipnis (who would have done better to sing his address in the first act to the mastersingers rather than to the audience). The David had rather a "tight" tenor voice and approached nearer than some of his comrades to the conventional German type. Desidor Zador had much character in his delineation of the pedantry and malignity of Beckmesser, and he enacted without exaggeration the part of attempting to improve upon Wagner in what he made of it.

The ladies were satisfactory, though not distinguished either in voice or by action. Meta Seinemeyer appeared as Eva, and Jessyka Koettrik as Magdalena.

It could not be said that to the eye the scenes presented any reasonably picturesque view of old Nuremberg, or that in the performance there was much, or any of the that atmosphere of the bourgeois life of the medieval town which it was Wagner's purpose to produce in "Die Meistersinger." The scenery was poor in design, inefficiently constructed and crudely colored.

Furthermore, it was considerably too small for the stage of the Manhattan Opera House and was huddled together in a way that hampered the actors and prevented the effects that Wagner calculated to obtain from his crowds. It was ridiculous, for instance, for Beckmesser to sing his serenade before Pogner's house standing not six feet away from the pair of lovers, and not see them, though there was nothing whatever to interrupt his view. The Church of St. Catharine had shrunk to the dimensions of a chapel, and the meadows before the city wall were limited in area. Wagner counted much upon the picturesque effect of the setting in all his music dramas, and it was this feature of last night's performance that, more than anything else, gave any suggestion of "barn-storming."

The applause at the end of the act brought all the actors before the curtain, as well as Mr. Blech, who, after the first act, seemed considerably worn by his struggles with the orchestra.

The season of this German company is styled upon the bills as "Wagnerian Opera Festival." It is to last three weeks, and works other than Wagnerian music dramas are to be presented. No doubt some of the crudities inevitable in a first appearance in a strange house will be refined in later performances. And though it is impossible to make a silk purse out of a sow's ear, there is reason to hope that many features of the representations to be given will be even better than they were last evening. It was a favorable beginning, on the whole, for a difficult and arduous undertaking.

Mabel Garrison's Song Recital.

Miss Mabel Garrison, who has been gaining the approval of European audiences earlier this season, made her first appearance in New York yesterday afternoon in a song recital in Carnegie Hall. She presented an interesting and wholly unconventional program—an air from Handel's oratorio of "Esther," "O King of Kings," an aria by Pergolesi, songs in German by Schumann, Brahms and Strauss, a group by Moussorgsky, and a group of English songs.

Miss Garrison's voice has its well-remembered purity, lightness and brilliant quality. She sang with taste and musical intelligence, with variety of expression. The air by Handel showed flexibility and certainty in the delivery of the "divisions," and in Mozart's air there were the suavity, the equable tones, the finish of phrasing that so well become his music. If there was not to this and some of her other numbers the full completeness of legato that is one of the finest, though most elusive attributes of the finest vocalism, the lack was not such as to disturb greatly the most exacting listener. Miss Garrison's selection of songs was interesting and varied, and elicited a charming power of interpretation on the part of the singer. It is a power necessarily limited by the character and quality of the voice, but it is one that gives great pleasure to discriminating lovers of song.

"IL TROVATORE" ON HOLIDAY

Sung for First Time This Season at Matinee—"La Boheme" at Night.

Verdi's "Il Trovatore," a rare Spanish romance set to Italian tunes once deemed of vintage flavor, melodies undying though put away mostly in barrel organs now, was sung for the first time in the current season at the Metropolitan yesterday. A holiday matinee house greeted Peralta and Martinelli as the lovers, Matzenauer as the mother, Danise as the changeling's brother, Count di Luna, and Italo Picchi as the latter's militant camp follower, Ferrando. Mr. Papi conducted the famous old airs, gypsy dances, chanting nuns and soldierly "Anvil Chorus," amid which still lives so mysteriously but melodiously Cammarano's fifteenth century troubadour. The performance was among popular lines of this seventy-year-old work in recent seasons.

"La Boheme" was sung last evening for the fifth time to capacity attendance, without, however, the new Mimi, Mme. Rethberg, who was ill. Those appearing, as often before, were Mmes. Alda and d'Arte, Messrs. Gigli, Scotti, Mardones, d'Angelo, Malatesta and Ananian, with Mr. Papi again conducting.

SINGS WITH CITY SYMPHONY

Paul Bender, New German Basso, Applauded in Concert.

Paul Bender, the new German basso of the Metropolitan, sang as a guest of the City Symphony Orchestra at its well-attended concert in Carnegie Hall last evening. The same program is to be repeated in the Town Hall tomorrow afternoon. Mr. Bender was much applauded last night in Hans Sachs's monologue, "Wahn, Wahn," from Wagner's "Die Meistersinger," which some of his newly-arrived countrymen were presenting at the same hour in the Manhattan Opera House. His ample voice and style lent keen musical interest to the earlier recitative, "Ich Habe Genug," and its accompanying air "Schlummert ein, Ihr Augen," from the Cantata No. 82 of Bach.

Mr. Foch opened the evening with an enjoyable performance of Mozart's symphony in C minor, No. 40 (Koechel edition 550), and after the vocal numbers the concert ended with Smetana's popular overture to "The Bartered Bride."

Juan Manen in Violin Recital.

Juan Manén gave a violin recital, assisted by Giuseppe Bamboschek at the piano, in Aeolian Hall yesterday afternoon. A large audience enjoyed the program, and especially a transcription by the violinist of Sarasate's "Nightingale's Song," which included imitations of bird calls. He also played his own arrangements of works by Paganini and Gluck, as well as compositions by Mana-Zucca, Sarasate, Bach and Mozart. Bach's sonata in G minor served to demonstrate fleetness of fingers and variety of style.

MUSIC NOTES.

The Russian Cathedral Choir, under the Rev. Peter Popoff, will illustrate Clarence Dickinson's talk on music of the Eastern Orthdox Church this afternoon at Union Seminary.

Works of Beethoven, Schumann and Gliere will be played by the Sinaloffians at their postponed concert at Wurlitzer's this evening.

The Misses Rosenoff, Godlitot and Goebel, Messrs. Jones, Clary and Hough will sing and play tomorrow before the New York Institute for the Blind.

Walter Damrosch and Claire Dux will appear in the fourth program of the Soirees Musicales on Thursday in the Plaza ballroom.

THEATRICAL NOTES.

Rudolph Schildkraut, and not Joseph Schildkraut, will appear as King Lear in the Theatre Guild's production of the Shakespeare play next season.

"Passion for Man" is in its final week at the Belmont. "Jitta's Atonement" and "Listening In" also will depart this week.

The Moscow Art Theatre begin a week's engagement in "The Cherry Orchard" yesterday, with a holiday matinee.

Florence Reed will appear at the Morosco Theatre next Monday night in "Hail and Farewell."

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B. F. Keith's PALACE B'y & 47 St. Bryant 4300. Pat Rooney & Marion Bent Revue, Mildred Harris (formerly Mrs. Charlie Chaplin), Edna Loedom & Dave Stamper, Charles Withers in "For Fifty's Sake," others.

B. F. Keith's COLONIAL B'y & 63d St. Col. 4457. Howard & Clark & Co., in a new production, Yvette Rugel, Laura Pierpont, J. Rosamond Johnson, Phenomenal Players, & others.

B. F. Keith's 81 STREET B'y & 81 St. Schuyler 8900. Wellington Cross & Co., Lewis & Dody, Sophie Brandt, Manny Zinar & Band, Follis & La Rue, 6th & Photoplay Sensation, "THE WORLD'S APPLAUSE."

B. F. Keith's RIVERSIDE B'y & 96 St. Riverside 6840. All Star Program: Lina Trio, Carter & Corinth, Mrs. Gene Hughes, Wilton Sisters, Clark & Berman, Irene Franklyn, Claude & Marion, Bezal & Carroll, The McIntyres.

B. S. MOSS' BROADWAY at 41 St. KEITH COMEDY KARNIVAL ALL COMEDY ACTS CHARLIE CHAPLIN HAROLD LLOYD JACKIE COOGAN

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NEW YORK'S LEADING THEATRES & SUCCESSES.

EMPIRE B'way, cor. 40 St. Evgs. 8:30. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:30. BILLIE BURKE in Barrington's "ROSE BRIAR"

HENRY MILLER'S THEA. W. 43d St. Evgs. 8:30. Mats. Thurs. & Sat. 2:30. MATINEES THURS. (PAY) & SAT. ROSE COWL as JULIET "A REAL JULIET"—World.

LYCEUM 45 St., Near B'way. Evgs. at 8. Mats. Thurs. & Sat. at 2. LAST 31 PERFORMANCES. DAVID BELASCO Presents DAVID WARFIELD as SHYLOCK in THE MERCHANT OF VENICE. PARKER'S NIGHT, MARCH 10TH.

KLAW THEA. W. 45th St. Evgs. 8:30. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:30. THE LAST WARNING with William Courtleigh. 5th Month.

7th MONTH EARL CARROLL Thea., 7 Av. 50 St. Mats. Thurs. & Sat. 2:30. THE GINGHAM GIRL with Edith Bassett and Star Cast. "Best Musical Comedy in Town."—Alex. Dale. EVERY NIGHT (Except Sun.) $1 to $2.50

GLOBE B'way & 46 St. Evenings at 8:30. Mats. Next Monday, Wednesday, 2:30. OLIVER MOROSCO'S RADIANTLY LADY LOVELY MUSICAL COMEDY BUTTERFLY "WORLD'S MOST BEAUTIFUL CHORUS"

ELTINGE 42 St., W. of B'way. Evgs. 8:30. Mats. Tuesday & Sat. 2:30. HELEN MACKELLAR in "THE MASKED WOMAN" with LOWELL SHERMAN

Music Box 45th St., W. of B'way. Evs. 8:15. Mats. Tuesday & Sat. 2:15. SAM H. HARRIS Presents Irving Berlin's MUSIC BOX REVUE Staged by Hassard Short. 3 MATS. NEXT WEEK—WED., THURS. & SAT.

MERTON OF THE MOVIES with Glenn Hunter—Florence Nash. CORT 48th St. W. of B'way. Evgs. at 8:15. Mats. Tuesday & Sat. 2:15.

FULTON 46th St., West of B'way. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Thursday & Sat. 2:30. SAM H. HARRIS Presents MARGARET LAWRENCE in SECRETS Staged by SAM FORREST. 3 MATS. NEXT WEEK—WED., THURS. & SAT.

PLYMOUTH W. 45 St. Evgs. 8:30. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:30. FUNCH & JUDY Mats. Today & Tomorrow. 1 SQUARE PEG with BEVERLY BITNEAVES and WM. B. MARK

LIBERTY 42d St., W. of B'way. Evgs. 8:10. Mats. Tuesday & Sat. 2:10. GEORGE M. COHAN COMEDIANS in The New American Song and Dance Show "LITTLE NELLIE KELLY"

GAIETY B'way at 46 St. Evgs. 8:30. Mat. Tue'w & Sat. 2:30. Loyalties By JOHN GALSWORTHY

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¿Why Not? 48th St. Thea. Bry. 6198. Mats. Today & Sat. 2:30. TEN TO ONE COMEDY IN TOWN. SPECIAL MATINEES TOD. at 2, SAT. at 11. THE CHASTENING By Charles Rann Kennedy with EDITH WYNNE MATHISON.

KNICKERBOCKER, B'way, 44th St. Evs. 8:30. Seats 6 Weeks Ahead. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:30. POP. PRICE MATINEE TOMORROW. Best Seats $1.50. SPECIAL MATINEES TOD. at 2, SAT. at 11. THE HALE HOUSE. BY CARL SCHURZ. HENRY W. SAVAGE Offer. "Best Musical Production in Many a Day."—Post. THE CLINGING VINE with PEGGY WOOD

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ICEBOUND

"Icebound" is intense." —Times.

"Honestly amusingly human."—News.

"Solid entertainment, easy to enjoy, excellently acted." —Globe.

"Realism, warmed by romance." —Eve. World.

"No finer exhibition of character delineation presented, all season."—Telegraph.

"Will thaw theatregoers into moisture and good humor." —Eve. Sun.

"An honest slice of life." —Tribune.

"Sure of a warm welcome." —Telegram.

"Most aspiring work Owen Davis has done." —Herald.

"When the ten best plays of the season are named, near the top will be 'Icebound.'" —Women's Wear.

"Pleasing drama deservingly well received." —Eve. Journal.

STAGED by SAM FORREST

"ICEBOUND"

FIRST MATINEE TOMORROW AT 2:15

SAM H. HARRIS THEATRE 42nd St., W. of Broadway, Evgs. 8:15 MATS. TOM'W & SAT., 2:15

The Cosmopolitan Corporation presents Marion Davies IN Adam AND Eva by Guy Bolton & George Middleton. Directed by VIGNOLA. Settings by URBAN

You will enjoy "Adam and Eva"; the scenes are magnificent and Marion Davies is the best thing in it. —Harriette Underhill, N. Y. Tribune

RIVOLI B'WAY at 49th ST. NOW A Cosmopolitan Production

B. S. MOSS' CAMEO 42d St., Nr. B'way. EDWARD SLOMAN Presents THE LAST HOUR. MILTON SILLS—CARMEL MYERS. Pat O'Malley—Also Francis—Walter Long. —ALSO— "VIA RADIO" Chicken Dressing & All Star Comedy

LYRIC 42d St., West of B'way. All Seats Reserved. Twice To-day and Twice Every Day, including Sundays, 2:30—8:30. HUNTING BIG GAME IN AFRICA WITH GUN AND CAMERA By H. A. SNOW. PRICES NIGHTS 25c, 50c, 75c, $1, $1.50. MATS. 25c, 50c, 75c, $1.

RIVOLI B'WAY 49th St. MARION DAVIES "Adam & Eva" "EINSTEIN THEORY of RELATIVITY" Paramount Pictures

RIALTO B'WAY 42d St. GEO. MELFORD'S Prod. "JAVA HEAD" Star Cast. Famous Rialto Orchestra.

CAPITOL B'way at 51st. NEXT SUNDAY MARSHALL NEILAN'S "The CHRISTIAN" Capitol Grand Orchestra. "MINNIE"

RIALTO B'way at 47 St. Richard Barthelmess in "FURY" Strand Symphony Orchestra.

PLAZA Mad. Ave. & 58th St. HAROLD LLOYD in "DR. JACK." Also WILL ROGERS in "FRUIT OF FATTEL."

SILK SHOW Grand Central Palace Feb. 5th-15th Incl. 11 A. M. 11 P. M. Adm. 75c.

MANHATTAN Opera House 34 St. & 8th Av. Wagnerian Opera Festival FOR THREE WEEKS ONLY. SPECIAL NOTE: Owing to technical difficulties the Opera works announced to be changed as follows: TONIGHT, 7:30, First Perf. "Tannhauser." WED. EVE., 7:30, "Lohengrin." THURS. AFT., 2:15, "Die Walkure." THURS. EVE., 8:15, "Die Meistersinger." FRI. EVE., 7:30, "Tristan and Isolde." SAT. MAT., 1 P. M., "Die Meistersinger." SAT. EVE., 7:30, First Perf. "Parsifal." Rathaus."

The long repertoire of the "Nine Cycle," "Die Nibelungen," will be given Thursday, February 15th. Tickets purchased for Tuesday afternoon's performance will be valid Thursday afternoon. The performance of Wagner's "Walkure" on Saturday, February 17th, will take place during the first week's engagement. Announcement for the second week's repertoire will be made later.

METROPOLITAN OPERA HOUSE. Wed., 8:15. (First Time) Anton Alfano, Bori, Rimini, Bassett, Gilli; Conct.-Vocal. Tokatyan, Diana, Sack, Mordkin. THURSDAY TOSCA. SPEC'L MAT. at 2. Jeritza, Martinelli, Scotti, Amelina, Malatesta. Thurs. 8:15, Jeritza, Hall-Quest, Fornari, Lauri-Volpi, Dua, Sapiro, Malatesta, Fri., & Andre Chenier. Pons, Tokatyan, Danise, Howard; Gigli, Dalossi, Picco, Montesanto, Sack, Ananian, Paul, Bada, Gallo; Rossi, Whitehill, D'Angelo, Mardones, Sat. 2, Fri. Prince, Pons, Ed. Dua, Fontanella, Gilbert; Salazar, De Luca, Rothier, Sved. Mat. Wed., 8:15, Lucia. Gilli-Curci; Gigli, De Luca, Mardones, Sack. Fri. Wash's B'day, Thurs. Aft., Feb. 22, AIDA. Mat. at 2, Friday $1. to $5. (Seats Today) Peralta, Gordon; Martinelli, Rossi, Sothern. Fri., All's. Feb. 23 LA BOHEME. Sun's Wed. at 2, Gilli-Curci, Sundelius; Charlos, De Luca, Marianoff, Amelina. Popl. Seat Sale Today. HARDMAN PIANO USED.

AEOLIAN HALL, This Afternoon at 3. Cello Recital by LUCIEN SCHMIT. Mgt. Haensel & Jones. Mason & Hamlin Piano. AEOLIAN HALL, TONIGHT AT 8:15. Piano Recital by NARA SOKOLSKY-FREID. Mgt. Haensel & Jones. Steinway Piano. TOWN HALL, Sunday Aft. at 3, Feb. 18. Last Recital by the Violinist ERNA MORINI. Seats Now at Box Office. Baldwin Piano. Mgt. Metropolitan Musical Bureau.

TOWN HALL. Tuesday Eve., Feb. 27th, at 8:15. RUTH ST. DENIS with TED SHAWN and THE DENISHAWN DANCERS IN CLASSIC DANCES OF THE ORIENT AND THE OCCIDENT. SEATS $1.50 to $2.50 NOW AT BOX OFFICE, 115 WEST 42 ST.—PHONE 8447 BRYANT.

EIGHTH BILTMORE FRIDAY MORNING MUSICALE. Biltmore Grand Ballroom, FEB. 16th at 11. INA BOURSKAYA. LOUIS GRAVEURE. JACQUES THIBAUD. Res. Seats $3.30. Now on Sale at Biltmore Box Office (Balcony Floor). Mgt. R. E. Johnston. Knabe Piano.

NEW YORK SYMPHONY. Carnegie Hall. Thurs. Aft., Feb. 15, at 2. Fri. Eve., Feb. 16, at 8:15. BRUNO WALTER, Conducting. (His First Appearance in America). Overture "Leonore" No. 2.....BEETHOVEN. Symphony in D.....MOZART. Symphony No. 1.....BRAHMS. Tickets at Box Office. GEORGE ENGLES, Mgr.

ORNSTEIN. Three intimate recitals of contemporary music at the NEW GALLERY, Inc., 600 Madison Ave., Feb. 15, 27, March 6, at 8:30 o'clock. Tickets on sale at the New Gallery. Knabe Piano. Telephone Plaza 8565.

PHILHARMONIC. MENGELBERG Conducting. METROPOLITAN OPERA HOUSE, TONIGHT AT 8:30. JACQUES THIBAUD, Violin Soloist. Late Symphonic Expression, Beethoven, "Coriolanus" Overture. Wagner, Prelude to "Die Meistersinger." Rubin Goldmark's "Goldenjoy" Theme. CARNEGIE HALL, Saturday Evening at 8:30. "Sin Heidenkinder," Jacques Thibaud, Soloist. NEXT SUNDAY AFTERNOON AT 3. Arthur Judson, Manager. Steinway Piano.

AEOLIAN HALL. Sat. Eve., Feb. 17, at 8:15. LONDON STRING QUARTET. Tickets at Box Office. Mgt. Antonia Sawyer, Inc. Jan. 4th tickets good for this date.

CITY SYMPHONY. ORCHESTRA. DIRK FOCH, Conductor. TOWN HALL, TOMORROW AFT., 3 P. M. Soloist—PAUL BENDER, Baritone. Mozart G Minor Sym. Bach, Wagner, Smetana. Tickets 25c to $1.50 at Both Box Offices.

CARNEGIE HALL, TONIGHT AT 8:30. VIOLIN RECITAL by BRONISLAW HUBERMAN. Tickets at Box Office. Knabe Piano. TOWN HALL, TONIGHT AT 8:15. Piano Recital BACHAUS. All Chopin Program. Baldwin Piano. Aeolian Hall, Sat. Aft., Feb. 17, at 2:30. GABRILOWITSCH. Mgt. Loudon Charlton. Mason & Hamlin Piano.

AMY GRANT SALOME. TOWN HALL 8:30 TODAY. Sec., 76 W. 55th. Circle 6457.

Nightly—after the Theatre. LILLIAN LORRAINE in Songs and Gown Creations. THE GOLD ROOM. Atop the Beaux-Arts Building. 80 WEST 40th St. Tel. Longacre 7470. DANCING UNTIL 2 A. M.

OPERA TICKETS Phone 7877 Bryant 7878. Choice Seats All Operas. Subscriptions Bought Sold. Exchanged. All Parts of the House. CONSOLI 130 West 39th St. Gaiety Theatre Building.

AMERICA'S FOREMOST THEATRES AND HITS.—DIRECTION OF LEE & J. J. SHUBERT.

"HANDSOMEST THEATRE ON BROADWAY."—N. Y. Herald. B'way and 50th St. Circle 2230. NEW WINTER GARDEN. Evgs. 8:15. Mat. Today Best Seats $2.00. "Aglow with color, melody and movement."—World. THE DANCING GIRL. NOTWITHSTANDING THE OVERWHELMING SUCCESS NO ADVANCE IN PRICES. BEST SEATS, EVS. (Ex. Sat.) $3.00. No Higher.

AMBASSADOR 49th, W. of B'way. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Tue'w & Sat. 2:15. TESSA KOSTA in THE REASON'S MUSICAL GEM CAROLINE

CASINO Thea., B'way at 39 St. Evs. 8:30. Next Matinee Sat., 2:15. Arthur Hammerstein's Musical Play WILDFLOWER with EDITH DAY and Magnificent Cast. First Seats $2.50 (Except Sat. & Holidays) at Box Office 2 Weeks in Advance.

COMEDY Thea., 41st St., near 6th Av. Last Evs. 8:30. Mats. Thurs. & Sat. 2:30. Week Jan. 8. Sharp. BERTHA KALICH in "JITTA'S ATONEMENT" With CHARLES BRICKMAN

LONGACRE 48th St., W. of B'way. Evs. 8:30. FIRST MAT. TOMO'W 2:30. ARTHUR HOPKINS Presents ETHEL BARRYMORE in "The Laughing Lady" By ALFRED SUTRO

BROADHURST Thea., 44th St., W. of B'way. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Thurs. & Sat. Whispering Wires. HEADLINER OF MYSTERY PLAYS.

ASTOR, 44th & B'way. Next Week. Sat. SUN SHOWERS LEWIS CASTONS' MUSICAL COMEDY.

PLAYHOUSE 48 St. & B'way. Evs. 8:15. Mats. Today & Sat. 2:15. UP SHE GOES. BIGGEST MUSICAL HIT IN NEW YORK

INTERNATIONAL MUSICAL SUCCESS. THE LADY IN ERMINE with WILDA BENNETT and WALTER WOOLF. 42nd St. and Cent. Park West. Phone Columbus 8800. Evgs. 8:30. Mats. Tue'w & Saturday, 2:30. 500 Seats at 50c. 500 " " $1.00. 200 " " $2.00. NOW at the CENTURY THEATRE

NOW AT 44th ST. Thea., W. of B'way. Evs. 8:30. MAT. TOM'W at 2:15. BEST SEATS $2. SALLY IRENE AND MARY. Musical Comedy Sensation with EDDIE DOWLING and Great Cast. Best Orch. Seats $2.50; Entire Balc. $1.50; Entire Family Circle $1 (Ex. Sat. Night & Holidays)

39th ST. THEATRE, East of B'way. Evgs. 8:30. MATINEE TOMORROW and SAT., 2:15. The greatest comedy of American home life ever written—and "such a play as made 'Clarence' and 'The First Year' doubly attractive."—Telegram. MARY THE 3rd. RACHEL CROTHERS' BEST PLAY. Rode in on a wave of popularity. "As satisfyingly funny as anything hereabout." —Mail. Love! Laughter!! Tears!!!

SELWYN Theatre, W. 42 St. THRILLS and LAUGHTER. NAZIMOVA in "DAGMAR" A TRAGI-COMEDY OF PASSION. Reg. Mats. Tom'w & Sat. HOLIDAY MAT. WASHINGTON'S BIRTHDAY

6 CHARACTERS IN SEARCH OF AN AUTHOR. Princess Thea., 39 St., E. of B'way. Phone 8670. 14th Evs. 8:40. Mts. Thurs. & Sat. 2:40. 2nd Week.

THEATRE GUILD PRODUCTIONS. RUR FRAZEE Theatre 43d, W. of B'way. Mats. Tomorrow & Sat., 2:15. GARRICK 65 W. 35th St. Evs. 8:15 sharp. Mats. Thurs. & Sat., 2:15. PEER GYNT By IBSEN. MUSIC BY GRIEG. REPUBLIC 42 St., W. of B'way. Evs. at 8:30. Mats. Tomorrow & Sat., 2:30. ANNE NICHOLS' LAUGHING SUCCESS 'ABIE'S IRISH ROSE' THE PLAY THAT PUT U IN HUMOR

BIJOU THEATRE, W. 45th St., Evgs. 8:30. Matinees Tomorrow and Sat., 2:15. LAST WEEK IN NEW YORK! The Joyful Mystery Play LISTENING IN. NATIONAL Th., 41st St., near 6th Av. Evs. 8:30. Mts. Tom'w & Sat. 2:30. WINTHROP AMES presents WILL SHAKESPEARE. IT IS THE LAW Bayes Theatre, 44th St. W. of B'way. Evs. 8:30. Matinee Saturday, 2:30.

SHUBERT VAUDEVILLE Continuous Vaudeville. 45th & B'way. Twice Daily. 2:15 & 8:15. JIMMY HUSSEY. BENDEL & BURT, ALLEN & KOMROSKY, PEGGY WEMMICK, BERT BAKER & CO., HAVEN & NICE, JOE TOWLE, FUTURISTIC REVIEW, OTHER STAR ACTS.

Shubert Vaudeville HARLEM Opera House. Lex. Ave. & 125 St. Mat. Today. "OH, WHAT A GIRL." Vaudeville Matinee and Sunday Concert.

F. Ray Comstock & Morris Gest Present THE MOSCOW ART THEATRE AT THE WALDORF. Tchekhoff's THE CHERRY ORCHARD. AT JOLSON'S 59TH ST. THEATRE. Evgs. at 8. Matinees Friday and Sat. at 2. Gorky's "THE LOWER DEPTHS." Entire Week of Feb. 19th. Special Matinee Washington's Birthday, Feb. 22. (Washington's Birthday). All seats on sale at Box Office.

F. RAY COMSTOCK & MORRIS GEST Present BALIEFF'S 47TH Chauve-Souris. Prem. MOSCOW—Sept. 1922. PARIS—LONDON. OLD YEAR & MATINEE TODAY 2:30. CENTURY ROOF THEA. 62 St. & B'way. Entrance on 62d St. Phone Col. 5450. Eve. 8:30. Mats. Today & Sat. 2:30.

LITTLE THEA. 44 St., W. of B'way. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Tomorrow & Sat. at 2:30. F. Ray Comstock and Morris Gest Present POLLY PREFERRED with GENEVIEVE TOBIN

49TH ST. Thea., W. of B'way. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Tomorrow & Sat., 2:15. Louis MANN and Sidney SHOW in "GIVE and TAKE" Greatest Laughing Hit in New York!

SHUBERT Thea., 44th St., W. of B'way. Evs. 8:30. Next Matinee Sat. AMERICA'S GREATEST ANNUAL REVUE. GREENWICH VILLAGE FOLLIES

SHUBERT-RIVIERA 97th & B'way. Next Mat. Sat. 7 STAR BROADWAY MUSICAL HIT. In Springtime OF YOUTH with George Macfarlane, Olga Steck, Harry K. Morton, Zella Russell AND OTHERS.

AL'S HERE 50TH PERFORMANCE TONIGHT. 'The Old Soak' By DON MARQUIS. PLYMOUTH 45th, W. of B'way. Evs. 8:30. MOROSCO 45 St., W. of B'way. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Tom'w & Sat. at 2:30. LEO CARRILLO Last The Love & Laughter Hit, "MIKE ANGELO." MONDAY, FEB. 19—SEATS THURSDAY. FLORENCE REED in "HAIL AND FAREWELL."

BOOTH 45th St., W. of B'way. Evs. 8:30. MATS. TOM'W & FRIDAY & SAT. at 2:30. JOHN GOLDEN presents THE 7TH HEAVEN

APOLLO W. 42d St. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Tom'w & Sat. LAST WEEK. BEN-AMI in THE MARVELOUS MUSICAL ROMANCE JOHANNES KREISLER

TIMES SQ. W. 42 St. Evs. 8:30. MATS. TODAY, Thurs. & Sat., 2:30. THE FOOL

Maxine Elliott's 39 St., E. of B'way. Evs. 8:15. Mats. Tom'w & Sat. 2:15. EXTRA MATINEE WASHINGTON'S BIRTHDAY. SAM H. HARRIS Presents JEANNE ENGELS in "RAIN" Staged by John D. Williams.

RITZ W. 48 St. Evs. 8:30. Mts. Tom'w & Sat. 2:30. MAUDE FULTON in "THE HUMMING BIRD."

BELMONT 48th St. E. of B'way. Evgs. 8:30. Mats. Today & Sat. THE NEW MOLNAR PLAY PASSIONS for MEN with ERNEST E. LEAGUE. LAST WEEK.

Greenwich Village 7th Av. & 4 St. Spring 6100. Evs. 8:30. Mts. Tom'w & Sat. RUDOLPH SCHILDKRAUT in THE GOD OF VENGEANCE

HOTELS AND RESTAURANTS

St. Valentine's Eve Celebration. DINNER AND SUPPER DANCE. Favors—Noisemakers, Lots of Fun. 3 Orchestras Playing Snappy Music. Jansen wants to see you. HOFBRAU Famous Restaurant. Tel. 3530 Lexington. Broadway and 30th St. Quaintest Place in America. Table D'Hote Dinner $1.50. ROSY HUED STEAKS—MILK-FED CHICKENS—HOT AND JUICY FROM THE CHARCOAL FIRE TO THE TABLE—ARE DELICIOUS. FINEST LUNCHEON IN THE CITY—ALL DELICACIES IN SEASON. 3 ORCHESTRAS AND DANCING FROM 6 TO CLOSING

HOTEL Rutledge. Lexington Ave. at 30th St. Phone Lexington 3670. For Gentlewomen Exclusively. Nowhere excelled in comfort and attentiveness. Carefully planned to please the good taste of modern women. Accessible and quiet. Personal inspection invited. $3 to $3.50 a Room a Day. European Plan. Generous Discounts to Permanent Guests on American Plan.

HOTEL ASHTON. 93d St. at Madison Ave. Lenox 8375. Why pay high rates for unattractive accommodations? Here you pay little for just the rooms, service, etc., that you want. Rooms with or without bath. The Ashton is convenient to all transit lines—one block from Park and Fifth Avenue. Phone, Call or Write for Rates.

Hotel Beresford. Central Park West—81 to 82 St. Desirable Furnished Suites of 1, 2 and 3 Rooms, 1 and 2 Baths. Dining Room on 9th Floor. OVERLOOKS CENTRAL PARK

THE PLAY

By JOHN CORBIN.

Ethel Barrymore Comes Back.

THE LAUGHING LADY, a play in three acts by Alfred Sutro. At the Longacre Theatre.

Hamilton Playgate.....Harry Plummer
Mills
Caroline Playgate.....Walter Howe
Cynthia Dell.....Alice John
Sir Harrison Peters, K. B. O.
Kenneth Hunter
Mrs. Farr.....Katharine Emmett
Daniel Farr, K. C.....Cyril Keightley
Lady Marjorie Colladine....Ethel Barrymore
Mrs. .....Eva Leonard-Boyne
Sir Hector Colladine, D. S. O.McKay Morris

To the audience that greeted Ethel Barrymore last night she seemed to have been away a long time, and in uncouth places. In point of fact, just what are Silesia, Verona? In proportion as those regions were indifferent and dim, the audience was glad to have her back, and said so to the extent of vociferously demanding a speech.

No speech was forthcoming. One recalled a line just spoken in this comedy of Alfred Sutro's. There are thoughts that lie in the heart so deep that they can never find words, like jewels hidden in the earth beyond the reach of busy man. Miss Barrymore has come back and her adorers are delighted; that is all.

It may be added that "The Laughing Lady" seemed also to have been away a long time, even longer than Miss Barrymore. It is a typical (which is to say an excellent) product of what we once hailed as the New School of English Comedy. At that time Barrie was a young Scotch upstart, "understanded of few." Shaw was a wild Irishman who took himself seriously as a humorist, and at whose sorry japes humorless enthusiasts affected to laugh uproariously.

Mr. Sutro's epigram dates from Oscar Wilde and his depiction of fashionable drawing rooms from Henry Arthur Jones. His characters somehow fail to remind one of Pinero, one needn't say why. But his sentiment and his strenuous moralities are all his own. In him the new school of English comedy, which seemed sometimes on the verge of affrighting the ladies, returned, twenty years ago, to normalcy. As has already been remarked in this column, postwar London is harking back to the Victorian. It has taken this play to its very heart.

The Laughing Lady has just been divorced because of an apparently flagrant midnight encounter with a young cub in pajamas, and at her trial has been rather roughly handled by her husband's attorney. Of course she is innocent, and, of course, every one thinks the worst. Every one, that is, except the brilliant and charming attorney, Farr, who falls in love with her on the spot, and her very dull husband whose love revives as suddenly. As it happens, she falls in love with Farr. But her new divorce does not help much, because he is married to a most worthy wife and mother who adores him.

What shall be the upshot? In a series of brilliantly epigrammatic scenes, admirably played by Miss Barrymore and Mr. Cyril Keightley, are the usual possibilities canvassed, from the flat of a London mistress to a free-love ranch in South America. Every one acts quite humanly on the plane of dignified folk of the world.

After having been startled, intrigued (the word is Sutro's) and sometimes almost shocked, good sense prevails—the aforesaid normalcy. And all who delight in the real, original and simon-pure Ethel Barrymore are delighted.

It can scarcely be said that the play gives a sense of close contact with life in the living. Together with the moral soundness and the wit of traditional English comedy, it has also the surface artificiality. Such pieces require a special kind of virtuosity in acting if they are to seem half-way true to life. In the performance last night this grace of fictitious reality was for the most part lacking. Cyril Keightley was the only one who hit on all cylinders, though Miss Barrymore caught the knack for the most part and will doubtless be more nearly perfect when she works through last night's nervousness.

In their own way the supporting actors were uniformly excellent—the Playgates of Walter Howe and Alice John; the Cynthia of Violet Kemble Cooper and the Mrs. Farr of Katharine Emmett. McKay Morris, as the Laughing Lady's dull husband, arrested especial attention. That was a real character presentation, perhaps the only one in the play.

MILDRED HARRIS AT PALACE.

Former Mrs. Charles Chaplin Wins Approval in a Sketch.

At the Palace yesterday afternoon Mildred Harris (the first Mrs. Charles Chaplin), appeared in a sketch written for her by Edwin Burke. Miss Harris is adequate personally and seemed to meet with the critical approval of the audience. Pat Rooney and Marion Bent, with a company of fourteen players, presented "Rings of Smoke," which gave ample opportunity for Mr. Rooney and Miss Bent to do the things for which they are known to vaudeville audiences and which further introduced a jazz band, without which no vaudeville act of these times can be considered complete. Dave Stamper and Edna Leedom, a lively person with the manner of the earlier Florence Moore, sang songs written by Mr. Stamper. Others on the program were Davis and Pelle, Vaughan Comfort, Raffayette's Dogs, Charles Withers in the amusing "For Pity's Sake," and Seed and Austin.

Jimmy Hussey is the headliner of this week's vaudeville bill at the Central Theatre. Sharing honors with him are Dolly Connolly and Percy Wenrich, in songs written by Mr. Wenrich. Others on the bill are the Musical Johnsons, Leonard and Eddie, Bert Baker and Company, Ed Brendel and Flo Burt, the Futuristic Review; Joe Towle and De Haven and Nice.

MME. ONEGIN A VOLUNTEER.

Contralto Thrills Audience at Beethoven Association's Concert.

Mme. Sigrid Onegin of the Metropolitan was the "unnamed" artist volunteer, along with Messrs. Gabrilowitsch, Huberman and Salmond, at last evening's fourth subscription concert of the Beethoven Association before a crowded but discriminating audience at Aeolian Hall. The contralto was assisted by Michael Raucheisen in four songs of Schubert and three of Brahms. The instrumental stars were heard in Brahms's trio in B, Op. 8, for piano, violin and 'cello, while at the start they gave the trio in C minor, Op. 1, No. 3, of Beethoven.

Mme. Onegin's vocal and dramatic powers gained fairly thrilling effect, as her words, clearly held in a small hall, lent wings to classic melodies. There were hearty recalls also for Messrs. Gabrilowitsch, Huberman and Salmond.

The singer had to add encores, "Durch Wald und Feld" and "The Erlking" by Schubert, and "Der Schmied" of Brahms.

GERMAN BEQUEST TO ENEMY

Canadian Gets $10,000 Estate for Rescuing Testator's Child.

VANCOUVER, B. C., Feb. 12.—Major J. C. Thorne of this city has received word that he has inherited a manor in Germany from Herr Gartner, whose grandson Major Thorne, while a prisoner of war, saved from death under a train at Leipsic. A codicil to Herr Gartner's will recites that the legatee, "although an enemy of my country, in the station, while under armed guard, jumped in front of an approaching train and saved little Karl."

Major Thorne at the time of the rescue was being transferred to Cuestin for solitary confinement following an attempt by him to escape from a prison camp.

Herr Gartner's granddaughter has offered $10,000 for the manor.

GIRL ILL FROM GIN; CHAUFFEUR IS HELD

Police Hunt Half Hour for Law Under Which Arrest Could Be Made.

Accused of having given a drink of gin to Miss Marian Spence, a stenographer, of 2,320 Grand Avenue, the Bronx, Clifford Kline, a chauffeur, of 850 Van Nest Avenue, the Bronx, who said he was the young woman's fiance, was locked up in the West Forty-seventh Street Station last night, charged with assault in the first degree. The gin which Kline is alleged to have given Miss Spence put her in alcoholic coma, t the police said. She was found in an automobile on Broadway, between Forty-sixth and Forty-seventh Streets, and was taken to Bellevue Hospital, where physicians said her condition was serious.

The police searched for half an hour before they found a statute under which they could arrest Kline. Finally they uncovered Article 20, Section 240, of the Penal Law, which, the police said, covers the case in question. This section reads, the police said, as follows:

"Any one who administers to or causes to be administered to or taken by another person, poison or any other destructive or noxious thing so as to endanger life of such other, is guilty of assault in the first degree."

Kline told the police that he and Miss Spence were on the way to the theatre when she became suddenly ill and that he had made efforts to relieve her, finally going for coffee. The young woman's father, John Spence, was summoned to the Police Station, where he was told of his daughter's condition. When asked by the police if he wanted to place a charge against Kline, he said he did not, at least not until his daughter had recovered consciousness and could tell her story.

SALUDES CASE UP TODAY.

Woman to Plead Emotional Insanity in Martelliere Killing.

Mrs. Paulette Saludes, wife of a lumber merchant now in France, will be placed on trial in Judge Koenig's part of General Sessions today on a first degree murder indictment charging her with shooting and killing Oscar Martelliere, an insurance broker, in his office at 100 William Street, on Oct. 16 last.

It is understood that the defense will be emotional insanity. When she was arrested she told detectives that she had "an affair of the heart" with Martelliere, who also was married; that he had displaced her husband in her affections and then "turned cold" toward her.

Assistant District Attorney George N. Brothers expects to convict her on the first degree murder charge through the testimony of a girl stenographer in Martelliere's office and a letter in which Mrs. Saludes was alleged to have threatened his life before the killing.

BONDY TO BE A REGENT.

New York Man Wins Nomination for State Board.

ALBANY, Feb. 12.—William Bondy of New York will be nominated tomorrow a member of the State Board of Regents, and Thomas Munro of Camillus, Onondaga County, will be nominated a member of the Board of State Farms and Markets.

In the Assembly tonight 79 Republicans voted for Mr. Bondy and the Democrats cast 56 votes for James J. Hoey, former State Superintendent of Insurance. In the Senate Bondy polled 19 votes to 24 for Hoey, giving Bondy a majority of 15 on joint ballot.

The Democrats in both Houses refused to vote for a member of the Council, the floor leaders explaining that the party delegation in the Legislature believed that the Council should be abolished.

GIRL HURT AS CEILING FALLS

Four Others Treated for Shock After Plaster Descends.

A fall of ceiling plaster yesterday afternoon at the shop of the Pauline Model Company, on the top floor of the six-story building at 174 Madison Avenue, caused injury to one girl dressmaker and shock to four others.

Miss Josephine Contonie of 30 East Seventh Street sprained her back in leaping away as a section of plaster four feet square cracked above her. She was taken to New York Hospital. After Dr. McLeod, the ambulance surgeon, had treated the other girls they went to their homes.

WILLIAMS MAY STAY AS B. R. T. CHAIRMAN

Now Serving as President Without Pay, but Reorganization May Force Change.

There is much speculation as to whether Colonel Timothy S. Williams will be retained as President of the Brooklyn Rapid Transit Company when that corporation is reorganized at the termination of the present receivership. According to a report current yesterday, Colonel Williams, if succeeded by some one else as President, is likely to be made Chairman of the Board of Directors.

Colonel Williams was President of the B. R. T. at the time that it went into a receivership. He resigned, but his resignation never was accepted. He has since served as President without compensation.

The reorganization of the company, the plan for which was announced by Judge Julius M. Mayer of the United States Circuit Court last week, probably will not take place until June 1 or July 1. In the meantime financial arrangements were said to be going forward steadily.

The company recently bought fifty motor-equipped cars and fifty trailers. Other equipment of the company is being overhauled in preparation for the Spring and Summer traffic.

ONE DEAD, TWENTY HURT IN BIG SYRACUSE FIRE

Several Other Persons Missing After Bastable Building Is Destroyed by Flames.

SYRACUSE, Feb. 12.—One person dead, several others missing, twenty injured, some fatally, and a property loss of $750,000, are the results of a fire that destroyed the Bastable Building tonight.

John H. Shea, real estate manager, trapped on an upper floor, jumped for a fire net, missed and was crushed. Most of the injured leaped from windows.

The flames spread so rapidly that the 200 or more persons in the building had little chance to save their effects.

The building, a six-story structure of brick, facing on three streets in the heart of the business section, and containing the Bastable Theatre, was an empty shell three hours after the fire was discovered on a lower floor. The cause of the flames had not been determined ta a late hour.

Glowing sparks, carried by the wind, set the roofs of several other buildings ablaze. These fires were quickly controlled and the damage was slight.

TO INCORPORATE EXCHANGES

Cotillo Proposes Putting Them Under Superintendent of Banks.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, Feb. 12.—Senator Cotillo of New York, introduced tonight a bill providing for the incorporation of the New York Stock Exchange and other exchanges and placing them under supervision by the State Superintendent of Banks.

The exchanges would be required to report annually to the Superintendent of Banks as to their condition and membership, and to make special reports whenever required by him. After the act takes effect no person, association or corporation can maintain an exchange room or other facility for the transaction of business unless incorporated. Violation of this provision is made a felony.

WOULD DOUBLE BUS BONDS.

Assemblyman Ullman Proposes $5,000 Indemnity in New York.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, Feb. 12.—Owners of motor buses in New York City would be required to file indemnity bonds for $5,000 instead of $2,500, to cover damages for personal injuries, death or property damage, under a bill introduced tonight by Assemblyman Sol Ullman.

Mr. Ullman pointed out that while these buses bear the name of "City of New York," the Appellate Division of the Supreme Court recently held that, because they were not legally in operation under city control the city was not liable for damages.

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6408 NOCTURNE, Op. 15, No. 2 *Chopin*
6417 SPRING SONG, Op. 62 No. 6 *Mendelssohn*
6476 GAVOTTE IN A-MAJOR *Gluck-Brahms*
66070 LARGO *Handel-Parsons*
6453 ETUDES, Op. 25, No. 9 (Butterfly) and Op. 10, No. 5 (Black Key) *Chopin*
6488 NACHSTUCK, Op. 23, No. 4 (Nocturne) in F-Major *Schumann*

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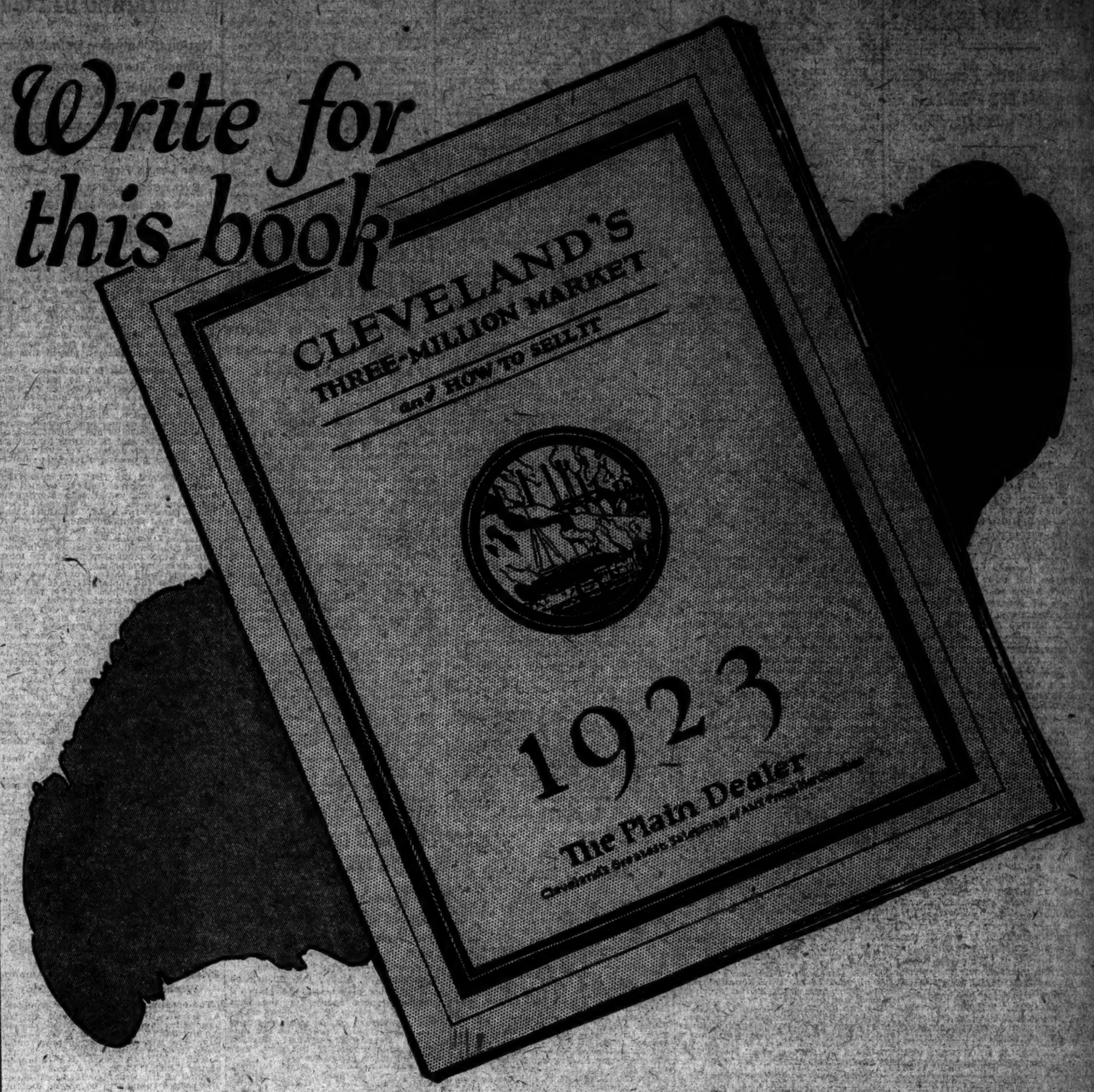

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BIG CROWD ATTENDS DOG SHOW OPENING

The Westminster Kennel Club Benches 1,898 Exhibits in Annual Event at Garden.

UPSETS MARK FIRST DAY

Puppies Cause Sensation by Taking Winners and Reserve in Boston Terriers.

LUCKNOW LOTTERY BEATEN

Champion Cocker Spaniel Bows to Mrs. Willet's Mepal's Harkaway —English Judge Delayed.

One of the largest crowds that have ever jammed the aisles of a dog show in this city milled about the benches and hung over the fences surrounding the judging rings in Madison Square Garden all day yesterday. It was the first day of the forty-seventh annual show of the Westminster Kennel Club and the spectators came with the opening of the doors and remained until they closed. So closely did they follow the judging that it was impossible for any more persons to get near the six rings on the floor when popular breeds were being passed upon by the large corps of American, British and Canadian experts who made the awards.

It was a holiday crowd, but it was also one made up very largely of dog fanciers who followed the work of the judges with the keenest interest, applauding the popular decisions freely. This year a change was made in the benching arrangements which was far more satisfactory than last year's plans. No dogs were benched in the basement, which was a cause of dissatisfaction a year ago. The larger breeds, which formerly were relegated to the lower regions, were brought up to the main floor, while the balconies have been built out for many of the smaller breeds and also for four judging rings.

So the little fellows in the balconies yapped down at the big chaps on the floor, and the latter replied with an intermittent chorus of deeper tones, and all day long and all evening there was an unending chorus that at times was almost deafening. They will quiet down a bit today when they get a little more accustomed to their surroundings and the continuous stream of spectators filing past their benches.

This year's exhibition is one of the largest in many years, the entries having reached a total of 1,898 actual dogs. This is nearly a hundred more than were entered a year ago. Many breeds were in the various rings for judgment the first day, but today will be shepherd dog day. Shepherds have the largest entry of any breed in the show, more than 250 being benched in the Garden this week, and P. A. B. Widener will start judging this popular breed in Ring 1 at 10:30 o'clock this morning.

If it was a crowded day in the matter of spectators, it was also a very full one for the judges. There was some delay in getting started because of the great early rush of spectators, which slowed up the work of getting the dogs from their benches to the various judging rings and back again, but once under way the work was rushed along and excellent progress was made.

English Judge Expected Today.

Walter S. Glynn of Bletchley, England, who was scheduled to judge Airedale terriers, fox terriers and Irish terriers yesterday, failed to arrive. His ship was held up by the prevailing Atlantic storms, but word was received that she would dock early this morning and that Mr. Glynn would get to the Garden in time to start his breeds when today's session gets under way. A meeting of the committee was held last evening, and it was decided to await his arrival.

Upsets began early in the judging and continued as the experts made progress in the several rings, which were surrounded by a solid wall of fanciers while the work of judging was going on. Many dogs failed to run true to form, and there were many disappointments when former winners succumbed to newcomers. One of the early upsets came in the greyhound classes, when Mrs. B. F. Lewis Jr.'s Champion Lansdown Sun Maid failed to come through in the bitch classes. They have been considered two of the greatest greyhounds in the country.

Mrs. F. A. Dallen of Boston gave the followers of the Boston terrier something to talk over for the rest of the show when the expert from the Hub awarded winners in dogs to the ten-months puppy Patsy Dee, owned by Dr. O. M. Deems of Springfield, Mass. He took first honors over Mosholu Bunkio, owned by Mrs. M. C. McClone of this city. Patsy was shown in wonderful shape, although a bit light in flesh, and he took the eye of the fanciers who gathered around the ring as Mrs. Dallen went through with her big task of sorting out the second biggest class in the show.

It is thought possible that Patsy Dee may develop a bit too large and that Mosholu Bunkio, also a puppy of only eleven months, will be able to beat him in another year. It is the first time so far as fanciers' memory goes that two puppies have come through to winners and reserve winners and their showing was one of the sensations of the show.

Dr. Deems is an old-time follower of the Boston terrier, but has not been showing for a number of years. His entry into the game at the Westminster show is a great triumph, as he bred Patsey Dee himself. The puppy was sired by Sigourney King and is out of Polly Dee. Mosholu Bunkio was bred by Mrs. Dallen. He is sired by Mosholu Blink-Crystal Wild Woman.

Start 'Em Off Is Beaten.

Another surprise in this breed was the failure of Start 'Em Off, recent winner at the Philadelphia show, and sold for a sum reported to have been $2,000 after his victory. He was beaten in the novice class by the Ravenroyd Kennels' Ravenroyd Ra-O-Lite, which also came through for a blue in the limit class.

An upset also came in the cocker spaniels when J. Robinson Beard's Champion Lucknow Lottery, which had never been beaten, after taking the blue in the open class for dogs, was forced to take reserve in winners to Mepal's Harkaway from Mrs. J. Macy Willets's Mepal Kennels at Marlboro, Mass. It was less than a month ago that Champion Lottery's victory was selected as the best of all-at the specialty show of the American Spaniel Club at the Waldorf.

Pointers were the best seen in several years, according to the judge, Charles G. Hopton. As a matter of fact, the entry was 100 per cent. greater than last year. As to quality, they were the best for many years and two practically unknown dogs won the championships, the honors in this class going to Thomas E. Hogg's Varner's Royal Vagabond, the dog that was purchased last Summer by Mr. Hogg, son of the Governor of Texas, while on a shooting trip to Scotland.

This dog arrived in poor shape and was beaten on the circuit, but appeared yesterday in very good form, and is unquestionably one of the best dogs ever seen here. He beat the winning bitch, Charles Cavalier's Telegraph's Golden Dawn, who was another exceptionally good, sound liver and white, and is excellent in neck and quarters.

The cup for best novice went to W. T. Payne's Midkiff Optimist, a very promising puppy from the Midkiff Kennels and bred by W. T. Payne, who gained such a sensational victory in the Garden two years ago for best of all breeds with his Midkiff Seductive.

Rolfe Takes First Blue Ribbon.

Few dogs among the many hundreds benched attracted more attention than did Rolfe, a fourteen-months-old puppy which had the honor of carrying off the first blue ribbon of the 1923 show. Rolfe, despite his youth and immaturity, would attract attention in any company, since he weighs about 175 pounds and is big enough to carry a child on his back with as much ease as a pony. He is a pure black Newfoundland and was bred and is owned by Dr. M. J. Fenton of Wellesley, Mass., who has taken up the long famous breed in recent years and now has two Champion Newfoundlands.

At a time when the Newfoundland threatened to become extinct a few breeders attempted to revive it. There were very few of pure blood in this country, but a number were in extensive use in England, where also efforts have been made to bring the breed back to general popularity. Dr. Fenton secured Champion Chieftan in England to head his kennels. The latter has now been retired from the show ring, but his progeny are coming along. Dr. Fenton first showed four years ago with one dog and has gradually increased his kennels as the new puppies have come forward. Chieftan is the sire of a litter of fifteen—a remarkable litter among Newfoundlands—which were recently whelped by his bitch Biddy. The usual litter in the breed is about eight. Dr. Fenton recently sold a seven-months puppy to Henry Ford and the dog already has been shipped to Detroit.

D. C. Williams of Jordan, N. Y., carried off second and third honors in Newfoundlands with King Knight and Billy Williams, respectively. Last year only one Newfoundland was shown at the Garden and this year there was an entry of nine, a gratifying increase. They were judged by J. Willoughby Mitchell of London.

The mastiff is another of the big breeds which is again showing signs of a return to popular favor and six were benched yesterday and were passed upon by Charles G. Hopton. He found the best of the dogs in Champion Weland, owned by C. W. Dickinson of this city, which took winners. The winning bitch was Beomarie, owned by F. J. A. Heier of Buffalo.

Rory Leads Scottish Deerhounds.

Judge Mitchell did not have to linger long over the Scottish deerhounds, of which only four were entered. He gave the blue to Rory, the entry of Miss M. H. Wiborg of East Hampton. Mrs. Samuel Sloan of Garrison, N. Y., took second and third with her Gordon of Lisburne Grange and Lassie of Lisburne Grange, respectively.

Mrs. John F. Galloway of this city cleaned up in the pugs, of which five were shown this year, against one a year ago. She took the blue with Shettleston Standfast and the red with Auld Reekie's Judy and third ribbon with Nigger Boy.

A very good showing of greyhounds turned out for judgment by Charles J. Hopton. The Killearn Kennels of this city won in the open class for dogs with Killearn Final Word, which defeated the Rosemont Kennels' Champion Rosemont Sun Burst in the open class and went on to take winners, Sunburst taking reserve. George S. West of Chestnut Hill, Mass., brought over the winner in the bitches. His Gamecock Farm Wreath took first in the open and winners. Second and reserve went to Percy Roberts's Beverly Running Waters.

Final Word was declared to be one of the finest of the breed ever seen in this city. He was bred by Miss Frances White of Rumford, England, and is owned by Alfred B. Maclay. All of her dogs names begin with the initials F. W. One of the best of her breeding was named Forbidden Whiskey.

There were only a few Samoyedes for Judge Mitchell to pass upon and he did not hesitate long in selecting Billy Boy of Yurak, owned by Mrs. Adeline Medinger of Belmont, N. Y., in the American-bred class, for the blue. This dog went on to take winners over a number of champions. Among the bitches Champion Olga of Farmingham, owned by Louis Smirnow of this city, was the winner in the open class and also carried off winners.

Five in Miscellaneous Class.

In the miscellaneous class, from which the pugs and the Newfoundlands graduated this season for the first time in many years, there are five entries. Two of these are Reh Pinschers, which are seen at the Garden for the first time. They are diminutive Doberman Pinschers so far as looks go, are of German origin and were shown by John E. Walbroehl of Valley Stream, L. I. In the same class are two representatives from the far North lands. One is an Eskimo shown by Mrs. Harry Schwank of Rockville Centre, L. I., and the other a husky, exhibited by Mrs. Charles D. Salmon of this city. The class was completed by another novelty in the shape of a German pointer, shown by the Great Pal Kennels of West Stafford, Conn.

Pomeranians made one of the best showings in years. In the limit class alone it was remarked by one of the experts in the breed that there were half a dozen entries in the ring that were deserving of blue ribbons. The honors in this class went to a dog owned by Mrs. Vincent De Meo of Pelham, N. Y., Pall Mall Riverleigh Prince. Mrs. M. Koerlin, one of the oldest fanciers of the Pom, took second money with a little beauty which it is predicted will be a wonder on the bench in the future.

The winning dog turned up in Scotty O'Toole, a visitor from Canada, owned by Mrs. A. B. Ketternester of Toronto. This dog is a finely-colored wolf sable, with an excellent coat and conformation that are required by a winning Pomeranian. Riverleigh Prince was placed in reserve.

Among the bitches Ashburn Golden Flake, owned by Joe Powell of Mapeth, L. I., was placed at the top of a great field. Mrs. E. Seeley of Brooklyn, an old-time fancier in Pomeranians, put across the reserve winner in Vimmie Sable Girl.

Mrs. M. E. Lindenstruth cleaned up in the classes for Schipperkes, going through American-bred, open and winners with her Hans von Hohenstein. Mrs. R. F. Schmidt's Lou-Lou was placed in reserve.

Judge Mitchell cleared up the dog classes in the West Highland White terriers, of which there was a remarkably fine lot as to quality. A Connecticut dog walked off with the honors. This was the classy Charan Wolvey Crofter, owned by Captain and Mrs. H. E. Harrison Chipman of East River. Crofter took the blue in the open class, defeating Mr. and Mrs. C. F. Huston Miller's White Frost of Glengarry and D. C. Arnold's Champion Rosstor Dugald. He then went on to take winners, reserve going to the handsome Rosster Rattray, from the Rosstor kennels of Aiken, S. C., which had been placed first in the class for American-bred dogs.

Irish setters, declared the judge, Charles G. Hopton, provided the best entry in twenty years in the Garden, and so high was the class that last year's winner could do no better than fourth in her class. The blue ribbon was awarded to Champion Admiration, owned by Dr. T. Joseph O'Connor of South Rochester, N. Y. Reserve went to the Londonderry Kennels' Londonderry's American Beauty. Among the bitches winners went to Dr. John D. De Ronde of this city, who showed Champion Flossie's Kelly, which defeated Howard S. Borden's Irish Kittie for the highest honors.

Ring Card and Judging Time For Garden Dog Show Today

The order of judging for today at the Westminster Kennel Club's dog show in Madison Square Garden, is as follows:

RING I—10:30 A. M. P. A. B. Widener, Shepherd Dogs.

RING II—10:30 A. M., Walter S. Glynn, Sealyham, Scottish and Welsh Terriers.

RING III—10:30 A. M., George O. Kolb, Russian Wolfhounds. 2 P. M., Mrs. Hastings Arnold, Dalmatians. 8 P. M., G. F. Eggert, Great Danes.

RING IV—10:30 A. M., Mrs. E. L. Clarkson, Chow Chows.

RING V—10:30 A. M., Thomas Shallcross, American Foxhounds, Beagles and Whippets.

Olympics Meeting to Be Index Of Universal Appeal of Sports

LAUSANNE, Feb. 12 (Associated Press).—Baron Pierre de Coubertin, President of the International Olympic Committee, said today that South America, the Far East and Africa would give an unusually important angle to the meeting of the committee at Rome, April 9 to 13. Consideration of sport interests in those parts of the world, Baron de Coubertin said, would show that Olympic games have a universal appeal. The opening session of the 1923 meeting will be attended by King Victor Emmanuel and Queen Helena. New members will be elected for Great Britain, Chile and Peru.

TILDEN IS WINNER IN BUFFALO TENNIS

Defeats Richards in Spirited Five-Set Final Match—Dell and Rice Take Doubles.

BUFFALO, N. Y., Feb. 12.—William T. Tilden 2d, national tennis champion, today defeated Vincent Richards in the final round of the singles of the first annual indoor tennis tournament of the Buffalo Tennis and Squash Club. Tilden won the first set, the second and third went to Richards and Tilden captured the fourth and fifth.

The play was spirited and at times sensational, although both players were under handicaps—Tilden from a recent surgical operation on his racquet hand and Richards from a fractured bone in his right foot sustained in the semi-finals. Surgeons urged Richards not to play today, but he insisted on going into the singles final, consenting only to forfeit his chance in the doubles.

Burnham Dell and Lawrence Rice, who thus won their semi-final by default, went into the final of the doubles and won, defeating Dean Mathey and R. Lindley Murray in a closely contested five-set match.

Close observers of the game declared that Tilden never played in better form than today, thus dissipating the belief that the loss of a part of one finger on his right hand would not seriously affect his play next Summer. His service had all its old-time speed and his backhand shots were wonderfully accurate.

The summaries:

Singles, Final Round—William T. Tilden 2d defeated Vincent Richards, 6—4, 4—6, 3—6, 6—3, 6—1.

Doubles, Semi-Final Round—Burnham Dell and Lawrence Rice were winners over Richards and Francis T. Hunter by default; Dean Mathey and R. Lindley Murray defeated Watson Washburn and Samuel Hardy, 6—2 and 6—4.

Final Round—Dell and Rice defeated Mathey and Murray, 8—10, 6—4, 3—6, 9—2, 6—3.

HARVARD OARSMEN IN FIRST WORKOUT

Five Crews Are Formed, Composed of Veterans—Drill on the Machines.

Special to The New York Times.

CAMBRIDGE, Mass., Feb. 12.—Coach Frank Muller called out the Harvard varsity oarsmen today for the first time. Five crews were formed, composed of veterans of last year, and they were given a hard workout on the machines. Coach Muller and Captain Buddie Ladd spoke to the men, outlining the plans of the season.

Crews were made up as follows: Bassett, bow; Morgan, No. 2; Johnson, No. 3; Webb, No. 4; Henry, No. 5; Ladd, No. 6; Fuller, No. 7; Brown, stroke, and Badger, coxswain.

Bassett, who was bow in last year's freshman crew, Morgan and Fuller were members of the second varsity crew. Webb was No. 2 on the varsity last year with Henry, Ladd and Brown, who rowed Nos. 3, 4 and stroke, respectively. Badger was coxswain of the second crew.

Every member of the crew that rowed against the Yale first eight at New London last June, except Captain Appleton, is expected to return to Coach Muller. Charlie Hubbard, the football captain for next year, is out for a varsity berth. He rowed No. 4 on last year's varsity crew which lost to Yale.

Tomorrow Coach Bill Times will call out the 150-pound crews of upper classmen. Wednesday, Ed Brown, who was away last year, will make a call for class crews. On the next day, Burt Haines, freshman coach of the last two years, will take up the same duties, and will call out the yearling men.

Yale Baseball Men Report.

NEW HAVEN, Conn., Feb. 12.—Thirty-five battery candidates for the Yale baseball team reported to Coach Bernie Tommers tonight for preliminary instructions. Actual practice will start tomorrow under Assistant Coach Joe Wood. All other candidates for the team will report March 12.

GOLD RACQUET IS RETAINED BY PELL

National Champion Defeats Mortimer in Tuxedo T. and R. C.'s Annual Tournament.

MAKES UNEXPECTED RALLY

After Losing First Two Sets, Victor Evens Score and Wins by 5-15, 10-15, 16-14, 15-10, 15-11.

Special to The New York Times.

TUXEDO, N. Y., Feb. 12.—Clarence C. Pell, the national racquets champion, retained his holding of the gold racquet, which constitutes the Tuxedo Tennis and Racquet Club's annual tournament trophy, by defeating his partner in the racquets doubles championship, Stanley G. Mortimer, three sets to two. The scores were 5—15, 10—15, 16—14, 15—10, 15—11. This was in the final round of the Tuxedo tournament, played this afternoon.

The Tuxedo court is Mortimer's home court. It is here that he learned the game and it was thought that for that reason this was the one place in the country where he had a chance of beating the champion. Pell has always had the edge on Mortimer in the other courts in which they have met, but it seemed as though he had a chance to reverse the usual result today. Yet Pell's staying powers proved greater than Mortimer's.

Pell dropped the first two games by scores so decisive that it seemed as though nothing could stop Mortimer's victorious march. The crisis came in the third game, in which Mortimer was within two points of the victory but could not quite turn the trick. The champion's service was a major factor in the final result. He succeeded in winning it away from Mortimer at the most important moment of the match and followed his whirlwind shots round the rear corners for the shots that gave him the game and kept him in the running. There was the turning point of the match. In the fourth and fifth games Pell, hard pressed all the time, kept a point or two ahead at all times. Mortimer's familiarity with his home court helped him, but could not discount the greater severity of Pell's service and his harder hitting around the rear angles. Pell utilized chases of pace more frequently than his opponent. Mortimer's best shots were made on his backhand. His shots off his left hand had even more force than Pell's and his control on his backhand was more faultless. Pell was the steadier on his forehand and on service, and these two things counted in his favor in the last three games.

Pell had come through to the final round by one of the greatest victories of his career obtained against Jay Gould, representing the Philadelphia Racquet Club. Pell won this match by three games to one, the scores being 15—8, 15—12, 6—15, 11—9. The test between these two came in an equal one so far as concerned shot-making, but Pell had the greater supply of speed and was the more active in covering court.

The next activities of Pell, Mortimer and Gould will be in the national singles racquets championship, which will be held on the courts of the Racquet and Tennis Club of New York City, starting on Tuesday afternoon, Feb. 20. The courts of the club will be available for practice purposes all this week and until the starting day of the tournament.

HANDBALL TOURNEY OPENS.

Brissel and Kendall Are Among Winners in Met. Title Play.

The opening games of the Metropolitan A. A. U. four-wall hard-ball singles handball championship were played at the Brooklyn Central Y. M. C. A. yesterday. The winners in the opening round were Arthur Brissel, Harry J. Kane, Joseph A. Lynch and J. H. Gallagher of the Central Y. M. C. A. and Walter Kendall of the Brooklyn Handball Club. The second round will be played tonight with several games listed.

The summaries:

First round—Arthur Brissel, Central Y. M. C. A., defeated John H. Hesser, Brooklyn Handball Club, 21—4, 21—5; Walter Kendall, Brooklyn Handball Club, defeated Jack Gold, Central Y. M. C. A., 21—17, 17—21, 21—18; Harry J. Kane, Central Y. M. C. A., defeated Walter J. Barry, Brooklyn Handball Club, 21—8, 21—8; Joseph A. Lynch, Central Y. M. C. A., defeated R. O. Brown, Central Y. M. C. A., 21—8; J. H. Gallagher, Central Y. M. C. A., defeated Edward Greeden, Trinity Club, 21—7, 21—18.

N. Y. U. STARTS PRACTICE.

Eleven Battery Men Report for First Baseball Drill.

New York University started baseball practice yesterday afternoon, when eleven men responded to Coach McCarthy's call for battery candidates. Most of last year's team will be back for the coming season, and with the addition of several men from last year's freshmen outfit, the Violet nine will be greatly strengthened. Among those who reported yesterday were Vic Bacile, Charley Dunlevy, Garvey and Torpe, all of whom formed the foundation of last year's pitching staff. Those trying out for the backstop position are McLaughlin, Toorock, Carlson, Griffin and Theis.

HERZOG COMES HERE TO PROTECT NAME

Awaits Decision on Rube Benton Case at National League Meeting Today.

SESSION MAY BE STORMY

Herrmann Determined to Make Strong Fight to Have Former Giant Pitcher Reinstated.

With the figure of Charles Lincoln Herzog looming up ominously in the background, the controversy over the case of Rube Benton promises to be by far the stormiest feature of the National League's annual scheduled meeting today at the Waldorf-Astoria. There was a hint of trouble yesterday in the presence of Herzog, whose bitter quarrel with Benton forms the real basis of the attempt to keep Benton out of the National League.

Garry Herrmann, owner of the Cincinnati Reds, is in town with the sole idea of getting Benton back into good standing. Herzog is here with the idea of making sure that if Benton is thus reinstated his (Herzog's) own good name shall not suffer thereby. Herzog's attorney, Charles H. Knapp of Baltimore, has come along to protect his client, and before the two of them get through the whole controversy of Benton versus Herzog may be reopened by the National League.

"I'm just marking time," said Herzog yesterday in the lobby of the Commodore when he was asked as to his plans. "Just marking time, waiting for what happens tomorrow."

"If the league approves of Benton's return, will you consider that a reflection on you?" he was asked.

"I won't answer that," he said. "I am leaving all that to my lawyer, Mr. Knapp. He will be along tomorrow, and then we will watch to see what happens.

Denies Quarrel With Heydler.

"Some people seem to have an idea that I have a quarrel with President Heydler. No such thing. I wrote him a letter and he hasn't answered it, which is his own business. I haven't a quarrel with any one. But the Benton case is coming up tomorrow, and I feel that it is my business to be on the spot, inasmuch as I am linked up with the case."

Meanwhile, Commissioner Landis has entered the case and may render a decision today that will end the whole matter with a single stroke. If he decides that Benton shall not be reinstated in the National League, that will automatically end the case. But if he should rule that so far as his office is concerned, Benton is O. K., the league would still have the power to go ahead and take an opposite stand. Only a negative action by Landis would prevent the league's own investigation of the status of the former Giant left hander, whose return is sought by Cincinnati, which bought him from St. Paul. The Judge is said to be on his way here now.

President John A. Heydler was ignorant yesterday of any probable action by Judge Landis. He said he had heard nothing about it, officially or unofficially, and, so far as he knew, the league would discuss the case today and probably take a vote.

Herrmann Prepares for Fight.

In the Garry Herrmann camp there was much warlike bustle. The owner of the Reds was a visitor at the Giants' offices, and while there conferred with Secretary Jim Tierney and with George Washington Grant, President of the Boston Braves. This led to a report that Herrmann had both the Giants and Braves lined up on his side, and if Brooklyn also swings along, there would be four clubs of the eight in favor of Benton's return. However, five would be necessary, for if there should be a tie vote President Heydler would cast the deciding vote and undoubtedly would oppose the Cincinnati proposition.

Barney Dreyfuss, the Pittsburgh President, who arrived yesterday, is regarded as the pivot on which the vote may swing. The club head has been a warm enemy of Herrmann ever since the George Sisler case, in which Herrmann, as head of the old National Commission, awarded the University of Michigan star to the St. Louis Browns. Recently, however, Barney and Garry patched up their friendship and now they are old pals again. There is more than a good possibility that Pittsburgh will vote with Herrmann, which would be enough to give the left-handed Rube will do his pitching next Summer on the banks of the Ohio.

The mystery figure of the whole case, however, is Herzog. What demands he and his lawyer will make of the National League, what remedial action he might take if Benton should be whitewashed, are questions that baseball men are asking one another. It is known that only recently Herzog demanded that Heydler reopen the controversy with Benton and publish all the evidence, affidavits and depositions. It is rumored that Herzog has even gone so far as to threaten suit against the league in order to clear his name.

Schedule to Be Ratified.

Today's meeting may be the stormiest in many years or the quietest. Aside from the Benton discussion only routine matters will be taken up—the ratification of the 1923 schedule and the formal adoption of certain constitutional amendments that were decided upon at the December joint meeting. No further action on the draft is anticipated.

The trade market promises to be dull. The lobbies of the Commodore and Waldorf were alive yesterday with managers, players and other baseball personages, but not a deal developed. The conference between Grant and Herrmann gave birth to a flock of rumors, the gist of which was that the Reds are trying to separate the Braves from one of their young pitchers such as McNamara, Cooney or Hollihan. It was said that Dreyfuss and Bill McKechnie of Pittsburgh are trying to dispose of Catcher Walter Schmidt, but that John McGraw had blocked the negotiations by refusing to waive on the rebellious ex-Giant. Charley Ebbets of Brooklyn may succeed in putting over a deal or two for young players in exchange for some of the aging veterans of the Robins. Zach Wheat in particular is mentioned in this regard.

TIJUANA ENTRIES.

FIRST RACE—For two-year-olds; purse $600; three and one-half furlongs. Irish Buzzar 110 pounds, Miss Leggo 117, Josephine 107, Golden Lad 110, Seth's Flower 107, A. Carter 110, Kitchen Maid 101.

SECOND RACE—For three-year-olds and upward; maidens; claiming; purse $500; six furlongs. Malsavena 106 pounds, Smile Again 94, Charlotte Smith 103, Rumika 108, Castriot 116, Dad 98, Country 105.

THIRD RACE—For four-year-olds and upward; claiming; purse $500; six furlongs. Review 112 pounds, Chattan Court 107, Thrills 105, Mistake 112, Lava 102, Gallouchery 112, Orwin 107, My Laddie 107, Au Revoir 107, Lady Betty 105, Circulate 112, Marion Fluke 105, Hopover 102.

FOURTH RACE—For three-year-olds and upward; claiming; purse $600; five and one-half furlongs. St. Anselm 98 pounds, Cannetto 102, Tempo 98, Duncan 106, Nizam 112, Double Eye 116, Billy Joe 118, Red Man 118, Little Orphan 108, Pinaquana 91, Pickle Fancy 111, Tayoo 104, Miss Dunbar 118, Cowlion 118.

FIFTH RACE—For three-year-olds and upward; claiming; purse $700; one mile and seventy yards. Frank Fogarty 114 pounds, Hakah 112, Gold Enough 101, Clock Stocking 93, Gipsy Joe 95, Marcella Boy 113.

SIXTH RACE—For three-year-olds and upward; claiming; purse $1,000; six furlongs. Harry D. 108 pounds, Judge Pryor 108, Van Patrick 104, Glen Well 108, Wild Flower 100.

SEVENTH RACE—For three-year-olds and upward; claiming; purse $600; five and one-half furlongs. Baldy 111 pounds, Squash 108, Cancion 111, Zalsen 114, Rafferty 118, Savage 106, Tom Roach 118, Algelo 111, Pokey B. 116, Midlad 111, Cal Emmerling 108, Southern Gentleman 108, Cicely Ray 108.

EIGHTH RACE—For three-year-olds and upward; claiming; purse $600; six furlongs. Hazel Dell 108 pounds, Mike 106, Rose Aylin 114, 114, Chief Mashed 108, Cannon Ball 118, Sun Tag 118.

Wally Schang Accepts Terms From Yanks for Next Season

Wally Schang, who catches only about 104 games each year for the Yankees, tarried in the local offices long enough yesterday to arrive at an amicable agreement with Ed Barrow ever terms for 1923. After a long and profound debate it was said that Schang had accepted terms, but he hasn't yet signed a contract. His surrender was not without a struggle, however. There were one or two minor changes that he wanted—what Colonel T. L. Huston termed "chicken feed"—and the Yanks made no violent objections. Schang, incidentally, is not one of those athletes who will have to take their work more seriously or suffer a salary reduction. He is still in high favor and good standing. One of his announcements yesterday was that he will leave for Hot Springs next Sunday, taking Bob Shawkey with him. Sailor Bob wired in yesterday asking for instructions and was told to get to work as soon as convenient.

REFUSE TO CHANGE ATTITUDE ON DRAFT

International League Magnates Vote Unanimously Against Yielding to Majors.

The International League, at its annual schedule meeting in the Hotel Commodore yesterday, refused to yield one inch in its opposition to the major leagues on the draft question. By a unanimous vote the club owners reiterated their positive stand against accepting any players under the new draft provision, and at the end of the meeting the league was as far from an agreement with the majors as it was two months ago.

The league's unanimous action yesterday was a surprise to many baseball men, who had anticipated that there would be a spirited battle over the draft question. Before the meeting it had been reported that on a mail vote three clubs—Rochester, Reading and Syracuse—had voted in favor of the draft, their stand being that each club should be allowed to decide the question for itself. It was also rumored that Toronto and Jersey City were weakening in their opposition to the draft, and many observers predicted that John Conway Toole's circuit would abandon its draft opposition before the meeting was finished.

Syracuse Resolution Killed.

The Syracuse club did introduce a resolution designed to allow a form of local option to each club—that is, permitting each club to decide whether or not it would accept players from the majors who were subject to draft. But the resolution died a speedy death, and if President Toole's figures are correct, not even Syracuse voted for its own resolution. The upshot was that the league took a united stand against the majors, and now there is not a single loophole left by which the clubs can accept a draftable player from the two big leagues.

The anti-draft resolution stated that "the International League shall refuse to accept any contracts with such provisions (namely, the draft provision), and will refuse to allow any player sent under such contract to play in any of its games;" "that such action on the part of the American and National Leagues is in violation of the major-minor league agreement (of 1921), and void so far as this league is concerned."

Jack Dunn, Baltimore owner and manager, was released from his promise to sell at least three of his star Orioles before the beginning of the season. This condition had been insisted upon by other magnates because Baltimore had won four straight pennants and was too strong for the league. Little Wild Tech Bentley to the Giants, but he found it impossible to dispose of Joe Boley, shortstop; Max Bishop, second baseman, and McAvoy, catcher, although he negotiated with several major league clubs.

Dunn Released From Promise.

This case, of course, has been affected by the draft situation. Every time that Dunn tried to dicker with big league managers, he was told that any players sent to him would be subject to draft. Dunn, quite naturally, refused to accept such conditions, and therefore his trades were blocked. Recognizing the existence of such obstacles, the International League, on motion by George Stallings of the Rochester club, freed him from his promise yesterday, and now Dunn will have practically the same team as last season.

The main business at the meeting was the adoption of a 1923 schedule, which was done with little fuss. As usual, 168 games will be played, starting on April 18 and ending on Sept. 23. The opening card will have Toronto at Jersey City, Rochester at Newark, Buffalo at Reading and Syracuse at Baltimore.

Jack Dunn, questioned about Jack Bentley and his demand for a part of the $60,000 paid for him by the Giants, refused to say a word. "That matter is closed so far as I am concerned," said Dunn. "Let the Giants fight it out with him if they want to."

Elk Bowlers Re-elect President.

COLUMBUS, Ohio, Feb. 12.—Joseph Gerou of Detroit was re-elected President of the Elks National Bowling Association, at a meeting held here today. Dolly Gray of Milwaukee was chosen First Vice President and John Galen of Detroit Secretary. Next year's tournament will be held at Lima, Ohio.

NEW ORLEANS ENTRIES.

FIRST RACE—Purse $1,000; claiming; for three-year-olds and upward; six furlongs. Flibbertigibbet 100 pounds, Mickey Moore 104, Flash Bill 105, Terminal 104, *Minute Man 104, Fred Kinney 104, Rumyot 104, Miss Lafayette 101, *Sandalwood 101, Quick Run 99, *Dumbfounder 99, *Jacobina 96, Wrangler 92, Toddy Toast 92.

SECOND RACE—Purse $1,000; allowances; the Rex Purse; for three-year-olds; one mile. Bee Tree 114, Lady Sweet 114, Alfy 114, American 110, Rossate 110, Kast 110, Goldencrest 106, Irish Pat 106, Prince of Umbria 97, Chiva 97, Edward Gray 97, Bodyguard 92, Beverwyck 86, Lady Myra 92, Blue Nose and Bodyguard 105 Hour Farm entry; Shamrock and All American O'Brien entry; Edward Gray and Beverwyck Daniel entry.

THIRD RACE—Purse $1,000; the Carnival Handicap; for three-year-olds and upward; six furlongs. Tippity Witchet 116 pounds, St. Allan 118, L'Effare 114, Well's Cry 104, Continuator 103, Sunny Girl 100, Barracuda 102.

FOURTH RACE—Purse, $3,000 added; the Mardi Gras Handicap; for three-year-olds and upward; one mile and three-sixteenths. Best Pal 128 pounds, Irish Kiss 120, Sir Thomas Kean 114, Copper Demon 111, Parader 110, Kopper Kettle 108, Pennsylvania Blarney Stone 106, Jack Hare Jr. 106, American Boy 104, Olympius 102, Rama 101, Rib Grass 99, Escarpolette 95, Day Lilly, 97, Orating Sunset 94, Solella 94, Mamaita 93.

FIFTH RACE—Purse $1,000; allowances; the Proteus Purse; for four-year-olds and upward; one mile and seventy yards. Valor 108 pounds, Copper Demon 108, Servitor 106, Cherry Chief 106, Rusan 106, Harry Hill 106, Jack Hare Jr. 106, Poe 104, Rapacious 98, The Archer 98, Diana 96.

SIXTH RACE—Purse $1,000; claiming; for three-year-olds and upward; one mile and a sixteenth. Buoncia 112 pounds, *Billy Barnes 111, *Van Song 111, Double Cross 106, *Bill Sang 106, *Demon 106, Paul Micon 106, Lazy Lillian 102, Devonita 101, *Tricks 98, *Mom 97, Hermoden 94, *Fermandoz 86.

SEVENTH RACE—Purse $1,000; claiming; for four-year-olds and upward; one mile and an eighth. *Tom McTaggart 118 pounds, Service Star 116, Little Ed 108, *Fulma 105, *American Soldier 101, *Little Minnie 100, *Valiant 100, Mountain Rose II. 107, *Dryemont 105, Bolster 103, *Execution 101, *Miracle Man 98, *Jack Fairman 94, Bill and Joe 91.

*Apprentice allowance of five pounds claimed.

Weather cloudy; track slow.

TIJUANA RESULTS.

FIRST RACE—For three-year-olds and upward; claiming; purse $600; five and a half furlongs. Nimbell, 116 pounds (Pot-gold), $2.20, $2.10, $2.10, first; Ethel Ai, 98 (Ward), $2.80, $2.20, second; Lala Fluke, 96 (Dean), $3.40, third. Time—1:12 3-5. Mary D., Skylark, Blanche Meyers and Juno also ran.

SECOND RACE—For three-year-olds and upward; claiming; purse $600; five and a half furlongs. Blaze Pat, 105 pounds (Potsolo), $20.20, $10.80, $7.20, first; Gaston, 111 (Gleason), $4.40, $3.60, second; Onwa, 110 (Rose), $4.60, third. Time—1:12 1-5. Cocoba, Irish Dolan, Perfect Day and Freddie Black also ran.

THIRD RACE—For three-year-olds and upward; claiming; purse $600; six furlongs. Birik, 115 pounds (Thompson), $6.40, $4.80, $3.60, first; Bubbles, 104 (Gaylord), $3.60, second; Nellie Harper (Gallagher), $6.60, third. Time—1:14 1-5. Air Scout, Frilik, Gallico-Perry, Little Gene, Hopper and Veteran also ran.

FOURTH RACE—For three-year-olds and upward; claiming; purse $600; five and a half furlongs. Tiny Dancer, 101 pounds (Thompson), $4.80, $2.80, $2.20, first; Ruth Ai, 115 (Rose), $2.60, $2.40, second; Rose Altim, 108 (Rose), $2.40, third. Time—1:11 Shelbyville, Helen Major, Milling and Blue Bell also ran.

FIFTH RACE—For three-year-olds and upward; claiming; purse $600; five and a half furlongs. Full Moon, 108 pounds (Hollbrick), $4.80, $4.40, $3.20, first; Cheaty Man, 112 (Wheeler), $4.80, $3.60, second; Tom Joss, 115 (Lesg), $3.20, third. Time—1:10 4-5. Caumet, Milds, Yahoo, Plantation and Rafferty also ran.

SIXTH RACE—Owners' Handicap; for three-year-olds and upward; purse $1,200; one mile and forty yards. Rebuke, 99 pounds (Walls), $3.20, $3.40, out, first; Sempie, 99 (Martin), $3.80, out, second; Ethan Allen, 92 (F. Horn), $3.80, third. Time—1:46 2-5. Sunnyland and John S. Reardon also ran.

SEVENTH RACE—For three-year-olds; purse $600; five furlongs. Paisley, 112 pounds (Watrous), $2.40, $2.20, $2.20, first; Joella, 116 (Peck), $3.40, $2.80, second; Sacro Mass, 110 (Walls), $2.80, third. Time—1:03 2-5. Sandive, Stuck Monkey, El Rubio and Pickle Barrel also ran.

EIGHTH RACE—For three-year-olds and upward; claiming; purse $600; five furlongs. Jack Ladd, 119 pounds (Ross), $12.80, $6.20, $3.20, first; Dr. Dan, 107 (Lesg), $3.60, $2.60, second; Hazel Dale, 108 (Martin), $3.40, third. Time—1:01. Potential, Quincy Ward, Ollie Wood, Shane Williams, Valvar, Old Homestead and Nizam also ran.

Weather cloudy; track muddy.

HAVANA ENTRIES.

FIRST RACE—For three-year-olds and upward; claiming; purse $600; five and a half furlongs. Grey Sonnet, 101 pounds, Vigo K. 107, John Jr. 112, Mary Rock 117

RAY MISSES RECORD IN HANDICAP EVENT

Again Beats Bonhag's Figures, but Fails to Break Own Mark in 1¾-Mile Run.

IS DEFEATED BY RITOLA

Chicagoan Unable to Overcome Local Star's Allowance of 80 Yards —Devaney Retains Title.

Joie Ray failed last night in his attempt to establish new record figures for the one and three-quarter mile run, and in addition suffered his first defeat on his current tour of the East. Making his farewell New York appearance in the handicap one and three-quarter mile race at the annual indoor athletic meet of the Seventy-first Regiment Armory, in the Infantrymen's drill shed at Park Avenue and Thirty-fourth Street, Ray fell short by three and four-fifths seconds of equalling the mark he established for this distance last Saturday night at the Wilco A. A. games in Brooklyn.

The remarkable little Chicago runner, after a spectacular race on a short track with which he was unfamiliar, finished second to Willie Ritola of the Finnish-American A. C., America's long distance running champion, who had a handicap of ninety yards on America's leading middle-distance runner. Ray's time for the one and three-quarter miles was 8 minutes 3 3-5 seconds. His record, made last Saturday, is 7:59 4-5. Despite the fact that he fell short of his objective, Ray managed to get under George Bonhag's thirteen-year-old mark of 8:10 3-5 for the second time in the space of three days.

Though he failed of the record he sought, Ray furnished a typically spectacular race. It was an exhibition of ability which long will be remembered by the crowd of 4,000 which cheered the speedy, lusty-lunged little Chicagoan every step of his journey. Racing against a field of ten rivals, some of them having handicaps of three-quarters of a lap, Ray overcame all opposition but that offered by the strong Ritola through the grace of his handicap allowance.

Ray Overtakes Rivals.

For a mile of the journey Ray steadily overtook the handicap men as he made his way over the ten-lap track in a race that required seventeen and one-half laps. The small track, with its short straightaways and many sharp turns, undoubtedly figured in Ray's failure to make a new record, but it did not interfere with his task of overhauling the runners to whom he gave liberal handicaps. In the closing three-quarters of a mile Ray startled the crowd with a burst of dazzling speed which many thought would give the Chicagoan the new mark he sought. One after another he passed the weary runners who made his early pace.

At eleven laps Ray passed Arthur Cassot and Gunnar Nilson, the trailing handicap runners. Then Ray proceeded in the succeeding five laps to pass Jack Costello, Mike Dwyer and Ilmar Prim. He passed Willie Goodwin of the New York A. C. a lap and one-half from the finish and went in pursuit of Ritola, who was racing like mad in the lead. The Finnish distance runner, however, increased his stride and doggedly clung to the van position, leading Ray by twenty-two yards at the finish. Ritola's time for the one and three-quarter mile was 7:59 2-5, reflecting the accuracy of the handicaps allotted by George Mathews. Goodwin straggled home third.

Ray's running for the first three-quarters of a mile was faster than his time for the corresponding distance in the race of last Saturday night. But he slowed, in comparison, after the three-quarter point and raced behind schedule. Ray's intermediate times by quarters were: 1:01 1-5, 2:10 2-5, 3:21 1-5, 4:32, 5:41 4-5, 6:53 2-5 and 8:03 3-5. Two of the watches held on the race caught Ray in 8:03 3-5, and the third caught him in 8:03 2-5.

Devaney Retains Title.

Mike Devaney, veteran Millrose A. A. runner, fought off the efforts of Abel R. Kiviat of the Wilco A. A., champion middle-distance runner of ten years ago, to stage a "come-back" in the Metropolitan A. A. U. three-quarter mile championship race. Defending the title he won last year, Devaney led Kiviat to the finish line by about three yards in 3:15, despite an almost superhuman effort on the part of the old Irish-American A. C. star to snatch the victory. Kiviat flashed a surprising burst of speed on the closing two laps and fought hard to "get up." But Devaney was equal to the challenge and retained his title. Willie Sullivan, local mile champion, finished third.

Loren Murchison of the Newark A. C., national indoor sprint champion, gave a brilliant demonstration of his speed in winning a 70-yard handicap dash from scratch in another feature. Murchison showed the way to Jackson V. Scholz, New York A. C., former Western Conference record-holder in 7.2-5 seconds. Scholz also started from scratch.

The summaries:

The summaries:

65-Yard Dash; Closed, Handicap—Won by F. Kery, Co. L (14 feet); J. Murtha, Howitzer Co. (6 feet), second; M. Pala, Co. B (scratch), third. Time—0:07 2-5.

75-Yard Dash; Open, Handicap—Won by Loren Murchison, Newark A. C. (scratch); Jackson V. Scholz, New York A. C. (scratch), second; E. T. Kinsley, unattached (3 feet), third. Time—0:07 2-5.

880-Yard Run; Closed, Handicap—Won by S. Baron, Co B (scratch); B. Polstern, Co I (25 yards), second; E. Morrison, Co. F (40 yards), third. Time—2:00.

One-Mile Interscholastic Relay—Won by St. Augustine Academy (J. Steven, W. Dowd, W. Miles, J. Eastmont); Poly Prep (Lavin, Novo, Fogarty, Rose), second; Central High School, Newark (B. Kaplin, F. Watts, V. Young, C. Holmes), third. Time—3:44 2-5.

One-Lap Sack Race, Closed—Won by I. Lisbowitz, Company D; J. T. Vist, Company B, second; J. Eckert, Company A, third. Time—0:33.

Three-Quarter-Mile Run, Metropolitan A. A. U. Senior Championship—Won by M. A. Devaney, Millrose A. A.; Abel R. Kiviat, Wilco A. A., second; William Sullivan, Paulist A. C., third. Time—3:15.

440-Yard Run, closed, heavy matching order handicap—Won by T. McNamara, Company B (8 yards); T. Richardson, Company F (scratch), second; L. Plover, Headquarters Company (10 yards), third. Time—1:02.

One-Mile Walk, open, handicap—Won by Joseph B. Pearman, New York A. C. (3 seconds); W. Von Bargen, Morningside A. C. (20 seconds), second; H. Lobon, Morningside A. C. (35 seconds), third. Time—6:39 2-5.

220-Yard Dash, closed, novice—Won by J. Hughes, Howitzer Company; M. McCarthy, Howitzer Company, second; R. Johnston, Company F, third. Time—0:26 1-5.

Rescue Race, closed—Won by M. A. Pala and A. Motleson, Company B; L. Feggler and G. Johnston, Company F., second; W. Brady and W. Gallagher, Company B, third. Time—0:18 2-5.

MICHIGAN FIVE A WINNER.

Crippled Basketball Team Takes Minnesota's Measure, 34-18.

ANN ARBOR, Mich., Feb. 12.—Michigan's basketball team, crippled by sickness and eligibility rules, defeated Minnesota here tonight, 34 to 18. Only four members of the regular squad, Kipke, Paper, Ely and Cappon, were eligible for tonight's contest.

BOXING BOUTS TONIGHT.

Pioneer A. C.—Jack Bernstein vs. Gene Delmont, twelve rounds; Sammy Greenspan vs. Joey Baker, six rounds; Ernie Saits vs. Buddy Wallace, six rounds.

Two Hundred and Twelfth Regiment Armory—Happy Egan vs. Joe Grosso; Kid Rash vs. Joe Selmars; Scotty Williams vs. Kid Troy; Benny Green vs. Patsy Herman. Four eight-round bouts.

Fifteenth Infantry Armory—Willie Walker vs. Young Jack Johnson, twelve rounds; Kid Alford vs. Pete White, eight rounds.

Forty-seventh Regiment Armory, Brooklyn—Joe Glick vs. Sammy Melfin, twelve rounds; Harry Simmons vs. Mario Guida, eight rounds.

French Boxing Federation Annuls Siki's Suspension

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PARIS, Feb. 12.—The French Boxing Federation on the occasion of its twentieth anniversary today, after a long discussion, decided to return Battling Siki's license. The federation did not, however, see fit to return to the African boxer the title of heavyweight champion of France or light heavyweight champion of the world. Siki, when informed of the decision, said: "I don't care. If they will let me box, I'll soon win back the titles with my fists."

MISS COLLETT TIED IN FLORIDA TOURNEY

She and Mrs. Byfield Score an 82 in Qualifying Round on Palm Beach Links.

Special to The New York Times.

PALM BEACH, Fla., Feb. 12.—Miss Glenna Collett, national and Eastern women's golf champion, with a score of 40—42—82, was tied for medal honors in the qualifying round of the Palm Beach women's championship tournament with Mrs. Ernest Byfield of Chicago this afternoon on the Palm Beach Golf Club's links. Mrs. Byfield lost her golden chance to beat the national champion for medalist honors when she missed a 14-inch putt for an 81 on the eighteenth green. The tie probably will be played off tomorrow.

The cards:

Out—
Miss Collett .....5 4 5 5 5 4 3 5 4—40
Mrs. Byfield .....5 5 4 6 5 5 3 5 4—42

In—
Miss Collett .....5 3 4 5 4 5 5 3 4—42—82
Mrs. Byfield .....4 4 5 5 3 3 4 5 4—38—80

Miss Bessie Fenn, who has twice won the gold cup known as the Flagler Cup, and which will become her permanent property if she wins it the third time, was third with a score of 41—43—84.

Others who qualified and their scores were:

First Sixteen—Miss Betty O'Gorman 45, 45—90; Mrs. L. Q. White, 47, 46—93; Miss E. Detchon, 52, 46—98; Miss Louise Branch, 50, 45—95; Miss Constance Peabody, 49, 46—97; Miss May O'Gorman, 52, 47—99; Mrs. T. B. Paine, 49, 51—100; Mrs. C. O. Russell, 49, 45—94; Mrs. William Seyfert, 49,52—101; Mrs. H. O'Brien, 49, 47—96; Mrs. John Shepard Jr., 55, 53—108; Mrs. Charles Downey, 55, 44—99.

Second Sixteen—Mrs. Woods Plankington 102, Mrs. M. J. Lawlor 107, Mrs. Andrew White 108, Mrs. George Dupree 112, Mrs. Ethel Salant 102, Mrs. W. L. Pierce 103, Miss Elizabeth Chase 112, Mrs. E. T. Brown 108, Mrs. E. J. Northwood 109, Mrs. C. J. Filber 111, Mrs. Charles Isaacs 104, Mrs. J. C. Lebeau 110, Mrs. D. C. Ogden 105, Mrs. T. Cook 110, Miss Mary Sipple 108, Miss M. Rayburn 112.

MRS. BARLOW LEADS IN PINEHURST GOLF

Finishes Qualifying Round of St. Valentine's Event One Stroke Ahead of Rivals.

PINEHURST, N. C., Feb. 12.—Mrs. Ronald H. Barlow of Philadelphia led a field of over fifty players by a margin of one stroke in the qualifying round of the eighteenth annual St. Valentine's tournament for women at Pinehurst today and won the medal with a round of 47—43—90 on the No. 1 course. Two other well-known players, Miss Sarah Fownes of Pittsburgh and Mrs. John D. Chapman of Greenwich, tied for second honors, with scores of 91.

The summaries:

WOMEN'S QUALIFYING ROUND.

First Eight—Mrs. Ronald Barlow, Merion, 47, 43—90; Miss Sarah Fownes, Oakmont, 45, 46—91; Mrs. John D. Chapman, Greenwich, 47, 44—91; Miss Dorothy Richards, Cleveland, 47, 45—92; Mrs. J. H. Wright, St. Albans, 46, 48—94; Mrs. Joseph Bydolek, Buffalo, 46, 49—95; Mrs. Donald Parson, Youngstown, 47, 48—95; Mrs. R. H. Rackham, Detroit, 49, 50—99.

Second Eight—Mrs. Herman Ellis, Oakland, 51, 51—102; Mrs. C. B. Hollingsworth, Greensburg, 52, 50—102; Miss Adele Marsh, Glen Ridge, 52, 50—102; Miss Louise Patterson, Plainfield, 55, 48—103; Mrs. Harriette Waters, Apawamis, 55, 48—103; Mrs. George A. Magoon, Pittsburgh, 52, 52—104; Mrs. Jackson Boyd, Harrisburg, 51, 53—104; Mrs. J. L. Bauer, Suburban, 53, 51—104.

KEATING BEATEN BY T. RUSSELL BROWN

St. Valentine's Golf Medalist at Pinehurst Wins From New York Player by 1 Up.

PINEHURST, N. C., Feb. 12.—T. Russell Brown of Lake Champlain and J. W. Munro of Zanesville, Ohio, will meet in the final round of the annual St. Valentine tournament at Pinehurst tomorrow. Brown, who has won several of the competitions here and who captured the qualifying medal in the present tournament, started out as a strong favorite today in his semi-final match with Frank T. Keating of New York, but had to play the last four holes in 3, 4, 3, 4 in order to win by the narrow margin of 1 up.

Munro came through to the final with considerably less difficulty. The Zanesville star played against John D. Chapman of Greenwich, who had an off day and who lost by a margin of 4 and 2.

SEMI-FINAL ROUND.

First Sixteen—J. W. Munro, Zanesville, defeated John D. Chapman, Greenwich, 4 and 2; T. Russell Brown, Lake Champlain, defeated F. T. Keating, New York, 1 up.

Second Sixteen—Brick Thomson, Riverside, defeated Perry D. Bogue, Greenwich, 3 and 1; W. T. Barr, Dering Harbor, defeated Selwyn Bywater, Greenwich, 3 and 6.

WHITE WILL PLEAD AGAINST FORFEITURE

Chicago Lightweight to Appear Before S. A. C. Today to Save $2,500 Weight Guarantee.

Charlie White, Chicago lightweight, whose championship aspirations were so rudely blasted last Friday night by Rocky Kansas, will submit a plea to the State Athletic Commission this afternoon in an effort to save the weight forfeit of $2,500 which Kansas has claimed because White failed to make the stipulated 135 pounds at 2 o'clock for the Madison Square Garden bout last week.

White originally planned to return to his home in Chicago last Sunday afternoon on the Twentieth Century, but, on the recommendation of his manager, Ike Dorgan, the Chicago lightweight canceled his transportation.

According to Dorgan, White will appear before the commission this morning at 11 o'clock. The Chicago boxer plans to enter a protest against trampling Kansas's claim on the ground that no claim was made for the weight forfeit at the time the scales showed White three-quarters of a pound above the stipulated notch. Dorgan declared that Dan Rogers, manager of Kansas, did not enter his claim for the forfeit money until fifteen minutes had elapsed.

In that space of time White had swallowed two cups of beef tea and the ingredients of a succulent orange, thus making it impossible to shave off the extra three-quarters of a pound in the extra time ordinarily permitted under such circumstances.

COLUMBIA QUINTET WINNER OVER YALE

Captures a Sensational Game Before Big Crowd in Local Gymnasium by 24-22.

ELIS LOSE LEAGUE LEAD

Drop to Third Position, With Princeton and Cornell Fives Tied for First Place.

STANDING OF COLLEGES IN BASKETBALL LEAGUE.

	Won.	Lost.	P. C.
Princeton	3	1	.750
Cornell	3	1	.750
Yale	2	1	.667
Columbia	2	2	.500
Penn	0	2	.000
Dartmouth	0	2	.000

Before the largest crowd of the season, the Columbia University basketball team last night gave a fitting finishing touch to the Alumni Day celebration by defeating the league-leading Yale University quintet in one of the best games ever witnessed in the Morningside gymnasium, the final score being 24 to 22. A stiff five-man defense, mapped out by Coach Joe Deering, baffled the New Haven good shooters, and, taking the lead shortly before the end of the first half, the wearers of the Blue and White led by 13 to 10 at half time. In the second half Yale twice went into the lead, only to be overhauled by the Blue and White. Just before the close of the game Columbia gained a four-point advantage, which the Elis could not overcome.

The defeat was the first that Yale has suffered in nine starts, including three league games, during the present season and pulled the Bulldog out of its solitary place at the head of the Intercollegiate Basketball League and into third place. Princeton and Cornell are now tied for first place with three games won and one lost. By winning, Columbia equalled its defeats with victories, the Blue and White now having won two and lost two.

Fully 3,500 spectators, among them President Nicholas Murray Butler and several hundred Alumni Day celebrators, crowded the Morningside Heights gymnasium.

For Yale Pite, forward, was the star of the game with five field goals to his credit. He was the only member of the Eli quintet that seemed able to penetrate the Columbia defense. For the Blue and White the heroes were Wilson and Captain Pulleyn, the former scoring two goals from the field, one of them a sensational toss, and caging fourteen free throws out of 19 attempt trials. The game was hard-fought throughout, Captain Pulleyn being put out of the game for personal fouls two minutes before the end of the first half, and Conklin of Yale and Donaldson of Columbia being forced to withdraw in the second half.

Less than a minute after the starting whistle, Pite caged a long shot which he followed a few seconds later with a goal from scrimmage. Then Sulsman was successful in sinking a free throw through the netting, giving the Elis a 5 to 0 lead and bringing visions of defeat to the Columbia onlookers.

At this point, however, Wilson dropped three foul goals from the free throw line and Springhorn brought his team on even terms with the Elis by scoring a field goal on a short dribble from the toss-in.

Yale again forged ahead only to be overhauled by Wilson, who again tossed two free throws. A few seconds later Wilson made the star play of the game when he dribbled half the length of the court and scored a basket. At half time Columbia was leading, 13 to 10.

Three foul goals scored by Yale again tied the score and two more foul goals by Wilson made up for a field goal which Pite scored from under the basket. With the score at 16-16, Haas and Pite scored from the floor and gave Yale a four-point lead, but Wilson again rose to the emergency by tossing two free throws and then carrying the ball the length of the court, through the Yale team, for a goal which tied the score once more.

After that not more than four points separated the teams for the remainder of the half. Dockerill's field basket gave Columbia the lead, 21 to 19, and Wilson added another, giving the Blue and White a sufficient lead to withstand the Eli assault until the final whistle blew.

The line-up:

COLUMBIA (24).		YALE (22).
Strom	L.F.	Pite
Springhorn	R.F.	Sulsman
Donaldson	C.	Conklin
Wilson	L.G.	Haas
Pulleyn	R.G.	Gillitz

Goals from field—Columbia: Wilson (2), Pulleyn, Springhorn, Dockerill. Yale: Pite (5), Sulsman, Haas. Goals from fouls—Wilson, 14 out of 19; Sulsman, 8 out of 17.

Substitutions—Columbia: Reilly for Pulleyn, Dockerill for Reilly, Reilly for Donaldson. Yale: Baither for Haas, Haas for Baither, Luman for Conklin, Baither for Haas.

Referee—Don O'Brien, St. Johns. Umpire—E. B. Hastings, Cornell. Time of halves—20 minutes.

PASSAIC FIVE WINS 105TH GAME IN ROW

Easily Defeats Rutherford Quintet, 52 to 16—Hamas and Keasler Are Stars.

Special to The New York Times.

PASSAIC, N. J., Feb. 12.—Passaic High School's basketball five won its 105th game in a row by taking the measure of Rutherford High School here this afternoon. The score was 52 to 16.

The visitors played a five-man defense game which Hamas and Keasler penetrated for seven baskets each. Hamas of Passaic outshot Williamson from the foul line.

The line-up:

PASSAIC (52).		RUTHERFORD (16).
Hamas	L.F.	Williamson
Keasler	R.F.	Boss
Merselis	C.	Black
Knother	L.G.	Vultee
Krakovitch	R.G.	Hellwig

Goals from field, Hamas (7), Keasler (7), Merselis (5), Knothe (2), Krakovitch, Pashman, Black (3), Williamson, Boss, Vultee. Goals from foul, Hamas (6 out of 9), Williamson (2 out of 7), Hellwig (4 out of 7).

QUAKER FOILSMEN DEFEAT COLUMBIA

Captain Bloomer of Blue and White Team Has Clean Slate, but Penn Wins, 8-5.

The University of Pennsylvania foilsmen defeated representatives of Columbia yesterday in a dual fencing meet held at Columbia gymnasium yesterday afternoon, the score being 8 points to 5. Captain Harold Bloomer of the Blue and White team was the star of the meet, the only man on either side to go through without a defeat.

The summaries:

Foils—Heetinger, Pennsylvania, defeated Block, Columbia, 7 to 4; Heetinger, Pennsylvania, defeated Block, Columbia, 7 to 6; Caver, Pennsylvania, defeated Block, Columbia, 7 to 4; Caver, Pennsylvania, defeated Fuertes, Columbia, 7 to 3; Thomson, Pennsylvania, defeated Barrett, Columbia, 7 to 4; Bloomer, Columbia, defeated Thomson, Pennsylvania, 7 to 3; Bloomer, Columbia, defeated Caver, Pennsylvania, 7 to 5; Bloomer, Columbia, defeated Heetinger, Pennsylvania, 7 to 6; Block, Columbia, defeated Thomson, Pennsylvania, 7 to 6.

Epees—Bloomer, Columbia, tied Heetinger, Pennsylvania, 1 to 1.

Sabres—Brown, Pennsylvania, defeated Huber, Columbia, 7 to 4; Brown, Pennsylvania, defeated Bierchenk, Columbia, 7 to 5; Gutman, Pennsylvania, defeated Bierchenk, 7 to 6; Huber, Columbia, defeated Gutman, Pennsylvania, 7 to 4.

Dempsey Signs Former Rival As His New Training Partner

SALT LAKE CITY, Utah, Feb. 12.—Jack Dempsey, world's heavyweight champion, has a new training partner in the person of Terry Keller, preminent some years ago as a heavyweight boxer. Last Saturday at Ogden while en route to Salt Lake to be with his father, who is reported improving from a stomach ailment, Dempsey met Keller. Questioning brought forth admissions by Keller that he was broke, hungry and looking for a job, and Jack lost no time in taking him in tow. Many years ago, before Jack became famous, he battled with Keller at Ogden and won the decision. Since that time Dempsey has gone forward and Keller backward and Jack terms his befriending of Keller as merely a case of victor helping the vanquished.

DR. ROSCOW TAKES LEAD IN BILLIARDS

Defeats Mathews, 200 to 159, in National Class B Tourney —Beardsley Also Wins.

STANDING OF PLAYERS IN BILLIARD TOURNEY.

	W.	L.	High Run.	Best Avg.
Dr. Richard Roscow	4	1	71	11 15-17
J. H. Beardsley	2	1	22	8 8-33
C. P. Mathews	1	1	22	4 15-36
Charles Steinbugler	1	2	24	3 4-34
Morris Brussel	0	2	24	4 9-46

Dr. Robert M. Roscow of Baltimore, whose playing has been the outstanding feature of the tournament, went into the lead for the national Class B 18.2 balkline billiard championship by defeating C. P. Mathews in a tournament game played at the Amateur Billiard Club last night. The final score was 200 to 159. Dr. Roscow averaged 5 20-36, while Mathews averaged 4 15-36. The Baltimore player had high runs of 45 and 44, while Mathew's high runs were 22, 19 and 18. Mathews's defeat sent him down into third place in the tourney, with a percentage of .500. J. R. Beardsley going into second place with two games won and one lost.

Last night's average was the lowest that Dr. Roscow has made during the tournament. Only upon two occasions, once when he made his high run of 45 and again when he racked off 44 before missing, did he attain the heights of his former exhibitions. Those runs were the product of careful nursing together with a few extraordinary masse shots. With the most part, however, Mathews left the balls spread and Dr. Roscow's string showed eleven blanks.

Two runs of 10 and 12 put Dr. Roscow in the lead, 22 to 10, at the end of the third inning. Runs of 10 in the fourth inning and 22 in the twelfth inning gave Mathews a 29-point lead, but the Baltimore star's 45 in the seventeenth inning gave him a lead which he never relinquished.

The score by innings:

Dr. Roscow—0 10 12 3 0 1 5 2 5 1 1 0 2 1 17 45 3 0 2 9 8 0 0 0 5 44 5 3 1 1 0 0 0 0 18. Total, 200; average, 5 20-36; high runs, 45, 44, 18.

Mathews—2 4 4 13 1 0 7 1 4 0 0 2 2 0 1 3 1 18 3 1 2 2 1 1 4 0 8 17 0 6 6 3 0 8 0 0 0 5. Total, 159; average, 4 15-36; high runs, 22, 19, 18.

In the first game of the evening J. R. Beardsley won a closely contested game from Charles Steinbugler, the score being 200 to 195. The game was not marked by particularly scintillating billiards, requiring forty-eight innings to complete. Beardsley averaged 4 8-18 and Steinbugler's was 4 7-48. The victory placed Beardsley ahead of Steinbugler in the averages, the former having won two games and lost only one in the present tourney, and the latter having won only one of his three starts. Beardsley improved his high run mark by a single point, reeling off 32 in the thirty-fifth inning.

Beardsley had high runs of 32, 18 and 15, while the best marks that Steinbugler made were 23 and two seventeens. The score by innings:

Beardsley—0 2 8 1 2 3 0 10 12 10 12 1 1 5 0 0 1 1 7 1 3 0 1 0 0 2 4 16 0 0 0 0 0 4 32 5 13 0 2 0 3 0 4 4 5 1 15 13. Total, 200; average, 4 8-48; high runs, 32, 18, 15.

Steinbugler—1 0 1 0 2 1 0 2 13 0 17 4 5 1 4 1 3 5 1 7 1 9 1 0 0 0 1 1 1 0 0 3 0 0 4 1 16 5 5 1 0 1 14 4 0 14 1 0. Total, 195; average, 4 7-47; high runs, 23, 17, 17.

Referee—Julian Rice.

In the first game of the play-off to break the tie in the national Class C amateur 18.2 balkline billiard championship at the Recreation Billiard Academy, Brooklyn, last night, L. A. Servatius defeated Frank L. Gray by the score of 150 to 144. The game was closely contested all the way. The winner averaged 2 10-70 and the loser 2 4-70. Both men had high runs of 17. Tonight the players will be Servatius and George Spear.

CALEDONIAN CLUB IS CURLING VICTOR

Culbertson's Rink Defeats St. Andrew's Club in Utica Cup Match, 9-5.

William Cuthbertson's curling team of the New York Caledonian Club carried off the Utica Cup yesterday in the final cup game on the rinks at Van Cortlandt Park by defeating the St. Andrew's Curling Club team, skipped by William Ridley, by a score of 9 to 5. The contest was shortened to nine ends, instead of the customary seventeen. In the abbreviated game Cuthbertson's curlers scored nine points against five for the St. Andrew's team.

Through its victory the Caledonian Club team obtains possession of the Utica Cup for the period of a year. The cup is offered annually in curling competition and is held by the successful team each year.

The victory over the St. Andrew's players was the second of the day scored by Cuthbertson's curlers. In the first round they defeated the team skipped by Tom Archibald, by a score of 18 to 9. Ridley's team advanced to the final by means of a victory over Kirkaldy curlers in the other first-round match, by a score of 10 to 12. James Whyte skipped the Kirkaldy squad.

The diamond medal presented by President A. Walker of the Caledonian Club for the curler with the best score in an individual competition was won by David Templeton by a margin of a single point.

The line-up of the teams in the Utica Cup final follows:

CALED'N CLUB (9).	ST. AND'S C. C. (5).
1—John Riddel.	1—Thomas Broatch.
2—W. Monour.	2—John Renie.
3—Robert Archibald.	3—A. F. Roth.
Skip—William Cuthbertson.	Skip—William Ridby.

Yale Riflemen Defeat Lehigh.

NEW HAVEN, Conn., Feb. 12.—The Yale rifle team tonight defeated Lehigh University in a match shot by wire, 500 to 490. Every man on Yale's team scored a perfect 100.

Iowa Five Beats Ohio State.

COLUMBUS, Ohio, Feb. 12.—Iowa defeated Ohio State, 30 to 25, in a Western Conference basketball game here tonight.

Beckett-Smith Bout Postponed.

LONDON, Feb. 12.—The fight between Joe Beckett and Dick Smith, which had been set for next Monday night, has been postponed in consequence of an injury to Beckett's left hand. Beckett's

BURNS WINS HONORS IN HOLIDAY SHOOT

Leads Field of 60 Gunners Over Larchmont Traps, With Total of 198 Out of 200.

A. L. Burns won the holiday shoot over the traps of the Larchmont Yacht Club yesterday. He led a field of sixty gunners with the excellent total of 198 out of a possible 200 targets. Each string was a 99, which is good when it is taken into consideration that the strong light reflecting off the snow made it difficult to see the targets.

Dr. G. H. Martin and C. A. Wills won the other two handicap prizes in the order named from several other gunners who all had 195 targets in the first time at the traps. The high handicap prize for members of the Larchmont Yacht Club was taken by C. A. Krickl, with H. Eric finishing second. C. D. Kimball was the winner of the New York A. C. handicap prize, with B. L. Duke finishing second.

The scores:

	1st 100 tgs.	2d 100 trs.	Total 200 tgs.	Handicap 4th 50 cap.	Grd. total. 250 tgs.
W. Graham	95	94	189	18	207
G. A. Silberman	93	82	175	40	215
F. L. Salomon	97	89	186	18	204
G. H. Story	93	86	179	24	203
H. H. Lake	93	96	189	16	205
H. H. Shannon	90	85	175	24	203
H. Eric	96	89	185	20	205
G. M. LaBranche	88	86	174	30	204
L. S. Reynolds	94	92	186	24	210
G. D. Kimball	89	87	176	34	210
C. Offutt	93	97	190	10	200
H. K. Curtis	98	97	195	5	200
B. L. Duke	93	89	182	24	206
C. A. Krickl	90	95	185	15	200
C. E. Wills	97	98	195	5	200
H. J. Thieman	98	94	192	14	206
W. B. Ogden	99	96	195	4	199
C. L. Weyand	70	84	154	34	188
R. S. Ross	94	87	181	8	189
H. G. Vogel	91	94	185	14	199
G. H. Martin	98	97	195	4	199
R. O. Sinclair	96	96	192	6	198
A. L. Burns	99	99	198	0	198
N. Webb	87	95	182	16	198
W. R. Silkworth	97	97	194	4	198
W. M. Hodkinson	94	93	187	10	197
J. G. Salomon	87	90	177	20	197
G. J. Corbett	96	94	192	4	196
E. M. Dalley	94	95	189	8	198
J. Slack	94	87	181	10	191
H. E. Dickerman	92	94	186	10	196
O. D. Tuthill	85	88	173	22	195
E. C. Dalley	96	85	181	14	195
E. H. Locatelli	90	86	176	18	194
F. A. Moore	92	81	173	22	195
C. C. Moore	88	87	175	20	195
A. E. Ranney	94	95	189	4	193
J. J. Dooley	94	83	177	22	199
A. Baxter Jr.	85	83	168	28	196
Mrs. R. Shaw	81	81	162	30	192
W. Auf Schauffler	84	87	171	20	191
W. E. Webb	83	68	151	38	189
C. B. Thomas	91	92	183	8	191
G. W. Piercy	88	86	174	16	190
W. H. Mills	84	90	174	16	190
F. A. Lewis	79	75	154	34	188
T. H. Lawrence	89	95	184	4	188
W. J. Doyle	93	93	186	0	186
W. E. Ferguson	93	90	183	0	183
F. R. Bell	88	92	180	0	180
J. W. French	83	72	155	28	183
J. S. Fanning	95	87	182	0	182
J. C. Fenney	90	82	172	10	182
J. P. Donovan	77	84	161	20	181
H. E. West	82	84	166	12	181
W. W. Swan	88	80	168	0	168
H. J. S. Flint	75	72	147	30	177

VOORHIES LEADS NIMRODS.

Captures High Scratch Honors at Jamaica Bay Traps.

H. W. Voorhies did some excellent shooting at the Jamaica Bay traps of the Bergen Beach Gun Club. Regardless of the fact that the glare of the sun on the snow greatly bothered the gunners, Voorhies managed to smash 98 out of a possible 100 targets. H. L. Bush was the high handicap gunner. He had a full score of 100 targets.

The other handicap gunners were W. H. Simonson, L. J. Olds, A. L. Griffith, G. S. K. Remsen and E. W. Voorhies in the order named. A doubles event was taken by W. H. Simonson with a card of 18 out of 24 targets.

LUCAS WINS TWO PRIZES.

Is High Scratch and High Handicap at Staten Island Traps.

C. E. Lucas was both high scratch and high handicap gunner at the Staten Island traps of the Robin Hood Gun Club yesterday. He had a card of 96, 10—100. As he could not win both prizes, he took the scratch trophy and left the handicap cup for J. Kracke, who also had a full score of 100 targets. The other handicap winners were J. Paski, M. Gibbons, M. Fanari, A. Dexter and L. Reall, who finished in the order named.

Indiana Five Downs Illinois.

BLOOMINGTON, Ind., Feb. 12.—The brilliant all-around work of Nyikos, forward, and Parker, centre, two new members of the Indiana squad, led to a 31-to-24 victory for their team over Illinois in a Western Conference basketball game here tonight. Hellstrom showed best for Illinois.

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ST. NICKS DEFEAT VICTORIAS BY 5-2

New Yorkers Surprise Boston Hockey Fans by Victory—Buntin Stars for Winners.

STANDING OF TEAMS IN EASTERN GROUP OF U. S. A. H. A.

	W.	L.	P.C.
Boston A. A.	4	0	1.000
New Haven	4	1	.800
St. Nicholas	4	3	.571
Boston H. C.	2	4	.333
Victorias	2	4	.333
Canadian Club	0	5	.000

Special to The New York Times.

BOSTON, Feb. 12.—St. Nicholas Hockey Club of New York surprised the Boston fans tonight by defeating the Victorias of Boston, 5 to 2, at the Boston arena. Roger Buntin, a former Harvard player, starred for the visitors, scoring three goals.

Norman Walker, erstwhile Harvard captain, kept the Victorias at bay by his strong defensive. In the last minutes of the contest his goal clinched the game for the St. Nicholas. He was banished, however, soon afterward for checking after the goal, together with Skilton.

The New Yorkers deserved the victory inasmuch as they put up one of the hardest battles yet seen at the arena.

The line-up:

ST. NICHOLAS (5).		VICTORIAS (2).
Holmes	G.	Regan
Walker	R.D.	Skilton
Van Burnuth	L.D.	Rudolf
Bierwith	R.W.	Williams
Buntin	C.	Conley
Townsend	L.W.	B. Healy

Goals—Cushman, Buntin (3), Walker, Conley, Healy.

Substitutes—Cushman for Bierwith, Baldwin for Buntin, J. Healy for B. Healy.

Referees—Hands and Brown. Goal umpires—Horne and Gesell. Time—Three 15-minute periods.

BOSTON COLLEGE VICTOR.

Defeats Queens College of Kingston, Ont., at Hockey, 2-1.

Special to The New York Times.

BOSTON, Mass., Feb. 12.—In one of the best games seen at the Boston Arena, Boston College won a 2 to 1 victory over Queens College of Kingston, Ontario, tonight.

The line-up:

BOSTON COL. (2).		QUEENS COL. (1).
Fitzgerald	G.	Quinn
Morrissey	R.D.	Smith
Garrity	L.D.	McDonald
Hughes	R.W.	Brown
Toley	L.W.	Bouchet
Culhane	C.	Gibson

Goals—Hughes, McDon

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HAVE $500 and services to invest; experienced accountant, salesman. D 29 Times.

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PROGRESSIVE established metal goods manufacturer seeks party with $15,000 capital; take active or silent interest; required for expansion; wonderful opportunity; references exchanged. J 997 Times Downtown.

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Travel in Middle West and South; plenty of extra time for additional line; commission basis; advance my own expenses; member of same firm 20 years. P. E. Page, Hunt Terminal Building No. 5, Brooklyn, N. Y.

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GARAGE, Riverside Drive; select clientele; 115 cars; $25,000 requires. Dr. Pietro Adams-Josephs, Kisk Building, at 57th St.

ADDRESSING and multigraphing business for sale; sacrifice, $1,500 cash; yearly contract. D 9 Times.

GARAGE—Manhattan; 100 cars, average $83; cash, $15,000. Garage Real Estate, 140 West 42d.

GARAGE, Bronx, under construction, for sale, 25,000 feet, one floor, $16,000 required. Phillips Co., 47 West 42d.

GARAGE, Manhattan, rent $1,250, storage $2,400, security only. Phillips Co., 47 West 42d.

DRESS and coat store; ideal spot, 125th St.; sacrifice; small investment necessary. K M., 1400 Times Harlem.

GARAGE—Manhattan; average $23; cash $7,000. Garage Real Estate, 140 West 42d.

FUR STORE, shopping location; real opportunity; investigate. K 479 Times.

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EMERGENCY CASH LOANS
In large or small amounts on diamonds, jewelry, &c.; prompt, confidential service to business men; strictly legal rates. You are cordially invited to consult.
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478 6th Av. (at 29th St.). Estab. 1873.

LOANS up to $5,000, weekly payment plan, short term notes purchased; accounts receivable, securities, endorsements, mortgages, &c., accepted as collateral security. Interviews invited. Confidential.
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170 BROADWAY.

LIBERAL loans any amount, on diamonds, watches, jewelry, silverware, rugs, furs, &c. 12 months' time, lowest rates; cheerful service. Est. 1876. Benjamin Fox, 72 5th Av., near 14th St.

CASH advanced on outstanding accounts, notes, merchandise in warehouses, trade acceptances, uncollected rents, other good collateral; at low rates. 1,457 Broadway, Times Square, Suite 903. Bryant 8166.

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WILL finance rated dealers against book accounts, acceptances, notes or instalment liens. Suite 801, 120 West 32d St.

EMERGENCY LOANS to automobile owners at once; confidential; representative calls. Bryant 2885.

LOANS quickly made, real estate, machinery, fixtures; confidential. Wyckoff, 26 West 45th.

CONFIDENTIAL loans, 2d mortgages, accounts receivable, jewelry, other collateral. Suite 700, 5 West 20th.

LOANS on acceptances, accounts receivable, mortgages. Bauerdorf, 17 East 45d St. Vanderbilt 10309.

FINANCING SECOND MORTGAGES. Notes and Trade Acceptances Bought. M. W. LEVINE, 1,135 BROADWAY.

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CHINA.
American business man, 45, residing in China, returning late February, will act as representative or agent for responsible firm; commission basis; no advances required; highest banking references. Address George Clifford, 41 East 42d St., New York.

PAYROLLS and bank deposits transported in armored cars; safe delivery guaranteed by one of the largest surety companies in the world.
MAYHEW DESPATCH, INC.,
2 Rector St. Tel. Rector 5147.

MOTOR CUPS HOLDING COMPANY.
To the Stockholders of Motor Cups Holding Company:
Notice is hereby given that the Special Meeting of the Stockholders of Motor Cups Holding Company, which was called to be held at the office of Anderson & Anderson, 15 Broad Street, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on the 8th day of February, 1923, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon, for the purpose of voting on a proposition that said corporation be dissolved forthwith, has been duly adjourned, to be held at the office of Anderson & Anderson, 15 Broad Street, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on the 21st day of February, 1923, at 3:30 o'clock in the afternoon, at which time and place, pursuant to resolution of the Board of Directors, the stockholders will vote upon the proposition that the corporation be dissolved forthwith.
Dated New York, February 8th, 1923.
ROY C. CASSELL, Secretary.

THE PITTSBURGH, CINCINNATI, CHICAGO & ST. LOUIS RAILROAD COMPANY.
NOTICE.
Pittsburgh, Pa., February 8, 1923.
The Annual Meeting of the Stockholders of THE PITTSBURGH, CINCINNATI, CHICAGO AND ST. LOUIS RAILROAD COMPANY will be held at the principal office of the Company, Room 916, Pennsylvania Station, in the City of Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania, on
Tuesday, April 10, 1923,
at eleven o'clock A. M., for the purpose of receiving the annual report for 1922, electing five Directors to succeed a like number whose term of service expires on that date, and transacting such other business as may properly come before the meeting. The question of increasing the indebtedness of the Company will be presented to the Stockholders for their consideration.
The transfer books will not be closed on account of this meeting. Stockholders of record on March 30, 1923, will be entitled to vote.
S. H. CHURCH, Secretary.

BARNET LEATHER CO., INC.,
81 Fulton Street,
New York.
NOTICE OF ANNUAL MEETING OF STOCKHOLDERS.
Notice is hereby given that the Annual Meeting of the Common Stockholders of Barnet Leather Co., Inc., will be held at the office of the Company at 81 Fulton Street, in the Borough of Manhattan, City and State of New York, on the 19th day of February, 1923, at two o'clock P. M., for the purpose of electing eight Directors for the ensuing year and two inspectors of election, and for the transaction of such other business as may properly come before said meeting.
M. H. HEYMAN, Secretary.
Dated, New York, February 8, 1923.

DIVIDENDS.

WRIGHT AERONAUTICAL CORPORATION,
Paterson, N. J.
Jan. 31, 1923.
The Board of Directors has declared a dividend of twenty-five cents (25c) per share on the outstanding capital stock of this Corporation, payable February 28, 1923, to stockholders of record at the close of business February 14, 1923.
J. F. PRINCE, Secretary and Treasurer.

BANTAM TITLE BOUT NOW IN PROSPECT

Winner of Curtin-Tremaine Match May Fight Lynch, Eddie Mead Announces.

CHAMPION IS AGREEABLE

Cleveland Boxer is Expected Here to Finish Training for Garden Battle.

An effort will be made to arrange a world's bantamweight championship match between Joe Lynch, title-holder, and the winner of the twelve-round bout between Irish Johnny Curtin, Jersey City bantamweight, and Carl Tremaine of Cleveland, which will be held in Madison Square Garden Friday night. Eddie Mead, manager of Lynch, yesterday conferred with Promoter Tex Rickard on a proposition involving a title bout for Lynch.

It is understood that Mead is agreeable to accepting a bout against either Curtin or Tremaine, but no definite steps in this direction were taken at yesterday's meeting. Mead announced he preferred a delay in signing until after Friday night's bout.

"Lynch will fight the winner for you just as soon as Joe is satisfied that he can enter the ring at his very best," said Mead. "Joe is careful in this respect. He does not intend to be caught napping like so many other champions. He'll be at the ringside Friday night to size up his two challengers and the best man will get the bout with the champion."

Tremaine is expected here tomorrow from Cleveland, to finish his training in the Garden gymnasium. Jimmy Dunn, manager of the Cleveland boxer, has advised Rickard that Tremaine is in superb shape and confident of adding Curtin to his list of vanquished rivals. Dunn declared his boxer would knock out Curtin in four or five rounds.

Curtin is busy training at Red Bank, N. J., in the gymnasium used by Gene Tunney when the Greenwich Village light-heavyweight is conditioning himself for a ring engagement. Charlie Doesserick, manager of Curtin, enlisted the aid of several additional sparring partners for Curtin yesterday.

A twelve-round semi-final bout will bring together Danny Lee of Harlem and Sonny Smith, Brooklyn bantamweight.

CYCLING SHOW OPENS.

Roller Title Races Prove Feature at 69th Regiment Armory.

The National Motorcycle, Bicycle and Accessory Show opened yesterday at the Sixty-ninth Regiment Armory with every available foot of space occupied by booths and exhibits of the leading motorcycle and bicycle manufacturers throughout the country, as well as of the makers of accessories and appliances for cycling machines.

The bicycle roller championship races, which are being held under the auspices of the Amateur Bicycle League of America, providing an interesting feature. No circular length of track is necessary for the holding of these cycle contests. The rider merely sits on his machine and pedals. The frame of the cycle remains stationary while the rear wheel revolves, and, as it does so, sets in motion two steel rollers, upon which it rests. These two rollers are connected by a system of shafts and gears to a tiny model cyclist that moves around a small circular track as fast or as slow as the human cyclist pedals.

There were two of these roller machines in action last night, each connected to a little model. When these models had moved one lap around the miniature dial the rider himself was considered to have pedaled one-tenth of a mile. There were ten trial heats run off last night in the metropolitan championship races, each one representing a mile of pedaling. The best time was made by Bert Marquard, of the Century Road Club Association and Manhattan champion, who pedaled the mile in one minute and sixteen seconds.

BASEBALL CIRCUIT REVIVED.

New England League is Again Formed, With Six Cities.

BOSTON, Feb. 12.—Revival of the New England Baseball League is now assured, it was announced tonight after a meeting of the Circuit Committee of the proposed organization at the Hotel Lenox here.

S. D. Flanagan of Lawrence, who formerly managed teams in several New England cities, presided at today's meeting. He announced later that a meeting would be held next week, at which representatives of six cities would organize. These are Portland, Haverhill, Lawrence, Manchester, Lowell and Fitchburg.

Application will be made to the National Association for protection and subsequently additional cities, of which there are several available, will be selected to complete an eight club circuit," Mr. Flanagan said.

Penn Battery Candidates at Work.

Special to The New York Times.

PHILADELPHIA, Feb. 12.—Penn's baseball candidates for battery positions held their first workout of the season at Franklin Field this afternoon when Coach Walter Carlisa sent fifteen players through a light drill. Bob Yates, freshman coach, assisted Carlisa.

N. Y. Military Academy Five Wins.

Special to The New York Times.

CORNWALL-ON-HUDSON, N. Y., Feb. 12.—In a one-sided basketball game here today, New York Military Academy defeated the Haverstraw High School by a score of 96 to 23. The home team was by far the superior in both pass work and basket shooting.

115 SCHOOLBOYS IN SWIMMING TOURNEY

Will Compete in Columbia's Annual Interscholastic Meet to Be Held Saturday.

Columbia University announced yesterday that its second annual interscholastic swimming tournament will be held in the Morningside tank next Saturday at 2 o'clock. Following the distinct success attending the event last year, it has been made an annual affair, and has been thrown open not only to schools from the metropolitan district, but to institutions from all Eastern States.

So far thirteen schools with 115 entries are entered and several more are expected. These figures surpass those of last year's meet. The schools competing are: Mercersburg Academy, Mercersburg, Pa.; Alban High School, Alban, N. Y.; George Washington High School of this city, Montclair High School, Montclair, N. J.; Erasmus Hall, Polytechnic Preparatory and Manual Training of Brooklyn, Central High School of Erie, Pa.; Flushing High School of Long Island, Central High School of Washington, D. C.; Townsend Harris Hall of New York City, Rutgers Preparatory School of New Brunswick, N. J., and De Witt Clinton of New York.

The standard program of the Intercollegiate Swimming Association will be followed out, which calls for 50-yard, 220-yard and 100-yard free style races, fancy diving, 200-yard relay and two new events, the 50-yard backstroke and 100-yard breaststroke. The plunge for distance, a familiar feature of past scholastic meets, has been omitted.

Gold medals for first place, silver medals for second place and bronze medals for third place will be awarded respectively to competitors who finish in that order. A point trophy is being offered this year to the school which gains the greatest aggregate number of points in the various events.

O'CONNOR TO LEAD COLGATE

Will Succeed Hermann as Captain of Basketball Team.

Special to The New York Times.

HAMILTON, N. Y., Feb. 12.—Albert Hermann of Milltown, N. J., today resigned as captain of the Colgate basketball team in favor of Morgan B. O'Connor of Oswego, N. Y., who was elected last year to captain the quintet this Winter, but was ineligible until he successfully passed his midyear examinations. Hermann and O'Connor are the only athletes in Colgate who have made letters in their major sports during their college careers.

Hermann has been a guard on the basketball five, halfback on the football eleven, and third baseman on the baseball team during his four years in college. O'Connor played quarterback on the gridiron team in 1920 and 1921 and held down the second-base berth in the nine the same years. Last year he was a regular forward on the basketball team until he was declared ineligible just prior to the Syracuse-Colgate clash in Syracuse.

CUNNINGHAM TRIUMPHS.

Beats Moore in Seventh Regiment Indoor Tennis Play, 6—4, 7—5.

W. Dickson Cunningham was the winner over George G. Moore Jr. in a close and well played match yesterday afternoon in the Indoor Tennis Tournament for the championship of the Seventh Regiment Tennis Club, in progress at the Armory. The scores were 6—4, 7—5. The match was played in the third round and places Cunningham in the semi-finals, where he is due to meet Paul Trainor. The victor in the Trainor-Cunningham contest will play Frank T. Anderson for the title on the afternoon of Washington's Birthday.

In the semi-finals of the doubles, Cunningham and Samuel R. McAllister were the winners over Trainor and George Preston by scores of 6—3, 6—1. Announcement was made by the Seventh Regiment Club that its home-and-home series of team matches with the New York Indoor Tennis Club would start on Feb. 24.

PENN ENTERS SIX MEN.

Quakers Will Compete for National A. A. U. Titles.

Special to The New York Times.

PHILADELPHIA, Feb. 12.—The University of Pennsylvania will be represented by a team of at least six men in the National A. A. U. championships to be held in Buffalo next Saturday night, Coach Lawson Robertson of the Penn track team announced today. A relay team to run the mile and seven-eighths event also may be sent to the games.

Boots Lever will run the 220 yards of the relay and also in the sixty-yard event. Martin and McLane will also compete in the relay. Needs in the high jump and Martin and Powers in the hurdles.

BASEBALL MEN REPORT.

Four Letter Men in First Indoor Drill of Season at Amherst.

Special to The New York Times.

AMHERST, Mass., Feb. 12.—Indoor baseball practice began at Amherst College this afternoon in preparation for the Southern Spring trip. The turnout was exceptionally large, including four letter men, Captain Booth, Leete, Perry and Wood, and about ten battery candidates.

NAVY BASEBALL MEN OUT FOR PRACTICE

More Than 200 in Indoor Drill in Cages—Morgan, Wrestling Captain, Resigns.

Special to The New York Times.

ANNAPOLIS, Md., Feb. 12.—Rear Admiral Henry B. Wilson, Superintendent of the Naval Academy, showed his interest in the first call for baseball candidates by being present this afternoon, when the diamond enthusiasts reported, and encouraging the coaches and players. More than two hundred have responded to the call, and the preliminary work was done in the cages this afternoon. Open-air work will not begin until the weather is more settled.

Ensign Vice Blakeslee and Ensign Eddie Milligan, both former captains of Academy nines, will be chief and assistant coaches, as they were the latter part of last season. The veterans who reported today are: Hederman, shortstop and Captain; Kelly and Nutter, pitchers; Satchel, infielder; Niemyer, outfielder, and Mills and McKee, infielders, are still with the basketball squad. Carney, the football captain, also reported today, and will try for first base.

There is general regret over the fact that Midshipman Parry E. Morgan of Ohio, captain of the wrestling teams, will resign. His place will be taken by Midshipman Benjamin W. Arnold of Virginia. Morgan has wrestled on the team for three seasons and last year, in the 145-pound class, had an unbroken series of victories. Arnold wrestles in the 158-pound class.

CALIFORNIA TEAM ENTERS CARNIVAL

Redlands University Will Send Best Athletes to Compete in Penn Relays.

New York athletic authorities have been notified in a letter received from Redlands University of California that that institution will send a team East to compete in the University of Pennsylvania's relay carnival to be held at Franklin Field, Philadelphia, on Friday and Saturday, April 27 and 28, the probable members of the team to be Knight, Sodiker, Allen and Lloyd Yount, with Richardson as substitute. This line-up, however, may be changed before the team starts East, for a big squad is trying for the privilege of making the journey to Philadelphia and one or two may show form good enough to displace some of those runners already mentioned.

This will be the third trip East for the Redlands athletes. In 1920 they came on and won the Class B one-mile college relay championship in good time at the Penn relays. Lloyd Yount is the only one of that team yet in college. He will be one of the competitors in the coming one-mile American college championship. Redlands has a fast team this year and it expects to give all the other colleges in the country a hard fight for leading honors in the mile event. Kilby made a good showing for Redlands in 1920 in the hurdle races, while Bill Yount was third in the pentathlon or all-around college championship.

Besides competing in the one-mile relay on Saturday, April 28, the Californians will be seen in action on Friday in the quarter-mile relay championship. In that event, their star will be Bob Allen, who is considered next to Paddock on the Coast as a sprinter. Allen has done 10 seconds for the hundred yards and 15 seconds for the high hurdles. Allen's sprinting will be watched with the keenest interest, as it is expected that all the best sprinters in the country will toe the mark in the relay carnival century.

Entries for the Penn Carnival are coming in fast. To date, 70 colleges, 48 preparatory schools, 103 high schools, 45 grammar schools of Philadelphia and 8 Philadelphia parochial schools, a total of 271, are entered and the meet is nearly three months off. The number of high school teams entering is remarkable and indicates that the estimate made some time ago of 200 high schools is likely to be reached. Teams as far distant as Cleveland and Cedar Rapids, Iowa, are already on the high school list.

FORDHAM AT N. Y. U.

Rival Basketball Quintets Scheduled to Clash Tonight.

Coach Ed Thorp's New York University team will meet the Fordham five tonight at the University Heights gymnasium. The Violet team has played two games in the last four days and tonight's event will mark the third in six days. The game should be very closely contested, for the teams appear to be about of the same strength, although New York has had a losing streak for the last two games.

The line-up will be picked from the following: Forwards, Masline, Hamowitz, Fineberg; centres, Taylor, Fletcher, Walsh; guards, Toorock, Hawes and Tarr.

DATES SET FOR GAMES.

Central American Olympics to Be Held Sept. 14, 15 and 16.

SAN SALVADOR, Republic of Salvador, Feb. 12.—The dates for the Central American Olympic games have been set for Sept. 14, 15 and 16. Entries for the various athletic events on the program have been received from all the Central American republics.

Braves Sign Semi-Pro Player.

BOSTON, Feb. 12.—Edward Sobb, a semi-professional of Toledo, Ohio, has signed with the Braves and will be given a try-out as a first baseman at St. Petersburg when the team goes to its Florida training grounds, it was announced tonight.

Wills for Probate.

The following wills have been filed for probate with Surrogate Daniel Noble of Queens County and dispose of various estates as follows:

FREDERICK J. KEELER, late of Jamaica. An estate valued at $5,000 personal property is given in its entirety to the widow, Alice Keeler, of 323 Hillside Avenue, Jamaica, and she is appointed executrix. The will is dated June 20, 1916, and the testator died Jan. 24, 1923.

GOTTFRIED MARQUARDT, late of Ridgewood. An estate valued at over $3,000 real and $2,000 personal property is disposed of by giving her daughter, Katherine Marquardt, of 1 Lotus Avenue, Ridgewood, all of the household effects and wearing apparel, also rent free an apartment in any house owned by the testator until all of his house are sold. All the rest and residue of the estate is to be equally divided between the four children—Katherine Marquardt of 1 Lotus Avenue, Ridgewood; Frederick Marquardt of 92 Bleecker Avenue, Ridgewood; Edward Marquardt of 1,326 Halsey Street, Brooklyn, and Charles Marquardt of 2,880 Myrtle Avenue, Glendale. The daughter, Katherine Marquardt, is appointed executrix. The will is dated April 9, 1920, and the testator died Jan. 4, 1923.

SEBASTIAN BANGERT, late of Richmond Hill. An estate valued at $1,000 personal property is given to its entirety to Marianne Milleman of Richmond Hill, and she is appointed executrix. The will is dated Feb. 16, 1913, and the testator died Jan. 13, 1923.

JAMES A. PURCELL, late of Long Island City. An estate valued at $3,500 real property is given to the widow, Margaret E. Purcell, and she is appointed her executrix. The son, Adrian Schubert, and daughter, Loretto G. Purcell, and stepdaughter, Mary A. Walker, of 1,225 Van Alst Avenue, Long Island City, who are appointed executors, will, by deed dated Dec. 5, 1908, and the testator died Dec. 20, 1922.

ADOLPH SCHUBERT, late of Woodside. An estate valued at $7,000 real and $1,500 personal property is disposed of by giving the piano, musical instruments and jewelry to the son, Adrian Schubert; the furniture to the widow, Babette Schubert; and the rest and residue of the estate shall be converted into cash and equally divided between the widow, Babette Schubert, the son, Adrian Schubert, and daughter, Martha Schubert, all of 122 Fourth Street, Woodside. The widow and daughter are appointed executors. The will is dated Oct. 7, 1920, and the testator died Sept. 16, 1922.

Army Orders and Assignments.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 12.—The War Department published the following orders today:

Medical Corps.

Wright, Maj. F. S., to duty at Wm. Beaumont Hosp., Tex.
Phillips, Maj. H. A., to sta. hosp., Ft. Sam Houston, for duty.

Miscellaneous.

Brett, Maj. M. L., Ord. Dept., to San Francisco.
McClure, Maj. L. A., to Walter Reed Hos., Dick.
Nielsen, Capt. G. G., Sig. Corps, to Ft. Sheridan.

Leave.

Sargent, 1st Lt. C. E., F. A., 1 mo. ext.

Naval Orders.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 12.—The Bureau of Navigation published the following orders today:

COMMANDER.

Rankin, J. W., to Nav. Air Sta., San Diego.

LIEUT. COMMANDERS.

Garrison, H. A., to Bur. Med. & Surg., Washington.
Woods, E. L., to Nav. Dem., Washington.

LIEUTENANTS.

Byrne, G. W., to Nav. Sta., Guantanamo Bay.
Grigsbam, C. E., to the Chewink.
Russell, G. L., to Navy Yard, Boston.
Scott, H. T., to the Orion.
McMorries, E. D., to the Detroit; on board when commissioned.
Owen, J. P., to the Omaha; on board when commissioned.
Wynn, W. H., to Nav. Air Sta., Pearl Harbor.

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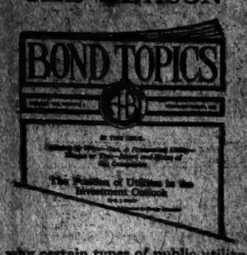

why certain types of public utility securities in which we specialize are so attractive to the average investor—

EXPLAINED

in the current issue of our "Bond Topics"—just out. Send today for free copy No. T200.

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111 BROADWAY, N.Y.

A New Way to Keep Investment Data

We shall be glad to send any investor on request a convenient card index for the purpose of keeping records of security holdings.

Bonbright & Co.
Incorporated
25 Nassau Street, New York

E. H. Rollins & Sons
Founded 1876
43 Exchange Place, New York
Boston Philadelphia Albany
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FOR the convenience of those considering February investment we have prepared a list of selected Public Utility and Corporation bonds, which includes several issues of hydro-electric power generating companies. These bonds at present prices yield

5.50% to 7.70%

Would a copy of this list be of help to you?

Ask for circular T-406

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McDONNELL & Co.
Members New York Stock Exchange
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We offer
CITY OF
Montreal, Canada
Refunding 5% Gold Bonds

Due May 1, 1954

Montreal, the sixth largest city on the Continent, is the metropolis of Canada.

Principal and semi-annual interest payable in New York in United States Gold Coin.

Price 97 and Interest
Yielding about 5.20%

A. E. AMES & CO.
74 Broadway, New York
INVESTMENT SECURITIES
Established 1889
Head Office: Union Bank Bldg., Toronto
Chicago Montreal Victoria, B. C.

OFFER $20,000,000 SINCLAIR OIL BONDS

Bankers Marketing Purchasing Company's Issue at 99 to Yield 6⅜ Per Cent.

$1,000,000 ALBANY ISSUE

Municipal Securities Selling to Yield 3.90 to 3.80 Per Cent., According to Maturity.

The National City Company, Blair & Co., Inc., and the First Trust and Savings Bank of Chicago are offering today $20,000,000 three-year 6 per cent. gold notes, Series B, of the Sinclair Crude Oil Purchasing Company at 99 and accrued interest to yield about 6 3-8 per cent. The primary purpose of this financing, the bankers explain, is to extend the operations of the company to the Wyoming field. The notes are redeemable as a whole or in part at face value plus a premium of ½ per cent. for each six months or fraction thereof between the date of redemption and Feb. 15, 1926, the maturity date.

The bankers issued the following statement concerning the new financing:

"The Sinclair Crude Oil Purchasing Company, with a paid up capital of $35,000,000, of which $18,000,000 in cash was recently paid in, is owned and controlled jointly by the Sinclair Consolidated Oil Corporation and the Standard Oil Company of Indiana. The company owns and leases steel tanks located in Kansas, Oklahoma, Texas and Wyoming, and at present owns approximately 30,000,000 barrels of crude oil with a value in excess of more than $50,000,000. The Kansas, Oklahoma and Texas tanks are connected through field lines with the main trunk lines of the Sinclair Pipe Line Company, and the Wyoming tanks are in process of being connected.

"The Standard Oil Company of Indiana and the Sinclair Consolidated Oil Corporation entered into an oil purchase contract under date of April 14, 1922, with the Sinclair Crude Oil Purchasing Company, the payments under which the latter company has assigned in the trust agreement securing the notes, to the trustee for the benefit of the notes. In addition, a contract supplemental to this original purchase contract will be entered into and assigned to the trustee as further security for the notes. Under these contracts, the two purchasing companies will agree to buy, at any time, on demand of the Sinclair Crude Oil Purchasing Company or assigns, the entire amount of crude oil then owned by the company for an aggregate sum of $53,600,000 in cash, each of the two companies agreeing severally to purchase one-half the crude oil then owned for one-half of the agreed sum."

The new bond offerings include $1,000,000 City of Albany (N. Y.) 4 per cent. gold bonds, dated Jan. 1, 1923, and due serially 1927 to 1959. This offering is made by Barr Brothers & Co. at prices to yield from 3.90 to 3.80 per cent., according to maturity.

Ames, Emerich & Co. are offering a new issue of $540,000 Des Moines (Iowa) Independent School District 4 and 4¼ per cent. school building bonds. They are dated Feb. 1, 1923, and mature Feb. 1, 1943. Of the total $330,000 4¼ per cent. bonds are offered at 103.35 and interest to yield 4.25 per cent., and $210,000 4 per cent. bonds are offered at 98 and interest to yield 4.15 per cent.

A block of 6,150 shares of 7 per cent. cumulative first preferred stock of the United States Printing and Lithograph Company has been sold to a group of bankers including Stacy & Braun, Richards, Parish & Lamson and W. E. Hutton & Co. This stock, which is said to be preferred as to both assets and dividends, is offered at $100 per share.

F. D. Underwood, President of the Erie Railroad Company, has sent a notice to holders of the third mortgage extended bonds of the New York & Erie Railroad Company offering a further extension of ten years for the bonds of this issue, which are dated March 1, 1853, and extended to March 1, 1923. The extended bonds will carry 4½ per cent. interest.

The Erie Railroad Company, as successor to the New York & Erie, will extend the maturity date to March 1, 1933, subject to prior redemption as a whole at the option of the Erie Railroad Company at 105 and accrued interest, subject to authorization by the Interstate Commerce Commission, the statement said. The present lien of the mortgage indenture securing these bonds will remain unimpaired.

Provision has been made by the Erie Railroad Company to provide Drexel & Co. and White, Weld & Co. with funds for the payment to the holders of the bonds of this issue of the sum of $42.50 for each $1,000 principal amount of bonds extended. A notice issued by Drexel & Co. and White, Weld & Co. states that the extension privilege applies only to such holders of the bonds of the issue as shall deposit the same with the bankers on or before Feb. 28, 1923. At the time of receiving such deposits the coupon due March 1, 1923, will be cashed by the bankers if presented with the proper income tax certificate. Temporary receipts of deposits will be issued exchangeable for bonds of an equal principal amount. The investment yield on the extended bonds will be about 5.05 per cent. a year.

A. C. Allyn & Co., Seasongood & Mayer and H. D. Fellowes & Co. today will offer $300,000 of Sioux Falls, S. D., 5 per cent. school bonds, due Feb. 1, 1943, at a price to yield 4.25 per cent. Taxable property back of these bonds is valued at $40,000,000 and the city's net debt is $1,257,923.

Roosevelt & Son today will offer 10,000 shares of Union Pacific preferred stock, exempt from normal income tax, at 75.50 per share to yield 5.40.

The United States Mortgage and Trust Company, as trustee under the first mortgage of the Midvale-Goshen Coal Company, has $3,248 available for the purchase of bonds of this issue, at a price not to exceed 105 and accrued interest. Sealed proposals for the sale of the bonds will be received up to noon, Feb. 27, at the office of the United States Mortgage and Trust Company.

MONEY.

MONDAY, FEB. 12, 1923.

The local call and time money markets were unquoted yesterday because of the holiday.

London Market.

Money in London ¼ per cent. higher at 2 per cent.; short bills were easier at 2⅛@2 3-16 per cent.; three months' bills were also easier at 2⅜@2 9-16 per cent.

Gold bullion was quoted at 87s. 11d. against 88s 1d on Saturday. Taking the British Mint standard price of 85s per fine ounce as par, the market quotation of gold would represent a price of 102⅞ at London. On the same basis the highest London price for gold for the year to date was 104, on Jan. 30. The highest price since open trading in gold was resumed at London in September, 1919, was 149⅞, on Feb. 6, 1920; the lowest, 102⅛, on Feb. 12, 1923.

SILVER BULLION.

Bar silver in London was ⅛d higher yesterday, at 30 15-16d per ounce. The New York price was unquoted yesterday because of the holiday. Saturday's price for domestic silver was 99⅝c per ounce, the Mint price, while foreign silver was quoted at 63⅝c.

Range for 1923: —Highest.— —Lowest.—
London ..... 32 1/16d Jan. 24 30 15/16d Feb. 8
New York ..... 67⅛c Jan. 15 63⅝c Feb. 8

Range for 1922:
London ..... 37¾d May 22 30⅝d Dec. 15
New York ..... 73⅛c May 22 62½c Dec. 15

FINANCIAL NOTES.

R. M. Grant & Co., for the last nineteen years at 31 Nassau Street, have removed to the third floor, 115 Broadway.

Robert P. Clarke, Alson D. Kimball, William A. Schultz, Harry Wiswell, Charles B. Scover Jr., Stanley E. Brown, Charles C. Seifert and Herbert Glasier have become associated with Harris, Ayers & Co.

F. J. Lisman & Co. are distributing the first number of a new monthly publication, "America's Foreign Investments and Railroad Bond Markets," published in order to provide a more comprehensive service for banks, dealers in securities and investors.

William R. Compton Company has prepared a new booklet on Joint Stock Land Bank Bonds.

$20,000,000

Sinclair Crude Oil Purchasing Company

Three Year 6% Gold Notes, Series B

To be dated February 15, 1923 To mature February 15, 1926

Authorized, $50,000,000

Outstanding, $30,000,000 Series A 5½%; $20,000,000 Series B 6% (this issue)

Interest payable February 15 and August 15 in each year without deduction for normal Federal income tax up to 2%. Coupon Notes in the denomination of $1,000, registerable as to principal only. Redeemable as a whole or in part at any time on thirty days' prior notice at face value plus a premium of ½% for each six months or fraction thereof between the date of redemption and February 15, 1926. Principal and interest payable in United States gold coin at

THE NATIONAL CITY BANK OF NEW YORK,
THE CHASE NATIONAL BANK OF THE CITY OF NEW YORK,
and
FIRST TRUST AND SAVINGS BANK, CHICAGO, Trustee

The Company will refund, upon proper application, the Pennsylvania Four Mills Tax to holders of these Notes resident in that State.

Application will be made to list these Notes on the New York Stock Exchange.

For further information regarding these Notes, reference is made to the letter of Mr. H. L. Phillips, President of the Company, which he summarizes as follows:

The Sinclair Crude Oil Purchasing Company, with a paid up capital stock of $35,000,000, owns and leases steel tanks located in the States of Kansas, Oklahoma, Texas and Wyoming, and at the present time owns approximately 30,000,000 barrels of crude oil, the market value of which is in excess of cost. The Kansas, Oklahoma and Texas tanks are connected through field lines with the main trunk lines of the Sinclair Pipe Line Company, and the Wyoming tanks are in process of being connected therewith, thus affording connections with various refineries of the Sinclair Refining Company, a subsidiary of the Sinclair Consolidated Oil Corporation, and with the large Whiting, Indiana, and Sugar Creek, Missouri refineries of the Standard Oil Company of Indiana.

The Standard Oil Company of Indiana and the Sinclair Consolidated Oil Corporation entered into an oil purchase contract under date of April 14, 1922, with the Sinclair Crude Oil Purchasing Company, the payments under which the latter company has assigned in the Trust Agreement securing these Notes, to the Trustee for the benefit of the Notes. In addition, a contract supplemental to this original oil purchase contract will be entered into and payments thereunder similarly assigned to the Trustee as further security for the Notes. Under these contracts, the two purchasing companies will agree to buy, at any time, on demand of the Sinclair Crude Oil Purchasing Company or assigns, the entire amount of crude oil then owned by the Company for an aggregate sum of $53,600,000 in cash, each of the two purchasing companies agreeing severally to purchase one-half the crude oil then owned for one-half of the agreed sum.

These Series B Notes upon issuance, together with the Series A Notes, will constitute the sole indebtedness of the Company other than accounts and bills payable for current purchases of oil and steel tankage under construction.

The Sinclair Crude Oil Purchasing Company has established relations with a large number of producers of crude oil in the Mid-Continent Field and through its connections with the extensive system of gathering lines in this field owned by the Sinclair Pipe Line Company, it is assured of an abundant supply of crude oil at all times. Through their facilities, these two companies render an important service to the producers of crude oil in the distribution of their product. The connection afforded between the Sinclair Pipe Line Company and refineries as mentioned above results in the Standard Oil Company of Indiana and the Sinclair Refining Company being the largest purchasers of the crude oil acquired by this Company.

The primary purpose of this present financing is to extend the operation of the Sinclair Crude Oil Purchasing Company to the Wyoming fields.

Notes are offered if, as and when issued and received by us, subject to the approval of proceedings by our counsel. It is anticipated that delivery in temporary form will be made on or about February 19, 1923.

Price 99 and accrued interest, to yield about 6⅜%

Blair & Co., Inc. The National City Company
First Trust and Savings Bank, Chicago

The above information is based upon official statements and statistics on which we have relied in the purchase of these Notes. We do not guarantee but believe it to be correct.

6,150 Shares

The United States Printing and Lithograph Co.

7% Cumulative First Preferred Stock

Par value of Shares $100

PREFERRED AS TO BOTH ASSETS AND DIVIDENDS

REGISTRAR AND TRANSFER AGENT
UNION SAVINGS BANK AND TRUST CO., CINCINNATI

Free of the present United States Normal Income Tax, and all Ohio taxes except Inheritance Tax

Dividends payable quarterly, January, April, July and October 1st. Callable as a whole on 30 days notice at 105.

Listed on Cincinnati Stock Exchange

CAPITALIZATION

	Authorized	Outstanding
7% Cumulative First Preferred	$3,800,000	$3,357,774.00
6% New Cumulative Second Preferred	2,000,000	1,923,315.00
Common ($100 par value)	4,200,000	4,049,892.86

The United States Printing and Lithograph Company was organized in October 1912, to act as selling agents for the U. S. Printing Co. of New Jersey and the U. S. Lithograph Co. of New Jersey. In November 1915, the following Companies were merged with the U. S. Printing Co. of Ohio: The U. S. Printing Co. of Ohio, the Upited States Printing Co. of New Jersey and the U. S. Lithograph Co.

The Company is engaged in the manufacture of all kinds of color printing and color lithograph, such as labels, cartons, show-cards, cut-outs, calendars, pictures, post-cards, window trims, posters, etc.

From a letter received from the President of the Company we summarize as follows:
The net income for the past six years ending December 31, 1922, after deducting depreciation, taxes and interest, averaged $745,143. This is over three times the annual dividend requirements on the First Preferred Stock.

The balance sheet as of December 31, 1922 shows net assets (after deducting good will) of $9,252,098 or $275.00 per share, and net current assets of $5,038,433 or over $150 per share on the First Preferred Stock.

Price $100 per share

Stacy & Braun
14 Wall Street
New York

Richards, Parish & Lamson
111 Broadway
New York

W. E. Hutton & Co.
60 Broadway
New York

The above information is not guaranteed but has been obtained from sources we believe to be accurate

How to be Free of Investment Cares

THERE is a way out for investors who find it a heavy burden to keep in touch with the bond and stock market, money rates, legislation, Europe, and the current reports of companies in which their money is invested. There is a form of investment which will free you from the constant study of "conditions."

Miller First Mortgage Bonds require no attention except on semi-annual interest dates, and then only to cash coupons. A closed, first mortgage on a single piece of income-earning property, plus the additional safeguards surrounding every issue, have established the unbroken safety record of these bonds. Every investor who would like to be free of the details of managing his holdings will find interesting information in our booklet, "Creating Good Investments." A copy will be sent to anyone on receipt on the attached coupon.

Interest Payment Service: Investors holding Miller Bonds, interest on which is due next month, can cash their coupons immediately by presenting them, personally or by mail, at any of our offices.

G. L. MILLER & CO.
INCORPORATED
205 CARBIDE AND CARBON BUILDING
30 EAST 42nd STREET, NEW YORK
Telephone, Vanderbilt 8287-8-9
PHILADELPHIA, ST. LOUIS, ATLANTA, MEMPHIS, KNOXVILLE

MAIL THIS COUPON TODAY

G. L. MILLER & COMPANY, Inc.,
205 Carbide and Carbon Building,
30 East 42nd Street, New York.
Dear Sirs: Please send me, free and without obligation, your booklet, "Creating Good Investments," with copy of circular describing a recent First Mortgage Bond issue.
Name.....
Address.....
City and State.....

The Texas Company
5% Notes

Dated May 1, 1922 Due Serially

Denominations of $5,000 and $10,000 payable in New York.
Callable at Par on 30 days Notice

These Notes are part of a total outstanding issue of $3,200,000.

This issue is a direct, general obligation and is the company's only funded debt.

The company has outstanding Capital Stock of $164,450,000 Par Value, having a present quoted market value of about $315,744,000.

AMOUNT	MATURITY	PRICE
$150,000	Jan. 1, 1925	99.81
200,000	Jan. 1, 1926	99.73
200,000	Jan. 1, 1927	99.64

To yield 5.10%

Blodget & Co.
34 Pine Street
New York
BOSTON HARTFORD CHICAGO PHILADELPHIA

Income Tax Free

U. S. Municipal Bonds
Yielding 4¼% to 6%

Canadian Municipal Bonds
Government, Provincial, and City Obligations
Principal and Interest Payable in Gold in New York
Yielding 5⅛% to 5¾%

Upon request we shall be glad to send you full descriptive circulars of any of our present holdings and make specific offerings covering your investment position if desired.

Brandon, Gordon & Waddell
MUNICIPAL BONDS
50 LIBERTY STREET
NEW YORK
Telephone Cortlandt 8180

Mortgage Bonds
Yielding 6% for 9 Years

These Bonds are secured by First Mortgages on City real estate averaging less than 40% of the appraised values.

Besides being secured by first mortgages, they are the direct obligation of The Mortgage-Bond Company of New York, with Capital, Surplus and Profits of $2,900,000.

Send for Circular.

THE MORTGAGE-BOND COMPANY OF NEW YORK
GEORGE A. HURD, President
55 Liberty Street
New York

Good Bonds for Investment

Indiana Power Co.
1st Lien & Gen. Mtg. 6½%
Due 1941

Price 98 & Interest
To Yield 6.70%

Circular on Request

W. C. Langley & Co.
Investments
115 BROADWAY, NEW YORK
MEMBERS NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

Cities Service Co.
Seven Per Cent
GOLD DEBENTURE BONDS

An income of $25 a month may now be obtained by investing about $4 000 in these select bonds, which have behind them the combined strength of the 120 or more successful Public Utility and Petroleum subsidiaries of Cities Service Company.

Send for Circular D-10

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Henry L. Doherty & Company
60 WALL ST. NEW YORK
BRANCHES IN PRINCIPAL CITIES

We Deal in:

Alaska S. S.
Burroughs Adding Mach.
Campbell Baking Com. & Pfd.
Celluloid Co. Com.
Goodyear T & R Issues
Miller Rubber
Niles Bement Pond Com.
Old Dominion S. S.
United Bakeries Com. & Pfd.

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Established 1873
Members New York Stock Exchange
25 Broad St. New York — 208 S. La Salle St. Chicago

Republic of Cuba
External Sinking Fund
5½s due 1953

Issued with the acquiescence of the United States Government under the provisions of the Treaty dated May 22, 1903.

Price 99¼ and interest
Yielding over 5.55%

Harris, Forbes & Co
Pine St., Cor. William
NEW YORK

Investment Bonds

Government
Municipal
Public Utility
Railroad
Industrial

Eastman, Dillon & Co.
Members New York Stock Exchange
71 Broadway — 843 Land Title Bldg.
New York — Philadelphia
Rector 7370 — Spruce 8270

GOODYEAR TIRE CO. EARNED $10,983,747

Report for 1922 Shows Surplus of $8,008,542 After Deduction of Charges.

NET SALES $102,904,177

Figures for 1921 Were $54,228,803 —Property Value is Placed at $44,476,439.

The report of operations and profits for 1922 of the Goodyear Tire & Rubber Company, as submitted today by President E. G. Wilmer to stockholders, shows total net earnings, before interest and other charges, of $10,983,747. After deduction of charges, the net balance to surplus was $8,008,542. The surplus previously reported brings the total surplus, as of Dec. 31, 1922, to $8,628,542. Cash and marketable securities are $21,658,491 and the ratio of current assets to current liabilities is 12 to 1. Mr. Wilmer notes that the corporation and its subsidiaries have no indebtedness to banks. Net sales were $102,904,177, as compared with $54,228,803 in 1921.

"The number of automobile tires sold during 1922, not including sales by the California and Canadian companies," said Mr. Wilmer, "was approximately 150 per cent. of the number sold in 1923. All other major products were sold in considerably greater volume than the year before. The company's plants in Akron, as well as the plants of the Canadian and California companies, have all been in heavy production throughout the present Winter. Our deliveries of tires and other products are today at a rate substantially heavier than those of 1922.

"During the last two years, we have labored under the burden of high-priced raw materials, specified under purchases made prior to March 1, 1921. All of these materials have been taken in and consumption thereof was completed late in 1922. The company is again operating with inventories, the average cost of which is at or under current market."

The balance sheet, as of Dec. 31, shows property account of $44,476,439, which includes land, buildings, machinery and equipment; investments in and advances to subsidiary companies and foreign branches of $31,638,502; inventories at cost or market, whichever is lower, of $30,585,730; accounts and notes receivable, less reserves, of $12,062,902; United States Treasury certificates or other marketable securities, of $11,107,319, and cash of $10,554,190. Current liabilities are $4,036,128 in accounts payable, $34,000 of notes payable and $1,361,353 in accrued interest and premium on bonds. The corporation has reserved $4,139,881 for Federal taxes and contingencies.

The income account for 1922 follows:

Net sales (less returns, discounts, and freights) including shipments to subsidiary companies and foreign branches	$102,904,177
Deduct— Manufacturing cost of sales	82,114,356
	$20,789,821
Add— Surplus net profits of subsidiary companies and foreign branches and other income	5,235,685
	$26,025,506
Deduct— Selling, administrative and general expenses	15,036,759
Total earnings, before interest and other charges	$10,988,747
Deduct— Profits of California company applied in reduction of California deficit and consequently addition to parent company equity, but not available for interest, &c.	887,317
Balance	$10,101,430
Deduct— Interest charges: On bonds (including premium) $2,589,770; On debentures 2,200,000; Other interest 6,037	4,795,816
	$5,305,613
Other charges	1,754,431
	$3,551,182
Add— Profits of California company as above	887,317
Total profits and surplus for year	$4,338,499
Add— Surplus at Dec. 31, 1921	3,620,048
Surplus at Dec. 31, 1922, per balance sheet	$8,008,542

FOREIGN STOCK MARKETS.

Prices Steady at London—Firm Tone Prevails on Paris Bourse.

LONDON, Feb. 12.—Prices were steady on the Stock Exchange today. Old 2½ per cent. consols, 58¾; British 5 per cent. war loan, 100¾, and British 4½ per cent. war loan 96, all unchanged from Friday. Rand Mines at 3 and De Beers at 13½ were also unchanged from last week's closing prices.

PARIS, Feb. 12.—Prices were firm on the Bourse today. Three per cent. rentes at 58 francs 70 centimes were 20 centimes above Saturday. The 5 per cent. war loan was 20 centimes higher at 76 francs 20 centimes.

Exchange on London was quoted at 75 francs, 85 centimes, against 75 francs 55 centimes Saturday. The dollar was quoted at 15 francs 19 centimes, against 15 francs 11 centimes at the close of last week.

Liverpool Cotton Market.

LIVERPOOL, Feb. 12.—Cotton, spot in limited demand, prices steady; American middling fair, 16.61d.; good middling, 16.01d.; fully middling, 15.91d.; middling, 15.01d.; low middling, 13.56d.; good ordinary, 13.06d.; ordinary, 14.76d.

Sales, 6,000 bales including 4,700 American. Receipts, 1,000 bales, no American. Futures closed quiet and steady.

	Opening	12.30 P.M.	2 P.M.	Close
February	...	...	...	15.46
March	15.90	15.53	15.37	15.40
April	...	...	...	15.31
May	15.21	15.20	15.23	15.25
June	...	...	...	15.11
July	14.90	14.98	14.96	15.00
August	...	...	...	14.72
September	...	...	...	14.38
October	13.79	13.81	13.83	13.85
November	...	...	...	13.68
December	...	...	...	13.59
January	13.37	13.37	...	13.42

NEW ORLEANS, Feb. 12.—The New Orleans Cotton Exchange closed today, Lincoln's Birthday, and tomorrow, Mardi Gras day.

LONDON METAL PRICES.

LONDON, Feb. 12.—Standard copper, spot, £63 17s 6d; futures, £66 12s 6d; electrolytic, spot, £72 10s; futures, £76; tin, spot, £186 2s 6d; futures, £186 2s 6d; lead, spot, £26 7s 6d; futures, £27 17s 6d; zinc, spot, £35 2s 6d; futures, £34 7s 6d.

MONTREAL STOCKS.

STOCKS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
975	Abitibi	69¾	68½	69¼
110	Atlantic Sugar	25	24	24¾
2,452	Brazilian T.	45¾	45	45¾
2,430	Brompton P & P.	41¾	40¾	41¾
60	B E Steel 1st pf.	68½	68½	68½
18	Do pf.	25¼	25	25
1,070	Canada Cement	55¼	54½	55¼
405	Canada Cottons	128¾	118	128¾
265	Canada Converters	99	97¾	98
135	Cons S S pf.	47½	47	47
840	Cons Smelters	28¾	28¼	28¼
141	Detroit United	70½	70	70½
25	Dominion Bridge	78	75	75
241	Com Textile	67	66½	66½
50	Lake of Woods	184	184	184
60	Laurentide	93	92	93
538	Montreal Power	108	107¼	108
345	Montreal Tramways	185	178	185
1,210	Nat Breweries	51¼	49¾	51¼
115	Price Bros	45¾	45¾	45¾
295	Penmans	148	144	145
300	Quebec Railway	24½	24¼	24½
25	Riordon P & P	57½	57½	57½
95	St Law Flour	77½	77½	77½
77	Shawinigan	148½	148½	148½
215	Spanish River	90	86	90
107	Do pf.	104	104	104
2,218	Steel of Canada	70	68¾	70
97	Twin City	61¼	61	61
305	Toronto Railway	80¾	80¼	80
25	Wayagamack	60	60	60

"The man with a bond issue was at work, money at work, prospect at work."

$75,000
Los Angeles, Cal.
Coupon 5% Bonds
Price to Yield 4.30%
Legal for New York Savings Banks

$70,000
Lynbrook, N. Y.
Coupon 4½% Bonds
Price to Yield 4.15% & 4.10%

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Members New York Stock Exchange
115 Broadway, New York

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INC.
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The many advantages it offers the small as well as the large investor are outlined in a booklet which we will gladly send to anyone interested.

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120 Broadway, Rector 8080

American Cotton Oil Company
6% Notes
Due Sept. 2, 1924

Inquiries Invited

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120 Broadway New York
Telephone: Rector 5240

Mexican Govt. 5s, 1899 (All Denominations)
Mexican Govt. 4s, 1904 (Bonds & Certificates)
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Nat. Ry. of Mex. Pr. L. 4½s, '57
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Nat. R. R. of Mex. 4½s, 1926
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We shall be pleased to send you our circular, discussing this subject fully under the three main heads:

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3. Where a Bond is received through inheritance or bequest.

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To yield 5.25%

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These bonds are legal investment for Savings Banks and Trust Funds in Ohio, Connecticut, Vermont and New Hampshire.

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South Vancouver
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5% Gold Bonds
Due $10,000 each year 1932-46 inclusive

Principal and semi-annual interest payable in Gold in New York City or Vancouver, B. C. South Vancouver adjoins Greater Vancouver and is an important residential section enjoying practically equal advantages.

Price to yield 5.60%

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Home Title Guaranteed First Mortgages are legal for Savings Banks, Guardians and Trustees in New York State. Available in amounts of $200 and upwards.

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Legal for Savings Banks and Trust Funds in New York

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Hempstead, N. Y.
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Coupon Gold 5% School Bonds
Legal opinion John C. Thomson, Esq.
Due Jan. 1st each year

Amount	Due	Amount	Due
$5,000	1928	$10,000	1930
10,000	1929		

At prices to yield 4.15%

Amount	Due	Amount	Due
$20,000	1931	$20,000	1936
20,000	1933	30,000	1937
25,000	1934	25,000	1938
15,000	1935	20,000	1939

At prices to yield 4.10%

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Toledo, Peoria & West. 4s, 1917
Western Pacific 4s, 1930

Cent. N. Y. Gas & Elec. 5s, 1941
Columbus, Del. & Mar. 6s, 1937
Jersey City, Hobok. & P. 4s, '36
Newark Passen. R'way 5s, 1930
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POWDER CO. REPORTS NET EARNINGS GAIN

Hercules Shows Receipts of $18,728,886 for 1922, Against $16,091,390 in 1921.

HOPE IN MORE COAL MINING

No Issues of Capital Stock for Cash Contemplated, President Tells Stockholders.

The Hercules Powder Company for the year ended Dec. 31, 1922, reports gross receipts of $18,728,886, against $16,091,390 in the previous year. After allowing for all charges, including interest and taxes, and dividends on the preferred stock, there remained a balance of $1,597,275 for improvements and dividends on the common stock. This was equal to 11.17 per cent. on the common stock outstanding at the close of the year. In 1921 the company reported a balance of $248,934, equal to 3.48 per cent. on the outstanding common stock.

The general balance sheet shows net current assets of $16,203,785 and net current liabilities of $492,164.

R. H. Dunham, President of the company, in a statement to stockholders said that since 1918 the sales of military explosives amounted to less than $10,000 per year. The company's business in explosives is now divided about as follows: 40 per cent. to coal mining, 40 per cent. to ore mining and 20 per cent. to quarrying, contracting, agricultural and other uses including powder for shotgun, rifle and revolver ammunition.

"From April 1 to Sept. 15," Mr. Dunham says, "the anthracite mining industry used no explosives at all and the bituminous mining was much reduced. If coal mining is not interrupted this year your company will enjoy a much better volume than last year, even without further improvement in other lines."

Regarding the capital of the company and the possible changes to be expected, Mr. Dunham says:

"No issues of capital stock for cash are contemplated during the coming year, though preferred stock will doubtless be issued from time to time as the Aetna bondholders avail themselves of the outstanding opportunity to exchange Aetna bonds for Hercules preferred stock. Although profit and loss account, as shown by the balance sheet, is still approximately 50 per cent. of the common capital stock outstanding, no further stock dividend is contemplated at present. Extensions of your company's business have absorbed the earnings in excess of dividends over the last ten years practically as fast as they accumulated. Part of the capital so absorbed, heretofore carried under the much misunderstood name of profit and loss or surplus, has been permanently fixed as capital stock by the stock dividend of 1922."

BRITISH TRADE GAINS IN JANUARY TOTALS

Balance More Favorable as Compared With December Than as With Year Ago.

LONDON, Feb. 12.—Following are the Board of Trade figures for January:

Total imports, £99,690,000; exports of British products, £66,930,000; re-exports, £9,790,000; total exports, £76,720,000; excess of imports, £22,970,000.

Compared with December, 1922, the above statement shows the following changes:

Exports, British prod.	increased	£8,060,000
Re-exports, foreign gds.	increased	1,320,000
Total exports	increased	9,370,000
Imports	increased	4,790,000
Excess of imports	decreased	4,590,000

Compared with January of 1922, the changes are as follows:

Exports, British prod.	increased	£3,782,051
Re-exports, foreign gds.	increased	1,331,134
Total exports	increased	5,114,185
Imports	increased	23,211,769
Excess of imports	increased	18,087,584

The trade for January, 1923, compares as follows with January, 1922, and January, 1921:

	Jan., 1923.	Jan., 1922.	Jan., 1921.
Exports, British products	£66,930,000	£63,146,949	£92,756,004
Re-exports, foreign goods	9,790,000	8,458,866	9,955,119
Total exports	£76,720,000	£71,605,815	£102,711,123
Imports	99,690,000	76,488,231	117,041,115
Excess of imports	£22,970,000	£4,882,416	£14,329,902

Exports of British products since the beginning of the year 1920 make the following comparison:

	1923.	1922.	1921.
January	£66,930,000	£63,146,949	£92,756,004
	1922.	1921.	1920.
December	£58,880,000	£59,374,750	£96,630,523
November	60,490,734	62,494,242	110,364,991
October	60,596,843	62,285,379	£12,295,474
September	62,511,009	55,267,578	117,455,913
August	60,932,237	51,346,307	114,908,335
July	60,418,625	43,172,899	137,451,904
June	52,145,861	38,193,228	116,853,350
May	58,045,353	43,088,418	110,319,422
April	55,507,640	59,867,585	106,251,692
March	64,890,793	66,808,961	103,699,331
February	56,335,110	66,231,751	85,094,130
January	63,146,949	92,756,094	105,879,900

Imports during the same period compare as follows:

	1923.	1922.	1921.
January	£99,690,000	£76,488,231	£117,041,115
	1922.	1921.	1920.
December	£94,910,000	£85,121,112	£142,785,246
November	86,600,143	89,238,780	144,238,109
October	85,014,529	84,734,191	140,681,078
September	76,943,609	86,876,012	76,943,609
August	83,681,403	88,554,663	153,343,305
July	81,783,534	80,501,863	163,128,798
June	84,298,108	88,171,892	170,285,687
May	86,814,489	86,275,239	166,414,032
April	80,661,216	89,951,406	167,129,955
March	87,879,424	93,783,662	176,647,515
February	69,316,282	97,010,461	170,458,526
January	76,488,231	117,041,115	183,342,988

*For the same period the monthly excess of imports, after allowing for imported merchandise re-exported, compares as follows:

	1923.	1922.	1921.
January	£22,970,000	£4,882,416	£14,329,902
	1922.	1921.	1920.
December	£27,560,000	£16,542,811	£33,455,666
November	10,961,261	16,535,739	11,758,247
October	12,083,198	12,083,198	21,202,024
September	8,061,067	25,055,700	21,950,615
August	15,125,243	27,216,577	25,071,828
July	13,048,276	27,967,908	7,826,408
June	23,452,000	42,936,890	33,739,409
May	21,804,207	35,954,085	26,884,532
April	15,953,793	21,960,159	40,740,844
March	13,145,019	18,086,696	56,916,777
February	865,612	20,754,427	61,866,807
January	4,822,416	14,329,902	51,998,602

The British foreign trade in January makes the following comparison with January of 1914:

	Jan., 1923.	Jan., 1914.
Exports, British products	£66,930,000	£47,806,165
Re-exports, foreign goods	9,790,000	9,596,098
Total exports	£76,720,000	£57,403,108
Imports	99,690,000	66,003,000
Excess of imports	£22,970,000	£10,601,901

WORLD PRICES STEADIER.

But Living Costs Still Rise in France, Poland and Germany.

PARIS, Feb. 12.—The cost of living is becoming steadier generally throughout the world except in certain European countries, notably France, Italy Germany and Poland, according to statistics compiled by the International Labor Bureau.

In France prices have been rising steadily since February 1922, while living costs in Italy have been increasing since last May. Swiss prices, after being fairly stable last Summer, began to show signs of soaring in October.

Railroad Bonds

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Gt. North. Ry. of Can. 4s, 1934
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N. J. & Hud. Riv. Ry. & F. 4s, '50
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Consolidated Traction 5s, '33
Newark Passenger Ry. 5s, '30
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$540,000
Des Moines, Iowa
Independent School District
4% and 4½% School Building Bonds
Dated February 1, 1923 Due February 1, 1943
Principal and semi-annual interest (February 1 and August 1), payable at the office of the District Treasurer, Des Moines, Iowa. Coupon Bonds in denomination of $1,000.
Exempt from all Federal Income Taxes

FINANCIAL STATEMENT
Assessed value of taxable property, 1922 $171,412,300
Total bonded debt, including this issue 4,217,300
Population, 1920 census, 126,468

The Independent School District of Des Moines, Iowa, includes the entire city of Des Moines and the suburb of Maple Grove. These bonds are being issued for school building purposes, and, in the opinion of counsel, are a direct and general obligation of the entire district, and all taxable property therein is subject to the levy of a tax to pay the same.

MATURITIES AND PRICES
$330,000 4½% Bonds — Price 103.35 and interest — Yielding 4.25%
$210,000 4% Bonds — Price 98 and interest — Yielding 4.15%

Legality to be approved by Messrs. Wood & Oakley, Attorneys, Chicago

Ames, Emerich & Co.
111 Broadway, New York
Telephone Rector 2402
Chicago Milwaukee

Exempt from all Federal Income Taxes
$300,000
Sioux Falls, South Dakota
5% Independent School District Bonds
Dated February 1, 1923 Denomination $1,000 Due February 1, 1943
Principal and semi-annual interest payable (February and August 1st) at the Hanover National Bank, New York City, New York.

FINANCIAL STATEMENT
Assessed Valuation, 1922 $16,907,617
Total Bonded Debt, including this issue 1,457,000
Less Sinking Fund $199,077
Net Bonded Debt 1,257,923
Population, 1920 Census, 25,202

The Independent School District of Sioux Falls is co-extensive with the City of Sioux Falls, the largest city in South Dakota. It is located in the heart of one of the richest agricultural areas in the United States. It is also an important industrial center, ranking fifth in the manufacture and distribution of farm implements.

Sioux Falls is a thoroughly modern city, with improved streets, cement walks, six parks, seventeen schools, three colleges, twenty-four churches and eight banks with resources of over $21,000,000. It is served by seventy-five trains a day on transcontinental roads.

These Bonds, authorized by an election January 4, 1923, are payable in 1943 with no option of prior payment. They are payable from a direct ad valorem tax levied against all of the taxable property within the District, sufficient to pay principal and interest at maturity.

Legality to be approved by Messrs. Wood & Oakley, Chicago

Price: 108.52 and interest, to yield 4.35%

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Seattle, Wash.
Sharon, Pa.
Springfield, Mass.
Springfield, Ohio
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Washington, D. C.
Worcester, Mass.

Railroad Bonds

Investors in railroad bonds will be interested in the recent report of the Car Service Division of the American Railway Association, as an indication of the extent to which leading trunk lines are in the market for new equipment. The report shows that the number of freight cars actually installed in service or ordered for future delivery during 1922 exceeded the previous year by 76,117 cars, while locomotives installed or ordered in 1922 exceeded the total for 1921 by 1,442.

Inasmuch as the safety of railroad bonds is undoubtedly strengthened by thorough maintenance of equipment, these favorable statistics are submitted for consideration.

We shall be pleased to furnish information or suggestions at any time to those interested in the purchase of railroad bonds.

W. A. HARRIMAN & CO.
INCORPORATED
39 Broadway, New York
PHILADELPHIA CHICAGO
BUFFALO SYRACUSE

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ALBANY, NEW YORK
4% GOLD COUPON BONDS
Dated January 1, 1923 Due as shown below
Coupon bonds with privilege of full registration. Principal and semi-annual interest (January 1 and July 1) payable in gold at the Bank of America, New York City.
Legal Investment for Savings Banks and Trust Funds in New York State

FINANCIAL STATEMENT
(as officially reported)

Assessed Valuation		$136,737,554
Total Bonded Debt (including this issue)		11,793,436
Sinking Fund	$ 977,721	
Water Bonds	1,622,000	2,599,721
Net Bonded Debt		9,193,715
Population (1920 Census)		113,344

Maturing January 1 each year 1927-59
Prices 1927-32 to yield 3.90%
Prices 1933-42 to yield 3.85%
Prices 1943-59 to yield 3.80%

Legality approved by Messrs. Reed, Dougherty & Hoyt of New York

Barr Brothers & Co.
INC.
14 Wall Street New York

All statements contained in this advertisement, while not guaranteed, are taken from information which we consider reliable and upon which we based our purchase of these bonds.

10,000 SHARES
UNION PACIFIC RAILROAD
PREFERRED STOCK
Exempt from Normal Income Tax

DUE to freedom from the 8% Normal Income Tax and the 12½% Corporation Tax the yield of 5.40% is equivalent to the following yields on fully taxable bonds:

To an individual . . 5.87%
To a corporation . . 6.16%

Ten year average income available for preferred dividends . . . $37,223,000
Annual dividend requirements . . 3,892,740

Price $75.50 Per Share

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100 Campbell Baking common
25 Chestnut & Smith pfd.
100 Cinn., Ind. & W. com. & pfd.
50 Continental Insurance
100 Equitable Trust stock
10 First Nat. Bank stock
50 Franklin Insurance
100 Gen. Baking com.
50 Great Atl. & Pac. Tea pfd.
25 Guaranty Trust Stock
100 Hocking Valley Ry.
50 Ice Service com. & pfd.
200 Jas. Butler Grocery com.&pfd.
50 Kirby Lumber pfd.
100 Lawyers Mortgage
100 Lehigh Valley Coal Sales
25 Louisville, Hen. & St. L. pfd.
100 McCall Corp. com. & pfd.
100 Mohawk Valley Co.
100 Morosco Holding com.
25 National City Bank
50 National Fuel Gas
100 N. Y. State Rys. com & pfd.
25 Old Dominion S. S.
100 Pacific Coast com. & 2d pfd.
100 Penn Coal & Coke
50 Phelps, Dodge Corp.
200 Saxon Motor common.
104 Taylor-Wharf. Ir. & S. com.
50 Victor Talking Machine
100 Ward Baking common
100 West Va. Pulp & Paper
30 Winchester Co. 2nd pfd.

J.K.Rice, Jr. & Co.
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Kansas City Ry. 1st 5s, 1944
Kansas City Ry. 2d 6s, 1944
Kansas City Ry. 7s, 1921
Pillsbury Washburn 5s, 1928
Scioto Valley Tract. 5s, 1923

American Light and Traction
Burroughs Adding Machine
By-Products Coke
Central Coal & Coke C. & P.
Kan. City Stock Yard C. & P.
Phillips Petroleum Warrants
Standard Gas & Elec. Com.
Standard Gas & Elec. Pfd.
Yellow Taxi of New York

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Phone 456 Rector

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MacAnd. & Forbes
Universal Leaf
American Cigar

Stone, Prosser & Doty
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SIMPLIFIES SYSTEM OF CLEARING STOCKS

Consolidated Exchange, After Twenty Days' Trial, Sees Great Saving.

SAFETY IS A BIG FACTOR

Checks Are Drawn Only for Net Balances and Much Messenger Work Is Eliminated.

President W. S. Silkworth announced yesterday that the Consolidated Stock Exchange had established a simplified system of receiving and delivering cash stocks, effecting a great saving of time and labor and further protecting firms and individuals in the handling of securities. During the first twenty days following the adoption of the system, the face value of checks drawn by members, as compared with the old system of security clearances, was reduced more than 80 per cent.

"Under this system members delivering securities deposit them with the department provided by the Clearing House and receive a receipt," said Mr. Silkworth. "The receipt is part of a triplicate form, all three parts of which are filled in at one writing. Brokers who have stock coming to them receive the stock at the Clearing House and sign a receipt. Each member of the Clearing House makes up a cash stock clearance statement, crediting himself with the amounts due for stocks delivered, and debiting himself with the amounts owed for stocks received by him. This statement is deposited with the Clearing House, accompanied by a draft for a credit balance or a certified check for a debit balance. The statement is checked up by the Clearing House and the drafts are approved and paid out immediately.

"Under the old method of clearing, it was necessary for a broker to make out a check to each member who delivered stock to him. For example, a broker making fifty deliveries a day had to send runners out with the stock certificates, the runners then had to make a return trip for checks in payment for the stock and later have the checks certified at various banks. This system resulted in a great waste of time and labor, frequent mistakes, loss of stock certificates and congestion at the banks where runners were waiting for certifications.

"The improved system of security clearance is not only a great saver of time and labor to our members but it is of material help to the banks in decreasing the amount of bookkeeping and other work entailed by certifications.

"The committee having this system in charge is composed of Leopold Spingarn, Chairman; R. Tracy Falk, L. B. Wilson, John W. Hammond and F. L. Guenther, manager of the Consolidated Clearing House, to whom the Exchange is indebted for the origination and success of the system."

OFFER 275,000 SHARES HOUSEHOLD PRODUCTS

Issue Is by New Corporation Organized to Take Over Charles H. Fletcher Holdings.

A new issue of 275,000 shares of Household Products, Inc., which has been organized under the laws of the State of Delaware to acquire the entire capital stock of the Contaur Company, maker of Charles H. Fletcher's Castoria, is being offered at $34 a share today by a banking syndicate headed by Hornblower & Weeks, with whom are associated Blair & Co., Inc., and Bell & Beckwith. The corporation will have 500,000 shares of stock outstanding. It was announced by the bankers that Sterling Products, Inc., is purchasing a one-fourth interest (125,000 shares) in Household Products, Inc., and interests associated with the bankers and with Sterling Products, Inc., also are purchasing 100,000 shares. Sterling Products, Inc., will assume the management of the new corporation, whose Directors will include H. F. Behrens, A. H. Diebold and W. E. Weiss of Sterling Products, Inc.; F. A. Blair, President of the Proprietary Association; John W. Prentiss of Hornblower & Weeks, James B. Bell of Bell & Beckwith and Elisha Walker of Blair & Co., Inc.

The manufacture and sale of Charles H. Fletcher's Castoria was started in 1877. The output increased to 20,778,192 bottles for the year 1922, an advance of more than 80 per cent. since 1910. Net profits have averaged $1,918,075 per annum for the last five years. More than $6,500,000 has been expended for advertising purposes in the last thirteen years.

The corporation's main plant is in New York, with a branch in Montreal. The bankers announced that application would be made to list the new stock on the New York Stock Exchange.

HONDURAS BARS NEGROES.

Prohibits Further Immigration of Workers in Banana Plantations.

SAN SALVADOR, Feb. 12.—The Honduran Government has prohibited the further immigration of negroes to work in the banana plantations in consequence of a protest over the influx of such labor by the local labor leaders, according to an announcement by the Honduran Minister here. The Honduran authorities are said to have notified their consuls abroad to cease visaing the passports of negroes.

DELAWARE CHARTERS.

DOVER, Feb. 12.—Charters filed today:

Haytian Corporation of America, Wilmington, stocks and bonds, $10,000,000. (Corporation Trust Co. of America.)

U. S. Consolidated Petroleum Co., Wilmington, petroleum, $10,000,000. (Corporation Trust Co. of America.)

Iowa Southern Utilities Co. of Delaware, Wilmington, light, heat and power to operate plants. (Corporation Trust Co. of America.)

Petroleum Leasing Co., Wilmington, gas lands, $5,000,000. (Corporation Trust Co. of America.)

Pensy Oil Corp., Wilmington, $1,000,000. (Delaware Registration Trust Co.)

Harrington Hotel Co., Wilmington, $1,000,000. (Delaware Charter Co.)

Flint Rock Corp., manufacture stucco, plaster, $500,000; Stephen Tritschler, Woodhaven, N. Y.; Fred H. Koschwitz, Forest Hill, N. Y.; Emma A. Bockway, Brooklyn. (U. S. Corporation Co.)

Gainer Groscup Co., Wilmington, manufacture extracts, &c., $500,000. (Colonial Charter Co.)

Golden Star Mining Co., Wilmington, mining, $400,000. (Corporation Trust Co. of America.)

Cunningham Manufacturing Industries, talking machines, $200,000; H. W. Nydick, H. Edlman, J. J. Zoller, Chicago. (Corporation Maintenance Service Co.)

National Assorting Co., Wilmington, manufacture devices for assorting coupons, $25,000. (Delaware Registration Trust Co.)

Kensington Mfg. Co., Wilmington, equipment for filtration of water, $110,000. (Corporation Trust Co. of America.)

Capon Water Co., natural mineral waters, $100,000; Louis L. Austin, O. C. Reithmiller, David H. Kinley, Philadelphia. (Franklin L. Mettler, Wilmington.)

Taylor & Kelly, Wilmington, lumber mill work, $50,000. (Delaware Registration Trust Co.)

Krein Baking Co., Wilmington, $50,000. (Colonial Charter Co.)

Newark Fraternal Hall Co., real estate, $25,000; Wm. S. Armstrong, John V. Price, Frank G. Widdoes, Newark, Del. (Wm. S. Armstrong and John W. P. Howell, Newark, Del.)

Direct Coupon Corp., New York, print coupons. (U. S. Corporation Co.)

NAME CHANGE.

Security Land Development Co. to America Central Producing Co., Chicago, Ill.

1922 PROFITS REDUCE DEFICIT YEAR BEFORE

American Drug Syndicate Reports Net Assets of $3,674,320 as of Dec. 31.

The American Druggists' Syndicate reports for 1922 a net profit of $430,920, of which more than three-fourths was earned in the last six months of the year. In 1921 the company reported an operating loss of $883,568. The profits of 1922, as shown in the balance sheet, reduced the profit and loss deficit to $186,409. The general balance sheet as of the close of 1922 showed net current assets of $3,674,320 and net current liabilities of $241,154. The net current assets were made up as follows: Cash, $728,502; inventories, $1,530,316; trade acceptances, $806,953, and Government and other securities, $599,458.

C. H. Goddard, President of the company, in his remarks to stockholders, points out that profits during the first six months of 1922 amounted to $100,948, compared with a loss of $741,340 in the same period in 1921, and that the profits during the last half of last year were $329,972, against a loss of $142,228 in the last half of 1921. These figures, he points out, show that during the six months ended with June the company earned at the rate of 3 per cent. per annum on its issued stock and during the last half of the year the profits were equal to 6½ per cent.

In connection with the profit and loss deficit of $186,409 reported at the close of 1922, Mr. Goddard says that "before dividends can be resumed, this amount must be replaced from net earnings, but if the prosperity of the last few months continues it will take a comparatively short time to do this and the resumption of dividends can then be considered by your Board of Directors."

Mr. Goddard reports sales for last month exceeded those for January, 1922, by more than 50 per cent. and says:

"The suggestion made to the management by many stockholders that the present par value of A. D. S. shares be changed from $10 to $50 per share (exchanging one share of new stock for each five shares now outstanding), which was referred to in my letter of Dec. 30, accompanying the call for the coming annual stockholders' meeting to be held Feb. 26, has evidently met with the approval of a very large majority of our members, as replies so far received show an almost unanimous opinion that the change is advisable. This question will be voted upon at the stockholders' meeting."

CONSOLIDATED CIGAR REPORT SHOWS GAIN

Net Balance Available for Dividends $1,055,290, Against 1921 Deficit.

The Consolidated Cigar Corporation reports for the year ended Dec. 31, 1922, gross profits of $3,225,653, against $2,168,165 in the previous year. After allowing for all expenses, including interest and fixed charges, there remained a balance of $1,055,290 available for dividends on the capital stock. After allowing for the usual dividends on the preferred stock, the balance available for the 150,000 shares of no par value, common stock, was equal to $5.13 a share. In 1921 the company reported a deficit of $728,797 before payment of dividends.

The Consolidated profit and loss statement for the year ended Dec. 31, 1922, compared with the previous year, follows:

	1922	1921
Gross profits	$3,225,653	$2,168,165
Expenses	1,697,867	1,686,673
Operating profit	$1,527,786	$481,492
Other income	137,693	123,602
Total income	$1,665,479	$605,094
Interest, &c.	493,189	626,884
Inventory loss, &c.	.....	707,007
Federal taxes, &c.	115,000	.....
Net profit	$1,055,290	*$728,797
Preferred dividends	80,389	288,533
Common dividends	.....	181,071
Surplus	$974,901	†$1,198,401
Profit and loss surplus.	99,390	†879,286

*Loss. †Deficit.

The general balance sheet on Dec. 31, 1922, shows a profit and loss surplus of $99,390, against a deficit of $879,287 at the close of the previous year. Cash on hand amounted to $668,366, against $656,908 at the end of 1921; accounts and notes receivable, $2,009,249, against $1,614,054, while inventories were valued at $6,466,801, against $5,585,902. Notes payable amounted to $1,150,000, against $1,175,000; accounts payable, $1,591,139, against $3,324,290, and bills payable of $1,320,000, against nothing last year.

CREDIT LOSSES COST BILLION IN TWO YEARS

FurtherDanger Seen in Unintelligent Use of Credit in Present Period of Recovery.

Credit losses have diminished the nation's capital in the last two years by at least one billion dollars, and the unintelligent use of commercial and banking credit in the present period of recovery may easily bring on another depression, according to a statement made public last night by the Administrative Committee of the National Association of Credit Men, 41 Park Row, of which Curtis R. Burnett, American Oil and Supply Co., Newark, N. J., is Chairman.

"Charging against the nation's capital so large a loss as occurred in the credit liquidations of the last two years—at least one billion dollars—should challenge the common sense of the country and bring about a determination in the future to be less extravagant," says the statement.

"No element in business is so little understood as credit. Leaders of industry and finance are often neglectful of its principles. The business public is too frequently swept off its feet in a tide of unjustified optimism.

"The large sum of monetary gold held in this country makes credit very free and there is frequently an urge to use it. However, no matter how vast a store of credit we may possess, it must be used only in legitimate ways and as the actual needs of sound business dictate. Just so long as we give and receive it without proper discrimination or thought of the redemption day, just so long shall we have to suffer serious waste and needlessly diminish the nation's capital.

"From the present period of recovery we may easily pass into another depression if credit is not intelligently used."

INCOME FROM GIFT IS SUBJECT TO TAX

Person Inheriting Property Not Required to State Value, but Must Report Rents.

MUST PAY ON PENSIONS

Clergyman Receiving Fee for Officiating at Wedding or Funeral Cannot Claim It as Exemption.

Gifts and their relation to the Federal income tax are discussed in a statement by the Bureau of Internal Revenue, issued as one of a series of "Income Tax Facts." The statement says:

"A gift is not taxable income to the person receiving it, nor may it be deducted from gross income by the person giving it. For purposes of the income tax law a gift may be defined as 'voluntary transfer of property, real or personal, including money, without a recompense or consideration.'

"While the value of property received as a gift is not taxable, income from such property is subject to the tax for the year in which received. For example, a person who inherits a piece of property should not include in his return the value of such property, but must report the rent therefrom as income.

"If, however, a decedent leaves by will a legacy to a friend or relatives for services rendered, the bequest is considered income because there is a 'consideration.'

"Where an executor receives a bequest conditioned upon the continuance of his duties as executor, such bequest is deemed to be compensation for his services and is taxable income to the executor.

"Pensions paid employes in consideration of former services are not gifts and must be included in income.

"A tip for a personal service is not a gift, and must be reported as income by the recipient. Waiters, porters and others serving the public are advised to keep careful account of such donations.

"A fee received by a clergyman for officiating at a wedding or funeral is to be returned as income, because it is compensation for services.

"If a debt is forgiven without consideration, it cannot be deducted because it then becomes a gift. Deductions claimed for bad debts on account of loans to friends and relatives will be carefully scrutinized for the reason that in many instances such loans are really gifts, the lender having had no expectation of repayment at the time of making the 'loan.'"

PAN-AMERICAN RAILWAY NEARING COMPLETION

Seventy Per Cent. of Overland Route From New York to Buenos Aires Ready.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 11.—Reports of progress in the construction of the Pan-American Railway received by the Pan American Union show that between 65 and 70 per cent. of this project has been completed. The Pan-American Railway is designed to furnish a through overland service from New York to Buenos Aires. The route is to cover 10,116 miles and more than 6,500 miles of track have been laid.

A large part of this enterprise is composed of railways already in operation. A special committee mapped out the complete route, several years ago, and the project aims to connect existing lines so as to provide a through route. The route runs from New York to the Mexican corder, thence through Mexico, Guatemala, Honduras, Nicaragua, Costa Rica, Panama, Colombia, Ecuador, Peru, Bolivia and Argentina to Buenos Aires. Extensions would be built from the main line so as to include those Pan-American countries which are not in the direct path.

Travel from New York to the Guatemalan border by railroad is possible now. From Guatemala to the Canal Zone more than half of the projected line remains to be built. The greatest uncompleted portion is from the Canal Zone, down through Colombia, Ecuador and Peru to Lake Titicaca, on the boundary between Peru and Bolivia, where there will be a short distance by water route. In this section of the road only 542 miles is completed of a total needed of 3,362. Another short link is required in Bolivia, a stretch of 127 miles on which construction has recently been begun, to complete the section of the line in that country. In Argentina, the 1,060 miles from the Bolivian border to Buenos Aires is completed.

Most of the sections of the Pan-American Railway now in use were completed before the outbreak of the World War. A few miles only have been constructed since then. The increased flow of capital to the Southern republics, some of which has been for the express purpose of railroad building, will give added momentum to completion of the work.

Motor cars and trucks are being used in a number of instances to supplement existing railway facilities. This is true of the gap in Southern Bolivia.

SAN JUAN ASSEMBLY MEETS.

Porto Rico Legislature Elects New Speaker and Adjourns to March 12.

SAN JUAN, Porto Rico, Feb. 12.—The Porto Rican Legislature met and organized today, then recessed to March 12. Cayetano Coll y Cuchi presented his resignation as Speaker of the lower house. He was succeeded by Meguel Guerra.

There were no speeches or debates in either house, but the minority, including the Republicans and Socialists, voted against the recess.

French Financiers Visit Mexico.

MEXICO CITY, Feb. 12.—A group of French financiers, headed by M. Mercure, have arrived here. It is said that their visit is in connection with the establishment of a national bank in the capital.

THE TREASURY STATEMENT.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 12.—Revenue receipts and expenditures as at close of business Feb. 9:

Receipts.	This Month.	Corresponding Period Last Year.	Fiscal Year 1923.	Corresponding Period Fiscal Year 1922.
Customs	$14,830,912.90	$1		
Internal revenue — income and profits tax	6,889,963.01	5,995,291.76	710,810,828.37	1,291,040,283.03
Misc. internal revenue	33,682,130.68	9,147,476.57	606,619,769.21	823,322,151.36
Misc. rec'ts, proceeds Govt.-owned securities, foreign obligations:		42,011,876.74	$310,101,293.90	$186,271,271.15
Principal	.....	.....	$68,989.45	$78,500.00
Interest	10,209,802.44	10,209,802.44	125,591,599.00	23,616,921.88
Railroad securities	172,683.97	.....	85,543,993.54	.....
All others	1,960.31	$40.00	43,206,260.10	25,832,787.48
Trust fund receipts (reappropriated for investment)	499,552.73	1,177,338.80	16,409,800.00	24,106,613.70
Proceeds sale of surplus property	235,841.31	6,859,363.63	48,597,358.56	57,213,971.67
Panama Canal tolls &c.	474,986.70	293,534.75	8,812,979.72	7,578,747.56
Receipts from miscellaneous sources/credited direct to appropriations	2,806,235.90	.....	43,053,165.27	.....
Other miscellaneous	17,022,836.44	2,280,776.61	171,604,968.51	153,944,203.01
Total ordinary	$86,827,175.89	$87,986,690.30	$2,171,485,200.53	$2,598,460,500.03
Excess of ord. rec'ts. over total expenditures chargeable against ord. rcts.	.....	.....	.....	128,863,514.68
Excess of total expenditures chargeable against ord. rec'ts over ord. receipts	19,362,278.66	11,970,667.68	56,916,169.56	.....
Total ord. expenditures	$106,053,254.55	$99,688,407.98	$2,075,983,070.09	$2,164,942,455.94

J. K. Rice, Jr. & Co. Will Buy

25 Atlas Co. of America
100 American Chicle pfd.
50 Am. Dist. Tel. of N. J.
100 American Meter
100 Bucyrus Co. com. & pfd.
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100 Cuyuna Co. of America
50 City of New York Ins.
500 City & Suburban Homes
50 Congoleum Co. pfd.
50 Colo. Fuel & Iron pfd.
100 Denver & Salt Lake RR.
100 Franklin Insurance
5 Fifth Ave. Bank stock
100 Gen. Baking pfd.
100 Glens Falls Ins.
25 Globe & Rutgers Ins.
50 Great Atl. & Pac. Tea pfd.
100 Hocking Valley Railway
500 Jas. Butler Grocery com.
100 Johns-Manville, Inc.
50 Ice Service com. & pfd.
25 Ingersoll-Rand com. & pfd.
50 International Salt
100 McCall Corp. com. & pfd.
100 Mohawk Valley Co.
100 National Supply pfd.
100 New Orleans Gt. Nor. RR.
100 N. Y. State Rys. com. & pfd.
50 Pacific Coast (all issues)
200 Penn. Coal & Coke
50 Safety Car Htg. & Ltg.
100 Singer Manufacturing
500 Singer Mfg. Ltd.
50 Sonora Phonograph pfd.
100 Ward Baking pfd.
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Empire Tank Line Equip. 8s, 1931.
N. Y. & East River G. & E. 5s, 1944.
Omaha-Council Bl. St. Ry. 5s, 1928.
Sevilla Biltmore 7½s, 1937.
Sutter Basin 6s, 1937.
Virginian Power 7s, 1930.
Western Pacific 4s, 1930.

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NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the partnership lately subsisting between the undersigned, George W. Harris, Alfred H. Abbott and Milton J. Ayers, carrying on business as investment dealers, at 100 Broadway, New York City, under the style or firm of Harris, Abbott & Co., was on the tenth day of February, 1923, dissolved by mutual consent.

GEORGE W. HARRIS
ALFRED H. ABBOTT
MILTON J. AYERS

GEORGE W. HARRIS and MILTON J. AYERS, formerly of Harris, Abbott & Co., announce that they will continue to carry on a general investment security business under the style or firm name of

HARRIS, AYERS & CO.

with offices at 100 Broadway, New York City.

New York, February 10, 1923

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A. H. ABBOTT & CO.

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New York, February 10, 1923

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70 WEST FORTIETH STREET
Telephone Longacre 9720

MEETINGS AND ELECTIONS.

ANNUAL MEETING of Davis Brown, Inc., to be held 2 P. M. at 300 E. 40th St.
MELVILLE PRAEGER, Secretary.

THE CHEMICAL NATIONAL BANK OF NEW YORK
Founded 1824
BROADWAY AND CHAMBERS, FACING CITY HALL

The State Bank
374-378 Grand Street, New York
Six Branches in Greater New York

Appraisals • Reports • Investigations
The American Appraisal Company
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Offices in 22 principal cities

Credit Insurance Exclusively for Over 30 Years

When you buy a policy of Credit Insurance as issued by the American Credit-Indemnity Co., you're not purchasing a policy in the experimental stage. Instead you're buying *tried-and-proved results*. You're securing absolute protection for your credit accounts.

All these thirty long years we must have rendered *real service* to our clients, or we couldn't have held the old ones and secured so many new ones. Credit insurance is the only kind of insurance we sell—therefore we must of a necessity satisfy all our policyholders.

Why not let us show you how we have served—and are serving—so many of the largest Manufacturers and Wholesalers in the United States?

The AMERICAN CREDIT-INDEMNITY CO. OF NEW YORK J. F. McFADDEN, PRESIDENT

"Americanize Your Credits"

J. F. HALLWEGEN, General Agent
104 Fifth Ave.—Phone Chelsea 3000.
55 John St.—Phone Beekman 7291
New York City, N. Y.

9-25

MEETINGS AND ELECTIONS.

AMERICAN GAS AND ELECTRIC COMPANY.

NOTICE OF MEETING OF STOCKHOLDERS

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that a meeting of the stockholders of American Gas and Electric Company will be held at the office of the Company, No. 30 Church Street, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on the 20th day of February, 1923, at 12 o'clock noon, for the transaction of any and all business that may properly come before the meeting, including the election of five directors for the term of three years, and considering and voting upon the approval and ratification of all contracts, acts, proceedings, elections and appointments of the Board of Directors, Executive Committee and Officers of this Company, since the last annual meeting of the Company shown by the minutes of said Board of Directors and Executive Committee, which will be open for inspection of stockholders at said meeting, and also for the purpose of amending the certificate of incorporation of the corporation, pursuant to Section 24 of the Stock Corporation Law of the State of New York, so as to permit the issuance of shares without par value and to that end for the purpose of voting upon the following proposals:

FIRST: That all of the shares of common stock of this Company (which have a par value of $50 per share), including any authorized but unissued shares, be changed, under the authority conferred by Section 24 of the Stock Corporation Law of New York, into shares with no nominal or par value;

SECOND: That (in lieu of the shares of common stock with a par value of $50 per share which it is now authorized to issue) the number of shares of common stock with no nominal or par value that may hereforth be issued by the Company shall be 1,750,000 shares;

THIRD: That the terms upon which the new shares of common stock without nominal or par value shall be issued in place of the outstanding shares of common stock shall be five shares of common stock without nominal or par value to be issued in place of each share of common stock with a par value of $50 outstanding;

FOURTH: That any authorized shares without nominal or par value which are not issued in place of the outstanding shares with a par value of $50 per share, may be issued and sold by the Board of Directors for such consideration as from time to time may be fixed by said Board.

FIFTH: That the certificate of incorporation of the Company be amended so as to permit the issuance of shares of common stock without par value; so as to state the number of shares of common stock without par value that may hereforth be issued by the Company, and the terms upon which such new shares without nominal or par value shall be issued in place of the outstanding shares of common stock; so as to authorize the Board of Directors to issue and sell shares of common stock without par value, which are not issued in exchange for outstanding shares, for such consideration as from time to time may be fixed by said Board, all as above provided; and so as to express, in accordance with the resolutions adopted at the meeting, the stated capital with which the Company will carry on business;

SIXTH: That the President or a Vice-President and the Secretary or Treasurer of the Company be authorized and directed to execute and file the certificate required by said Section 24 of the Stock Corporation Law of New York and designated therein "Certificate of Amendment pursuant to Section 24 of the Stock Corporation Law," which certificate shall recite (among other things) the several amendments to the certificate of incorporation above set forth and provided for;

and for the transaction of any and all business in connection with said proposals, including any and all modifications or changes thereof that may be necessary or appropriate to accomplish the purposes aforesaid, and any other business that may properly come before the meeting.

FRANK B. BALL, Secretary.

New York, January 31, 1923.

OFFICE OF Electric Bond and Share Company

71 Broadway, New York

To the stockholders of Electric Bond and Share Company:

Notice is hereby given that the annual meeting of the stockholders of Electric Bond and Share Company will be held at the office of the Company at Schenectady, N. Y., on Wednesday, the 21st day of February, 1923, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, for the following purposes:

1. To elect Directors for the ensuing year.
2. To consider and vote upon the approval and ratification of all contracts, acts, proceedings, elections and appointments, which have been made or taken by the Board of Directors and the Executive Committee of the Company since the date of the last annual meeting of the stockholders, as set forth in the minutes of the meetings of the Board of Directors and the Executive Committee; and
3. To transact such other business as may properly come before the meeting or any adjournment or adjournments thereof.

The polls will remain open from 10 o'clock in the forenoon until 12 o'clock noon on said day.

The stock transfer books of the Company will be closed at the close of business on Saturday, February 10, 1923, and opened at the opening of business on Friday, February 23, 1923.

By order of the Board of Directors.

H. M. FRANCIS, Secretary.

REPUBLIC RAILWAY & LIGHT COMPANY

NOTICE OF ANNUAL MEETING OF STOCKHOLDERS

Jersey City, N. J.

The annual meeting of the stockholders of Republic Railway & Light Company will be held in the principal office of the Company, No. 15 Exchange Place, Jersey City, N. J., on Tuesday, Feb. 20, 1923, at 12 o'clock noon for the election of Directors and for the transaction of such other business as may properly come before the meeting, including the approval and ratification of all actions of the Board of Directors and of the Executive Committee since the last meeting of the stockholders of the Company. The polls will remain open one hour.

The stock transfer books of the Company, both Preferred and Common, will be closed at the close of business on Tuesday, Jan. 30, 1923, and will be reopened at the opening of business on Wednesday, Feb. 21, 1923.

FREDERICK P. SMITH, Secretary.

DIVIDENDS.

THE BROOKLYN CITY RAILROAD COMPANY.

148 Montague Street, Brooklyn, N. Y.
February 6, 1923.

The Board of Directors has this day declared a regular quarterly dividend of 20 cents per share on the outstanding capital stock, payable March 1, 1923, to stockholders of record at the close of business on February 15, 1923. Transfer books will not be closed.

GEO. W. JONES, Treasurer.

FINANCIAL NOTICES.

TO THE HOLDERS OF THE FOLLOWING NUMBERED 5% TEN-YEAR SINKING FUND GOLD NOTES OF WILLIAM F. MOSSER COMPANY, OUTSTANDING UNDER THE INDENTURE OF WILLIAM F. MOSSER COMPANY TO CONTINENTAL AND COMMERCIAL TRUST AND SAVINGS BANK, TRUSTEE, DATED OCTOBER 1ST, 1920:

You are hereby notified that the following numbered 5% Ten Year Sinking Fund Gold Notes of William F. Mosser Company, a corporation organized under the laws of the State of Massachusetts, outstanding under the indenture of said William F. Mosser Company to Continental and Commercial Trust and Savings Bank, as Trustee, bearing date 1st day of October, 1920, are called for redemption and payment, according to the terms of said indenture, on the 1st day of April, 1923, at the office of the undersigned at 208 South LaSalle Street, Chicago, Illinois; said notes so called for payment are numbered as follows:

$100 Denominations:

C-1 to 5, both incl.; 7 to 11, both incl.; 15, 17 to 21, both incl.; 23 to 27, both incl.; 29, 31 to 34, both incl.; 38, 39 to 42, both incl.; 49, 50, 52, 55 to 57, both incl.; 60, 61, 63, 66, 67, 69, 70, 72, 77, 79, 80, 82, 87, 88, 91, 92, 96 to 97, both incl.; 100, 101, 103, 104, 106 to 109, both incl.; 111, 114, 116, 118, 119, 121, 127, 128, 130, 132, 137 to 141, both incl.; 143 to 145, both incl.; 148, 149, 153, 154, 158, 159, 163, 174 to 178, both incl.; 181, 191, 196, 200, 201, 203 to 206, both incl.; 209, 210, 213, 214, 218 to 223, 224, 227, 229, 235, 242, 246, 267, 272, 274 to 276, both incl.; 284, 287, 291, 292, 296, 299, 301, 303, 304, 307, 310, 311, 315, 318, 319, 321 to 323, both incl.; 324, 328, 329, 332, 340, 343, 346, 347, 351, 353, 355, 356, 359, 362 to 364, both incl.; 366, 367, 369, 373, 380, 382, 384, 394, 395, 397 to 399, both incl.; 401, 403 to 406, both incl.; 409, 410, 416, 423, 425, 426, 429 to 431, both incl.; 433, 439, 439, 444, 448, 449, 453, 454, 459, 461, 464, 472, 477, 480, 485, 487, 488, 490, 492, 499, 503, 507, 508, 510 to 513, both incl.; 515, 516, 519, 521, 523, 525, 526, 528 to 530, both incl.; 539, 540, 544 to 546, both incl.; 552, 553, 555, 557, 559, 566, 568, 569, 574, 577, 580, 581, 583, 584, 589 to 592, both incl.; 596, 597, 599, 602, 603, 606, 607, 609, 620, 621, 625, 629 to 632, both incl.; 642, 644, 648, 650, 651, 673, 674, 675, 681, 687, 688, 690, 692, 693, 695, 696, 701 to 706, both incl.; 707, 709, 711, 713, 716, 720, 725, 729, 731, 732, 734 to 736, both incl.; 738, 743, 745, 746, 748, 751, 754, 755, 760, 762, 764, 769, 772 to 775, both incl.; 780, 786, to 791, both incl.; 795, 797 to 799, both incl.; 802 to 806, both incl.; 812, 814, 816 to 818, both incl.; 820 to 825, both incl.; 827, 829, 832, 834, 836, 838, 839, 842, 845, 863, 870, 871 to 873, both incl.; 879, 880, 919, 922, 925, 990, 994, 996, 997, 998, 1001, 1002, 1006, 1011, 1013, 1019, 1020, 1022, 1024, 1025, 1026, 1027, 1029 to 1032, both incl.; 1036, 1037, 1038, 1040 to 1044, both incl.; 1047, 1050, 1055, 1056, 1058, 1060, 1061, 1070, 1072, 1074 to 1078, both incl.; 1080, 1083 to 1086, 1088 to 1093, both incl.; 1095, 1096, 1097, 1098, 1100, 1101, 1102, 1103, 1106 to 1110, both incl.; 1112, 1114, 1115, 1117, 1122 to 1128, both incl.; 1129, 1129, 1130, 1231, 1232, 1233, 1234, 1235, 1239, 1241, 1242, 1245, 1246, 1249, 1251, 1252, 1255, 1257, 1259, 1262, 1263, 1265, 1268, 1272 and 1273.

Total—$45,500.

$500 Denominations:

D-2, 4, 5, 6, 10, 12, 15, 17, 18, 19, 22, 23, 24, 26, 29, 30, 32, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 40, 41, 42, 43, 47 to 54, both incl.; 56, 57, 58, 59, 62, 63, 64, 66, 67, 68, 69, 74, 75, 77, 79, 80, 81, 82, 84 to 90, both incl.; 92 to 99, both incl.; 101, 102, 103, 104, 106, 107, 109, 112 to 120, both incl.; 122, 123, 124, 128, 134, 135, 138, 139, 140, 144, 145, 147, 150, 151, 152, 155, 156, 157, 158, 159, 161, 165, 166, 167, 168, 170, 176, 177, 179, 180, 182, 186, 187, 189, 190, 192, 193, 195, 196, 197, 201, 202, 204, 207, 209, 210, 211, 212, 213, 214, 220, 221, 222, 223, 226, 227, 229, 231, 233, 234, 235, 236, 240, 242, 243, 245, 247, 248, 249, 251, 252, 253, 255, 256, 259, 260, 262 to 271, both incl.; 274, 276, 277, 279, 280, 284 to 290, both incl.; 293, 294, 296, 297, 299, 300, 303, 304, 305, 306, 307, 309, 310, 312, 313, 314, 316, 317, 318, 319, 320, 321, 322, 323, 330, 331, 333, 338, 341, 343, 344, 345, 346, 347, 350, 351, 352, 355, 358, 359, 360, 361, 365, 367, 368, 369, 370, 371, 373, 374, 375, 383, 385, 388, 390, 391, 392, 396, 401, 403, 405, 406, 408, 409, 410, 412, 415, 416, 417, 419, 421, 426, 427, 429, 431, 433, 434, 435, 437, 438, 441, 444, 445, 447, 450, 451, 452, 457, 459, 460, 462, 463, 464, 465, 481, 482, 483, 485, 486, 487, 492, 493, 499, both incl.; 500, 501, 502, 504, 505, 506, 508, 509, 510, 511, 513, 514, 516, 518, 520, 521, 522, 523, 525, 526, 527, 528, 529, 530, 534, 535, 536, 539, 540, 542, 544, 545, 547, 548, 549, 550, 551, 553, 554, 557, 559, 560, 563, 564, 565, 566, 568, 569, 571, 572, 574, 575, 577, 578, 580, 581, 582, 583, 584, 585, 586, 587, 588 to 590, both incl.; 591, 592, to 608, both incl.; 611, 614, 619, 620, 622, 624, 627, to 633, both incl.; 635, 636, 637, 639, 643 to 648, both incl.; 650 to 659, both incl.; 655, 656, 662, 664, 666, 667, 670, 671, 672, 673, 674, 676, 677, 679, 682, 684, 685, 687, 688, 689, 691, 694, 695, 697, 699, 717, 719, 720, 721, 722, 723, 725, 726, 728, 729, 730, 731, 735 to 741, both incl.; 743, 748, 749, 753, 754, 755, 758, 760, 761, 765, 770, 771, 772, 773, 775, 776, 777, 778, 783, 784, 788, 789, 791, 793, 794, 796, 797, 801, 803, 804, 806, 807, 809, 810, 811, 812, 814, 819, 821, 822, 823, 825, 826, 827, 828, 829, 830, 831, 832, 834, 835, 836, 847, 848, 849, 850 and 851.

Total—$245,000.

$1000 Denominations:

M-2, 3, 6 to 10, both incl.; 11 to 14, both incl.; 17, 20, 21, 23, 25 to 27, both incl.; 31, 36, 38, 40, 41, 51, 52, 60, 62, 71, 73 to 76, both incl.; 79, 80, 83, 84, 87 to 89, both incl.; 90, 91, 95, 96, 98, 99, 102, 107, 109, 110, 113, 118 to 119, both incl.; 120, 121, 125, 126, 129, 130, 131, 137, 139, 141, 144, 151, 152, 162, 163, 174, 175, 186, 187, 189 to 191, both incl.; 194, 198, 201, 206, 208 to 211, both incl.; 220, 223, 228, 228, 229, 240, 243, 251, 252, 253, 260, 264, 266, 267, 269, 270, 280, 290, 297, 298, 300, 301, 303 to 305, both incl.; 307, 312, 313, 315, 317, 327, 332, 338, 340, 341, 345, 347, 348, 355, 361 to 363, both incl.; 373, 375, 380, 382, 391, 395, 398, 401, 402, 406, 408, 410, 414, 417, 418, 420, 428, 449, 451 to 453, both incl.; 456, 468, 472, 481, 489, 492, 494, 496, 498, 499, 508 to 510, both incl.; 512 to 515, both incl.; 520, 521, 527, 531, 532, 535, 539, 542, 545, 546, 551, 554, 557, 558, 560, 571, 575 to 579, both incl.; 584, 585, 586, 590, 592, 596, 597, 599, 600, 602, 603, 606, 612, 614, 615, 617, 625, 627, 634, 637 to 639, both incl.; 644, 645, 649, 661, 663, 665, 668, 670, 672, 673 to 677, both incl.; 679, 681, 684, 685, 695, 697 to 699, both incl.; 701, 713, 714, 715, 718, 730, 732, 741, 748, 750 to 752, both incl.; 766, 768, 773, 777, 779, 780, 782, 791, 792, 793, 796, 802, 804, 808, 810, 813, 815, 816, 825, 834, 837, 838, 841, 844, 848, 853, 854, 857, 864, 867, 893, 895, 898, 901, 903, 906, 910, 916 to 918, both incl.; 924, 925, 927, 945, 948, 949, 949, 955, 956, 958, 960, 963, 966, 967, 969, 974, 976, 978, 979, 986, 993, 994, 1002, 1008, 1007, 1012, 1024, 1051, 1055, 1070, 1078, 1080, 1081, 1085, 1088, 1096, 1101 to 1106, both incl.; 1108, 1113, to 1116, both incl.; 1119, 1122, 1123, 1129, 1131, 1138, 1140, 1143, 1145, 1148, 1151, 1152, 1154, 1156, 1157, 1160 to 1162, both incl.; 1169, 1170, 1176, 1179 to 1181, 1186, 1192 to 1195, 1197, 1199, 1205 to 1207, both incl.; 1215, 1223, 1229, 1233, 1235, 1239, 1245, 1248, 1251, 1258, 1258, 1259, 1263, 1277, 1279, 1284, 1285, 1287, 1290, 1293, 1294, 1302, 1307, 1313, 1321, 1331, 1340, 1341, 1345, 1349, 1356, 1357, 1361, 1362, 1373, 1375, 1376, 1379, 1385, 1386, 1389, 1395, 1401, 1405, 1407, 1408, 1409, 1411, 1417, 1419, 1420, 1421, 1425, 1428, 1432, 1436, 1439, 1447, 1454, 1455, 1462, 1470, 1471, 1479, 1484, 1487, 1489, 1490, 1491, 1493, 1497, 1502, 1504, 1507, 1512, 1514 to 1517, both incl.; 1519, 1524, 1528, 1532 to 1534, both incl.; 1541, 1546, 1547, 1548, 1552, 1554, 1555, 1557, 1558, 1560, 1561, 1566, 1568 to 1572, both incl.; 1575, 1576, 1579, 1580, 1581, 1584, 1585, 1587, 1588, 1589, 1594, 1604, 1605, 1607, 1609 to 1616, incl.; 1623, 1627, 1630, 1632, 1640, 1641, 1646 to 1648, both incl.; 1653, 1654, 1660, 1662, 1672, 1675, 1676, 1680, 1685, 1686, 1690, 1698, 1700, 1702, 1704, 1705, 1717, 1718, 1720, 1723, 1724, 1727, 1730, 1737, 1755, 1744, 1748, 1751, 1753, 1756, 1757, 1760, 1763, 1765, 1769, 1770 to 1777, both incl.; 1782, 1786, 1788, 1789, 1798, 1799, 1800, 1801, 1808, 1811, 1815, 1819, 1826, 1828, 1830, 1832, 1835, 1836, 1838, 1841, 1842, 1844, 1849, 1852, 1856, 1858, 1863, 1871, 1876, 1878, 1887, 1888, 1891, 1893, 1895, 1896, 1898, 1899, 1900, 1909, 1916, 1918, 1920, 1921, 1925, 1935, 1937, 1949, 1950, 1952, 1961, 1963, 1964, 1966, 1973, 1976, 1977, 1981, 1985, 1986, 1987, 1995, 1999, 2002, 2003, 2006, 2006, 2009, 2011, 2013, 2015, 2025, 2031, 2032, 2033, 2042, 2046, 2049, 2056, 2057, 2060, 2072, 2085, 2087, 2090, 2091, 2092, 2094, 2095, 2100, 2102, 2104, 2106 to 2113, both incl.; 2118, 2122, 2126, 2127, 2128, 2129, 2130, 2138, 2145, 2146, 2153, 2156, 2162, 2165, 2170, 2174, 2178, 2181, 2198, 2191, 2192, 2198, 2202, 2207, 2208, 2211, 2215, 2228, 2237, 2238, 2239, 2240, 2241, 2242, 2243, 2250, 2251, 2257, 2262, 2265, 2268, 2270, 2272, 2275, 2276, 2281, 2288, 2290, 2292, 2294, 2295, 2297, 2303, 2312, 2314, 2316, 2324, 2327, 2328, 2334, 2342, 2352, 2353, 2354, 2355, 2357, 2360, 2362, 2364, 2365, 2367, 2368, 2369, 2370, 2372, 2373, 2370, 2378, 2385, 2386, 2394, 2402, 2403, 2404, 2405, 2408, 2416, 2411, 2417, 2435, 2437, 2429, 2433, 2434, 2439, 2441, 2443, 2446, 2448, 2455, 2457, 2459, 2460, 2463, 2465, 2468, 2478, 2480, 2487, 2491, 2492, 2493, 2496, 2506, 2509, 2518, 2524, 2529, 2530 and 2532.

Total—$751,000.

The face of the respective notes and interest accrued thereon to the last day of April, 1923, and a premium of 7% on the face thereof will be paid on presentation thereof to the undersigned at its office on said 1st day of April, 1923, and all interest on said notes and coupons so called for redemption and payment will cease on April 1st, 1923, and the notes so called for redemption will thereafter be excluded from any benefits afforded by said indenture, the Company having deposited with the Trustee money sufficient to make the redemption of said notes.

CONTINENTAL & COMMERCIAL TRUST AND SAVINGS BANK, TRUSTEE.

By W. F. KOPP, Secretary.

Dated Chicago, Illinois, January 28th, 1923.

TO HOLDERS OF FIFTEEN-YEAR 6 PER CENT. SINKING FUND GOLD BONDS OF BRADEN COPPER MINES COMPANY.

The undersigned, as trustee, under the Collateral Trust Agreement dated Feb. 1, 1916, securing the aforesaid bonds, pursuant to Section 3 of ArticleIII. of said agreement, hereby calls for tenders for the sale to it, as such Trustee, of an amount of said bonds sufficient as nearly as may be to exhaust the sum of Six Hundred Sixty-seven Thousand Three Hundred Seventy-three and Twenty-five One-Hundredths Dollars ($667,373.25) now in the hands for account of the sinking fund provided by said agreement. All such tenders must be for all or any part of the bonds offered, must state the price at which the same are offered, not exceeding, however, 105 per cent. of the principal thereof and accrued interest, and must be received at the Corporate Trust Department of the undersigned, No. 10 Wall Street, New York, on or before 12 o'clock noon on Feb. 20, 1923. Each such tender should be securely sealed and marked "Tender of Bonds for Purchase for Sinking Fund under Collateral Trust Agreement of Braden Copper Mines Company, dated February 1, 1916." Notification of tenders accepted will be mailed on or before Feb. 21, 1923, and will call for delivery of the bonds on or before Feb. 27, 1923, with coupons maturing Aug. 1, 1923, and subsequently.

Dated at New York this 5th day of February, 1923.

BANKERS TRUST COMPANY, Trustee.

By H. F. Wilson Jr., Vice President.

PHILADELPHIA COMPANY

First Refunding and Collateral Trust Mortgage 6% Gold Bonds, due February 1, 1944; Series "A."

Notice is hereby given that there is now on deposit in the Sinking Fund provided under the First Refunding and Collateral Trust Mortgage made by Philadelphia Company, dated February 1, 1919, as amended July 27, 1921, and further amended as of November 1, 1921, the sum of Two Hundred Six Thousand Eight Hundred Thirty Dollars and Sixty-nine Cents ($206,830.69), and that Guaranty Trust Company of New York, as Trustee under said mortgage and pursuant to Article V. thereof, will receive at its TRUST DEPARTMENT, 140 Broadway, New York City, until 10 o'clock A. M., on Friday, February 16, 1923, sealed proposals for the sale to it of bonds secured by said mortgage in such amount as will exhaust the Sinking Fund moneys in hand at the lowest price at which such bonds will be offered for sale, but not exceeding 105% of the principal amount thereof and accrued interest.

Interest on bonds purchased will cease February 19, 1923. The right is reserved by the undersigned to require that the serial numbers of bonds offered be given, and also to reject any or all offers in whole or in part.

GUARANTY TRUST COMPANY OF NEW YORK.

By WILLIAM C. POYTER, President.

Dated, New York, February 2, 1923.

PROPOSALS.

INVITATION TO CONTRACTORS.

AGREEMENT "CC"

Making alterations in Railroad Structures, Routes 4 and 36, Section 5, to permit Widening of Roadway of East 59th Street, Borough of Manhattan.

Sealed bids or proposals for making alterations in Railroad structures, Routes 4 and 36, Section 5, to permit widening of roadway of East 59th Street, Borough of Manhattan, will be received by the Transit Commission of the State of New York (hereinafter called the "Commission") on behalf of the City of New York at the office of the Commission at No. 49 Lafayette Street, Borough of Manhattan, New York City, until the twenty-sixth day of February, 1923, at eleven-thirty (11:30) o'clock A. M., at which time and place or at a later date to be fixed by the Commission the proposals will be publicly opened.

The Contractor must complete all the work within eight (8) months from the delivery of the contract.

A fuller description of the work and other requirements, provisions and specifications are given in the forms of agreement, bond and Contractor's Proposal and in the contract drawings, which are to be deemed a part of this Invitation and copies of which may be inspected and purchased at said office of the Commission.

No proposal will be received unless accompanied by a separate certified check for one thousand dollars ($1,000.00) payable to the order of the Comptroller of the City and drawn upon a national or State bank or trust company satisfactory to the Commission and having its principal office in New York City. Such check must not be enclosed in the envelope containing the proposal.

Deposits made by bidders, except the lowest and next to the lowest bidders, will be returned within ten (10) days after the receipt of bids. The deposits of the lowest and next to lowest bidders will be returned within three (3) days after the delivery of the contract.

The right to reject any and all bids is reserved.

New York, February 7, 1923.

TRANSIT COMMISSION.

By GEORGE McANENY, Chairman.

JAMES P. WALKER, Secretary.

FINANCIAL NOTICES.

To Holders of

Anglo-American Oil Company, Ltd.

Five-Year 7½% Sinking Fund Gold Notes

Issued Under Indenture Dated April 1, 1920

Notice is hereby given that pursuant to provisions of Article 3 of the Indenture mentioned above, between the Anglo-American Oil Company, Limited, and the Guaranty Trust Company of New York, Trustee, Notes outstanding under said Indenture bearing the serial numbers below listed have been drawn for redemption as of April 1, 1923 at 103% of the principal sum thereof, out of moneys in the Sinking Fund, viz:

NOTES @ $1,000. EACH

21	2061	2188	3166	4132	5213	6314	7303	8444	9489	10635	11762	12906	13655
30	1067	2206	3186	4159	5228	6335	7432	8471	9499	10638	11779	12914	13688
36	1092	2236	3202	4161	5239	6340	7436	8494	9503	10654	11791	12937	13692
40	1093	2294	3226	4168	5258	6374	7443	8513	9529	10661	11797	12938	13703
46	1166	2318	3262	4184	5266	6384	7456	8539	9530	10667	11814	12946	13718
60	1229	2319	3269	4189	5268	6389	7485	8540	9542	10723	11879	12951	13719
61	1250	2321	3277	4205	5269	6399	7489	8546	9545	10740	11911	12954	13737
65	1270	2336	3282	4217	5293	6406	7494	8562	9548	10745	11920	12978	13750
94	1277	2341	3304	4243	5310	6409	7510	8571	9549	10747	11958	13000	13771
125	1279	2348	3312	4261	5336	6421	7519	8582	9553	10767	11972	13001	13803
129	1298	2352	3317	4262	5349	6461	7527	8607	9572	10773	11975	13005	13827
135	1321	2357	3335	4276	5385	6469	7544	8617	9581	10776	11987	13008	13836
150	1334	2374	3341	4279	5413	6515	7550	8619	9596	10777	12002	13022	13844
155	1341	2383	3346	4280	5436	6531	7553	8621	9609	10787	12006	13026	13864
156	1349	2395	3377	4285	5449	6534	7565	8623	9637	10791	12013	13027	13870
177	1354	2406	3386	4296	5470	6544	7581	8676	9659	10802	12014	13028	13883
187	1361	2436	3389	4297	5474	6555	7599	8679	9664	10806	12015	13031	13886
189	1370	2442	3398	4298	5481	6561	7610	8695	9671	10821	12031	13043	13902
202	1372	2445	3416	4307	5513	6567	7613	8703	9678	10825	12059	13053	13914
224	1378	2453	3417	4324	5515	6572	7624	8704	9687	10838	12088	13068	13918
254	1380	2455	3419	4339	5518	6583	7627	8746	9697	10841	12089	13077	13922
260	1381	2461	3421	4361	5533	6586	7633	8770	9699	10848	12098	13084	13933
274	1387	2477	3432	4375	5538	6612	7649	8803	9702	10901	12107	13091	13948
275	1392	2485	3437	4381	5549	6634	7660	8812	9704	10944	12115	13096	13950
286	1395	2486	3470	4383	5574	6655	7677	8845	9718	10954	12119	13117	13964
288	1400	2488	3476	4393	5583	6657	7682	8863	9721	10979	12129	13118	13975
293	1413	2501	3483	4418	5592	6667	7700	8880	9743	11002	12140	13120	13986
301	1432	2510	3484	4425	5593	6676	7709	8888	9777	11007	12141	13126	13997
318	1435	2515	3492	4426	5597	6677	7721	8892	9780	11026	12188	13130	14000
332	1465	2525	3498	4461	5607	6696	7724	8894	9785	11038	12195	13139	14014
335	1471	2539	3502	4480	5609	6698	7741	8897	9806	11048	12200	13167	14029
350	1474	2541	3513	4499	5610	6711	7747	8903	9828	11052	12201	13169	14033
353	1508	2543	3518	4510	5639	6724	7739	8921	9869	11054	12208	13179	14039
369	1522	2549	3536	4511	5643	6727	7760	8929	9872	11063	12220	13180	14050
372	1539	2555	3537	4521	5648	6749	7773	8931	9912	11109	12228	13216	14057
375	1546	2559	3540	4537	5685	6759	7823	8934	9940	11113	12268	13217	14101
392	1558	2597	3556	4576	5729	6758	7836	8953	9944	11121	12272	13222	14115
397	1568	2613	3578	4585	5744	6764	7847	8990	9988	11149	12277	13223	14127
398	1576	2626	3580	4589	5748	6784	7873	8997	9998	11145	12284	13232	14129
409	1580	2630	3597	4640	5768	6786	7884	8999	9996	11152	12300	13233	14130
427	1589	2656	3616	4648	5771	6801	7899	9027	10025	11163	12309	13237	14158
438	1614	2663	3630	4673	5786	6810	7931	9035	10036	11172	12356	13263	14168
463	1617	2671	3628	4715	5789	6826	7942	9052	10048	11183	12357	13268	14170
468	1629	2675	3632	4737	5792	6837	7948	9057	10056	11199	12361	13277	14202
490	1651	2705	3639	4746	5835	6839	7954	9063	10066	11221	12387	13282	14205
505	1654	2707	3640	4785	5843	6849	7977	9071	10123	11222	12393	13296	14207
511	1699	2715	3670	4767	5879	6853	7993	9080	10155	11243	12394	13304	14212
518	1700	2722	3679	4770	5880	6855	8001	9096	10162	11250	12410	13315	14232
524	1710	2760	3680	4775	5908	6857	8018	9103	10178	11253	12414	13316	14233
540	1720	2766	3691	4782	5909	6883	8019	9104	10179	11262	12418	13318	14244
548	1727	2786	3713	4785	5913	6897	8020	9112	10182	11323	12442	13322	14254
552	1738	2792	3717	4814	5927	6898	8021	9114	10188	11330	12457	13332	14258
580	1743	2803	3724	4819	5937	6936	8031	9158	10195	11362	12462	13339	14264
593	1800	2839	3751	4827	5953	6942	8038	9161	10209	11365	12480	13342	14274
602	1815	2853	3762	4833	5966	6950	8039	9162	10225	11366	12481	13346	14275
609	1832	2864	3764	4840	5982	6980	8051	9209	10242	11369	12483	13355	14279
640	1841	2878	3773	4849	5987	7029	8055	9224	10249	11381	12508	13359	14281
655	1858	2883	3779	4883	5990	7042	8056	9227	10254	11386	12530	13362	14288
668	1865	2902	3781	4878	6005	7052	8058	9230	10267	11431	12534	13363	14293
671	1868	2903	3794	4896	6007	7056	8061	9235	10268	11437	12564	13365	14302
675	1874	2904	3803	4932	6010	7103	8076	9244	10273	11449	12586	13392	14303
685	1887	2925	3807	4950	6011	7117	8106	9246	10280	11462	12587	13407	14314
691	1896	2932	3826	4952	6014	7167	8109	9248	10281	11466	12595	13409	14327
693	1898	2939	3851	4953	6024	7177	8121	9274	10286	11488	12629	13422	14331
700	1924	2940	3854	4957	6027	7180	8164	9288	10295	11505	12657	13424	14371
712	1938	2962	3870	4974	6058	7190	8189	9299	10337	11503	12638	13440	14352
717	1939	2977	3878	4995	6074	7191	8198	9348	10365	11505	12667	13450	14356
749	1941	2985	3886	5018	6100	7192	8202	9356	10378	11514	12671	13464	14363
751	1942	2995	3892	5034	6102	7196	8204	9364	10381	11534	12690	13474	14384
820	1950	3010	3894	5039	6120	7201	8207	9365	10386	11539	12706	13477	14390
823	1992	3023	3933	5042	6136	7251	8224	9366	10413	11548	12710	13492	14394
828	1999	3037	3935	5046	6139

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ARRIVAL OF BUYERS

Arriving Buyers may register in this column by telephoning Bryant 1000.

AKRON, Ohio—Leary Co.; Miss Wehner, hosiery; Mr. Schmelz, cotton, wash goods; 352 4th Av. (Kirby, Block & Fischer).

AKRON—M. O'Neil Co.; Miss E. Hallman, women's neckwear, vellings; 31 W. 35th (M. M. Bostman).

AKRON, Ohio—J. G. Federman, clothing, street, basement; 1,160 B'way (Baer & Lilienthal).

ALBANY, N. Y.—W. M. Whitney & Co.; T. S. Sullin, women's neckwear, handkerchiefs; 1,164 B'way (Fellows Buying Corp.).

ALBANY—W. M. Whitney Co.; Miss Hall, art goods; Miss Carpenter, fleece; 1,164 B'way (Fellows Buying Corp.).

ALLENTOWN, Pa.—Hess Bros.; Mrs. M. Gergele, books; 225 5th Av. (P. Atkins).

ALLENTOWN, Pa.—Galansky & Nathan; R. S. Nathan, ready-to-wear; 115 W. 30th (B. F. Levis); Pennsylvania.

ALLENTOWN, Pa.—The Adams Co.; D. Miss, ready-to-wear; Pennsylvania.

ALLIANCE, Ohio—Seltner Co.; Miss E. Rue, ready-to-wear; H. W. Collins, carpets, draperies; D. Seltner, gen'l mdse.; 120 W. 32d (A. Fantl).

AMSTERDAM, N. Y.—M. Lurie & Co.; J. Epstein, dresses, coats, suits; 1,150 B'way (Baer & Lilienthal).

ASHLAND, Ohio—Home Co., Inc.; Mr. Shinn, representing; 1,164 B'way (Fellows Buying Corp.).

ASHTABULA, Ohio—Gale & Co.; I. Gale, ladies' ready-to-wear, millinery, gen'l mdse.; Pennsylvania.

ATHENS, Tenn.—W. M. Anderson & Co.; W. M. Anderson, mdse. manager, ready-to-wear; Pennsylvania.

ATLANTA, Ga.—M. Rich Bros. Co.; F. A. Sherman, notions, fancy goods, hosiery, underwear; 352 4th Av. (Kirby, Block & Fischer).

ATLANTA, Ga.—M. Rich Bros. Co.; J. R. Mclair, domestics, flannels, white goods, linens; 352 4th Av. (Kirby, Block & Fischer).

ATLANTA, Ga.—Beacon-Hayes Co.; W. B. Hayes, mdse. mgr.; Imperial.

ATLANTA, Ga.—F. F. Allen & Co.; Miss A. Arso, waists; 1,205 B'way (S. M. Goldberg).

ATLANTA, Ga.—S. F. Tully Corp. (Chamberlin-Johnson-Du Bose Co.); S. F. Tully, basement jobs coats, dresses; 131 W. 35th (Hart-Flanagan Co.).

ALTOONA, Pa.—Kline & Bros.; Miss A. Snink, laces, embroideries; Miss J. Weyandt, neckwear, leather goods; 35 E. 26th (W. T. Knott).

AUGUSTA, Ga.—J. B. White Co.; Miss M. F. Kelly, lace, embroideries, ribbons; R. B. Smith, jewelry, stationery, leather goods; 31 E. 26th (Merchandise Reporting Co.).

AUGUSTA, Ga.—J. B. White & Co.; J. W. Pearce, dress goods, silks, blankets; J. A. Carr, umbrellas, jewelry, hosiery, underwear, gloves, neckwear; 23 E. 26th (W. T. Knott).

BALTIMORE—A. Eisenberg; A. Van Tassel, dress goods, silks, wash goods; 103 Grand (Jay & Co.).

BALTIMORE—Weinberg Cloak Co.; I. Weinberg, women's suitings; Pennsylvania.

BALTIMORE—Hutzler Bros. & Co.; H. L. Werts, rugs, upholstery goods; 352 4th Av. (Kirby, Block & Fischer).

BALTIMORE—Hutzler Bros. & Co.; S. J. Kerns, representing; 352 4th Av. (Kirby, Block & Fischer).

BALTIMORE—B. Katzenstein & Bro.; B. and M. Katzenstein, woolens; Martinique.

BALTIMORE—London Costume Co.; M. S. London, dresses; 23 W. 32d; Herald Square; (M. Lichtenstein & Co).

BALTIMORE—Rochschild, Kohn & Co.; Miss F. Smith, toys; 220 5th Av. (P. Atkins).

BALTIMORE—Julius Gutman & Co.; I. Metzger, hosiery, leather goods, ribbons, jewelry; 38 W. 32d (Livingston & Cohen).

BALTIMORE—J. Neill & Co.; N. Reus, wash goods; Mrs. C. R. Parks, women's coats, suits; 275 5th Av.; Martinique (C. A. Cook).

BARBERTON, Ohio—Robert & Co.; R. T. Kreiger, ready-to-wear; Grand.

BALTIMORE—M. Stein & Co.; M. Stein, clothing materials; Imperial.

BALTIMORE—Trout's Music Shop; B. Trout, gwin, mdse; Imperial.

BALTIMORE—Stewart & Co.; W. B. Stanton, toys, sporting goods, china, house furnishings, trunks, bags; D. G. Hine, representing; Miss L. Bailey, ladies' frocks; Miss M. H. Schofield, laces, embroideries, roses, neckwear, vellings, dress trimmings; 34 W. 30th.

BALTIMORE—Tribush Bros.; E. Tribush, cloakings; Imperial.

BALTIMORE—Kramer & Sauber; L. Kramer, plain and fancy voiles; 1,183 B'way; Imperial.

BALTIMORE—American Wholesale Corp.; H. S. Mesteresmith, remnants; 354 4th Av.

BALTIMORE—Thanhouser & Weiller; S. Thanhouser, children's dress materials; Clarridge.

BELZONI, Miss.—W. J. Brantley & Co.; G. G. Brantley, general mdse.; Martinique.

BIRMINGHAM—Loveman, Joseph & Loeb; Mrs. N. Gaines, art goods; 120 West 32d (A. Fantl).

BOSTON—Shepard Stores; Miss M. Casey, leather goods; Mrs. E. C. Merrill, toilet goods; Miss P. Gallihan, beckwear; Miss M. Tyrrell, infants; 220 5th Av. (P. Atkins).

BOSTON—E. T. Slattery Co.; Miss E. M. Murray, leather goods, jewelry; 35 West 32d (Specialty Stores Assn.).

BOSTON—E. T. Slattery Co.; Miss V. Lohnes, women's coats and capes; 35 West 32d (Specialty Stores Assn.).

BOSTON—Weisman & Son; S. D. Weisman, coats, suits, dresses; Pennsylvania.

BOSTON—McKinnon Bros.; H. Winer, silks, dress goods; Pennsylvania.

BOSTON—R. H. White Co.; W. M. Lichtenstein, men's furnishings, hosiery; W. M. Hanchy, millinery; C. H. Jennings, domestics, white goods, linens, blankets; C. Keven, men's clothing; 432 4th Av.

BOSTON—Gilchrist Co.; upstairs, Mrs. M. Hirsch, silk and muslin underwear; Mrs. Plumer, ribbons; C. W. Downes, silks; 200 5th Av., Room 602.

BOSTON—Gilchrist Co.; basement, H. Rafeld, dresses; Mr. Bloom, coats; J. S. Kahn, silk, cotton waists, sweaters; S. Lowenberg, boys' clothing; 200 5th Av., Room 602.

BOSTON—Gilchrist Co.; upstairs; J. Jowett, millinery; Miss Plumer, ribbons; J. J. Breen, neckwear; 220 5th Av. Room 602.

BOSTON—Jordan, Marsh Co.; P. E. McHugh, dress goods, silks, basement; 422 4th Av.

BOSTON—Jordan, Marsh Co.; upstairs, S. E. Emery, cotton underwear, ladies' French underwear, women's petticoats; Miss A. L. Regan, boys', children's hats, boys' furnishings; Miss J. Hardy, misses' dresses, gymnium suits; Miss E. McCauley, stout figure suits, corsets, waists, gowns; F. A. Burdick, women's coats, ladies' high-grade coats; A. G. Sanborn, black, colored silks; F. Kendall, women's costumes, ladies' high-grade costumes; basement, Miss R. Morse, infants' wear; Mrs. L. Altimus, women's coats, skirts; Miss A. J. Burns, women's costumes; R. J. Trimble, cotton underwear, petticoats, women's sweaters, men's hosiery, underwear; J. G. Ryan, inexpensive dresses, bathrobes, negligees, aprons; Miss E. P. Lerman, handkerchiefs; 432 4th Av.

BOSTON—C. F. Hovey Co.; upstairs, Miss N. Mahoney, children's wash dresses (2 to 6 years); Miss Westcott, infants', girls' Spring coats; basement, H. Liebes, mdse. mgr., jobs, Winter coats; O. F. Finberg, asst. mdse. mgr., jobs, women's' misses' dresses; Miss M. L. Oestreicher, juniors', girls' wear; 225 5th Av., Room 611.

BOSTON—Wm. Filene's Sons Co.; upstairs—Miss Black, representing coats and suits; Mr. Nelson, misses' dresses; Mr. Kaufman, assistant division manager ready to wear; Mr. Post, assistant merchandise manager; Miss Hill, women's waists, sweaters; Miss Morrissey, skirts; Miss Gilman, silk and muslin underwear; Miss Golden, women's silk waists. Basement—Mr. Ring, women's misses' dresses; Mr. O'Brien, women's, misses' coats, suits; Miss Callahan, silk and muslin underwear; Miss McAuliff, sweaters; Mr. Quinn, boys' clothing; Mr. Reardon, gloves; Mr. Goldberg, men's furnishings; Mr. Kingsdale, men's clothing, 225 Fifth Ave.

BOSTON—Imperial Clothing Co.; N. Leibson, boys' clothing; Grand.

BOSTON—The Shepard Stores; Miss M. E. Tyrrell, little folks' wear; 220 5th Av. (P. Atkins).

BOSTON—Park-Snow, Inc.; Mrs. M. L. Whipple, dollar-day specials, neckwear, infants', children's dresses and rompers, infants' wear; Miss J. Gilligan, dollar-day specials, millinery, waists, petticoats, sweaters, house dresses; 120 West 32d (A. Fantl).

BOSTON—Premier Fur Co.; S. Goldband, furs; Martinique.

BOSTON—Goldman, Schnitzer & Zimmerman; L. Goldman, coats, suits, materials; Imperial.

BOSTON — Sylvia-Oppinger Co.; F. L. Sylvia, art goods; 34 Leonard.

BRIDGEPORT, Conn.—Howland Dry Goods Co.; Mr. Tiffany, ready-to-wear; 171 Madison Av. (R. J. Cronin).

BROCKTON, Mass.—Fraser Dry Goods Co.; T. Davion, dress goods, silks, linings; B. Shiffler, coats, suits; Aberdeen.

BROCKTON, Mass.—Mallman & Hanlon Co.; Mr. Mallman, ready-to-wear; 171 Madison Av. (R. J. Cronin.)

BROOKFIELD, Mo. — Oliver Cramer; O. Cramer, Mrs. O. Cramer, ready to wear; 120 West 32d (A. Mincer, Inc.)

BUCYRUS, Ohio—Rowe Store Co.; Mr. Shinn, representing; 1,164 Broadway (Fellows Buying Corp.).

BUENA VISTA, Va.—I. I. Dickinson & Co.; J. I. L. Dickinson, general merchandise; Imperial.

BUFFALO—Hens & Kelly Co.; Mr. MacFarland, ready-to-wear; W. H. Bader, carpets, rugs, toys; A. P. Wesp, mdse. mgr.; Mrs. T. Flanagan, corsets, muslin underwear, infants' wear; 1,164 Broadway (Fellows Buying Corp.)

BUFFALO—J. N. Adam & Co.; Mrs. E. I. Ward, blouses, sweaters (immediate delivery); L. J. Wagner, toys, sporting goods, pictures; Miss A. De Temple, leather goods, neckwear; Miss L. Yeacke; ribbons; Mrs. J. Creighton, infants' wear, special dollar day mdse.; Miss E. D. Treat, art goods; 16 W. 30th.

BUFFALO—J. N. Adam & Co.; G. C. Hoehler, mdse. manager; F. G. Brost, mdse. manager; 16 W. 30th.

BUFFALO—E. Kleinhans Co.; F. A. Cady, men's furnishing goods; 200 5th Av. (S. S. Weil); Martinique.

BUFFALO—C. J. Dietsche, toys, trunks; Breslin.

BUFFALO—Adam, Meldrum & Anderson Co.; L. Wagner, dress goods, silks, velvets; 240 Madison Av.; Latham.

BUFFALO—Kipp & Waite; G. Waite, tie silks; Brostell.

BUFFALO—F. G. Weber, hats, furs; Martinique.

BUFFALO—A. Slotkin; A. Slotkin, mdse. manager; Pennsylvania.

BUFFALO—Wm. Hengerer Co.; Mrs. M. J. Steffens, vellings, neckwear, hdkfs.; W. J. Boyle, silks, velvets, dress goods; Mrs. B. J. Browne, millinery; Miss K. Meyer, millinery; W. Beatnard, representing; 16 W. 30th.

BUFFALO—H. Kobacker & Sons; J. Elkes, women's and children's wear, millinery; Pennsylvania.

BUFFALO — Given's, Inc. Upstairs — Mrs. Given, better-grade waists, sweaters; Mrs. B. Ferguson, dresses, skirts; H. F. Bartlett, coats, suits; L. Elmond, coats, suits, dresses; 1,361 B'way (S. Solomon).

BUTLER, Pa.—A. Trautman's Son; E. B. Martin, gen'l dry goods; Waldorf-Astoria.

BUTLER, Pa.—J. S. Cohn, coats, suits, dresses; 117 W. 23d (Hoffman & Hartblay).

CAMBRIDGE, Ohio—F. H. Johnson & Co.; M. C. Burke, cotton, silk piece goods; v. H. Ross, mdse. mgr.; Pennsylvania.

CANTON, Ohio.—Seltner Co.; D. Seltner, gen'l mdse.; H. A. Hagerman, coats, suits, dresses; H. A. Matheson, floor coverings, draperies, beddings, toys; Miss M. Johnson, millinery; 120 W. 32d (A. Fantl).

CHAMPAIGN, Ill.—Murdock Bros.; E. L. Murdock, ready-to-wear; Imperial.

CHARLEROI, Pa.—J. W. Berryman & Son; J. W. Berryman, gen'l mdse.; 366 5th Av. (Allied Stores Co.).

CHARLESTON, W. Va.—H. R. Bunting & Co.; H. R. Bunting, women's wear; Collingwood.

CHATTANOOGA, Tenn.—Pfeitz-Smollian Cooperative Stores Co.; A. I. Abkowitz, millinery; 111 W. 30th (B. F. Levis).

CHESTER, Pa.—Correct Millinery; H. Raffel, trimmed hats; 36 W. 37th.

CHICAGO, Ill.—Morris, Sloan, Morris & Co.; M. Morris, underwear, hosiery, sweater coats; Pennsylvania.

CHICAGO—Boston Store; Miss M. McGrath, millinery; 44 E. 23d.

CHICAGO, Ill.—W. A. Wiebolt & Co.; N. R. Klein, muslin underwear, infants', children's wear; 48 E. 26th.

CHICAGO, Ill.—Philipsborn's; E. Haltasch, wash goods, domestics, curtains; 925 B'way.

CHICAGO, Ill.—Rothschild & Co.; J. J. Enright, dress goods, silks, velvets; 448 4th Av.

CHICAGO—The Fair; A. A. Diamond, men's, boys' clothing, furnishings, gloves, hosiery, handkerchiefs (basement); 225 4th Av., Room 811.

CHICAGO—Mandel Bros.; E. N. Beale, silks; F. Mammeser, furs; Miss M. Nugent, dresses; Miss B. Sternberg, fancy goods, notions; 18 E. 22d.

CHICAGO—Friend & Morris; H. Friend, wool dress goods, silks; Grand.

CHICAGO—Marshall Field & Co.; F. C. Buss, white goods; 1,107 B'way.

CHICAGO—Consolidated Millinery Co.; G. L. Gerson, millinery; 15 W. 38th.

CHICAGO—Eiseman Mfg. Co.; R. Eiseman, children's dresses, wash suits; 31 E. 21st.

CHICAGO—D. S. Komiss & Co.; Mrs. C. H. Harper, silk underwear, negligees; 1,182 B'way (L. Levitan), Room 1403.

CHICAGO—Philipsborn's; Miss L. Healy, hair goods and hair ornaments; 925 B'way.

CHICAGO—W. A. Wiebolt & Co.; N. Brand, toys, furniture; 48 E. 23th.

CHICAGO—Hillman's; G. V. Dalrymple, leather goods, silverware; 131 W. 33th (Hart-Flanagan).

CHICAGO — Chicago Embroidery Co.; L. Daniels, embroideries; Pennsylvania.

CHICAGO—The Fair; M. L. Levinson, basement millinery; 225 4th Av., Room 811.

CHICAGO—Henikoff & Milsh; H. Milsh, holiday goods, leather goods; Pennsylvania.

CHICAGO—Mandel Bros.; R. Staedter, representing; 18 E. 22d.

CHICAGO—Lawndale Smart Shop; N. Weiss, high-grade coats, suits, dresses; 38 W. 32d (S. J. Kasindorf).

CHICAGO—Parisian Co.; L. B. Hollowich, high-grade coats, suits, dresses; 38 W. 32d (S. J. Kasindorf).

CINCINNATI—Rollman & Sons Co.; C. P. Dege, S. W. Richley, piece goods; 36 W. 32d (Littman & Storch).

CINCINNATI—Rollman & Sons Co.; Miss E. Godert, jewelry, leather goods; Miss Koerner, gloves, hosiery, ivory ware; Miss J. Ferris, umbrellas, ribbons; L. R. Minster, mdse. mgr.; 38 W. 32d (Littman & Storch).

CINCINNATI, Ohio—Original Sample Cloak & Suit Co.; R. W. Wise, ready-to-wear (basement); Imperial.

CINCINNATI, Ohio—Alms & Doepke Co.; C. A. Klein, hosiery, underwear; 350 B'way (Room 404).

CINCINNATI, Ohio—Dix Bros.; G. W. Freyhof, carpets; 225 5th Av.; Latham.

CINCINNATI—National Millinery Stores; H. Nachman, Miss K. Walker, trimmed hats; 15 W. 38th (V. Plaut).

CINCINNATI—M. B. Schwenker Co.; Mrs. M. B. Schwenker, coats, suits, dresses; Imperial.

CINCINNATI—H. & S. Pogue Co.; J. Robertson, black dress goods, silks, velvets; A. McDonald, leather goods, jewelry, toilet goods; E. Gauspohl, draperies, rugs, decorations; 366 5th Av.

CINCINNATI, Ohio—Alms & Doepke Co.; Hugh Fussner, assistant general manager, jewelry, toilet goods, art embroideries; J. A. Justis, general manager retail department; Miss S. Wolfschlag, trimmings; Miss E. Schraffenburger, laces; Miss C. Deira, white goods, handkerchiefs; J. Rinck, carpets, rugs, linoleums (Wholesale); C. Cahan, laces, ribbons, handkerchiefs (wholesale); 350 Broadway, room 404.

CINCINNATI—Superior Tailoring Co.; A. L. Wyler, clothing materials; Clarridge.

CINCINNATI—S. Goldberg; J. Kaplan, jobs better dresses; 115 W. 30th (National Purchasing Co.).

CLEVELAND—The May Co.; R. T. Montgomery, upholstery goods, rugs, carpets; 37 W. 28th (B. F. Levis).

CLEVELAND—Bailey Co.; G. Goldberg, boys' serge suits, juvenile novelty, wash suits; 1,372 Broadway (Affiliated Retail Stores).

CLEVELAND—Stearn Co.; W. G. Spiegle, waists, sweaters, underwear; 36 W. 29th (Frohman & Altman).

CLEVELAND—Pollack Cloak and Suit Co.; A. Pollack, coat, suit materials; Clarridge.

CLEVELAND, Ohio—The Higbee Co.; M. V. McMahon, toys, luggage; 240 Madison Av.

CLEVELAND—Bailey Co.; Mrs. Moscovics, new Spring suits; H. L. Silk, stout point twill dresses; 1,372 Broadway (Affiliated Retail Stores).

COLUMBUS—Morehouse-Martens Co.; T. S. McCauley, toilet goods, &c.; 333 7th Av. (J. M. Fox, Inc.).

COLUMBUS—F. R. Lazarus & Co.; W. J. Huber, mdse. mgr.; C. W. Sharp, toys; 225 5th Av. (Retail Research Assn.).

COLUMBUS, Ohio—H. Kobacker & Sons; J. Kobacker, ready-to-wear; 115 W. 30th (B. F. Levis); Pennsylvania.

CONNEAUT, Ohio—Gale & Co.; H. Gale, men's, boys' furnishings; Pennsylvania.

CONNELLSVILLE, Pa.—Wright-Metzler Co.; R. M. Evans, cotton, silk piece goods; 33 W. 36th (Jay & Co.).

COVINGTON, Ky.—John R. Coppin Co.; Miss K. Fox, white goods, linens, laces, embroideries; Miss N. McDonald, Miss F. Knowl, neckwear, jewelry, toilet and leather goods, hosiery, gloves, art goods, bulbs; W. R. Macklin, Miss H. Gernotte, muslin and silk underwear, house dresses, kimonos, infants' wear; F. Macklin, Miss C. Melrose, blouses, sweaters, juniors' clothing; 115 W. 30th (Weill & Hartmann).

DALLAS, Texas—A. Harris & Co.; C. J. Juhan, silks, woolens, dress trimmings; 23 E. 26th (Mdse. Reporting Co.).

DANVILLE, Ky.—Pushin Bros.; H. D. Pushin, general mdse., coats, suits; 17 W. 28th (N. Y. Purchasing Co.); Martinique.

DANVILLE, Ill.—Meis Bros.; A. Meis, coats, suits, waists; 120 West 32d (A. Fantl).

DAYTON—Louis Traxler Co.; J. K. Mayer, muslin underwear, infants', girls', juniors' wear, corsets, house dresses, negligees, sweaters; 120 W. 32d (A. Fantl).

DAYTON—Elder & Johnson; L. J. Hunkeler, toys, house furnishings, china; 240 Madison Av.

DAYTON—Rike-Kumler Co.; J. G. Dupper, coats; 225 5th Av. (Retail Research Assn.).

DAYTON—Rike-Kumler Co.; S. J. Bourne, mdse. mgr.; Miss Roesser, jewelry, leather goods; Miss Stevens, house dresses, petticoats; Miss Swinger, waists, sweaters; Miss Chaney, coats, skirts; Miss Jackson, underwear, negligees; Miss Geibel, suits; 225 5th Av. (Retail Research Assn.).

DECATUR, Ill.—Linn & Scruggs D. G. & Carpet Co.; Miss A. C. Schwartz, laces, embroideries, dress trimmings, sheer materials; 1,164 B'way (Fellows Buying Corp.)

DENVER—A. T. Lewis & Son D. G. Co.; Mrs. S. S. Newman, toys, traveling goods; 1 W. 29th (W. S. Ferguson).

DENVER—Joslin D. G. Co.; H. L. Todd, ready-to-wear; 29 E. 26th (W. T. Knott).

DES MOINES, Ia.—Carley's; William Carley, coats, suits; 115 W. 30th (B. F. Levis).

DES MOINES, Ia.—J. Mandelbaum & Sons; I. J. Wallerstein, handkerchiefs, gloves, umbrellas; 105 Grand (Jay & Co.).

DETROIT—Burnham, Stoepel Co.; H. E. Stickel, carpets, rugs; 46 Leonard (R. R. Miner); Room 404.

DETROIT—Davidson Bros.; S. Davidson, infants' wear; Imperial.

DETROIT—J. L. Hudson Co.; G. A. Mayhew, division mdse. manager; 225 5th Av. (Retail Research Assn.).

DETROIT—Crowley, Milner Co.; Miss M. Simpson, art needlework; 120 W. 32d (A. Fantl).

DETROIT—The Ernst Kern Co.; Mrs. A. G. Hultz, laces, trimmings, embroidery, neckwear, ribbons, handkerchiefs, vellings; 1,170 Broadway (Morgan & Ahrens Co.).

DETROIT, Mich.—L. J. Norby & Co.; J. E. Norby, ready-to-wear; 1,120 W. 32d (A. Mincer, Inc.).

DETROIT—J. L. Hudson Co.; G. E. Preston, genl. mdse. mgr., basement; C. J. Giblin, mdse. mgr., basement; Mrs. Gillis, skirts; Mr. Byham, dresses, basement; Miss Webb, suits; Mrs. King, stout coats, suits, skirts, dresses; N. Gavender, coats, suits, basement; Mr. Patterson, household linens; Miss H. T. Southworth, assisting, millinery, basement; B. Rich, men's shirts; 225 5th Av. (Retail Research Assn.).

DUBUQUE, Ia.—Roshek Bros. Co.; S. H. Roshek, children's hats, toybing dept.; Miss L. Davis, children's hats, retail dept.; 145 W. 30th.

DURHAM, N. C.—Kronheimer Co.; B. F. Kronheimer, gen. mdse.; Martinique.

EDENTON, N. C.—J. H. Holmes Co.; J. H. Holmes, J. M. Vail, ready-to-wear; Martinique.

ELIZABETH CITY, N. C.—McCabe & Grice; Mrs. H. C. Grice, mdse. mgr., ready-to-wear; Mrs. C. Hayes, representing; Martinique.

ELKHART, Ind.—Chas. S. Drake Co.; F. L. Secht, linens, white goods; 370 7th Av., Room 207.

ELMIRA, N. Y.—M. A. Murray Co.; Mrs. West, ready-to-wear; 171 Madison Av. (R. J. Cronin).

EL PASO, Texas—J. Stolaroff, wholesale dept.; 1,160 B'way (Baer & Lilienthal).

ERIE, Pa.—Erie Dry Goods Co.; Miss Kisert, basement, ready-to-wear; Miss Osborn, basement, shirtwaists, petticoats, negligees; Miss Scully, basement, muslin underwear; 432 4th Av.

ERIE, Pa.—Galinsky & Son; I. Galinsky, 320, mdse. shoes; Pennsylvania.

EVANSVILLE, Ind.—H. E. Bacon Co.; G. D. Smith, leather goods, umbrellas, trimmings, gloves, house dresses, neckwear, fancy goods; 120 W. 32d (A. Fantl).

EVANSVILLE, Ind.—A. P. Lehr & Son; T. J. Gleason, silk, cotton piece goods, dress and wash goods; 370 7th Av. (A. J. Kolline).

FALL RIVER, Mass.—S. S. Brown Co.; A. Nurick, ladies', misses', children's ready-to-wear; Ansonia.

FALL RIVER, Mass.—La Moll; L. Altshuller, mdse. mgr.; Miss L. J. LaPoint, women's, misses' ready-to-wear; Breslin.

FT. WAYNE, Ind.—John Stillman; H. M. Clauser, domestics, flannels, blankets, white goods; Pennsylvania.

FORT WAYNE, Ind.—National Millinery Stores; H. Lipp, trimmed hats; 15 West 38th (V. Plaut).

FORT WAYNE, Ind.—Samuel M. Foster Co.; J. C. Simon, waist materials; Pennsylvania.

GALVESTON, Texas—Gerbade, Elband & Co.; H. A. Elband, dry goods, notions, men's furnishings; Pennsylvania.

GRAND RAPIDS, Mich.—Herpolsheimer Co.; H. T. Sieman, house furnishing goods; C. M. Bristol, representing Morgan & Ahrens; 1,170 Broadway York.

GRAND RAPIDS, Mich.—Wurzburg D. G. Co.; J. C. McIlhany, rugs, linoleums; 105 Grand (Jay & Co.).

GREENSBURG, Pa.—A. E. Troutman Co.; J. L. Cote, millinery, ribbons; 115 W. 30th (Weill & Hatrman).

GREENSBURG, Pa.—S. W. Rose; F. Rosenbaum, men's, boys' clothing, furnishings, hosiery, underwear, fancy goods; 117 West 33d (Hoffman & Hartblay).

HARRISBURG, Pa.—Correct Millinery; H. Raffel, trimmed hats; 36 West 37th.

HARRISBURG, Pa.—Rachman's Ladies' Shop; J. Rachman, coats, suits, dresses; Pennsylvania.

HARRISBURG, Pa.—Kaufman's Underselling Stores; F. V. Zug, toys; 1,150 B'way (Baer & Lilienthal).

HARRISBURG, Pa.—Kaufman's Underselling Store; Miss E. Rossman, art goods; 1,150 B'way (Baer & Lilienthal).

HARRISBURG, Pa.—Robinson's Women's Shop; I. E. Robinson, coats, suits, waists, dresses; Pennsylvania.

HARRISONBURG, VA.—O. A. Wise, ready-to-wear, dry goods; Grand.

HARTFORD, Conn.—G. Fox & Co.; Miss C. Griffin, waists; 120 West 32d (A. Fantl).

HATTIESBURG, Miss.—Davidson Co.; M. B. Glover, silks, cotton piece goods.

HATTIESBURG, Miss.—Davidson Co.; W. B. Glover, hosiery, cotton piece goods; 1,100 B'way (Baer & Lilienthal).

HENDERSONVILLE, N. C.—Patterson's Dept. Store; S. Feiss, better dresses; 115 West 30th (National Purchasing Co.).

HOLYOKE, Mass.—McAuslan & Wakelin Co.; E. Clark, dress goods, silks, velvets, linings; Latham.

HORNELL, N. Y.—Tuttle-Rockwell Co.; R. M. Smith, dry goods, furnishings; Breslin.

HOUSTON, Texas—Harris-Hahlo Co.; M. Meisinger, ready-to-wear, basement; 115 West 30th (Weill & Hartmann).

INDIANA, Pa.—S. W. Rose; J. Dates, men's, boys' clothing, furnishings, hosiery, underwear, fancy goods; 117 West 33d (Hoffman & Hartblay).

INDIANA, Pa.—Heyman Bros.; H. L. Heyman, clothing, furnishings; Pennsylvania.

INDIANAPOLIS—Efroymson & Wolf; H. J. Wolf, notions, fancy goods; 38 West 32d (Littman & Storch).

INDIANAPOLIS—H. P. Wasson & Co.; Miss J. Vickery, sweaters, waists; 38 W. 32d (Littman & Storch).

INDIANAPOLIS—H. P. Wasson & Co.; J. Cettes, toilet articles, notions, umbrellas; Miss Smith, infants' wear; Miss M. Oldham, sport wear, skirts; Miss A. Simon, dresses; 38 West 32d (Littman & Storch).

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind.—L. S. Ayres & Co.; Mrs. Cahill, infants' wear; Miss Vallier, misses', women's, stouts' dresses; C. Roof, man's, boys' furnishings; Miss O'Brien, lingerie, blouses, negligees; Miss Sullivan, millinery; Mr. Schuman, linens; Mr. Ramsay, hosiery, gloves, knit underwear; Mr. Krauch, toys; 225 5th Av. (Retail Research Assn.).

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind.—C. B. Howard Co.; C. B. Howard, furniture; W. B. Welker, draperies; Great Northern.

ITHACA, N. Y.—Wells, Shannon Co.; H. L. Wells, men's wear; Grand.

JACKSONVILLE, Fla.—Cohen Bros.; G. B. Tenawine, white goods, linens, &c.; M. E. Morrow, specials, silk dress goods; 120 W. 32d (A. Fantl).

JACKSONVILLE, Ill.—Emporium; E. Goldstein, coats, suits, dresses, slipovers; Martinique.

JAMESTOWN, N. Y.—Abrahamson-Bigelow Co.; Miss M. Paquin, silks, dress goods; Miss E. O'Grady, notions, silks; M. E. Morrow, specials, silk dress goods; 120 W. 32d (A. Fantl).

JAMESTOWN, N. Y.—Saxe Bros. Co.; J. Saxe, ready-to-wear; Imperial.

KALAMAZOO, Mich.—Gilmore Bros.; H. B. Larsh, men's furnishings, boys' clothing, underwear; 1,150 B'way (Baer & Lilienthal).

KALAMAZOO, Mich.—A. Speyer, ready-to-wear; York.

KALAMAZOO, Mich.—J. R. Jones' Sons & Co.; Mrs. E. W. Cade, ready-to-wear; Pennsylvania.

KANKAKEE, Ill.—The Chicago Stores, Inc.; A. W. Marth, toys; 370 7th Av. (H. C. Lyon).

KANSAS CITY, Mo.—Smith-McCord-Townsend Dry Goods Co.; P. C. Barbee, dress goods; 72 Leonard (H. W. Fitzhugh).

KNOXVILLE, Tenn.—The Silk Shop; J. G. Guice, silks; Breslin.

KNOXVILLE, Tenn.—S. C. Dismukes Co.; A. Hazen, hats; Imperial.

KOKOMO, Ind.—William Turner Co.; C. M. Jared, dress goods, silks; 32 West 35th (I. D. Rothschild & Co.).

LANCASTER, Ohio—Hickle Co.; F. S. Benson, rugs, draperies, silk, cotton piece goods; Miss T. Simon, ready-to-wear, knit goods; McAlpin.

LANCASTER, Pa.—Home Music Co.; S. Klugher, leather goods, toys, umbrellas; Martinique.

LANCASTER, Pa.—Buchanan & Brown; Mr. Mentzer, notions, fancy goods; E. Dieroff, domestics, dress goods; 366 5th Av. (Allied Stores Co.).

LANSING, Mich.—F. N. Arbaugh Co., Inc.; Mrs. G. W. Loring, millinery, corsets, muslin underwear; M. S. Kraus, basement dept.; Miss S. E. MacDonald, ready-to-wear; Pennsylvania.

LANSING, Mich.—J. W. Knapp Co.; B. A. Fletcher, millinery; 181 W. 35th (Hart, Flanagan & Co.); Pennsylvania.

LANSING, Mich.—Mills D. G. Co.; F. E. Mills, mdse. mgr.; 1,183 B'way, Room 905.

LATROBE, Pa.—F. Lowenstein, ready-to-wear; Pennsylvania.

LAURENBURG, N. C.—Belk-Stowe Co.; G. C. Stowe, genl. mdse.; 120 W. 32d (A. Fantl).

LAWRENCE, Kan.—Innes, Bullene & Hackman; H. B. Bullene, coats, suits, waists, knit goods; Pennsylvania.

LAWRENCE, Mass.—New York Store; Mrs. J. Boorstein, cloaks, millinery; Breslin.

LEXINGTON, Ky.—Ross-Shipp Co.; H. Shipp, genl. mdse.; 366 5th Av. (Allied Stores Co.).

LEXINGTON, Ky.—Felsenthal & Bing; A. Felsenthal, ready-to-wear; 115 W. 30th (B. F. Levis); Martinique.

LIMA, Ohio—M. J. Federman; C. E. Federman, dry goods, notions; Pennsylvania.

LINCOLN, Neb.—Famous Mer. Co.; P. Byron, ready-to-wear; Imperial.

LINCOLNTON, N. C.—Belk-Johnston Co.; W. O. Johnston, readyto-wear; 120 W. 32d (A. Fantl).

LITTLE ROCK, Ark.—Joe D. Back & Bro.; Mr. Kinney, piece goods; 1,160 Broadway (Baer & Lilienthal).

LOS ANGELES.—Paris-Walker Co.; F. Barr, women's blanket bathrobes; 115 W. 30th (Weil & Hartmann).

LOS ANGELES, Cal.—Citrin's; H. Citrin, ready-to-wear; 100 W. 32d (Hertzberg Purchasing Co.).

LOS ANGELES, Cal.—A. Brick, woolens; Pennsylvania.

LOS ANGELES—Bullock's; W. W. Hill, blankets, beddings; 225 5th Av. (Retail Research Assn.).

LOUISVILLE, Ky.—Stewart D. G. Co.; Miss L. McCrory, laces, embroideries, trimmings, vellings; Miss M. McKibben, neckwear, handkerchiefs, ribbons; Miss A. E. Merriweather, art goods, stationery; R. J. Handsty, toys; 16 W. 30th.

LOUISVILLE—J. Bacon & Sons; H. Kaufman, linings, trimmings, notions, &c.; 23 E. 26th (W. T. Knott).

MANCHESTER, N. H.—Parisseau Tanereds; A. Parisseau, T. Parisseau, ready-to-wear; Pennsylvania.

MANSFIELD, Ohio—H. L. Reed Co.; H. Goetz, dress goods, silks, cotton piece goods; Miss L. Conrad, millinery; 1,270 Broadway (Geo. R. Pond).

MANSFIELD, Ohio—H. L. Reed Co.; Miss L. Conrad, millinery; Martinique.

MARION, Ind.—Boston and Big Store Co.; O. L. Banks, piece goods, notions, laces, &c.; C. E. Haner, upholstery, rugs, lamps; Pennsylvania.

MARION, Ind.—Leon & Straus Co.; S. Leon, genl. mdse.; 120 W. 32 (A. Fantl).

MARION, Ohio—Uh

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Virginia Dare DRESSES

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Captivating Styles
Immediate Delivery

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BIG VOLUME
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BRESLIN DRESS & COAT CO. Inc.
1225 BROADWAY 5TH FLOOR

ARRIVAL OF BUYERS

Arriving Buyers may register in this column by telephoning Bryant 1600.

Continued from Page Thirty-four.

MERIDEN, Conn.—Ives, Upham & Rand Co.; W. M. Miles, men's furnishings, hosiery, gloves; 404 4th Av. (D. G. Alliance).
MERIDAN, Miss.—Winner-Klein & Co.; A. A. Stickey, silks, dress goods; 225 W. 32d (A. Fanti).
MIDDLETOWN, N. Y.—H. Johnson, corsets, women's furnishing goods; Herald Square.
MILWAUKEE—Herzfeld-Phillipson Co.; A. Krantz, silverware, clocks, watches, men's jewelry; 1,164 Broadway (Fellows Buying corp.).
MILWAUKEE—Paris Fashion Co.; G. B. Schoen, sweaters; 370 7th Av. (Wm. Gross & Co.).
MILWAUKEE—Gimbel Bros.; N. Schindlinder, jobs stationery; A. J. Dusty, silks; J. Sullivan, trimmings; E. Agner, neckwear; M. Norre, ribbons; F. Padour, jewelry, leather goods; M. Fargo, art department; Broadway and 32d (N. Y. office).
MILWAUKEE, Wis.—Ed Schuster & Co.; S. Sinek, men's furnishing goods; Imperial.
MILWAUKEE, Wis.—Blumenfeld-Locher Co.; Miss V. E. Edwards, trimmed hats; 15 W. 38th (P. A. Plaut).
MILWAUKEE, Wis.—B. E. Haller Co.; B. E. Heller, ready-to-wear; 172 Madison Av. (D. Carton).
MILWAUKEE—Milwaukee Apparel Co.; L. Eisen, women's, misses', children's wear; Miss E. Masterson, women's, misses' coats; Miss J. Block, misses', women's suits, skirts; Miss M. Helgert, waists, sweaters, middies, ginghams, dresses; 36 W. 20th (Frohman & Altman).
MINNEAPOLIS—Dayton Co.; F. M. Spear, mdse. mgr.; W. R. Blessing, short lengths and remnants, cotton piece goods; Miss O'Leary, blouses, sweaters, basement; 225 5th Av. (Retail Research Assn.).
MINNEAPOLIS — New England Furniture and Carpet Co.; E. W. Merrill, toys, house furnishings depts., china, silver, electrical; Commodore.
MINNEAPOLIS—Wyman, Patridge & Co.; C. H. McGraw, women's ready-to-wear; 43 Leonard.
MINNEAPOLIS—Powers Merc. Co.; S. E. Price, toys, sporting goods, house furnishings; J. J. Goetzenberger, shoes; 16 West 39th.
MOLINE, Ill.—Fisk & Loosley Co.; E. L. Nordgren, laces, embroideries, trimmings, buttons, laces; A. C. Needham, representing; 1,170 B'way (F. W. Minnick).
MOUNT STERLING, Ky.—J. D. Hazelbrigg & Son; J. D. Hazelbrigg, dry goods, general mdse.; Martinique.
MUNCIE, Ind.—National Millinery Stores; R. Schiller, trimmed hats; 15 West 38th (V. Plaut).
MUNCIE, Ind.—The Heb Dept. Store; P. Conchain, ready-to-wear and millinery; Imperial.
NEW CASTLE, Pa.—National Millinery Stores; Miss B. L. Aurin, trimmed hats; 15 West 38th (V. Plaut).
NEW HAVEN, Conn.—Edward Malley Co.; R. A. Mills, ready-to-wear; 171 Madison Av. (R. J. Cronin).
NEW HAVEN, Conn.—Edw. Malley Co.; J. E. Mariner, silks, velvets, dress goods, linings; 105 Grand (Jay & Co.).
NEW ORLEANS—Chas. A. Kaufman Co.; Mr. Hyman, silks, wash goods, woolens, linings, velvets, ginghams; M. Mariz, women's, children's ready-to-wear, underwear, infants' wear; 120 West 32d (A. Fanti).
NIAGARA FALLS—Ross Stores; D. Freedberg, silk, cotton paisleys, cotton tweeds; 801 Broadway, 4th floor.
NORRISTOWN, Pa.—H. C. Warner, dry goods; 105 Grand (Jay & Co.).
NORWICH, Conn.—Reid & Hughes Co.; Miss G. M. Pendleton, ladies' and children's underwear; J. W. Bussey, furnishings, hosiery, underwear, wash goods; Miss L. M. Church, millinery; 404 Fourth Av. (D. G. Alliance).
OAKLAND, Cal.—Colonial Cloak & Suit House; Geo. McCall, popular priced checked velour suits; 225 5th Av (L. Hart).
OKLAHOMA CITY, Okla.—W. J. Pettee & Co.; U. A. Davis, toys, luggage, camping equipment; Pennsylvania.
OMAHA, Neb.—Goldstein-Chapman Co.; E. A. Cottmire, coats, suits; 370 7th Av. (Wm. Gross & Co.).
OMAHA—J. L. Brandeis & Sons; Mr. Kevan, carpets, rugs; Mr. Jacobson, men's, boys' clothing; Miss M. V. Pottiger, infants' wear, corsets; D. Solomon, shoes; J. E. Corbett, draperies; 212 5th Av.
OMAHA—J. L. Brandeis & Sons; R. B. Jackson, men's furnishing goods; 1,134 B'way.
OPELIKA, Ala.—H. Menkov, general merchandise; Pennsylvania.
ORIENTAL, N. C.—W. J. Smith & Son; W. J. Smith Jr., mdse. manager, ready-to-wear, dry goods; Grand.
OSWEGO, N. Y.—Kilne Bros.; A. Kilne, ready-to-wear; Breslin.
OXFORD, N. C.—The Long Co.; J. S. King, Miss L. Gooch, ready-to-wear; Martinique.
PAWTUCKET, R. I.—Shartenberg & Robinson Co.; H. F. Ensign, men's furnishing goods, hosiery; 404 4th Av.; Brotzell (Dry Goods Alliance).
PETERSBURG, Va. — Rucker D. G. Co.; J. A. Rucker, notions, rugs, white goods, linens, hosiery; Pennsylvania.
PHILADELPHIA—Blauner's; H. Blauner, basement suits; Mr. Sprintz, dresses; Mr. Surratt, jobs basement dresses; Mr. Sobie, silk sweaters; Miss Zitin, ladies' muslin underwear; Mr. Solomon, skirts; 120 West 32d (A. Fanti).
PHILADELPHIA—Lit Bros.; Mrs. N. Marks, children's Spring coats, low-priced gingham dresses; 1,261 B'way.
PHILADELPHIA—Gimbel Bros.; Miss S. Smith, infants' knit goods and sweaters; B'way and 32d.
PHILADELPHIA — Gimbel Bros.; Miss R. Phillips, children's dresses, sizes 6-14; B'way and 32d (N. Y. Office).
PHILADELPHIA — Lit Bros.; Mrs. M. Hickey, children's Spring dresses; cheap gingham dresses; 1,261 B'way.
PHILADELPHIA — Largman-Gray Co.; J. Largman, mfrs. hosiery; 1,182 B'way, Room 807.
PHILADELPHIA—S. Cohen & Bros.; S. Cohen, ready-to-wear; Pennsylvania.
PHILADELPHIA—Meyer, De Haan Co.; H. De Haan, raincoats; Pennsylvania.
PHILADELPHIA—Sterling, Rothstein & Co.; M. Dreifus, dresses; 1,182 Bway; Pennsylvania.
PHILADELPHIA—Gross Bros.; Sam Gross, mfrs. waists and dresses; Herald Square.
PHILADELPHIA—Sam Jarvis, coats, suits; Imperial.
PHILADELPHIA—Jack Kahn, coats, suits; Imperial.
PHILADELPHIA—Redman & Klinger; M. Klinger, coats; Imperial.
PHILADELPHIA—Strawbridge & Clothier; Miss C. M. Querner, colored underskirts, tea gowns; 236 5th Av.
PHILADELPHIA—Silk & Kohn; H. L. Silk, skirtings; 1,182 Bway; Pennsylvania.
PHILADELPHIA—Max Smith & Co.; Max Smith, mohair silks; 1,182 B'way, Room 807.
PHILADELPHIA—Feingold & Slepin; M. Feingold, J. Snyder, coats, suits; 1,182 B'way.
PHILADELPHIA—S. Weiss & Sons; Barrie Weiss, women's, misses' skirts, knickers, 1,182 B'way, Room 805.
PHILADELPHIA—Pearlberg & Cooper; S. S. Cooper, A. Levy, woolens; 33 W. 34th.
PHILADELPHIA—Lerner Bros.; J. C. Lerner, sport coats, capes, silk capes; 5 W. 31st, 7th floor.
PHILADELPHIA—Moskovitz & Teitlebaum; S. Rose, dresses; H. Teitlebaum, mfrs. dresses, silks, waists; 1,270 B'way; Imperial.
PHILADELPHIA—Louis Stein & Co.; L. Stein, petticoats, materials; Imperial.
PHILADELPHIA—Gimbel Bros.; V. Zauner, candy, B'way and 32d (N. Y. office).
PHILADELPHIA—Danenbaum Sons Co.; H. Cameron, ready-to-wear; Pennsylvania.
PHILADELPHIA—The Harris Co.; Miss S. Cohn, junior wear; Imperial.
PHILADELPHIA—Lesher, Warner D. G. Co.; H. R. Farrell, dress goods, woolens; Latham.
PHILADELPHIA—M. Norwick & Son; C. E. Norwick, silks, silk linings; S. A. Norwick, S. J. Norwick, representing; 1,182 B'way, Room 1402.
PHILADELPHIA—M. R. Miller & Co.; W. Miller, children's white dresses for Spring; Pennsylvania.
PHILADELPHIA—N. Snellenburg & Co.; J. Kaplan, coats, capes, wraps; Miss Casey, coats, capes, wraps; 1,225 B'way (S. M. Goldberg).
PITTSBURGH—Kaufmann & Baer Co.; Miss Linder, laces, trimmings; 404 4th Av. (M. L. Reyman).
PITTSBURGH—Kaufmann's Dept. Store; Mrs. F. Salomon, millinery, basement; Miss B. Keener, corsets; Miss Loeb, assisting; S. Abbott, gen'l mdse. mgr.; F. Walker, sporting goods; Miss M. Gittenboth, dress trimmings; Miss L. Miller, neckwear; Miss M. Ryan, ribbons; 1,261 B'way (M. A. McNulta).
PITTSBURGH—Frank & Seder, Inc.; Mrs. I. Streng, dresses; H. Broida, Spring coats; Miss R. Rubinoff, Spring suits; 1,372 B'way (Affiliated Retail Stores).
PITTSBURGH—Kaufmann's Dept. Store; L. Silverstein, carpets, rugs, draperies; 1,261 Broadway (M. A. McNulta).
PITTSBURGH—Campbell's; J. C. McDowell, dress goods, silks, velvets; 452 4th Av. (Dry Goods Union).
PITTSBURGH—Berkman Bros.; J. Berkman, ready-to-wear; Pennsylvania.
PITTSBURGH—Pittsburgh Dry Goods Co.; H. H. Jennewine, laces, knit goods, handkerchiefs; 48 Leonard (F. W. Binzen).
PITTSBURGH—Boggs & Buhl; A. J. Kunkel, men's and boys' clothing; 1,140 Broadway.
PITTSBURGH—Rosenbaum Co.; Miss Stein, skirts; Miss M. A. McCrohan, Miss K. Reed, blouses; H. C. Lipman, jewelry, leather goods, silverware, stationery; 120 W. 32d (A. Fanti).
PITTSBURGH—Frank & Seder, Inc.; Miss Grotzstein, corsets, dark petticoats, cheap undermuslin, brassieres; 1,372 B'way (Affiliated Retail Stores).
PITTSBURGH—Boggs & Buhl; Miss E. A. Titus, laces; F. W. Graham, upholstery, draperies; J. W. Steibel, domestic carpets; A. K. Betteridge, jewelry; 1,140 B'way.
PITTSBURGH—McCrery & Co.; J. E. Davies, silks; I. Myers, ready-to-wear; 23 E. 26th (W. T. Knott).
PITTSFIELD, Mass.—Ross Stores; E. M. Lampson, coats, suits, dresses; 891 B'way, 4th floor.
PHOENIXVILLE, Pa.—Swede's Style Shop; A. Swede, better dresses; 115 W. 30th (National Purchasing Co.).
PIQUA, Ohio—Michler & Son; E. Michler, clothing, furnishings; Pennsylvania.
PORT HENRY, N. Y.—Kassel Dept. Store; Miss M. McCarthy, ready-to-wear; McAlpin.

Continued on Page Thirty-six.

Your First Point of Call

Why not make Bush Terminal Sales Building your *first point of call?* We display, for *ready* comparisons, those items that build both volume and profits. Innumerable and varied Spring lines, of proven re-sale value, are ready for your inspection.

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WHOLESALE ONLY

Exclusive styles—
Outstanding values

In Unusually Attractive and Faultlessly Made

DRESSES

PRICED FROM

$13.75 to $19.75

Featuring a Variety of Distinctive Models Developed in

CANTONS
FLAT CREPES
SPORT MATERIALS

LIPSHITZ & FIEDELBAUM

6 to 8 West 32nd Street, New York.

Meridian Textile Corporation

Beg to announce that they have moved to their new and enlarged quarters on the tenth floor

225 FOURTH AVENUE
(American Woolen Building)

where they extend an invitation to the trade to call and inspect their

NOVELTY
EUROPEAN TEXTILES
FOR IMPORT AND EXPORT

Telephone—Stuyvesant 6326

Wholesale Only

Thousands of Dresses
in New Styles
READY TO SHIP
To-day—Every Day!

The thousands of dresses shipped from stock last week simply made room for new thousands equally attractive in style, which constitute practically a new fresh stock, now awaiting your selections.

Every wanted silk fabric including

PRINTS PAISLEYS

$10.75 to $16.75 to $29.50

SHERR BROS

Dresses & Waists

303 Fifth Ave., at 31st Street New York

Wholesale Only

HINDES & GROSS
1370 BROADWAY
AT 37th STREET

The *HOUSE* for *STYLE* and *VALUE*

Coats Capes Wraps

for

IMMEDIATE DELIVERY

Our Line Is The Talk Of New York

Better values than elsewhere
Every number a quick seller
Coats are made right
All linings guaranteed
Unusual selection of styles
Stock is delivered as sample
Endless variety in all demanded fabrics

SEE OUR LINE TODAY

WHOLESALE ONLY

Hand-Made Porto Rican Blouses

Haddad makes nothing but Porto Rican Blouses—and makes them right! The workmanship is perfect and buyers get the great values made possible only by specialization and volume production.

BATISTES and DIMITIES
$16.50 to $27.00
VOILES
$27.00 to $60.00

HADDAD WAIST CO.
28 WEST 23rd ST., NEW YORK

WHOLESALE ONLY

ALL SILK RIBBONS
Below Market Prices

IMMEDIATE DELIVERY

CHANGEABLE TAFFETA No. 80 at $1.98 per 10 yard piece.
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OMBRE TAFFETA No. 100 at $3.25 per 10 yard piece.
OMBRE TAFFETA No. 150 at $3.50 per 10 yard piece.
MOIRE TAFFETA, heavy quality, at 4½c per ligne.
SWISS MOIRE TAFFETA (black only) at 5c per ligne.
Several close-outs below cost of manufacture.
Complete line of French Gauze Ribbons all widths and shades.

SCHLOSS BROS. RIBBONS, Inc.
31 E. 28th St., N. Y. Phones. 0450-0451 Madison Square.

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As Good as the Best at a Lower Price

Monte Carlo FLOCK VOILE

Made in every desired color. Patterns of every description. A raised appliqued dot distinguishes this Voile, and adds to its popularity.

Imported and Domestic Organdies, Voiles, Ginghams, Ratines, and Crepes in fashion's favored colors.

Silk and Cotton Plisses in Prints and plain colors.
PAISLEYS AND ORIENTALS ON VOILES AND CREPES

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TEXTILE CORPORATION
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MILLDALE TEXTILE CORPORATION, 69 Leonard St.
SOLE DISTRIBUTORS TO THE DRY GOODS TRADE.

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461 Fourth Ave. cor. 31st St.

Satins — Flat Crepes — Chiffonss — Crepe de Chine
Duvetynes — Canton Crepes — Knit Fabrics — Novelty Prints

Business Opportunities *(bank and business references required)*, Page 28.

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Home of Specials
FAST SELLERS
We're prepared again.
Styles you want
Prices to suit
Deliveries at once
COATS
SUITS
CAPES
for
MISSES
JUNIORS
LADIES
CHILDREN
STOUTS
We ship just what you buy
JULIUS POLLACK
MANUFACTURER OF
COATS-SUITS-WRAPS
CHILDREN'S COATS
38-40 WEST 32nd ST. N.Y.

Wholesale Only
10,000
COATS
ON THE RACK
Sizes
7, 8, 9, 10, 12, 14
Velours, Polaires, Tweeds
and over plaid Polaires.
All wool, full lined.
$3.75 to $6.75
Also full line of Junior Coats in latest materials and styles.
CASS & ROSENTHAL
153 West 27th Street, N. Y.

Wholesale Only
American Girl Coats
COATS
In All the
New Spring Coatings
and all the
New Spring Styles
At Popular Prices
For "Little Women",
Juniors and Children
American Girl
Coat Co., Inc.
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MADAME CHARMING
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NOW, choose from
a great collection
of ultra-fashionable
STOUT
Suits, Coats,
Capes & Wraps
at exceptionally attractive prices.
Simon, Goodman & Lipshitz
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Wholesale Only
New York Dress
& Costume Co.
Now Located At
242-252 W. 36 St.
NYDCo.
THERE IS AN EXCEPTIONAL NEW LINE OF
Spring
DRESSES
MADE IN NEW YORK
AND IT IS SHOWN ONLY BY
New York Dress
& Costume Co.
242-252 W. 36th St.
OUR SUMMER DRESS LINE NOW READY

ARRIVAL OF BUYERS

Arriving Buyers may register in this column by telephoning Bryant 1690.

Continued from Page Thirty-five.

PORTLAND, Me.—Eastman Bros.-Bancroft Co.; Mr. Eastman, representing Mr. McKinley, children's, infants' wear; 216 4th Av. (G. A. Cook).
PORTLAND, Me.—J. R. Libby Co.; Mr. Taylor, ready-to-wear; 171 Madison Av. (R. J. Cronin).
PORTLAND, Me.—Porteous, Mitchell & Braun Co.; Miss J. P. Cronin, children's wear; 462 4th Av. (Dry Goods Union).
PORTSMOUTH, Ohio.—A. Beisel; Mr. Gal, clothing, furnishing goods; 117 W 35d (Hoffmann & Hartshay); Grand.
POTTSVILLE, Pa.—Mrs. Hinan, millinery; Pennsylvania.
PROVIDENCE, R. I.—Outlet Co.; B. Markowitz, boys' clothing, furnishings, headwear; Commodore.
PROVIDENCE, R. I.—Shepard Co.; J. B. Wolf, silks; 220 5th Av. (F. Atkins).
READING, Pa.—Kline, Epplinger & Co.; F. C. Keffer, china, glassware, house furnishings; 452 4th Av. (Dry Goods Union).
READING, Pa.—Lord & Gage; S. Goldsmith, notions, furnishing goods; Pennsylvania.
RICHMOND—Schlegel Co.; Mr. Holzager, men's, boys' clothing, furnishings; 1,150 B'way (Baer & Lilienthal).
RICHMOND, Va.—Collen Co.; Miss E. Clinton, jewelry, leather goods; 1,150 B'way (Baer & Lilienthal).
ROANOKE, Va.—Glass Style Shop; G. Glass, millinery; Pennsylvania.
ROCHESTER—Duffy-Powers Co.; upstairs, Miss T. Cohen, dresses; L. Gradinger, suits, coats; 1,261 B'way (S. Solomon).
ROCHESTER—Gold Stores; L. Cohen, coats, suits, dresses; 366 5th Av., Room 712.
ROCHESTER, N. Y.—E. W. Edwards & Son; T. M. Farrell, house furnishings, toys, trunks; Martinique.
SAGINAW, Mich.—M. W. Tanner Co.; W. D. Murray, white goods, domestics, blankets; 1,270 B'way (Geo. R. Pond).
SAGINAW, Mich.—Seltner Bros.; R. L. Seltner, millinery, toys, toilet goods, gloves; 120 W. 32d (A. Fant).
SALEM, Ohio—R. S. McCulloch Co.; R. H. McCulloch, gen'l mdse.; 366 5th Av. (Allied Stores Co.).
SALISBURY, Md.—R. E. Powell Co.; Mrs. L. C. Bradley, ready-to-wear; Collingwood.
SAN DIEGO, Cal.—Colonial Coat & Suit House; S. Mann, popular priced checked velour suits; 225 5th Av. (L. Hart).
SANFORD, N. C.—Williams-Belk Co.; W. L. Nisbet, Miss L. Harrington, gen. mdse.; 120 W. 32d (A. Fant).
SAN FRANCISCO—Meyer Cloak & Suit Co.; B. F. Meyer, women's sport wear; 1,261 B'way (S. Solomon).
SAVANNAH, Ga.—L. Mohr & Sons—Sig Mohr, representing, 366 Broadway (R. A. Keller).
SCRANTON, Pa.—M. Kaplan, carpets, furniture; Martinique.
SCHENECTADY—M. Lurie & Co.; A. Kaufman, coats, suits, dresses, infants' wear; 1,150 B'way (Baer & Lilienthal).
SCHENECTADY, N. Y.—Wallace Co.; Miss M. Brandt, hosiery, knit underwear; Breslin.
SCRANTON, Pa.—Cleland & Simpson; F. H. Butterfoss, house furnishing goods; 23 E. 26th (Mdse. Reporting Co.); York.
SEATTLE—The Bon Marche; Mrs. Leeds, corsets; B. E. Brown, millinery, children's wear, women's coats, dresses; 225 5th Av. (Retail Research Assn).
SEATTLE, Wash.—Bon Marche; A. McIntosh, upholstery and rugs; 225 5th Av. (Retail Research Ass'n).
SEATTLE, Wash.—Brick Bros.; A. M. Brick, woolens, men's and women's wear; Pennsylvania.
ST. PAUL, Minn.—G. Sommers & Co.; E. Hall, men's shirts and neckwear; D. A. Thompson, ready-to-wear; 395 Broadway (R. A. Keller).
SHEBOYGAN, Wis.—H. C. Prange Co.; A. W. Korthals, men's furnishings, clothing; A. Toutenhoofd, sofa, housefurnishings, china; 120 West 32d (A. Fant).
SHELBYVILLE, Ind.—A. Goodman, ready-to-wear; Park Avenue.
SIOUX CITY, Ia.—Davidson Bros. Co.; Miss N. Haskins, blouses, underwear, sweaters; H. K. Shutts, notions, drugs, jewelry, silverwear; 38 West 32d (Littman & Storch).
SIOUX CITY, Ia.—Pelletier Co.; Miss O. Grieve, coats, suits, furs; Mrs. W. B. McElroy, stout wear; 120 West 32d (A. Fant).
SIOUX CITY, Ia.—Pelletier Co.; C. E. Weaver, silks, woolens, dress cottons, linens, bedding, domestics; Miss A. Cain, art needlework, infants' wear; 120 West 32d (A. Fant).
SIOUX FALLS, S. D.—Fairfield's; J. Buchsbaum, ratine, normandy voile dresses; 10th silk dresses basement; 370 7th Av. (B. Geltnar).
SPRINGFIELD, Mass.—Forbes & Wallace; Miss Livingston, coats; 240 Madison Av.
SPRINGFIELD, Ohio—Kleeman Bros.; W. B. Kleeman, carpets, furniture; Pennsylvania.
SPRINGFIELD, Ohio—M. J. Federman; C. E. Dahlgren, ready-to-wear; 115 W. 20th (B. F. Levis).
SPRINGFIELD, Ill.—Jerome's; H. L. Goldstein, millinery; Martinique.
SPRINGFIELD, Ohio—Fahlen-Tehan Co.; W. Sterling, men's furnishings, umbrellas; Breslin.
ST. JOSEPH, Mo.—Hirsch Bros. D. G. Co.; L. D. Naeve, knit and silk underwear; Herald Sq.
ST. LOUIS—Gelluber Millinery Co.; I. Cohen, millinery; Pennsylvania.
ST. LOUIS—Star Hat Works; J. Gelluber, millinery; 36 Bleecker; Pennsylvania.
ST. LOUIS—Hub Clothing Co.; F. Epstein, clothing; Imperial.
ST. LOUIS—Stix, Baer & Fuller; L. H. Rosenheim, notions, trimmings, stationery, gloves; Mrs. H. W. Schultz, neckwear, veilings; 1,107 Broadway.
ST. LOUIS—Addison Cloak & Suit Co.; W. I. Seltzer, brytonia capes; 1,261 Broadway (S. Solomon).
ST. PAUL—Eastern Woolen Co.; J. A. Edelstein, woolens, tailors' trimmings; Pennsylvania.
ST. PAUL—Emporium Merchandise Co.; R. W. Fawcett, men's furnishings; Broztell.
ST. PAUL—Field, Schlick & Co.; A. Sudor, linens, white goods, fancy goods; 1,164 Broadway (Fellows Buying Corp.).
SYRACUSE, N. Y.—Chappel, Dyer Co.; Mrs. J. Sonntag, children's department; Pennsylvania.
TARBORO, N. C.—W. S. Clark & Sons; D. R. Clark, dry goods, general mdse.; Martinique.
TERRE HAUTE, Ind.—A. Herz; J. M. Keller, basement merchandise; 120 West 32d (A. Fant).
TERRE HAUTE, Ind.—Root Dry Goods Co.; W. D. Moore, boys' clothing, women's, children's shoes; 23 East 26th (W. T. Knott).
TOLEDO—National Millinery Stores; B. Miller, trimmed hats; 15 W. 38th (V. Fant).
TOLEDO—Lasalle & Koch; Mr. McGloon, silks, dress goods; Mr. Horowitz, coats, dresses, blouses, sweaters, basement; O. H. Moffitt, leather goods, jewelry, &c; Miss Sullivan, gloves, laces, neckwear, trimmings, veilings; Miss Notzka, assisting, gloves; I. W. Bernthisel, rugs, carpets; Miss L. Hotz, hosiery; E. D. Robbins, basement mdse.; 225 5th Av. (Retail Research Ass'n).
TOLEDO—Lion D. G. Co.; Mrs. E. H. Hubbard, books, stationery; 23 E. 26th (W. T. Knott).
TRINIDAD, Colo.—J. Goldsmith & Sons; M. J. Goldsmith, dry goods, notions, ready to wear; Pennsylvania.
URBANA, Ill.—M. Meis, ready-to-wear, dry goods; 120 W. 32d (A. Fant).
VANDERGRIFT, Pa.—R. S. Shepler, gen'l mdse.; 366 5th Av. (Allied Stores Co.).
VAN WERT, Ohio—Bonnewitz Co.; Mr. Gee, mdse. mgr.; 1,164 B'way (Fellows Buying Corp.).
WASHINGTON, D. C.—The Hecht Co.; C. B. Duncan, mdse. manager; Miss L. Langenkamp, ready-to-wear; 1,150 B'way (Baer & Lilienthal).
WASHINGTON, D. C.—King's Palace; Miss M. Rider, children's and infants' wear; Cumberland.

Continued on Page Thirty-eight.

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Greatest Dress Offering
Ever Made in this Market!
A BIRTHDAY CELEBRATION!
In Which the Dress Buyers of the Nation Get the Presents!
We don't know of any better way of celebrating our anniversary than by giving our old customers most extraordinary values and by adding hundreds of new customers to our books. SO HERE GOES:
10,000 Canton Crepe &
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To Retail at Full Profit
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To Retail at 8.95
To Retail at 8.95
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These values will enable you to create the biggest dress sensation ever presented to the women in your town.
Six of Twenty Styles Illustrated
Wire Your Order at once if you can't come to our showrooms. But act quickly. These dresses will go in a hurry.
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Wholesale Only
ANOTHER MIRACLE!!
The latest hit from Paris created for their Majesties Mrs. & Miss America
"Little Nellie Kelly"
THREE-IN-ONE
DRESSES
DRESS AND HAT
AND DEAUVILLE BANDANNA SCARF
(Originated and patented, and all rights protected by Miracle Dress Co.)
Fashioned of all wool Jersey enhanced with captivating HAT and the new Deauville Bandanna Scarf.
TO RETAIL AT FULL PROFIT AT
$10

No. 1600
To Retail at $10.
To Retail at $10.
No. 1600
ONLY A TREMENDOUS BUSINESS LIKE OURS COULD PERFORM A "MIRACLE" LIKE THIS
All new spring colors and all sizes, 14-16-18-20 for misses and "flappers"
NOTICE!—
While we're starting with a big stock the response is sure to be so great that we urge immediate selection.
OTHER MIRACLES:

	To retail profitably	
Silk Canton Crepe Dresses	"	10.95
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"Where Wonders Never Cease"
MIRACLE DRESS CO. INC.
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CHOPAK
CHARMETTE
FABRICS
WOOLJERSEYS,
SILK JERSEYS,
PRINTS
For big business you must have the year's outstanding success-beautiful
SUNBEAM CREPE
a peerless knitted fabric for sports-wear.
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FOXES
in all latest shades.
Also an assortment of
SCARFS and CHOKERS
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A Bright Light on Values
SPORT
COATS—SUITS
WRAPS
CAPES
$7.50 to $45.00
A most unusual assortment of CAPES
See our "CAMELAIR" SUITS to retail at $15.00
KARL LIGHT
LADIES & MISSES SUITS & COATS
THE HOUSE OF LIGHT
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"DRESSES OF ALL TYME"
READY TO SHIP
12 PEPPY MODELS 8.75 TO 10.75
CONSISTING OF PAISLEY COMBINATIONS.
THREE-PIECE DRESSES — WELL MADE.
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Our 40 seasons of successful value-merchandising assures you profitable re-sale. Come in.
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Headquarters since 1902
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SUPERB Blue Ribbon COATS
The TWELVE BEST SELLERS!
CAPES and COATS
In All the Leading Materials
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WONDERFUL VALUES THAT ASSURE QUICK SELLING FOR YOU.
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Printed Silks
for
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PINE TREE SILK MILLS
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☆ 5,000 ☆
NEW CANTON CREPE
DRESSES
10 STYLES ON THE RACKS
Also Knitted Fabrics
6.75 to 8.75
THE STAR DRESS & COSTUME CO.
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Display Fixtures
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of the best grade in Period designs for showing
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Each individual piece protected by the Famous Frankel Guarantee.
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LADIES—MISSES—JUNIOR
COATS & SUITS
Come in NOW
See Real VALUES
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SILKS
We have for spot delivery a complete assortment of the newest fabrics in the latest shades at remarkable prices.
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Klassie Maid
Imported Scotch and Domestic
GINGHAM
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Cotton and Cloakings

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Telephone Bryant 1000.

BUYERS' WANTS.

Fifteen cents per word each insertion.

BELTING Wanted—All shades, pay cash. J. Brand, 5 West 30th St.

BOLIVIAS Wanted—Stevens 6186, navy, tan; also Buckley & Cohen 1043, navy and tan; velvet, black. Benjamin Heldt, 163 West 125th. Finney 3127.

BOLIVIAS Wanted—Stevens 4440, also American 19109 and 60164. Leventhal-Darwin, Gramercy 4898.

BOLIVIA Wanted—0546, 16041, 16028, 21371, 10140, 18200. Siegel Bros. & Lewis, Longacre 2601.

BOLIVIA Wanted—0453, 0461; tan 357 or 352 shades; for cash. Friedman & Bros., 118 West 22d.

BOLIVIAS Wanted—101, 0546 all shades. Lipshansky Bros., 114 West 29th. Watkins 8633.

BOLIVIA Wanted—0546, shade 400; fashona, black and rookie. Leitman & Hurwitz, Longacre 2390.

BOLIVIAS Wanted—Raritans 1500, 0543 or similar qualities. Ben Rothbaum, Watkins 8455.

BOLIVIAS Wanted—Stevens, Raritans, Dobson or similar; any quantity; cash. Cohen & Hanger, 151 West 30th.

BOLIVIAS Wanted—15146, 21371, 21364, 16061, raritans 1500 or similar, black, navy. Karpas, 1,370 Broadway, Longacre 4251.

BOLIVIAS Wanted—Stevens 4440 or similar; any quantity; cash. S. & M. Blyberstein, 18 West 28th.

BOLIVIAS Wanted—Stewart's and similar; can use quantity for cash. Miller, 28 West 25th.

BOLIVIAS Wanted—Spot cash; ormondales, Fernoss; also P. & H.; black velvyne. Madison Square 2193.

BOLIVIAS Wanted—American 0546 and Holden-Leonard's lustrous. Gottlieb & Rabinowitz, 44 West 22d St.

BOLIVIA Wanted—10061, Henis & Wagner, 130 West 25th. Watkins 9159.

BOLIVIAS Wanted—De Lands 640, black and fox. Maidoff, 16 East 17th.

BOLIVIAS Wanted—Quantity, all colors. Bernstein, 121 West 27th.

BOLIVIAS Wanted—Raritan 100 and 101; all colors. Watkins 9610.

BOLIVIAS Wanted—Raritan 101, Wyandotte, colors; cash. Chelsea 9049.

BOLIVIAS, Overplaids, Polaires Wanted. Meyer Cohen, 237 West 37th.

BOLIVIAS wanted, raritan 101 or similar, all shades, cash. Rosenberg, 2 West 32d.

BOLIVIAS Wanted—10061, navy and black. Stuyvesant 6318.

BOLIVIA Wanted. Weindard I. Novick, 46 WEST 27th. Watkins 9644.

BOLIVIAS Wanted—0543, 0545, 0453. Watkins 8228.

BOLIVIAS Wanted—All kinds; 10061 Brytonia, Saltonia, Kogut, 12 West 27th.

BOLIVIAS Wanted—1440, 15140, lustrous. Chelsea 9917.

BOLIVIAS and Velour Wanted—In all colors. Chelsea 8835.

BRYTONIA Wanted—Also Raridan 101; quantity; spot cash. Monarch Garment Co., 16 West 32d.

BRYTONIAS Wanted—Or similar. David Rose, 2 West 32d.

BRYTONIA Wanted—For cash. Cohen & Slater, 22 West 26th. Chelsea 5651.

BRYTONIA Wanted—Or similar, all colors. Karpas, 1,370 Broadway. Longacre 4251.

BRYTONIAS Wanted—For cash, any quantity. Orchard 7235.

CAMEL'S Hair or Polaires Wanted—Suitable for knickers. Abe Millman, 20 West 33d. Pennsylvania 6810.

CAMEL'S Hair Wanted—Stroock's Paris la Mode; also 15124. Longacre 6502.

CAMEL'S Hair Wanted—Stroocks 32, natural; cash. Finney 2030.

CAMEL'S Hair Wanted—Cash, any quantity; also skirts. Behn, 6 West 20th.

CAMEL Hair Wanted—Gerz Mills, Stroek. Watkins 2433-4.

CANTONS, Schaji Filled, Crepe de Chines Wanted—Open for quantity at a price. Leading Shirt Waist, 119 West 15th.

CANTON Wanted—Eagle 201, brown. B. H. Simon Co., 24 West 30th.

CAPES Wanted — Silk; placing orders; snappy styles; better kind. Gottlieb, 498 7th Av.

CAPES Wanted—Jobber looking at sport capes. Call with samples, Room 207, 174 Madison Av.

CAPES and Coats Wanted—Silk, placing orders; also sport coats. Chic Cloak and Suit, 15 West 24th.

CAPES Wanted—Jobber placing orders on snappy styles in cloth and silk. Levy, 49 West 27th.

CAPES Wanted—Silks; bolivia; jobber placing orders. 4th floor, 23 West 27th.

CHEVRON Velvet Wanted—For immediate and future delivery. Finkenberg, 31 E. 31st.

CHINCHILLAS Wanted—18155, De Lands 720 or similar; tan, reindeer. Karpas, 1,370 Broadway. Longacre 4251.

CLOTH Wanted—Bolivias 0545, 11014, 12016. Stiernberg-Bernstein, 145 West 30th. Watkins 0497.

CLOTHS Wanted—15118, 4, 8244c; shade 6, etc.; cash. International Textile, Stuyvesant 3062.

CLOTH Wanted—American plaid 11004-3-4; curry plaid 2102-2-8. Rosenheim, Chelsea 8494.

CLOTH Wanted—Brytonias; quantities; will pay cash. Cohen, Edelman, Inc., 1,225 Broadway.

CLOTH Wanted—Bolivias, 10025, all colors. Cohen, Edelman, Inc., 1,225 Broadway.

COATS, Suits, Dresses Wanted by jobber; large quantity; up to the minute styles; bring samples and stock list; cash. Starr, 8 East 30th.

COATS, Capes Wanted—Jobber placing orders; call all week. 45 West 29th St., 3d floor.

COATS Wanted—Jobber placing orders, junior and children's coats. 30 West 26th, 8th floor.

COATS, Silk Capes and Wraps Wanted—Jobber placing orders on snappy styles. Aronow Bros., 132 West 38th.

COATS, SUITS Wanted—Spot cash, discarded samples; jobs; any quantity. Longacre 4133.

COATS, Suits Wanted—Jobs, all materials, cash. Lester-Prager, 5 West 31st.

COATS, Suits Wanted—Snappy styles. Second floor, 231 West 37th.

COATS Wanted—1,000 misses' and children's for cash. 1,123 Broadway, Room 208.

COTTON GOODS Wanted—Open to buy, a quantity of Lorraine Egyptian tissue, in checks; must be at a price. Ed Kessler, 6 East 32d.

COTTON Plush and Cotton Velveteen Wanted—All widths, all shades, full pieces, remnants, pound goods. Spring 6266.

COTTON Goods Wanted—Spot cash; quantity no object. H. M. Knopp, 290 Church St.

COTTON Goods Wanted—Fancy sport ratine. Mayflower Dress Co., 472 Broome St.

CREPE de Chine and Canton Crepe Wanted—Good quality; all colors. Finkenberg, 31 East 31st.

CREPE De Chine Wanted—Good 4-thread; bring sample piece, pink. Vantine Underwear, 319 West 29th.

CREPE de Chine, Crepe Knit Wanted—In printed Paisley and Egyptian design, cash. Block, 54 West 23d.

CREPE Knit Wanted—All colors; also in the print. Raskind & Soloff, 22 West 32d.

DRESSES Wanted—We pay spot cash for job of dresses; any quantity in canton crepe, satin canton, crepe de chine and other materials; no lot too small or too large; submit samples 9-4 daily. Fifth floor, 28 West 32d. Pennsylvania 6320.

DRESSES Wanted—Jobbers placing orders on cotton dresses in all materials; submit samples after 11 o'clock. 157 West 25th, 10th floor.

DRESSES Wanted—Cottons and silks; large jobber placing quantity stock orders; bring samples. 9-12 A. M. and 2-4 P. M., 12th floor, 1,350 Broadway.

DRESSES Wanted—Large jobber looking at better grade wash dresses. 16th floor, 560 7th Av., 38th St. elevator.

DRESSES Wanted — Pay cash samples and job lots. Granoff & Co., 31 West 21st, 3d floor.

DRESSES Wanted—Jobber placing orders, wrappers, voiles, percales. Call all week, 8th floor, 18 West 24th.

DRESSES Wanted—Looking at silk and cotton dresses; also sport models. 5th floor, 23 West 33d.

DRESSES Wanted—Jobber placing orders on new styles; spot cash for jobs. Levy, 55 West 27th.

DRESSES Wanted—Jobber placing orders on better grade dresses. 121 West 32d, 4th floor.

DRESSES Wanted—Jobber placing orders printed crepe novelties and cotton dresses; also jobs. 6th floor, 8 West 30th.

DRESSES Wanted—All kinds; for spot cash; better and cheaper grades. Morton's, 87 East 5th St.

DRESSES Wanted—Jobs in silk and cloth material; pay cash; quantity no object. 34 West 32d, 6th floor.

DRESSES Wanted—Will pay spot cash for jobs. Fitzroy 2364.

DRESSES Wanted—Beach dress, all kinds; jobs; for cash. Telephone Canal 4222.

DRESSES Wanted—Jobs silks, all kinds; spot cash. Progress, 36 West 32d.

DRESSES Wanted—Highest cash prices paid; all kinds; any quantity. Pennsylvania 6062.

DRESSES Wanted—All kinds, jobs; pay spot cash. Chelsea 3830.

DRESSES Wanted—Will pay cash for jobs better grade. 121 West 32d, 4th floor.

DRESSES Wanted—Jobber placing orders; also cash, for jobs. Epstein, 2 West 32d.

DRESSES Wanted—Jobs, all materials; cash. Longacre 6426.

DRESSES Wanted—Taffetas, at a price; must be cheap. 4th floor, 18 West 27th.

BUYERS' WANTS.

Fifteen cents per word each insertion.

DRESSES Wanted—Large jobber now placing stock orders on medium to better grades Spring merchandise for street and afternoon; also canton crepe, satin canton, crepe romain, flat crepe, crepe de chine and all the latest novelty materials. Submit samples 9 to 5 daily. 28 West 32d, 5th floor.

DRESSES Wanted—Jobber placing large orders on better grade sport dresses, all latest materials. Call 9-12 A. M. 28 West 25th, 3d floor.

DRESSES Wanted—Pay cash for jobs silk dresses; no lot too large or small; submit samples and stock list for quick sale. King & Appleodum, 338 7th Av.

DRESSES Wanted—Also skirts, in knit goods only; placing liberal orders; show samples 9 A. M. to 12 M., Primose Dress, 242 West 38th St.

DRESSES Wanted—Jobber placing large orders on street dresses in Canton crepe, georgette and printed crepe; submit samples. 3 East 31st, 12th floor.

FURS Wanted—Will buy for cash fox, wolf and other scarfs, also sealing, marmot, raccoon and muskrat coats; call with samples. Mr. Kay, 862 Sixth Av.

FURS Wanted—Collars and trimmings, all kinds, for cash. Friedman & Bros., 118 West 22d.

FURS Wanted—200 stone martin scarfs; spot cash. Call 7th floor, 127 West 25th.

FURS Wanted—White buffion collars, quantity. Victor Garment Co., 28 West 25th.

GEORGETTE Wanted—Navy and white; spot cash; must be cheap. Lexington 4862.

GERONA, Marvella, Fashona Wanted—Or similar, black, cinder; cash. Chelsea 3110.

GERONAS and Marvellas Wanted—Black. Mendelson-Sussman Co., 124 West 37th.

GERONA Wanted—Black, malabar, batwing and cinder; for cash. Longacre 2816.

GERONAS Wanted—Navy and black; also primaveras and lustrous. Longacre 6302.

GINGHAMS Wanted—Imported, domestic, black, green, lavender. Jacob Hyman, 127 West 25th.

GIRLS, junior, and flappers wanted in silk dresses; snappy styles only. Apply 3d floor, 14 East 17th St. Ask for Mr. Raskin.

JERSEY Wanted—Ten-ounce worsted cloth, navy, tan, brown; bring samples. Olga, Inc., 352 4th Av. Don't telephone.

JERSEY Wanted — Twelve-ounce worsted, suitable for knickers. Abe Millman, 20 West 33d. Pennsylvania 6810.

JERSEY Paisley, Persian Prints Wanted—In quantity. Wellmade Petticoat, 119 West 24th.

JERSEYS Wanted—Worsteds, wools, silk and wool, heathers all colors; cash. Joe Schoenfeld, 43 East 31st. Madison Sq. 4439.

JERSEY Wanted—Wool jersey in all shades. Mike Weinberg Dress, 160 Madison Av.

JERSEY Wanted—12-ounce worsted, all shades; cash. Watkins 9610.

JUILLIARDS Wanted—Checks and flannels, all shades; Frankenbergs 531. Watkins 2340.

JULNA Wanted—Black. Longacre 5968.

LACE Wanted—Silver metallic one inch wide. Chelsea 8201.

LININGS Wanted—Satin de chine, linette (tan; quantity. Ellis, 135 West 26th.

LUSTROSA Velvereta and Ormadale Wanted—Black only, for cash. Longacre 5191.

LUSTROSA Wanted—All colors, poiret 09164, black; Botany 5240, color 289. Chelsea 8628.

MARVELLA Wanted — In colors, Rapello, Malabar, black batwing. A. Davis & Sons, Inc., 15 East 32d St.

MARVELLA Wanted—Black, also piquette, navy. Phone Madison Square 8270.

ORMADALE and Lustrosa Wanted. Jacobs & Jacobs, Watkins 3623.

OVERPLAIDS Wanted—Any mill quantity. Ellis, 135 West 26th.

PAISLEY Prints Wanted—Crepeknit tricoshan, tricoletta or similar goods; cash. Gramercy 5124.

PAISLEY Prints Wanted—Crepe knits, crepe de chines, roshanara. Raskind & Soloff, 22 West 32d St.

PAISLEY Prints Wanted—Satin de chines, tubs, satchs. Raskind & Soloff, 22 West 32d St.

PAISLEYS Wanted—Remnants, seconds, in silks and knitted goods. Ashland 2825.

PANVELAINE Wanted—Will exchange navy for black. Watkins 4348.

PEAU de Cygne Wanted—Navy, at price. Bernstein & Meyers, 2 West 32d.

PEGGY Cloths Wanted—Berwicks, amoskeags. Room 906, 1,182 Broadway.

PLAIDS Wanted—Will pay cash for Glazier & Cummings, Styles 721 and 722, all colors. Chelsea 2190.

PLAIDS Wanted—American, Stevens and others 0462, American Girl Coat, Pennsylvania 6845.

PLAIDS Wanted—Good quality; also Deland's 1020 or Curry's. Frank & Eisen. Watkins 0402.

PLAIDS Wanted—Style 11014, 1104, all shades, or similar. Ashland 7885.

PLAIDS Wanted—Stevens 4388, American, all styles. Orchard 9534.

PLUSH Wanted—Seal plush, peco or lapin; quantity. Longacre 5502.

POINJARD Wanted—Can use quantity Juillard 54315, tan, gray. Fitzroy 2810. 124 West 37th, 8th floor.

POIRETS Wanted—Juilliards 54303, Joels 8037, 8039, Botany 5272. Madison Square 3724.

POIRET Twills and Twill Cords Wanted—Good qualities; gray and tan. Ashland 7585.

POIRETS, Tricotines Wanted—09164, 54308, other makes; also cheap tricotines. Gramercy 3961.

POIRET Wanted—09164, 09163, 54316, also 132016; will pay cash. Madison Square 9376.

POIRETS Wanted—Spot cash; black, all qualities; also American, navy 09164, 09163. Madison Square 2198.

POIRET Twill Wanted—Quantity. Bernstein, 121 West 27th.

POIRET Twills Wanted—Tan and Greystone. Louis Goldstein Co., 38 East 29th.

POIRET Twill Wanted—Saxonia 1057, black and rookie. Longacre 10398.

POLAIRES Wanted—American 132016, overplaids and tweeds. Superior Garment Co., 353 Broadway.

POLAIRES Wanted—American 15100, tan and rooky, quantity, cash. Jacob Cohen, 124 West 36th.

POLAIRE Wanted—Stevens 1215, shades 1, 2, 3, 4 and 7, any quantity; cash. Watkins 2433-4.

POLAIRES Wanted—Open for a large quantity of Dobson's 1402 or similar cloth. Telephone Chelsea 6369.

POLAIRE Wanted—132016, 11196; all colors; also 18009, 1310, copenhagen; cash. Fitzroy 2090.

POLAIRE Wanted—Stevens 1213, shade 10-8; American 19134, shade 02461. Longacre 4620.

POLAIRES, Velours, Bolivias Wanted—Kantor & Wasserman, 130 West 26th.

POLAIRES Wanted—132016, or similar; quantity. Ellis, 135 West 26th.

POLAIRES Wanted—Stevens 1215, 1127. H. Berlinger & Co., 16 West 28th St.

POLAIRE Wanted—American 132016, 11196, 13193. Watkins 9610.

POLAIRES and Bolivias Wanted—Weinsch & Horowitz, 1,140 Broadway.

POLAIRES Wanted—Tan and copen, similar to 132016. Gotham, Watkins 1393.

POLAIRES Wanted—American 132016 or similar. Frank, 22 West 27th.

POLAIRES Wanted — 15218, shade 2. Leitman & Hurwitz. Longacre 2393.

POLAIRES, Overplaids Wanted. I. Novick, 46 West 27th. Watkins 9644.

POLAIRE Wanted—American 11193 and 11196, all shades. Fitzroy 5344.

POLAIRES Wanted—Open for quantity. Frankenberg 502. Call Watkins 2316.

POLAIRES Wanted—All styles; any quantity. Roth Bros., 35 West 31st.

PONGEE (White) and Tub Silks Wanted—Quantities. Madison Square 1182.

POPLIN Wanted—Susquehanna figured silk poplin; all patterns. Sherman Dress Co., 114 W. 29th. Chelsea 1023.

ROSHANARA Paisley Wanted—Blau & Hirsch, 229 West 36th St.

SATIN de Chine Wanted—In all colors; will pay cash. Chelsea 8830.

SECCO and Tussahs Wanted—All qualities, brocaded, plain and printed. Rainbow, 49 East 24th. Madison Square 8020.

SILKS Wanted—Open to buy for spot cash silks and small checks; canton crepes, all colors; also 40 and 36 inch chasm use. Bassers Textile Clearing House, Madison Square 8359.

SILKS Wanted—Taffetas, messalines, charmeuses, cantons, satin-novas; spot cash. Adolph Mirowitz, 36 East 20th. Madison Square 1037.

SILKS Wanted — Crepe knit tricoshan, Alpine, or similar crepes. Bernhard Bledes, 34 West 32d St.

SILKS Wanted—Open to buy flat crepe, satin-faced canton and printed crepes for cash. Call 470 5th Av., second floor.

SILK Wanted—Of any description; manufacturers, what have you to close out for spot cash? Phillip Rudes, 34 East 27th.

SILKS, Prints, Crepe de Chine and Tricoline Wanted. Hollow & Perlow, 1214 West 32d.

SILK Wanted—Printed Roshanara, Paisley effects; cash. 463 7th Av., 1st floor. N. Lebenson.

SILK Wanted—Satin de chine, tan and castor; quantity for cash. Max Goldstein, 36 West 32d.

SILKS Wanted—Satin de chines, all colors. Berkstein, 121 West 27th.

SILKS Wanted — Paisley effects; for spot cash. G. H. & H. Frydberg, 35 5th Av.

SILK Wanted—Messalines at a price. Samuel Bolt & Co., 31 East 19th.

BUYERS' WANTS.

Fifteen cents per word each insertion.

SKIRTS Wanted—Placing big orders high-class novelty silk skirts; bring samples. 258 5th Av., 3d floor.

SOCKS Wanted—Case lots No. 701 Rockford. Nelson Knitting Co. Phone Barclay 6311.

STEVENS 6186, Gray Wanted—Halle, Hay & Brown, 1,333 Broadway.

TAFFETA and Printed Crepe Wanted—Quantity, for cash. See Mr. Schwartz, 26 West 32d St., 5th floor.

TAFFETAS Wanted—Any colors, or blacks; spot cash. Statisky & Greenstone, 247 4th Av.

TAFFETAS Wanted—Black, also white; will pay cash. N. M. Rosen Lining Co., Inc., 42 West 38th St.

TAFFETAS Wanted—Navy, brown; 5,000 yards; cash. Garfiel Dress, 212 East 23d.

TAFFETAS Wanted—For cash; also Paisleys. Harry Saltman, 25 West 20th St.

TAFFETAS Wanted—All colors at a price. Fitzroy 4837.

TAFFETAS Wanted—Ulrich & Donaldson 205, black, brown; cash. Fitzroy 1014.

TAFFETAS Wanted—All colors; spot cash. Bassers, 34 East 29th. Madison Sq. 8359.

TRICOTINE Wanted—Andrews 5182, American 0388, navy, black. Ottenstein, 31 East 26th.

TRICOTINE Wanted—Tan and gray Juilliards 54302 or similar. Henry Leavey & Son, 213 West 35th.

TUB Silks Wanted—Striped and plain; also satin de chine. Miltex, 22 West 32d.

TUB SILK Wanted—In the greige or finish; cash. 1,123 Broadway, Room 1006.

TWILL Cords Wanted—Juilliard's 54315, Reed's F. & H. all shades. Ben Ginsburg Co., 134 West 37th. Fitzroy 5611.

TWILL Cords Wanted—F. & H., Heeds, Garfields, Hess Bros., gray; for cash. Ben Ginsburg Co., 134 West 37th. Fitzroy 5611.

TWILL Cords Wanted—Also tricotine. Max Schwartz, 1,204 Broadway.

TWILLS Wanted—Navy and tan, good quality only. Desmonde, 12 West 27th.

UNDERWEAR Wanted—Large sales organization can use quantity deliveries of woven goods in cotkons, silk stripes, fibre, &c.; March to June deliveries. L. 530 Times.

VELDYNES, Twill Cords, Forstmanns, Lustrosas, Ormandales, Fashonas, Geronas Wanted—Cash. Pennsylvania 0837.

VELDYNES Wanted — Malabar; for cash. Longacre 2816.

VELOURS Wanted—American 1310 or similar, for all shades; quantity. Drusin, 137 West 25th. Watkins 3486.

VELOUR Wanted—132118, 12419, 132116, 15114, 0453, 0503, 0546, 16016. Madison Square 5368.

VELOUR Wanted—1310 or similar; quantity. Ellis, 135 West 26th.

VELOUR Check Wanted—Juilliard's 2236 or similar, in all shades. Longacre 4787.

VELOURS Wanted—13900-10 or similar. Frank, 22 West 27th.

VELOURS Wanted—American 18909, Buckley & Cohen 885. Fitzroy 4379. Extension 4.

VELVERETTE Wanted—Or similar black. Rosenscheig, 30 West 32d.

WANTED—Close-outs, any quantity, piece goods, silks, hosiery, underwear, neckwear; spot cash. Phone Ashland 1847. Export Department.

WOOLENS, Worsteds, Tweeds and Cashmeres Wanted—Suitable for jobbers men's wear. Call with samples. International Textile Exchange, 213 4th Av., New York.

WOOLENS Wanted—All kinds, textiles, quantity, 3-4, 4-4; ready to buy for cash; also silk crepe in 4 or 5 thread fancies. Midvale Woolen Mills, Inc., 431 4th Avenue.

WRAPS Wanted — Bolivias; jobber placing orders, better grade. Henry Leavy & Son, 213 West 35th.

OFFERINGS TO BUYERS.

Fifteen cents per word each insertion.

Men's Wear.

WASH Suits—Boys', close out, newest styles; Peggy cloths, Leonard invincible suitings; lots 25 dozen or more, $9.50; net 10. R. G. S. Novelty Co., Inc., 827 Broadway.

YOUNG MEN'S suits and sport Norfolk and jaz models in one and two pants, for immediate delivery; prices from $12 to $19. I. Shakin, 14-16 Washington Place.

OFFERINGS TO BUYERS.

APRONS — Assorted women's bungalow aprons, rick-rack trimmed; John, women's muslin gowns and bloomers; men's full-sized, nainsook union suits, $4 dozen; boys', $3.25; also hosiery that will help you boost your February sales, such as women's cotton stockings, 67½c dozen; clocked heather, $3.57½; silk and wool, $6.50; women's fibres, $1.85, $2.25 and $2.50 dozen; clocked fibres, $1.05; thread silk, $3.75; also jobs huck and Turkish towels, wash rags, bath mats way below mill prices. Simon Kahn Co., 911 Broadway.

APRONS—Splendid values always on hand for your dollar and special sales days; we manufacture most of our specials in ready-to-wear lines and are able to furnish real values for all departments in your store and basement; our expert staff is always at your service to help plan your sales; both from the advertising and merchandising point of view; can refer you to many large department stores who are operating with us for all their special and regular sale days. General Merchandise Exchange, 11 West 19th St.

APRONS, boys' knee pants, $3.75 doz.; ladies' muslin gowns, $4.25 doz; huck and Turkish towels, 72½c doz. up; hundreds other items at remarkable prices for bargain basements and chain stores. Washington Mills, 589 Broadway.

APRONS of all kinds, thousand styles; immediate delivery. Deans Lockstitched, 45 East 17th.

BANDANNA paisley silk neckerchiefs for immediate delivery, $15 per dozen. Harry Lehkram, 8 East 23d.

BATISTE—Suitable for underwear or baby dresses, to close out. Saleeby, 30 West 37th.

BATISTE—Suitable for underwear or baby dresses, to close out. Saleeby, 30 West 37th.

BOLIVIA 0453 tan, 0503, 10062, 16061, 21371, 15140, velour 1310, 18900. Madison Square 0067, 5368.

BOLIVIAS—Wyandotte 334, Raritan 101, American 0453, Dobson 2302. Madison Square 8610.

CAMEL HAIR, Juilliard 2236; plaids, Americans, 15134, 11014; ormandales. Madison Square 1793.

CAPES—Unusual values, canton, rosh-anaras and brocades; newest Spring adaptations, $7.75-$16.75. Betty Ross, 110 West 25th. Watkins 0062.

CAPES—All wool velour, embroidered, $3.75 up; polo coats, 42 inches long, $5 up. Jacobs, 144 West 27th.

CAPES and Suits—Styles that sell popular prices. Maidoff, 16 East 17th.

CHINCHILLAS—Delands, 720, all colors; all widths. Fitzroy 2906. Joseph.

CLOTH F. F. K., Tonga, Livonia, Loretta; very low price. Nettie, Stuyvesant 7244.

CLOTH—15140, 18200, 0367, 16061, 13909, 1310, 11604, 11014, 0545. Watkins 9081.

COATS, Capes—Never undersold; snappy velour capes, $3.75-$4.75; newest style sport coats, $4.75; polos, snappy models, $6.75; overplaid sport coats, $8.75; silk lined belivias, $8.75; many other unusual bargains. Emanuel, 43 West 27th.

COATS and Suits—Discarded Spring samples, highest grade merchandise; also 22 Fall coats, wonderful styles, trimmed carcul, squirrel; real bargains. J. S. Wagman, 15 West 26th.

COATS—Ladies', misses', juniors' coats, capes and wraps for Spring on hand; unwanted materials will sell cheap. Fair Coat Co., 141 West 36th.

COATS—Winter coats, fur-trimmed, better grade; great sacrifice. Potter Schattman, 31 West 31st.

COATS—Jersey sport coats and suits of the better kind, to close out. Mibsle Knitting Mills, 37 West 26th.

COATS, suits, exclusive models, finest materials, well tailored. Arlington, 40 West 28th.

COATS, Suits, Sports—See the best popular priced line made. Marsling, 151 West 28th.

COATS—Fall; closing out all desirable styles. S. & M. Silverstein, 15 West 28th.

COATS—Plush and cloth; also jobs. Singer & Son, 45 West 27th.

COATS—High priced Winter coats to close out. Eisenberg & Sommerfield, 12 W. 32d.

COATS—Spring coats and capes for immediate delivery. J. Leibowitz, 111 West 17th.

COATS, Wraps and Capes—Reasonable prices. Edelson & Hand, 16 West 22d.

COATS—Sport, to close out. William J. Markowitz, 218 West 37th.

COATS, capes and suits, sample lines, to close out. 46 West 27th, 9th floor.

COATS, Capes—Spring; cheap. 13 East 8th St., first floor.

COATS—Overplaid, silk lined, cheap. Tannenbaum & Bloom, 135 West 26th.

COTTON goods—Voile, white imported, 2-ply; quantity; price 34 cents. Phone Stuyvesant 9400.

CREPE de Chine—3-4-5 thread cantons, satin cantons, georgettes, charmeuse, radium, flat crepe, failles; all colors; far below manufacturing cost; immediate delivery. M. Marks Co., 334 4th Av. Madison Square 7560.

CREPE—Three thousand dozen 8 momme fancy Japanese handkerchiefs. Madison Square 2122.

DRESSES—Canton crepe, 32½ to 38½; also 38 to 46. Biles Dress, 40 West 27th.

DRESSES—Job, better grade, new styles. 129 West 22d, 4th floor, rear.

DRESSES—18 up, wholesale only. I. Kaplan, 12 W. 18th. Watkins 8875.

OFFERINGS TO BUYERS.

Fifteen cents per word each insertion.

DRESSES—Stout dresses for Spring trade; the house for youthful models offers thousands of dresses on the rack for immediate delivery; in all wanted materials and shades; prices $9.75 to $37.50; see our $14.50 special canton crepe. Matron Dress Co., 11 West 32d St.

DRESSES—The biggest values possible in serges, wool crepes, crepe de chines, tricotines, poiretes, regulars and stouts; just the thing for special sales; exceptionally low prices; also new taffetas, crepes and Paisley combinations, $8.75 up; immediate shipment. Meyer Bonnist, 40 West 27th.

DRESSES—Copies of high-priced numbers of canton crepe, made exceedingly well, all sizes, leading shades, priced at $10.75 regular; also three-piece poiret twill dresses of close out; we have latest styles; silk capes. Tip-Top, 31 West 32d.

DRESSES—Beautiful new dresses; flat crepes, georgettes, confirmation, printed silks, taffetas, lace dinner gowns, $10.75-$29.75; linens, ratines, ginghams, genuine Normandies, $3.75-$13.75; immediate delivery. M. Bernstein, 36 West 32d.

DRESSES—Just copied twelve styles of leading manufacturer's best numbers, made of canton, silk mixture crepes, taffetas, which I offer at $6.50; just look; you'll be surprised. Isaac Ipp, 120 West 29th.

DRESSES — Beautiful, exclusive models satin faced, flat crepe; $10.75-$29.75; immediate delivery. Feigenbaum-Zolyman, 30 West 26th.

DRESSES—Better makes, canton and flat crepe dresses; latest models; reasonable; immediate delivery. Genora Dress Co., 129 West 23d.

DRESSES—Sport, checked wool crepe, retailed profitably below $20; 2-piece Poiret and novelty crepes, $19.75. Perlera, 124 West 29th.

DRESSES—5,000; immediate delivery; wonder values; snappy chic models, ladies' and misses' dresses; all color and materials; $10.75-$23.75. Kahn Dress, 36 West 32d.

DRESSES—Remarkable assortment Eastern Star dresses, white, canton, always on hand; also wedding, graduation, confirmation. George Jacobson, 48 West 25th.

DRESSES—Stouts and large sizes poiret, to close out; for sale at a price; also spring line now ready. Natty Dress Co., Inc., 15 West 27th St.

DRESSES, stouts, women's misses; newest materials, latest styles; priced reasonably; also jobs. Liman Dress, 25 West 32d.

DRESSES—Best values in town; silk and novelty cloths, newest Spring models, $8.75-$10.75. Betty Ross Dress, 110 West 25th. Watkins 8062.

DRESSES—Canton crepe, size 38-46, $10.75; special group, cantons, $7.75; all immediate delivery. H. & J. Leibowitz, 142 West 36th.

DRESSES—Children's Amoskeag gingham, 7-14; $9 dozen; immediate delivery. S. Fleckes & Son, 135 5th Av.

DRESSES—1,200 heavy canton, flat crepe; 15 wonderful models; regular $18.75-$18.75, for $8.75 net. Ninth floor, 31 West 24th.

DRESSES — Sacrificing 300 cantons and beaded georgettes. 9 West 31st, 4th floor rear.

DRESSES—1,000 to close out; crepe, taffeta and cantons. Demand Dress, 31 East 32d.

DRESSES—Save money, beautiful models cantons, silk-mixe crepes; latest materials, $6.75. Metropolis Garment, 39 West 32d.

DRESSES, sacrificing 500 embroidered duvetyn dresses, $22.75. Rosefield Dress, 110 West 32d.

DRESSES—Latest styles, silks, also stouts, $5.75 up; serge, wool crepe, Jersey, sacrifice. Progress, 36 West 32d.

DRESSES—Will sacrifice 500 dresses at ridiculously low prices; must have cash. Belmore, 31 West 31st.

DRESSES—Close-cut cloth dresses, stouts and sizes 40 to 50; exceptional values for special sales. Kalish & Co., 129 West 27th.

DRESSES—Contractor sacrificing Spring taffetas. 41 East 8th St., 1st floor.

DRESSES—Closing out taffetas, $8.75, canton crepe $10.75 up. 42 West 33d, Room 304.

DRESSES—1,000 Spring dresses to close out. Fineburg & Ovitz, 229 West 36th.

DRESSES—Jobs cantons to close out cheap. Falk, Leivel & Taub, 36 West 26th.

DRESSES—1,000 snappy models at sacrifice. Winthrop Dress, 123 West 23d.

DRESSES—Job Canton crepes, $5.75. Marshall Sennheimer, 17 West 30th.

DRESSES—Sacrificing entire stock silk dresses. 5th floor rear, 110 West 32d.

DRESSES—Spring taffetas, $5.75 up; crepes, $6.75 up; Freerose Dress Co., 40 West 27th.

DRESSES—1,000; beaded and tailor-made cantons at price. Ruchman, 11 West 32d.

DRESSES—Contractor sacrificing Spring taffetas. 41 East 8th St., first floor.

EMBROIDERIES—Special price reductions for February sales. Krower-Tynberg, 46 West 23d.

HANDKERCHIEFS—Special price reductions for February sales. Krower-Tynberg, 46 West 23d.

HOSIERY—Ladies' silk hose, $1.75 doc. The Washington Mills, 589 Broadway.

JERSEY—Schreiber wool, heathers; All shades, at reasonable price. Ace-High Sport Wear, 92 Bleecker St.

JUILLIARDS, 2318 covert, have ten pieces to sell for spot cash at opening prices. X 2258 Times Annex.

JUILLIARDS 54303, 54310, 54322; 5372 Botany tan poiret. Arcena, 230 5th Av. Madison Square 4614.

JUILLIARDS—2342, camel's hair over plaids. Telephone Fitzroy 0670. L. Cohen.

KNICKERS, all wool tweed, $24 per dozen. Abe Millman, 20 West 33d.

KNICKERS—All-wool tweeds, $24 dozen. Daniel Levy, 49 West 27th.

MIDDIES, with bandana ties, $6 per dozen. Abe Millman, 20 West 33d.

PLAIDS and polaires, all shades. A. M. Hoffspeigel, 42 East 21st St.

POIRET twill, American 09163, in all shades mohairs, striped tweeds, mixtures, velours, broadcloths, silks, flannel coatings; quantity; very low prices. Midvale Woolen Mills, Inc., 431 4th Av.

POIRETS, Americans, Whitman's, botany, Juilliards, all colors; also polaires. Joseph Schoenfeld, 43 East 21st. Madison Square 4439.

POIRETS—Also black, tan, American 09165, 09164; Juilliard, 54310, 54303, 54318; Cleveland and others. Henry Samson, 111 East 23d. Gramercy 4885.

POIRETS, Botanys, Andrews; others; also men's wear serges. Max Stahl, Gramercy 3961.

POIRETS and Tricotines—Botany 5272, tan and navy 09163, 09164, 09165, 09172. Sherman Bros., 230 5th Av. Madison Square 3724.

POIRET Twills—Navy, brown, better quality, at a price. J. D. Booth & Son, 34 West 32d. Pennsylvania 2978.

POIRET twills, botany 5161, Garfields 5341, Saxonia 1057, Lerrimes 4652, Penn. 0731.

POIRET Twills—09164, 09165. Lexington 2000.

POIRET Twill, botany 5272-5273; American 09165, Longacre 4620.

POIRET Twill—5318; navy, 5272, navy and tan. Longacre 4620.

POIRET TWILL—Navy, black, tan, rookie. Andover, Stuyvesant 1405.

POIRET serges 5273, 54318, 708, 87, 7301, also linsettes. Madison Square 3745.

POIRETS—American 09165; Walsworth 4370; navy, Orchard 0534.

POIRET Twills—09165 navy. Fitzroy 3127.

POLAIRES, overplaid velours, 4 poirets, 132016, 19468, 15134, 13909, 1310, 0164; Acorn, Madison Square 2056-5372.

POLAIRES, poirets 11196, 131314, 15134; botany 5275, 5386; Whiteman 798. Gramercy 0440.

POLAIRES, 132016, 18000, 1310, 0453, 09165. Dunin, 19 East 21st. Gramercy 1878.

PONGEE—14 Mumme first choice; Government standard (no substitutes); immediate delivery. Lang, Penn 0690.

RIBBON—Moire, black, fifteen pieces, fine quality, width 350, to close out at a sacrifice. Marymade Wedding Dress Co., 34 East 20th St.

RUBBERS—50,000 pairs women's rubbers; well-known maker, all perfect, 75c per pair. Ross Wholesale Corporation, 394 Broadway.

SERGES—7002, 7301, 7014, 54300, 6, 11; also poirets, tricotines, crepes, homespuns, tweeds, prunella skirtings, velour checks, worsted checks, camel's hair, polaire cloth, covert cloth, flannels, velours. Henry Samson, 111 East 23d. Gramercy 4885.

SERGES—Ancestors, 7014, 7301, 7312, 7120; Botany poiret, 5272. Shore, 36 West 22d. Gramercy 2196.

SERGES, crepes; Whit

THE BUSINESS WORLD

Good Call for Fancy Goods.

Not for some time has the demand for fancy goods in this market been more active than at present. Most wanted of all, apparently, are fancy earrings to retail at prices ranging from 50 cents to $3.50 a pair. Earrings of imitation colored stones, jet and jade are all sought for. Also in demand are sautoirs used in combination with plaques of ivory, bone, crystal, &c. A third line that is very active at this time is made up of fancy buckles, which are selling freely in novel designs of the Persian, Egyptian and Russian orders, as well as in jet.

Sales of Hair Goods.

Manufacturers of hair goods here are prepared for a notable increase in demand, they have been expecting a marked revival in the use of these goods since the latter part of last year, and there are reports current that it is now materializing in good part. The new styles of coiffures as shown by the leading Parisian hairdressers, having the high crown effects and the side puffs, are said to be very favorable indications of the trend. Sales of such items as hair rolls, switches and transformations would benefit very materially from the increased vogue of such hairdressing, although the bobbed hair fashion still shows marked vitality.

Pushing Knitted Bow Tie.

In their plans to further the vogue of the knitted tie for Summer wear, following the extremely good season they had last year, leading manufacturers here are placing on the market a knitted bow or bat tie which they believe will sell extremely well. Retailers who have already been seen by salesmen are said to have been very favorably impressed, and liberal orders have been placed. The tie is knitted of the same high-grade silk yarns that are used for the four-in-hands that have proved their durability so well. The patterns are mainly on the stripe order, with college colors featured. The wholesale price is $15 per dozen, the tie being designed to sell at $2 retail.

Big White Season Presaged.

Orders recently placed in this market for the finer grades of silk hosiery presage an active Summer demand for this merchandise on the part of consumers, it was said here yesterday. While most of the advance buying of white hose to date has been done by out-of-town retailers, who either bought at home or on recent trips here, local buyers are said also to be showing more interest in stockings of this line than for some time. For immediate delivery the color demand continues to run strongly to grays, and shades of the fawn group, with nude and mountain haze gaining almost daily. In the fancy patterns offered the best success apparently is being had with openwork clock effects.

Novelty Sweaters Very Active.

Makers of novelty sweaters for women are having a busy time of it these days. Not only is the demand large for merchandise adaptable for sales purposes, but the call for "regular" goods for Spring delivery is also active. Much of the demand is made up of the continuous requests for fancy golf jackets, particularly those made with plain backs and novel fronts in contrasting but harmonizing colors. Both real and fibre silk goods are being freely bought now, despite the upward trend of the price of silk yarns and the resultant rising cost of production. The increasing possibility of higher selling prices is thought to have something to do with the present activity, but most of it is attributed to larger consumer purchases.

Power Applications Coming in.

Although January was an active month in the credit offices of local stores, more charges being cleared in most of these than in the same month a year ago, applications for new accounts this month have not kept up so well in many of them. This was attributed yesterday to the fact that February is usually a quiet month, as well as to the approaching Lenten period. With Lent starting a week or two earlier than usual this year, it begins tomorrow, the let-down has come a bit earlier than ordinarily. One of the features of the charge accounts being sought so far this month is the proportion of out-of-town persons represented in the applications, this proportion being said to be quite a little larger than during the same period last year.

Advances in Nightwear Prices.

Advances, occasioned by higher piece goods costs, have been made by leading manufacturers of men's nightwear to cover late Spring orders. These range up to about 15 per cent., taking the lines generally. The same proportion of advance, it was said yesterday, will also affect the Fall lines which men will soon go on the road to sell. The larger part of the business for the current season has been placed with the prominent makers, except for near-by and fill-in requirements. The duplicate business is expected to be good. While the demand has been running heavy for plain colors in piece dyed fabrics for these garments, there is said to be a tendency now to favor narrow checks and neat figures in either printed or woven fabrics.

The Suit Question Again.

While dresses and capes have been more favored in the wholesale garment buying, some manufacturers report a good business for suits. But, taking the market generally, it is now said to be evident that the high hopes raised earlier for an exceptionally good suit season are not materializing. Among those who say their orders have been good are the makers of the three-piece suit. This, they declare, has sold well owing to its novelty and the fact that in many instances it can be had to retail at $25. Other manufacturers were not attracted by the selling possibilities of this type and stuck to the staple two-piece suit, which has been in fair demand. The retailers have thus made their "guesses" on dresses and capes, and it now remains to be seen whether the consumers will bear them out when the Spring season opens.

Outlook for Cotton Dresses.

The early demand for cotton dresses has been satisfactory, and the general expectation of wholesalers here is that a good season will be had in this merchandise. Novel trimming touches have been introduced here and there on these garments that are calculated to make them more atractive to consumers, especially as they do not change the retail price. Ginghams dominate the low end portions of the lines. Added to these are the flock dot voiles, dotted swisses, ratines and sponges. Paisley, Egyptian and Russian printed cotton dresses are features of many lines, these being available in a number of instances at $4.75 each. Ratines are said to vary in demand according to the territory. Dresses of linen and linene are deemed to have a good season ahead. These are available in various attractive trimmings, such as all-over embroideries and soutache. They are offered at $5.75 wholesale. Organdies have not begun to move yet, as the season is still very early.

ARRIVAL OF BUYERS

Arriving Buyers may register in this column by telephoning Bryant 1000.

Continued from Page Thirty-six.

WASHINGTON—Woodward & Lothrop: C. A. Vetable, domestic rugs; L. E. Fronani, Japanese goods; Mrs. M. Johnson, hosiery; Miss E. B. Hart, nieces' spring suits, dresses (for anniversary sale); Miss E. M. Biddison, silk and wool capes; J. O. Moque, furniture; Miss B. C. Lochhead, corsets; J. L. East, boys' clothing; R. H. Keller, candies; Mrs. M. F. La Vake, gowns; 370 7th Av., Room 1701.

WASHINGTON, D. C.—Palais Royal: Miss M. Cebrns, women's, misses' juniors' stout dresses, evening gowns; 220 8th Av. (F. Atkins).

WASHINGTON, D. C.—Behrends' Dept. Store: M. Behrends, girls' sport coats, capes, novelty sweaters; 115 W. 30th (E. F. Levin).

WASHINGTON, N. C.—Lewis D. G. Co.: L. H. Lewis, ready-to-wear; J. T. Lewis, dry goods; Martinique.

WASHINGTON—I. Alpert & Co.: J. Alpert, pants materials; Herald Square.

WASHINGTON—Ethacher's: Mrs. G. Erkbacher, ready-to-wear, dresses, skirts; L. Goldstone, coats, suits; Pennsylvania.

WASHINGTON, Pa.—Miss C. B. McKean, dress goods; Martinique.

WAYNESBORO, Pa.—Bloom Bros.: I. H. Bloom, ready-to-wear; Pennsylvania.

WHEELING, W. Va.—National Millinery Stores: A. Chaskin, trimmed hats; 15 W. 38th (V. Blaut).

WHEELING, W. Va.—Stone & Thomas: H. M. Heilrich, furniture, carpets, draperies, rugs; 276 5th Av. (C. A. Cook).

WHEELING, W. Va.—Stone & Thomas: Miss L. M. Gordon, infants' wear; 276 5th Av. (C. A. Cook).

WILKES-BARRE, Pa.—MacWilliams: W. P. Whalen, domestics, flannels, blankets; 106 Grand (Jay & Co.).

WILKES-BARRE, Pa.—L. Rosenthal, clothing; Flanders.

WILKES-BARRE, Pa.—Justin Bergman; Miss J. B. Smith, silk waists, muslin underwear; 117 W. 23d. (Hoffman & Hartblay).

WILKES-BARRE, Pa.—MacWilliams; Miss S. Evans, notions; Pennsylvania.

WILKES-BARRE, Pa.—Blum Bros.: I. Blum, ready-to-wear; 303 5th Av. (A. Alexander).

WILLIAMSPORT, Pa.—Heyman Bros.: H. Heyman, coats; Pennsylvania.

WINCHESTER, Va.—Molin & Seal: T. Molin, W. Seal, dry goods, gen. mdse.; Martinique.

WINFIELD, Kan.—J. B. Lynn & Son: C. F. Lynn, sweaters; 130 W. 32d. (A. Mincer, Inc.).

WOONSOCKET, R. I.—McArthur Dry Goods Co.: Mr. Savage, ready-to-wear; 171 Madison Av. (H. J. Cronin).

WORCESTER, Mass.—James McDermott (Baby Shop); Miss M. Foskett, infants' children's coats, dresses; Miss I. King, children's millinery; Pennsylvania.

WORCESTER, Mass.—J. C. McInnes Co.: A. C. Wood, notions, buttons, toilet and art goods; 452 4th Av. (Dry Goods Union).

WYTHEVILLE, Va.—Rafie's Women's Shop: J. Rafie, women's wear; Imperial.

YORK, Pa.—James McLean & Sons: Miss A. Seitzel, laces, ribbons, millinery, jewelry; Miss C. Manifold, notions; 452 4th Av. (Dry Goods Union).

YORK, Pa.—Correct Millinery: H. Raffel, felts; 20 W. 37th.

YOUNGSTOWN, Ohio—J. M. McKelvey Co.: E. C. Millirod, mdse. mgr.; Miss I. G. Link, corsets; Mrs. B. McCambridge, leather goods, handkerchiefs; Miss T. A. Holahan, petticoats, kimonos, bathrobes, muslin underwear, infants' wear; R. M. Slick, china, glassware, crockery; Miss G. Powell, hosiery; O. D. Sheets, ready-to-wear; 333 4th Av. (J. M. Biggins, Inc.).

YOUNGSTOWN, Ohio—Strouse-Hirshberg Co.: H. Silverman, silverware, glassware, lamps; J. M. MacDonald, upholstery goods, rugs, carpets, curtains; P. J. O'Hara, house furnishing goods, toys; 1,150 B'way (Baer & Lilienthal); Park Avenue.

YOUNGSTOWN, Ohio—H. Kobacher; ready-to-wear; Martinique.

ZANESVILLE, Ohio—E. H. Sturtevant Co.: F. C. Hofmayer, silks, cottons, linens, &c.; 199 W. 32d (A. Pantl).

ZANESVILLE, Ohio—A. R. Starr Co.: A. J. Eberstein, coats, suits, waists, furs; 1,150 Broadway (Baer & Lilienthal).

BUSINESS NOTES.

Samuel D. French, who was formerly manager of the dress goods department of Claflin's, Inc., is now associated with Beyer & Sayer, Inc., woolens and dress goods, 13 to 19 West Twenty-first Street. He is in charge of the dress goods sales of the latter organization.

The Gotham Children's Underwear Company, 54 Bond Street, has opened an uptown showroom in the Centurian Building, 1,133 Broadway.

Hugo Moses, who was formerly with B. Kirschbaum & Co., Chicago, is now connected with Goldfarb, Blair, makers of capes, wraps and coats, 3 West Nineteenth Street. He will represent them in the Middle West, with offices in Chicago.

Jeremiah Tanner of Tanner Brothers, hosiery and underwear commission merchants, 225 Fifth Avenue, has left for an extended trip to the West Indies for the purpose of making additional connections in the various countries visited.

Louis Gordon, formerly with Max Maltz, is now connected with the Rosenthal Costume Company, 24 West Thirteenth Street, for whom he will have full charge of sales.

TRADE CONFERENCE CALLED

National Council to Consider Problems at New Orleans in May.

"European Conditions as Relating to the World," will be the central theme for consideration at the tenth National Foreign Trade Convention, which will meet in New Orleans May 2, 3 and 4, according to an announcement yesterday by James A. Farrell, President of the United States Steel Corporation, as Chairman of the National Foreign Trade Council. An invitation to attend the conference was extended by President Farrell to "all Americans engaged in foreign trade or connected with any factor of international commerce."

In his announcement, Mr. Farrell says: "The foreign trade of the United States renders a service that is of benefit to the nation and the individual. It assists in supplying material for our industry and furnishes an outlet for our products. It is an agency of prosperity that is entitled to our thoughtful study.

"To provide a national opportunity for consideration of the questions confronting American foreign trade, to examine its present condition and its need for the future, to study means of assisting to restore production and consumption abroad as well as at home, to improve transportation on land and sea, and to secure the thoughtful judgment of experienced business men on these and other matters of vital concern to all the American people, the National Foreign Trade Council will hold the tenth National Foreign Trade Convention in New Orleans."

TOY FAIR DINNER.

Manufacturers and Buyers From All Parts of Country Attend.

Toy buyers and manufacturers who are here in connection with the annual Toy Fair held a dinner last night at the Hotel Bresiin commemorating the inception of the Toy Fair twenty years ago. The speakers said that the toy industry in America was not created by the war, but that there are many manufacturers who have been in America here for over half a century.

The Toy Fair, which closes on March 10, occupies four floors of the Hotel Bresiin, where everything from baby automobiles to penny whistles can be seen. It is larger and more complete than ever, but is exclusively a trade display, and visited by buyers from every State, as well as Canada and foreign countries.

The Committee of Arrangements was composed of Warren M. Goodspeed, William Ritchie, Bernard E. Franks, Clarence Kimme, Charles E. Graham and C. P. Henry. The speakers were Mr. Ritchie, toastmaster; George E. Fox, Mr. Graham, Mr. Henry, Victor B. Bear, and Robert H. McCready.

POPE AT ANNIVERSARY MASS

Coronation of Pius XI. Took Place a Year Ago Yesterday.

ROME, Feb. 12.—The first anniversary of the coronation of Pope Pius was celebrated today with a pontifical mass in the Sistine Chapel, at which Cardinal Bonzano officiated. The pontiff was present, with the members of the Sacred College, the diplomatic corps at the Vatican and numerous prelates of high rank.

Among the last were Archbishop Furnasoni-Biondi, the new apostolic delegate to the United States; Mgr. Floersh, newly appointed Coadjutor Bishop of Louisville; Mgr. O'Hern, rector of the American College, and Dr. John Mullen, former rector of Boston Cathedral.

SEEKS A HOME FOR YOLANDA

Count Calvi di Bergolo Plans to Live Near His Cavalry School.

TURIN, Feb. 12 (Associated Press).—Count Calvi di Bergolo is seeking to engage a villa at Pinerolo, in Piedmont, to which to take his royal bride after his marriage to Princess Yolanda. This is significant of the Count's reported intention not allow his alliance with the royal family to interfere with his work as instructor in the cavalry school at Pinerolo, which is one of the best in Europe.

VOLUMINOUS SKIRTS IN POIRET'S OPENING

He Is Featuring Spanish Effects and Using Crinoline at the Hips.

REVIVING MINARET STYLES

Premet Retains the Semi-Fitted Straight-Line Back in Coats, Suits and Tailored Gowns.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, Feb. 12.—The Spanish styles featured by Paul Poiret draw their inspiration from the splendors of the art of Velasquez. They introduce typical Spanish colorings and material, and show a predilection for bodices draped to outline the figure to the hip line, where the full gathered skirts are set on, either with an enormous roll of material or with an upstanding petal-like emplacement about the sides and back of the figure. These are faced with material contrasting with that of the bodice and framing the slender lines of the figure. Poiret also sets the skirt on at the hip line with a full shirred heading of material, especially in taffeta models.

All gowns showing Spanish influence are especially long, practically sweeping the floor. In the Spanish group are many with bodice tightly draped to the hip line and skirt widely distended at the hips by means of crinoline or boning. The skirt is voluminous in the extreme, and the entire gown in pure period style and coloring. Black taffeta, sometimes embroidered with colorful nosegays in reds with a touch of purple or yellow, is favored for the Spanish evening frock.

Poiret also revives the minaret styles which are so closely allied with his name, supplementing the bodice fitted to the hip line with one, two or three circular peplums, a single peplum extending across the front only, while three tiers of flounces decorate the front and sides. Poiret's combinations of color and material were never more effective than this season, favored combinations including putty, with figured black and white crêpe marocain, old gold lamée with bronze lamée and brown lace, bright Egyptian red and flame with putty or white, black moiré with white moiré, black crêpe with crêpe georgette, brown crêpe with gold lamée and bronze embroidery, black moiré with white crêpe trimmed with big coral and gold beads, plain navy crêpe with navy and white figured crêpe, and brilliant canary yellow for sports wear, embroidered in taupe. Particularly admired were the models called "Madame," a study in gray; "Petunia," a charming taffeta frock in two shades, and "Chocolitae," a gown of brown crêpe with gold lamée vestee and bronze embroidered bands.

Like all Paris, couturiers, Poiret lays particular emphasis upon the silk crêpe suit this season, combining crêpe with plain worsteds in the same shade or in contrasting colors.

Suit jackets of silk suits are softly belted at a decidedly dropped waistline and are trimmed with bandings of contrasting material or embroidery. Tailormades of gray mixtures or reps in staple navy and reindeer shades are cut upon lines quite different from those introduced by any other Paris couturier, Poiret featuring the circular movement in the peplum at sides and front and flat-back narrow skirts, sometimes draped.

Particularly suited to the style of the smart Parisienne are the sports suits and dresses designed especially for this Beauville season. All are youthful in line and treatment, individual and in some instances daring in color combinations, requiring the perfect setting of the French seaside resort to set them off. French women customers present at the opening today were particularly enthusiastic about these Summer sports models.

There are shown the usual number of Poiret evening capes, one of gold lamée turned back in a wide band, a green velvet band outlining the entire front, another of rose-tinted lamée front is wrapline in extending into a cape at the back, where it forms a two-tier effect.

Egyptian draperies at Premet's concentrate fullness at the centre or side front retaining the straight-line narrow silhouette at the sides and back. This house uses the overflaring front skirt merging into cascading drapery at the right front. The drapery actually lifts the skirt in the front, where the gown is shorter at the hem.

Handsome beaded ornaments, embroidered motifs or jeweled stomachers are features of draped frocks. Premet's is one of the few houses retaining the semi-fitted, straight-line back, so becoming to American women, most couturiers breaking the line by pulling the gown or coat tight about the hips in the back. In coats, as well as suits, tailored gowns and even in evening frocks, this straight-line back prevails.

Separate coats are all of three-quarter lengths and cut full, though the fronts are so deeply overlapped that the narrow line is acquired when the wrap is worn. There is a noticeable fullness in motor coats, which is welcomed by the feminine autoist. Some makers even introduce a circular movement at each side of the motor coat, but these garments are also worn deeply overlapped, so that the fullness is scarcely discernible. Aviation and motorists' suits are developed in tinted suède tissue in soft Lanvin green or rose shades. Smart alpaca suits are much admired. A marked revival of moiré is also noted.

DECLINE IN GRAIN EXPORTS.

Drop of 80,000 Bushels in Week Offset by Corn and Rye for Abroad.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 12.—Grain exports from the United States last week totaled 6,649,000 bushels as compared to 6,734,000 bushels for the week previous.

The falling total was due principally to a decline in the amount of wheat and barley sent abroad, which was partially offset by increases in the shipments of corn and rye. The largest decrease in grain exports was that of wheat sent to Italy, which decreased from 1,573,000 bushels week before last, to 249,000 bushels last week.

The totals for last week as compared with those for the week previous were made public by the Commerce Department as follows:

Wheat 2,861,000 bushels, against 3,579,000 bushels; corn 2,163,000 bushels, against 1,622,000 bushels; barley 114,000 bushels, against 320,000 bushels; oats 46,000 bushels, against 34,000 bushels; rye 1,462,000 bushels, against 1,159,000 bushels.

Canadian grain in transit amounted to 2,368,000 bushels last week, as compared to 2,580,000 bushels the week previous.

JAMAICA HOME ROBBED.

Jewels Worth $1,000 Stolen While Family Is Absent.

Detectives of the Twelfth Inspection District, under command of Inspector Kelly, are seeking to solve the robbery of the apartment of Mr. and Mrs. R. L. Head, in the Alsop Court Apartments, 71 Alsop Street, Jamaica, last Sunday night. Gems worth more than $1,000 were stolen while Mr. and Mrs. Head were absent.

The story became known yesterday when Mr. Head reported the loss to the police. He is the Long Island District Wholesale Manager of the Nash Motor Car Company.

$240,000 Loan Placed.

Quinlan & Leland have placed a first mortgage loan of $240,000 on the twelve-story loft building at 113 to 123 West Twenty-ninth Street for the Vulcan Realty Corporation, Aaron Coleman, President.

UNION LAUNDRY DRIVERS BEAT STRIKE BREAKERS

Four Are Fined $10 Each—Eleven Strikers Arrested in the Bronx.

Violence marked the strike of the United Laundry Workers and the Ice Cream Wagon Drivers' Union yesterday. Eleven ice cream wagon drivers were arrested by the police after they had assaulted two strikebreakers. Four men arrested for beating strikebreakers driving laundry wagons were fined $10 in Morrisania Court.

William Dorey of 405 West Forty-Eighth Street, and Albert Junker of 230 East 241st Street, drivers for the Superior Ice Cream Company of Cypress Avenue and 135th Street, complained that they had been badly beaten after being dragged from their wagons by strikers.

Captain James J. Skehan and several detectives toured the Bronx in automobiles and picked up eleven men. The drivers who were attended by a surgeon of Lincoln Hospital, said they recognized Louis Young and Edward Fredericks of 325 Clinton Street, as their assailants. They were locked up in the Alexander Avenue station, charged with felonious assault. The other nine men were charged with acting in concert with Young and Fredericks.

A group of 25 laundry strikers surrounded the wet wash laundry truck of the New Style Laundry Company at Prospect Avenue and 161th Street and tried to get Abraham Green, the driver, to abandon the truck. Sidney Lowy of 1,335 Prospect Avenue, son of the owner of the laundry, remonstrated with the strikers and they attacked him. The windshield of the vehicle was smashed.

Magistrate McKinlry in Morrisania Court, said that in future he would send strikers guilty of violating the law to the workhouse.

Morris Kaufman, organizer of the laundry workers, declared that strike pickets were molested "by hired gangsters of the employers." He declared that the strike would affect 500,000 families using wet wash laundries when the walkout spread from the east side to Harlem and the Bronx. The strikers are demanding recognition of the union and a 44-hour week.

$650,000 BRONX DEAL.

Twelve Five-Story Houses in Brook Avenue Change Ownership.

Samuel Grossman sold twelve five-story and store apartments each about 40 by 100 occupying the plot front east side of Brook Avenue from 135th Street to 136th Street and on the south side of 136th Street, 125 feet.

Mr. Grossman held these houses since 1905, when he acquired them from the builders, Grossman Bros. & Rosenbaum Inc., of which firm he was a member.

The property houses over 400 families having a total rent roll of $90,000 and has been held at $650,000. The purchaser is Senyar Realty Corporation, Nathan Karnes, President and the sale was negotiated by Jacob Kaplan.

Samuel Jaffe, a real estate operator, has sold the five-story apartment house 1,506 Boston Road located at the junction of Boston Road and Wilkins Avenue. The property was held at $100,000. Samuel Bitterman acted as attorney for the seller. William Cannon & Associates were the brokers in the transaction.

MADISON AVENUE LEASE.

Advertising Agency Will Pay Aggregate Rental of $600,000.

Webb & Knapp leased through William A. White & Sons, the entire tenth and half of the ninth floor in the new building at 379 Madison Avenue for a term of years at an aggregate rental of over $600,000, to the George Batten Company, advertising agents, of which Wm. H. Rolls is president. The George Batten Company were among the first to move into the Fourth Avenue building, 381 Fourth Avenue, thirteen years ago when the uptown movement first began. The space now engaged by them contains over 30,000 square feet and represents an increase of 30 per cent over their present offices. The space will be ready for occupancy May 1st.

Suburban Buyers.

Prince & Ripley have sold for Katherine V. Chapman her Colonial house on a large corner plot in Pelham Heights, Westchester County, to Willard F. Fechtman of Yonkers, a member of the firm of I. F. Fechtman & Co. of New York City, importers of upholstery and drapery fabrics. The present tenant of the conveyed property will occupy until May 1, when the owner will take possession. The property was held at $21,000.

George Howe sold for Mrs. Katherine Candi her property at Katonah, Westchester County, comprising six acres overlooking Cross River Reservoir, to Edmund G. Vaughn. Mr. Vaugun, who recently purchased the Thorne estate, will add this property to his holdings. The property was held at $12,000.

Murray B. Parks sold for Lewis Bowman an English stucco house at Eastland Avenue and Pine Boulevard, Pelham. The house features a two-story studio living-room and is unique in architecture. The property was held at $35,000.

William K. MacDonald sold to a client of Otterbourg, Steindler & Houston the fourteen-room dwelling on the southeasterly corner of Keen Lane and Wood Lane, Woodmere, L. I., on a plot 250 by 300. After alterations have been completed the purchaser will occupy the premises.

Operators Buy in Brooklyn.

The three four-story brick store properties, 716 to 720 Nostrand Avenue, between Prospect Place and Park Place, and a four-story apartment building at 786 Prospect Place, near Nostrand Avenue, have been sold by Charles Partridge Company. These properties were sold for Sarah and Lester Miller to a well-known firm of operators.

Oliver E. Allard, as broker, sold the northwest corner of Nostrand Avenue and Avenue J, 105 by 100 feet, to a client for investment.

Davenport Real Estate Company, Inc., sold the three-family dwelling at 34 Martense Street, on a plot 25 by 113, for the Thirty-six Martense Street Corporation to a client; the one-family semi-detached dwelling at 1,318 East Fourteenth Street, for Mrs. Claire B. Burke to a client for occupancy, and the two-family brick dwelling at 273 Midwood Street for Adolph Wittemen to George R. Letterman.

12-Story Apartment House Sold.

Samuel A. Brenner has purchased from Samuel A. Herzog the Allendale, a twelve-story apartment house at 803 West End Avenue, on a plot 11.8 by 116 at the northeast corner of Ninety-ninth Street, showing a rent roll of about $135,000. The price paid was approximately $1,100,000. Mr. Brenner gives in part-payment the house at 324 West Seventy-second Street, valued at $75,000. Julian D. Sizer was the broker.

Purchase Broadway Loft.

Myron and J. Jerome Nathan, dealers in office furniture at 452 Broadway, have contracted for the purchase of the five-story store and loft building at 546 and 548 Broadway, through to 30-38 Crosby Street. The purchase price is $307,125. The sellers, Everett, Heaney & Co., acquired this parcel, together with adjoining realty, in 1919 from Vincent Astor.

Buys Front Street Loft.

Charles F. Noyes Company, in conjunction with George R. Read & Co., sold for William J. Matheson 188 Front Street to Joseph J. Robinson (George M. Auten & Co.) the five-story loft building just north of Burling Slip and covering a lot 21 by 58. The property was valued at $85,000. The purchaser will occupy.

West Side Dwelling Sold.

The Houghton Company sold for Frances R. Lee et al., represented by Frederick R. Lee of the Famous Players-Lasky Corporation and R. H. Lee of the U. H. Hoffman Machine Company the three-story dwelling, 68 West Ninety-fifth Street, on a lot 19 by 100.6½ to a client for occupancy.

LATEST DEALINGS IN REALTY FIELD

Operator Buys and Sells Apartment House Properties Valued at $900,000.

EL CASCO COURT IS SOLD

The Allendale, a Twelve-Story House in West End Avenue, Bought by Samuel Brener.

Two apartment house transactions in Manhattan were closed yesterday when an operator bought and sold properties on the west side valued at $900,000.

The first deal involved the sale by the Biltmore Estates, Bedros G. Tersian, President, of the premises 521 and 523 West 112th Street, two eight-story fireproof buildings, 75 by 100 each, divided into five and seven room apartments, accommodating sixty-four families. The rental is over $100,000, and the property was held close to $650,000.

The same interests disposed of 631 Edgecombe Avenue, a six-story elevator apartment located at the northwest corner of 168th Street and Edgecombe Avenue, 140 by 30, accommodating sixty families, the annual rent being $41,000, and sold for about $250,000.

Investor Buys El Casco Court.

The M. Morgenthau Jr. Co. and Everett M. Selzer Company, Consolidated, resold for the 205 Realty Corporation, Samuel Rosenberg, President, the El Casco Court, a six-story elevator apartment house at 205 to 209 West 109d Street, on a plot 80 by 100.11 feet. The property is located just east of Broadway, on the north side of 109d Street, where there is a subway station. It has accommodations for thirty-six families and has a rent roll of about $42,424 per annum. The sellers acquired this property through the same brokers in June, 1922. The purchaser, an investor, was represented by Frank B. Haubert of C. H. Vogler's office.

Samuel Brener has purchased from Samuel A. Herzog the twelve-story apartment house known as the Allendale at 803 West End Avenue, on a plot 100.8 by 116, at the northeast corner of Ninety-ninth Street, showing a rent roll of about $135,000.

The Allendale was built in 1911 by J. L. Mildecal & Son and sold by them to Benjamin Eleman, who parted with it to Frederick Brown in July, 1919, and Mr. Brown sold it a few months later to Mr. Herzog, the present seller.

Standard National Corporation, acting for the Nineteenth Ward Realty Company, purchased from Mary of Mark Nadler the three tenements, 142-144-146 Forsythe Street, on plot 75 by 100, situated 100 feet north of Delancey Street. The property rents for $17,500, and was held at $100,000. Considerable activity has lately developed in this section owing to the construction of the large fireproof Libby Hotel at Delancey and Christie Streets.

Advertising Club Buys New Home on Park Avenue.

The New York Advertising Club has purchased as a home the five-story building at the northeast corner of thirty-fifth Street and Park Avenue.

The building and the plot, 40 by 80, was purchased from the estate of James H. Robb.

The purchase price was $277,500, of which the initial sum of $10,000 has been paid. A second payment of $40,000 will be made on May 14. The seller takes back a purchase money mortgage of $227,500 for one year. It is estimated that, with the cost of the alterations, the property will represent to the Advertising Club an investment of about $500,000. The interior of the club's new home lends itself to a satisfactory rearrangement, from a wide-sweeping staircase from the street level club quarters, clerk's counter, reception room, cigar stand, telephone booths, coat rooms and the like, to the lounge rooms, library and reception rooms on the second floor.

The upper floors will provide for the administration section, private dining rooms and ladies' dining room. The entire upper floor will be used for the main dining room, offering a much larger capacity than is now available at the old club house. The billiard rooms will be in the basement.

Last April the Advertising Club almost closed a deal for a new clubhouse, to be erected on the site of the old Fifth Avenue Baptist Church, 2-10 West Forty-sixth Street, but the plan was never carried out.

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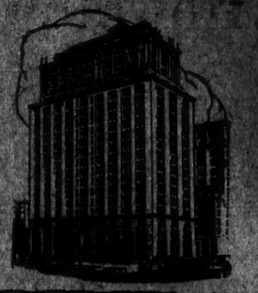

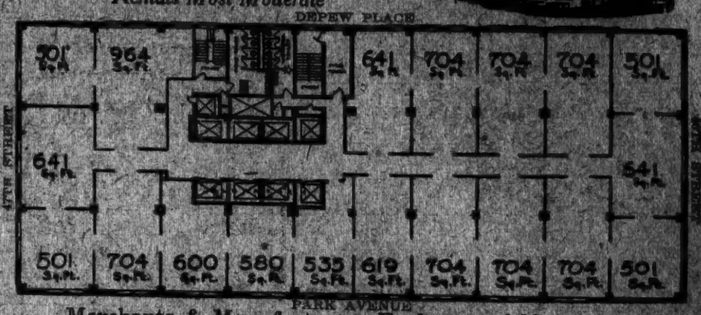

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PELDEAN COURT
High-class elevator apartments, 4-5 rooms and bath, 6 rooms and 2 baths; 2 minutes Co-station; 32 minutes to Grand Central.
THE JOHN T. BROOK COMPANY
Telephone 4788 Pelham, N. Y.

HOUSES.
Long Island For Sale.

HOLLIS—Colonial home, 8 rooms, tiled bath, breakfast room, sun parlor, steam heat, open fireplace, handsome decorations; large plot; best construction and workmanship; excellent neighborhood; tax exempt; 5 minutes Penn. Station; $10,000, cash $3,500. E. V. Brand & Son, 194-30 Jamaica Av., opposite 188th St., Hollis. Closed Sundays.

HUNTINGTON or vicinity—See me before buying. Gilbert F. Caire, Real Estate, Auctioneer and Appraiser, New York Av., Huntington, N. Y. Tel. 966-R.

AT KEW GARDENS.
FOR SALE.
WILL SACRIFICE.
Hollow tile house (10 rooms) 2 baths; green tile roof, heated garage; in best section; quick sale necessary; no brokers. Address Owner, B 68 Times.

Country Department.
ALBERT B. ASHFORTH, INC.,
12 East 44th St. Murray Hill 1100.
Associates.
STEPHEN H. TYNG JR. & CO.

Long Island For Rent.

NORTH SHORE of Long Island, between Glen Cove and Oyster Bay; for rent house, eight rooms, two baths, all modern improvements, open fireplace, screened porch, two-car garage, shady grounds, garden and fruit; will rent furnished or unfurnished by the season, year or term of years. For information phone Glen Cove 72-W or write B. C. Weeks, Mill Neck, N. Y.

Westchester For Sale.

CRESTWOOD—Seven-room house, steam heat, open fireplaces, sewer, gas, electricity; plot 120x100; near station; price $12,000. Zanesville Office, Crestwood, Harlem R. R.

MOUNT VERNON BARGAINS.
One and two family houses; easy terms; L. Blank, 428 Highland Av., Mount Vernon.

NEW ROCHELLE SACRIFICE.
I will sacrifice a very beautiful little six-room semi-bungalow in a very convenient location, near a splendid school, within 10 minutes of the station and bathing beach; has large living-room with fireplace, three bedrooms and tiled bath with shower; plot 65-foot front; with garage; I am asking $11,000; but want to sell; make your offer. R. D. Anker, New Rochelle 5306.

YOU MUST COME OUT
to White Plains and inspect this attractive home in exclusive residential section, on plot 50x150, containing large living room, fireplace, dining room, pantry, kitchen; four master bedrooms, bath; third floor, maid's room, bath; all appointments; garage; owner authorizes us to offer at $12,500 for quick sale. Chauncey B. Griffen, 12 East 41st St. Tel. Murray Hill 0326.

ALL ABOUT WESTCHESTER
and its near-by suburbs contained in our new illustrated booklet, mailed to those interested upon receipt of 4c postage; it gives valuable information on each town, village and city, with photographs and details of many properties; this booklet will save you much time and inconvenience. Write today.
CHAUNCEY B. GRIFFEN,
12 East 41st St., New York.

ANXIOUS TO SELL
my home in White Plains; fine location, near schools and station; containing hall, large living room, kitchen, three bedrooms and tiled bath, sleeping porch, steam heat, gas and electricity; garage; price $13,700. Apply L. R. Genung, 1 White Plains, N. Y. Tel. White Plains 2078 or Murray Hill 6120.

A SUBURBAN HOME-FARM
Ridgewood, N. J., 12½ acres, excellent soil, 8 acres cultivated; orchard; 2,300 strawberry plants, grapes; dwelling of 10 rooms; all improvements; 2-car garage, barn, poultry houses; both land and buildings in excellent order; occupancy April 1. Owner, Box 21.

MOUNT VERNON—Homes for sale by ANDERSON REALTY CO., near New Haven Station, Mount Vernon, N. Y.

RIDGEWOOD, NEXT TO NATURE.
Near New York.
Send for descriptive booklet.
Secretary, Box 123, Ridgewood, N. J.

Westchester For Rent.

MOUNT VERNON, N. Y.—Sublet 7 rooms, bath; residential location; near two stations; heat; hot water supplied; $110 month. Apply Supt., 23 East 4th St., Mount Vernon.

New Jersey For Sale.

LEONIA, N. J.—Attractive 7 room house; built to sell for $14,500; must sacrifice; want offer; handsome large living room, paneled dining room and hall; butler's pantry; sanitary gas kitchen; sun and open porches; large bedrooms; ample closet space; steam heat; open fireplaces; most attractive house built by day's work; located near depot, stores, schools, churches, &c.; large plot, fine views. Address Owner, Box 115.

LEONIA—Send for booklet; photos, description, attractive plan; best value housed in Jersey, $7,750 to $17,000. Pine Terrace Realty Co.

NEW semi-bungalow, six rooms; handsomely finished in mahogany and white; very large living room, dining room, sanitary kitchen; three large bedrooms; large closets; open fireplace; steam heat; most up-to-date house for the price you can find; price $10,000; terms can be arranged; well located on level plot; no assessments. E. E. Hopkins, 310 Central Av., Leonia, N. J.

RIDGEWOOD—Colonial house, near station, six rooms, bath; large plot; cash $1,500. Redell, 90 West Broadway, New York.

CHOICE selection 6-room homes; every improvement; large plot; select location; 5 min. station, 40 min. Times Square, West Shore R. R.; some as low as $500 down with easy monthly payments. J. A. Demarest's Sons, owners and builders, Bergenfield, N. J.

TO DESIRABLE party will sell new six-room house, all modern improvements, one-half hour out $600 cash, balance like rent. Owner, Room 401, 30 Church St., New York. Telephone Cortlandt 2146.

ATTRACTIVE house, five rooms, bath, all improvements; garage; large plot; shade, shrubs, fruit; near station, 45 minutes out; $4,800; cash $1,000. Special list commuting homes, K. Schur, 26 Cortlandt St.

New Jersey For Rent.

FREE list of houses for sale and rent. Write VAN WINKLE CO., Rutherford, N. J.

Connecticut For Sale.

STAMFORD, CONN.—Charming new six-room bungalow; large lot; two tile baths, tile kitchen, oak floors, copper screens; steam heat; fine bathing; honestly built; a rare bargain at $14,000.
Harris Construction Co.,
350-352 Atlantic St.

Houses Wanted.

OWNERS wishing to dispose of income property send particulars at once for quick action. J. Frank, 49 West 27th. Chelsea 10406-9.

I WANT to buy, cheap, private house or small apartment in Manhattan; give full details in reply; cash. C 1151 Times Harlem.

I want to buy a few real estate houses for speculation. A. Kiss, HUDSON BAY FUR COMPANY, 602 6th Av. (38th St.).

TO OWNERS AND ESTATES ONLY.
What have you for sale or lease? Good clients waiting, $3,000-$200,000; send particulars. Threebore, 426 East 168th St.

WE are in the market for houses, Manhattan and Bronx; must show good returns; brokers invited. Call or write Bishop, 61 Chambers St.

SUMMER HOMES.
New Jersey For Sale.

COTTAGES, Apartments, Stores, Asbury Park and vicinity, for sale and rent; bargains in up-to-date homes, terms to suit. Fidelity Realty & Mortgage Loan Co., Asbury Park, N. J. Phone 822.

Westchester For Sale.

FOR SALE—Desirable country home; eight acres; half beautifully landscaped; balance natural woods overlooking Hudson river; forty minutes from Grand Central terminal; all modern improvements; suitable for seminary, sanitarium, country club, &c. Z 2485 Times Annex.

Other Sections For Sale.

MAINE—For sale or lease, farm of 160 acres, with buildings complete, shore of Belgrade Lakes, including Summer Hotel, furnished and equipment; accommodates 150 guests; ideal spot for boys' or girls' camp. Further details, Dartmouth Real Estate Co., 21 Portland St., Portland, Me.

LOTS.
Bronx.

FOR SALE, desirable corner lot. Address E. S. Co., 11 East 42d St.

Brooklyn.

BAY RIDGE—2 lots, 50x100, unimproved, on Crescent Hill; overlooking bay; select neighborhood; make offer. Phone Shore Road 3412.

Westchester County.

SCARSDALE; (Sagamore Estate)—Building sites available in this beautiful community. Scarsdale Estement Corp., 41 West 34th. Pitney 1570.

WHERE SHALL I BUY MY BUILDING SITE?
If you are asking yourself that question, at this particular time, here is a rare opportunity to get a bargain at Cedar Park. We are instructed to close out a portion of plots at Cedarcroft. Some of the best, between the hotel and the new golf course, at specially reduced prices. Good, big plots, 1-3 of an acre, for as low as $3,000 to $4,000, all fully improved. And we are able to offer very easy terms to home builders. Send for information and booklet. Prince & Ripley, 565 Madison Av. Tel. Murray Hill 0560.

LOTS.
Westchester County.

AT BRONXVILLE—Today you can buy a superbly fine home site at a fraction of what was offered for it last Summer; at way less than it will bring this Spring; 1-3 to 1½ acres; forced sale, at a time when attention is off suburban realty. Ward Carpenter & Co., White Plains, N. Y.

AT BRONXVILLE—Today you can buy a superbly fine home site at a fraction of what was offered for it last Summer; at way less than it will bring this Spring; 1-3 to 1½ acres; forced sale, at a time when attention is off suburban realty. Ward Carpenter & Co., White Plains, N. Y.

APARTMENT HOUSES AND HOTELS
Rate, 55 Cents Per Agate Line.

Manhattan-Street For Sale.

NEAR 3RD ST., 40 ft. Gas, $5,040 below assessment; one convertible 20 years. Leroy Coventry, 54 West 72d.

90S, WEST, Riverside Drive-West End—Seven-story; 204 rooms; rent $29,200; cash $25,000; about 10-year mortgage; Harris Exchange, Times Building. Bryant 0610.

97TH (Near 2d Av.)—Two four-story colonies, 50x100; price $52,000, cash $8,000 (both). John Aiello, 178 East 116th. Harlem 8003.

BROADWAY vicinity, 7-story elevator; lot 100; 10-year 1st mortgage; rents $48,300; $25,000 cash required. Arthur Cutler Co., 170 West 72d St.

GRAMERCY PARK—Investment opportunity in building attractively altered into small apartments; price $65,000; terms. Gaines, Van Nostrand & Morrison, 23 East 26th St. Mad. Sq. 0867.

HARLEM—Great bargain, new five-story tenement in Harlem. Write for particulars, Box 78, 1,293 3d Av.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE property netting $16,000 yearly; cash required, $45,000; low rentals; finest on drive. Cohen, 112 Grand St.

Six story 100-foot apartment house netting $19,000; can be bought with $85,000 cash; good terms; location 112th St., near Broadway.

A six-story corner, fine location, Washington Heights netting $12,000; owner will sell for $100,000; cash required $30,000.

Fifty-foot new law, 4 families to floor; will deliver for $72,000. M. A. Fagan, 149 Park Row.

YORKVILLE—5-story double flat for sale. 1 apartment is vacant. John Lucker, 416 East 84th.

Manhattan-Street For Rent.

WEST BROADWAY TAX EXEMPT
Six-story new-law apartment, one block; layout, 2-4, 2-3 and 1-4 room apartments on a floor; rent $29,160; price $120,000; 10-year mortgage; cash required $30,000; principals, please. CHARLES B. VAN VALEN, INC., 110 William St., N. Y. Tel. Broad 8.0080.

INVESTOR'S BARGAIN—Elevator apartment, 100 feet on Central Park West; above 72 by cash and yearly after amortization of $8,000; $50,000 cash required; principals only; act quick. CHAS. K. CILSBY & CO., Inc., 129 West 72d St. Columbus 1718.

INVESTORS.
$20,000 will yield $11,000 profit; 1-story, 51 apartments, 3 stores, prominent corner; offered far below market value; will financed. Attorney, A 243 Times.

$31,000 CASH buys 6-story elevator apartment, 8th Avenue, above 110th Street; rental $11,800; $48K mortgage at attractive price.
DE HOGA COMPANY,
119 West 34th St.

Manhattan-Street For Rent.

APARTMENT house, 120 rooms, for long term. Lakin, 101 West 42d.

Other Sections For Sale.

HOTELS for sale and rent, Asbury Park and vicinity; full line of apartments home. Fidelity Realty and Mortgage Loan Co., Asbury Park, N. J. Phone 822.

Apartments and Hotels Wanted.

OWNERS wishing to dispose of income property, send particulars at once for quick action. J. Frank, 49 West 27th. Chelsea 10406-9.

INCOME property wanted on long lease; security. Write Principal, 19 West 42d.

FACTORIES—BUILDINGS

Manhattan-Street For Sale.

4TH AV. building for sale, 40th district; excellent location, 100-foot lot; annual rent $16,500. Phone for further particulars. Madison Square 8818.

23D ST., EAST (near 3d Av.)—4-story brick, suitable light manufacturing; elevator; 14,000 sq. ft.; bargain. Murray & Barber, Telephone Murray Hill 8760.

COLUMBIA COLLEGE Section—$17,500 cash required. 6-story elevator apartment, 60x100; rents $37,425, expenses $16,782, price $340,000. Clark Mayo-Davidge, 345 Madison Av., Vanderbilt 1450.

UNION SQUARE—Corner building, suitable alteration improvement; over 20,000 feet; attractive terms. Robert M. Fulton, 1 East 42d.

FACTORY, brick mill construction, 36,000 square feet; light four sides; complete steam and electric power plant; 15-ton refrigerator; best section lower Bronx; account removal, sell cheap. 749 East 177th St.

Manhattan-Street For Rent.

DOWNTOWN business buildings, all sizes, for occupancy and investment; space for rent. Frank L. Rodell, 90 West Broadway.

Two 4-story and basement remodeled buildings for business, near Metropolitan Building; terms. See owner, 123 East 24th.

FACTORIES—BUILDINGS

Brooklyn-Long Island For Sale.

BUSHWICK SECTION.
Lease less than 50 cents square foot or sell on reasonable terms; two buildings adjoining, one 50x100 feet, 4 stories, fireproof covered, area 40,000 square feet; all improvements; 6-ton elevator, two 100 horse power boilers, heavy concrete floors; large drains on floor; unrestricted zone; low rent. Frank Stelling Estate, 348 Lexington Av., Brooklyn. Decatur 9623.

LONG ISLAND CITY.
FACTORY LOFTS and BUILDING SITES, CLAY, 8 Jackson Av. (Subway Station).
LONG ISLAND CITY—Loft, factory buildings and sites; siding; waterfront.
NATHAN WEISS, 1 Bridge Plaza.

Other Sections For Sale.

NEW HARTFORD, Conn., Smith's Stand. Apply Mrs. Charles Chandler, 81 East 94th St., New York City.

POUGHKEEPSIE waste industries; 31,000 feet floor space; elevator; immediately available; sale, lease. P 196 Times.

LOFTS—FLOORS
Rate, 55 Cents Per Agate Line.

Manhattan-Street For Rent.

1ST AV., 339 (near 21st St.)—Two lofts, 25x82; electric elevator; $100 per month each; immediate possession. Telephone Bingham 5415.

17TH, 135 WEST.
Ground floor and basement, 65x82; for manufacturing; large windows; sprinkler system.

22D ST., EAST—Loft to sublet, about 3,000 square feet; also loft at West 40th St. Apply Capital Candy Co., 402 West 40th St.

23D ST., 16 EAST—Small loft for offices, stockroom or light manufacturing; elevator; best low rent. Adams & Co., 170 5th Av. Gramercy 1092.

24TH ST., 47 WEST—Part of store to let; possession at once. Apply Banner Fabrics.

29TH, Call 252-258 West (7th Av.), Watkins 1622—Daylight lofts for 10 or 20 machines, dresses, cloak, fur, needle trade; elevators, heat, watchmen; also store and basement.

30TH, 9 EAST—Small manufacturing loft, next to Textile Building; reasonable rent; immediate possession. Shell, 32 East 29th.

33D, 127-129-131 WEST—Large, light lofts to rent, sprinkler system, opposite Pennsylvania Hotel and Pennsylvania Station; suitable for office, showroom, light manufacturing. Inquire Berlin Renting Agency, 143 East 17th. Stuyvesant 3962.

35 EAST 20TH ST.—LOFT, 25x100.
Reduced rent for immediate action.
HYNE & BOWMAN,
36 East 42d St. Vanderbilt 2371.

39TH ST., 21 WEST—Fine loft, 25x90, Call 4th floor. Longacre 4191.

41ST ST., 218 EAST—Loft building, four-story, ground floor and basement, 100 ft.; possession. Kelly 643 3d Av.

46TH ST. (Near 5th Av.)—Large floor; suitable elite business; 3,200 feet; possession. MURRAY & BARBER, Murray Hill 6790.

50S-50E, 1 EAST—Entire basements; business; $150 up. Apply 560 Madison Av.

53D, near 5th Av.—Storage or light manufacturing; driveway, 3,500 sq. ft. Phone Bulley, Vanderbilt 3525.

53D, 127-9 WEST—Loft, size 38x100; concrete fireproof building, 20 posts; full size automobile elevators, electric light and power; heated. Inquire entrance 124 West 54th St.

54TH ST. (corner Broadway)—Stores for rent to responsible business men; location right, rents right; now is time to house your business; see renting agent, 1,116 Broadway.

BLEECKER ST., 132—Top floor for rent, wonderful light; 25x100; elevator; low rent. Adams & Co., 170 5th Av. Telephone Gramercy 1092.

BROADWAY, 880—Best loft, to lease, size 25x65; manufacturing allowed; immediate possession; low rent. Apply Adams & Co., 170 5th Av. Gramercy 1092.

BROADWAY (716 7th Av.) 48th—Store to let. Vorsimer, 220 West 42d.

KNICKERBOCKER BUILDING,
19 FIFTH AV., COR. 16TH ST.
Manufacturing and office space from 200 feet up, to be let immediate possession; very reasonable rent. Wm. S. Sussman, Inc., 309 Madison Av. Vanderbilt 1125.

Manhattan-Street For Rent.

UNIVERSITY PLACE, 64 (near 10th St.)—Floor and basement to let; 6 floors; elevator and heat. Adams & Co., 170 5th Av. Gramercy 1092.

WARREN ST., 36—Loft to sublet, light, elevator; with or without furniture. Clover Chemical Co.

WHITE ST., 32—Office subtenancy; large floor loft, $110; 3 doors from Broadway; top loft, $45. Canal 7890.

LOFT.
50x100, concrete fireproof building, no posts; fulltime elevator service; exceptionally attractive price, immediate possession. Brass Products Co., 100 West 22d Av. Phone Columbus 3842.

FACING COLUMBUS CIRCLE—Entire first floor, suitable for showroom, office, &c., 3,000 sq. ft., at $1 per foot; immediate; light, steam heat, freight elevator service; located at 2 West 61st St. Apply Burrelle, 7,000 Broadway.

SOUTH WILLIAM ST., 15—Small loft, 15x70, on first floor; especially suitable for office of sample room; rent $75 per month; from new Cotton Exchange; immediate or May 1st possession. WM. A. WHITE & SONS, 46 Cedar St. Tel. John 5700.

LOFT, 7,500 square feet, 24 Av. near 26th St., subway, elevator; steam heat, sprinkler; excellent for light manufacturing; very reasonable rent; immediate possession. Apply A. Wilson, Chelsea 1329.

MFG. LOFTS—OWNER, FITZGIT 4th St.
15 West 20th St. 5K 82
132 West 24th St. (also store) 32x110
130-140 Bleecker St. 25x100

ONE-HALF LIGHT LOFT to let, 3,300 square feet, up-to-date building; will divide to suit tenant. Apply S. J. Rosenberg, 148 Madison Av. Phone Madison Square 5828.

LIGHT loft, 54x25 feet, at 169 Madison Av., corner 32d St. for office, showroom or light manufacturing. Rumsey Realty Corporation, Bulgary Bros., 521 5th Av.

LOFT, 5,000 square feet, fireproof building; sprinkler system; minimum insurance rate. Apply Superintendent, 114 East 28th.

ENTIRE FLOORS (3,800 ft.)—Modern loft bldg. Building accommodations to suit. Apply 31 Broadway during office hours.

LOFT TO LET—Size 100 x 50; POWER; ELEVATOR. INQUIRE LAUNDRY, 407 LAFAYETTE.

LOFT
to lease, 15x30. 133 West 42d St.

SPACE to let for dressmaker or embroidery. Vogel, 132 West 40th.

LOFT, light; electric hoist. Inquire Lee Pelham Cigar Factory, 300½ Pearl St.

Brooklyn-Long Island For Rent.

LONG ISLAND CITY.
3,000 to 100,000 SQ. FT. SPACE.
Immediate occupancy or will build to suit.
KUHAN-CALLAHAN COMPANY,
BRIDGE PLAZA, LONG ISLAND CITY.

LOFT, 15,000 square feet; sprinkler; well; two elevators; light on four sides; two blocks from subway. James B. Fisher Company, 174 Montague St. Main 7287.

STORES

Manhattan-Street For Sale.

6TH AV., 297TH ST.—Beautiful store; sublease; excellent location. Madison Square 6668-9.

29TH, 232-238 WEST (7th Av.)—Store, 20x80, with or without basement; heat. Watkins 1622.

45TH ST., 22 EAST (near 5th Av.)—Store, women's wear block, 18 by 100, and fixtures; fine display window; immediate occupancy. J. & T. Cousins, 17 West 45th St. Telephone 0336 Plaza, or your broker.

48TH (just off 5th Av.)—Store, 2,300 feet; smart shop location; possession. MURRAY & BARBER, Telephone Murray Hill 6790.

50TH ST., just west of 5th Av.—Splendid street level store in important retail district for highest cash bidder; at sacrifice rental to desirable tenant. Popp Grunan, 522 5th Av. Vanderbilt 7557.

125TH (St

STORES

Manhattan—Rooms For Rent.

Continued From Preceding Page.

STORE
also PARLOR FLOOR,
246 West 46th St., near Broadway;
or ENTIRE BUILDING
On Long Term Lease.
$18,000.
A. H. Matthews & Co., 14 Maiden Lane, Cortlandt 6518.

OFFICE.
5,000 BROADWAY,
47TH TO 48TH ST.
A small, light office at $50 month. See Mr. Turner in rooting office.

Brooklyn—Long Island For Rent.

LONG ISLAND—Large store; suitable for restaurant and cabaret; excellent location. R. Smith, 90 Smith Building, Far Rockaway.

CORNER store, suitable for auto showroom and accessories or any other business. Allard, 1321 Foster Av. Mansfield 1061.

DOUBLE STORE, grand spot; gents furnishings, shoes, any business. 202 Court St.

OFFICES

Manhattan—Rooms For Rent.

5TH AV., 320—Large front office space, desk room; sunlight, phone; immediate possession; low rent. Room 1109.

5TH AV., 320—To let as part of light office. Call between 12 and 2 P. M., Room 527, or call Dry Dock 9468 for appointment.

5TH AV., 320—Private office, sublet, room $12; rental $70 month. Information from elevator starter or Chelsea 0083.

15TH, 103 EAST (Hotel Lucinda)—Large office, ground floor; suitable doctor, dentist.

5TH, 39 EAST—Will sacrifice large front office, one flight up, good for showroom; also small units $20.

42D, 11 EAST—Offices, small, $25 to $35 per month, monthly basis; phone service. Inquire at elevator.

42D ST., EAST—DESIRABLE OFFICE, 500 FEET; REASONABLE. BARMANN, 158 EAST 42D.

42D ST., 51 EAST—Private office, desk room; exceptional service. Suite 308.

42D, 47 WEST—Private office, furnished, with service; overlooking park. Room 809.

155 E. 44TH ST.
UNUSUALLY ATTRACTIVE OFFICES AND STORE; MOST CENTRAL LOCATION FOR BOTH CITY AND SUBURBAN BUSINESS; AGENT ON PREMISES.

47TH, 245 WEST (Ronax Building)—Office with partition; $45.

BROADWAY & 42D STREET.
Splendidly furnished and completely equipped office or suite; very reasonable; on Times Square subway station (I. R. T. & B. R. T.). Brokaw Bldg., 1457 Broadway. Suite 814.

BROADWAY, 894—Choice light corner of floor; square footage; desk room, whole or in part; reasonable. Room 300. Canal 8199.

BROADWAY (near 14th)—Small private office, $15-$20; telephone service. Stuyvesant 8007.

BROADWAY, 2020—Doctor will rent part of 3-room suite; equipment to dentist or doctor; splendid proposition; reasonable.

BROADWAY, 1,165, Room 605—$35; desirable for any business.

BROADWAY, 302—Private office or desk room. Room 606.

CHURCH ST., 80—Handsome three-roomed suite, sublet; exceptional opportunity to purchase furniture, low rent; one tenant pays about half rent. Suite 827E.

CONCOURSE (near)—Attractive corner, 402 feet, beautiful modern stone dwelling 9 rooms, 2 baths, solarium; 2-car garage; price $26,500. Phone Fordham 5676.

FIFTH AV., 276 (Room 701)—Private office, desk space, telephone; stenographic service.

GRAND CENTRAL ZONE—To sublet at sacrifice, entire floor, 3,000 sq. ft., modern fireproof building. Clark-Mays-Davidge, Inc., 347 Madison Av. Vanderbilt 1600.

MADISON AV., 280 (Room 701)—Small, attractive, outside office, furnished.

TIMES SQUARE—Furnished office; reasonable. Suite 612 Candler Building, 220 West 42d.

TIMES SQUARE—Furnished private office, lawyer's suite; 1,500 Broadway, Suite 410.

UNION SQUARE—Importer has exceptionally fine, light office, 14 by 18, sublet; telephone service. Stuyvesant 9776.

DOWNTOWN OFFICES.
Equitable Building, two private and reception, $175, 115 Broadway; inner and outer, furnished, $135; 2 Rector, 4 private, reception file room, $260; Hudson Terminal, furnished, private, in suite, $65; 24 Stone, 277 feet, furnished, river view, $65.
WILLIAM S. CONSTANT CO.,
115 Broadway. Rector 4968.

DOWNTOWN OFFICES.

500 feet	$1,000
600 feet	$1,800
1,000 feet	$2,500
3,000 feet	$3,000

Fine light, good location.
OWNER, Rector 4677.

DOCTOR'S OFFICE IN
RITZ CHAMBERS PROFESSIONAL BLDG.,
24 EAST 48TH ST.
2 AND 3 ROOM SUITES,
with maid and telephone service.
CHARLES S. PLUMMER, Agent,
402 Madison Av. 47th. Murray Hill 2980.

OFFICES.
Low Rents.
236 West 55th Street,
at Broadway.
Also a few completely furnished.

TWO OUTSIDE OFFICES, sunlight; mahogany furniture; telephone; stenographic service; will rent separately. Guarantee Trust Building, 522 5th Av., Room 525.

A NEW YORK BROADWAY OFFICE gives your business prestige; private furnished offices, $10 up; $50; telephone service; mail privileges, $5. Duane Co., 296 Broadway.

LARGE OFFICE, furnished, suitable financial, commercial, $100 monthly. Apply Mr. Acker, 50 Beaver St.

OFFICES, large, small; also skylight studio room. Apply superintendent, 1118 East 38th.

OFFICES TO LET IN
Capitol Theatre Building, 1,639 Broadway.

DESK ROOM

Manhattan—Bronx For Rent.

5TH AV., 303—Desk space, partitioned, private; complete service; reasonable. Room 1408.

34TH ST., 18 WEST—Desk room, with telephone service in quiet, dignified office. Room 71.

34TH, 47 WEST (Room 1044)—Desk room, also private office. Call afternoons.

34TH, 110 WEST—Desk rooms, with full service. Fitzroy 6673.

40TH, 110 WEST—Desk room in desirable light office. Room 1501.

B'WAY, 1,540—Office, finely equipped, private, telephone, $40. Suite 510. Bryant 4570.

BROADWAY (below Cortlandt)—Desk room or part of beautifully furnished private office in law.

CHURCH ST., 26; Dey, 20; Cortlandt, 25—Desk room, superior building, location; furniture, service, association; reasonable. Suite 912.

LIBERTY ST., 120—Desk room with rolltop desk and phone; private office; $20-$25. Room 503.

WALL ST., 2—Desk room, good location; reasonable. Room 67, 7th floor.

WARREN, 87—Office, furnished, $30; desk room $10; mail privilege $3. Nelles.

MAIL AND TELEPHONE PRIVILEGES
ONLY $3 PER MONTH.
use of desk, space for supplies, stenography and typewriting, name on door, bulletin listing; every convenience; investigate, earn.
HYDE, 309-311 5TH AV.

BRIGHT and attractively furnished office; outside exposure; top floor; 150 square feet; 2 blocks from Grand Central; reasonable rental; ideal for stockbroker's representative; reference required. Telephone Vanderbilt 8850.

FINANCIAL DISTRICT; suite, two offices; immediate occupancy. Call 42 Broadway, Room 1701, or phone 0487 Broad.

ATTRACTIVE desk space, light office; moderate; references. 500 5th Av., Suite 710.

DESK ROOM or mail and telephone service; Times Square office. Bryant 5877.

BUSINESS PLACES (Miscellaneous)

All Sections For Sale.

SO. FALLSBURGH, N. Y.
Garage for sale or rent, good opportunity for mechanic. For further information call on M. Goldman, 1,568 2d Av., New York City. Telephone Lenox 2609.

SACRIFICE BARGAIN.
Eighth Av., near 54th St.; four-story building with three bake ovens; wonderful opportunity; price $70,000; may be worth $100,000 in two years; act quickly. J. P. and L. A. Kissling, 806 8th Av.

SPACE for rent, suitable for dresses or waists; well established. Tardiers Millinery, 64 Bond St., Elizabeth, N. J.

CIGAR STAND for sale, very desirable location; reasonable price. 846 West 47th St.

All Sections For Rent.

$30, $65, $83, $110, $150
PER MONTH.
Lofts, showrooms and manufacturing spaces at 41 West 21st and 131 West 24th Sts., at low prices.
E. SHARUM CO.,
156 Fifth Av. Tel. Watkins 9878.

BUSINESS PLACES (Miscellaneous)

All Sections For Rent.

60TH, 20 WEST—Unusual front, spacious; best location; exceptional offer.

CHURCH ST., 30—Office, nice, outside, unfurnished, telephone service, very reasonable; also desk room. Room 308.

BUSINESS PLACES WANTED

TOP LOFT WANTED
for manufacturing of celluloid novelties, about 5,000 sq. ft., in fireproof sprinkler building; any location. Call Spring 6074.

HOTELIN REALTY quickly converted into stable. Henry Pierson, 283 Flatbush Av., Brooklyn.

INVESTOR will purchase small Manhattan store property or walk-up; no inflated rents. W 475 Times.

DESK room wanted, above 14th; $10. Address J. Nassauer, 33 Union Square.

APARTMENTS TO LET.

Furnished—East Side.

37TH, 103 EAST (Hotel Lucinda)—2 large outside rooms; $35 week.

81ST (Lexington)—Attractively furnished 3 rooms, kitchenette and bath, $75; also 1 room, kitchenette bath, $45. Stuyvesant 9766.

37TH, 147 EAST—Floor, 2 large rooms, foyer, kitchenette, fireplaces; unusual. Kean.

38TH ST. (303 Lexington Av.)—2 rooms and bath, reduced rental $160. Telephone Murray Hill 2119.

40TH—2-room apartment, modern elevator building; magnificently furnished; $125. Columbus 1378.

44TH ST., 141 EAST (Apt. 1)—2 large rooms, kitchenette, bath; completely furnished; twin beds, piano, modern; $100.

49TH ST., 10 EAST—Sunny apartment to lease, furnished; 2 rooms, bath, kitchenette arrangement. Telephone Vanderbilt 6266.

53D (near Park Av.)—Lady going Europe would sublet, sell furnishings 4-story, basement; modern, compact dwelling; floors let separately, if desired; all conveniences; unusual opportunity lady couple, secure refined home with attractive income; servants would remain; moderate investment. Tel. 2011 Plaza.

53D, 39 EAST—Attractive, furnished front two-room and bath apartment; seen after 1. Lewis, Plaza 9677.

56TH ST., 127 EAST—Two rooms, kitchen, bath; long or short lease; moderate rent.

65TH, 53 EAST—Two rooms, kitchenette, bath, furnished; $175. Plaza 0982.

66TH (Madison Av.)—Large, very attractive studio; fireplace, piano, telephone; modern; exceptional opportunity; $15 weekly. Telephone Butterfield 0281.

67TH (Madison)—Two rooms, kitchen, bath; bargain; $100. Elberson, 25 West 43d.

68TH ST., 329 EAST—Comfortable accommodations business couple, single gentleman or ladies; kitchenette.

72 EAST 89TH STREET.
Beautiful three-room apartment; very large rooms, elegantly furnished; reduced rents. Superintendent on premises.

72D ST. AT MADISON AV. (Hotel Ashton)—Hotel service, unprecedented rates, high-class rooms with and without bath; without, $12 up; one with bath, $14 up; also two rooms and bath at rates in proportion; all conveniences; subway, surface cars, bus and Park.

GRAMERCY PARK, 47—Until October or for longer lease. Apply ground floor.

MADISON AV., 685—Attractive apartment, 3 large rooms, kitchenette, bath; city heat; $175 monthly; to October; references exchanged. Call Rhinelander 1564.

MURRAY HILL SECTION—Exclusive, furnished entire floor, private house, large light rooms, fireplaces, service; references. Murray Hill 4493.

PARK AV. $15—Most attractively furnished 7 rooms, 3 baths, for 3 or 5 months; agent on premises; rent reasonable.

PARK AV.—Six rooms, magnificently furnished; $800. Murray Hill 4444.

FURNISHED apartments; all sizes and rentals. Jacobs, 50 East 42d. Vanderbilt 9097.

APARTMENT, whole floor private physician's home, all modern improvements; furnished or unfurnished; near Gramercy Park; newly decorated; music room for entertaining; no other tenants; cultured young couple; reasonable rent if contribute part care and perhaps board owner; references. Box 603, 2501 World Tower Bldg.

EAST SIDE. WEST SIDE.
SELECT APARTMENTS
FURNISHED AND UNFURNISHED,
TWO TO TWELVE ROOMS.
HERBERT HECHT CO.,
425 Madison Av. Murray Hill 4444-4445.

Furnished—West Side.

47TH, 341 WEST (HILDONA COURT).
Elevator apartments, one, two, three rooms and bath, showers, kitchens, kitchenettes; all newly furnished and decorated; $30 weekly up. Longacre 5560.

47TH, 119 WEST—Furnished 2-room apartment with all improvements.

47TH, 225 WEST—Entire floor, four rooms, beautifully furnished; day elevator, modern; accommodate eight; also one-room studio apartment, one flight; business or residence.

47TH, 119 WEST (Rialto Apartments)—High-class apartments, 2 rooms, bath, $100 monthly up; hotel service; references required.

52D, 33 WEST—To one desiring furnished apartment that is different and unusually high class with sunless dry quarters, two very large, sunny rooms, with open fireplaces; bath, breakfast kitchenette, occupying entire floor; at reasonable rental; bachelor preferred; charmingly furnished and homelike; includes grand piano, twin beds, telephone, optional maid service. Apply Wynn apartment.

53D, 39 WEST—Artistically furnished two rooms; bath, kitchenette apartment; lease $115 monthly. Phone Fitzroy 4729.

54TH, 24 WEST—Exceptional apartment, 2 rooms, kitchenette, artistically furnished; superior house.

54TH, 305 WEST—Two rooms, front, large kitchenette, running water, electricity, Long.

55TH ST., (corner 7th Av.)—The Regal, modern elevator apartment house, newly furnished; maid, valet service; one room and bath, $90; reference.

55TH ST., 347 WEST—Two rooms, bath, kitchenette; corner apartment; immediate possession; Phone 7120 Circle, Apt. 7A.

56TH ST. 306 WEST.
HOTEL THORNDYKE.
VERY ATTRACTIVE TWO-ROOM SUITE WITH PRIVATE BATH; SPECIAL WEEKLY RATES; FULL HOTEL SERVICE.

57TH ST., 116 WEST—ATTRACTIVE SUITE OF PARLOR, BEDROOM AND BATH TO SUBLET. APPLY MANAGER, GREAT NORTHERN HOTEL.

57TH ST., 340 WEST—2-3 rooms and bath; maid and valet service; $100 up monthly; references.

58TH, 56 WEST—Front basement, private bath; nicely furnished; $65 month.

60TH, 20 WEST—Handsomely furnished, 2 rooms, bath, kitchen. Apply Hayes.

172T (Broadway)—6 rooms, 2 baths, outside; new building; grand piano, Victrola; magnificently furnished; sacrifice $280. Columbus 1378.

72D, 43 WEST (Royalton Apartment Hotel)—Attractively furnished two-room suites, bath; hotel service; restaurant; by month or year; from $115 per month up.

73D, 119 WEST—VERY LUXURIOUSLY FURNISHED, TWO ROOMS; PRIVATE BATH; SEPARATE KITCHEN; COMPLETE HOUSEKEEPING; WEEKLY, MONTHLY.

73D ST., 126 WEST (Hotel Nobleton)—Newly decorated, luxuriously furnished, 1-2-3 outside rooms, private bath, elevated, surface cars, subways; from $60 to $45 weekly; full hotel service; restaurant.

74TH, 103 WEST—Studio with kitchen and bath, also small rooms; reasonable.

76TH, 236 WEST (Near Broadway)—Two rooms, kitchenette, bath; beautifully furnished; elevator, telephone, electricity and gas; rent reasonable.

76TH, 236 WEST—Newly furnished large front room and kitchen, with private bath; $25; steam, phone, electricity.

77TH, 10 WEST—VERY LUXURIOUSLY FURNISHED, TWO ROOMS, PRIVATE BATH; SEPARATE KITCHEN; COMPLETE HOUSEKEEPING; WEEKLY, MONTHLY.

79TH, 307 WEST—2-room apartment; all outside; will rent till Oct. 1; $250 per month; references required. Edwards.

80TH—7 rooms, front, elevator; piano, Victrola; magnificently furnished; $225. Columbus 1378.

80TH—Elevator apartment, seven rooms, bath, piano, $175. Elberson, 25 West 43d.

81ST, COLUMBUS AV. (Hotel Colonial)—Newly decorated, furnished, 1-2-3 outside rooms; private bath; elevated, surface cars, subways; $17.50-$22-$40 weekly; complete service; restaurant.

84TH, 17 WEST—7 rooms, bath; steam heat, electric lights, hot water; $125.

86TH, 21 WEST—Large room, bath, kitchenette, southern exposure; electricity; maid service.

86TH, 257 WEST—Unusual value; 2 spacious rooms, detached, kitchenette, maid; $225.

91ST, 32 WEST—One and two room apartments; newly decorated; everything complete for housekeeping; $90 monthly and up; parlor floor.

91ST ST. and Broadway—Two, three, seven rooms, furnished; elevator. 2,463 B'way.

92D, 30 WEST—NEW HOUSE, JUST COMPLETED; TWO ROOMS; $80 UP; MAID AND VALET SERVICE.

94TH (off Riverside)—Front apartment, 5 rooms and bath; beautifully furnished home, piano, victrola, going abroad; sublet until September; $200. Riverside 1423.

APARTMENTS TO LET.

Furnished—West Side.

96TH, 320 Central Park West.—Corner apartment; 6 exceptionally large, light rooms; moderate rental. Supt. on premises.

97TH, 50 WEST—Artistic remodeled house, two rooms, private bath; complete city kitchenette arrangement, shower, telephone; maid service if desired; linen, silver; refined neighborhood, near Park; near subway, elevated cars; $110 month; lease to October; references.

97TH—305 WEST — Five light, spacious rooms; elevator; immediate possession; $175. Trinelhorn.

98TH ST., 305-311 WEST.
HOTEL SCHUYLER ARMS.
Housekeeping apartments, 2-3-4 rooms, kitchenette and regular kitchen, attractively furnished, including maid, linen, electricity; reasonable rates; convenient (98th) subway express station; fireproof.

98TH, 315 WEST (Adjoining Riverside)—Attractively furnished small apartment; two bedrooms; elevator.

98TH—Beautifully furnished four-room elevator apartment; two bedrooms; $150. Bryant 2978.

100TH and Broadway—7 rooms, 3 baths, sunny; high-class apartment to sublet or sublease; bargain; leaving city. Phone River-side 8040 mornings before 10, evenings after 8.

101ST, 20 WEST—Six large rooms, elevator apartment; $125 monthly. Clarkson 1151.

101TH, 308 WEST—VERY LUXURIOUSLY FURNISHED, 3-ROOM APARTMENT SUITE, COMPLETE HOUSEKEEPING; PIANO; VICTROLA; WEEKLY, MONTHLY.

109TH ST. (215 Manhattan Av.)—3, 4, 5, 6 room housekeeping apartments, elevator and non-elevator; $70 up; references essential. Main office, 215 Manhattan Av. Open evenings, all day Sunday. Academy 1647.

109TH, 167 WEST.
FREWAR PRIDE.
2, 3 rooms, high-class, $70 up. Academy 1611. Open 9 A. M. to 8 P. M.

110TH ST., 610 WEST—For sale; am leaving town, so must sacrifice beautifully furnished 5-room apartment (including maid's room on roof) for $3,500; very finest modern furniture, practically new, as used only few months, and cost about $4,000; will sell Louis XVI. dining room set and rug separately, if desired; also large outside rooms, southern exposure, sunlight all day; if lease is taken over rent would be $192 a month, and expires October, 1923. Phone Academy 5167 for appointment.

110TH ST. AND RIVERSIDE DRIVE—Beautiful sunny four-room apartment; unusually large rooms in modern new building having passenger and service elevators, doorman, &c.; with separate entrance; kitchenette; private phone; maid's room on roof; will rent from two to three months, $325 per month. Phone Academy 5167 for appointment.

110TH ST. AND COLUMBUS AV.,
THE CATHEDRAL PLAZA.
High-class furnished apartments of 2 and 3 rooms, with kitchenette and bath; $80 and $100 up. Phone Academy 0618. Open every day from 9 A. M. to 9 P. M.

111TH, 508 WEST—Five rooms, front; extra large bedrooms; piano, telephone, elevator.

114TH, 514 WEST (Apt. 83)—5 rooms, southern exposure, modern and properly equipped for housekeeping; rental reasonable to responsible party. Apply Janitor.

118TH, 210 WEST (HOTEL CECIL)—ATTRACTIVE ONE, TWO ROOM SUITES, WITH, WITHOUT BATH; SPECIAL WEEKLY RATE; FULL HOTEL SERVICE.

121ST ST., 271 WEST.
EXCELLENT WELL TIDY FURNISHED HOME, consisting of 3 rooms, tiled bath, kitchenette, electricity, steam heat, suitable 2, 3 or 4. $140 month. Shapiro.

149TH (near Riverside)—Five rooms, bath; piano; $110; bargain. Elberson, 25 West 43d.

CENTRAL PARK WEST (74th St.)—Spacious four-room apartment, facing park, furnished or unfurnished, with hotel service. Address Rayner, Apartment 81E, San Remo Hotel.

RIVERSIDE AND 110TH ST.—For sale, on account of leaving town will sacrifice for $2,500 my beautiful sunny 4-room apartment, extra large rooms, in modern building having passenger and service elevators, doorman, maid's room on roof, &c.; furnished in high-priced modern furniture; lease expires October, 1925; rent, $100 a month; for appointment phone Academy 3167.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE—7 rooms, front; elevator; all outside; modern building; piano, Victrola; magnificently furnished; $225; bargain. Columbus 1378.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 292 (Apt. 52)—Light, clean, sitting and bedroom, bath, kitchen, linen, gas, electricity free; $22.50 weekly.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 37—Three-room apartments, bath, kitchenette; new, elegant furniture; lease.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 225—Beautiful semi-suites, 190; 2 rooms, bath, kitchen, $125.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 37—Studio, large room, bath, skylight; suitable artist; lease.

WASHINGTON HEIGHTS (335 Wadsworth Av.)—Three rooms, bath; responsible party only; everything new; nice location; block Broadway subway; $25 week. Call Atwood 8.

LOVELY apartment; 3 large rooms, bath, real kitchen; would arrange for cook to remain if so desired; linen, silver; right price to right people; high-class references demanded. Phone 1807 Schuyler.

FOUR newly furnished rooms; steam; sun parlor; gas logs; strictly modern. Kingsbridge 1247.

Personally Inspected Apartments—All sizes. Smith-Gibbons, 505 5th Av. Murray Hill 0530.

ALL SIZES, LOCATIONS AND RENTALS
NO CHARGES TO YOU.
M. & C. JACOBY, 50 EAST 42D ST.

APARTMENT HUNTING UNNECESSARY.
CONSULT MRS. DINGELMAN.
Renting Specialist, 138 West 72d. Col. 836.

Furnished—Brooklyn.

COMFORTABLE three rooms and bath, elevator; silver, linen; 15 minutes from Wall St. Telephone 2578 Cortland.

Furnished—Westchester County.

HIGH-CLASS 2-room, kitchenette, bath; Hudson view; $60. Yonkers 4118.

Unfurnished—East Side.

5TH AV., 25.
VERY DESIRABLE 3 ROOMS AND BATH.
Some with open fireplace.
Apply to Manager on premises.

1,206 5TH AV. (101st St.)
Large six-room flat, facing Park; all improvements; reduced rent; immediate possession.

37TH, 114 EAST—2 bedrooms, besides parlor, kitchen; modern; 4 flights, walk-up; sublet $115; principals only. Evans.

37TH, 130 EAST—One room, bath, open fireplaces, elevator; Murray Hill.

114 EAST 40TH ST.
2-3 rooms, bath, kitchenette.
Doctor's offices with separate entrances.
RENTALS MODERATE; $1,500—$2,750.
Renting Agent, on premises, or
FRENCH & FRENCH, INC.,
256 Madison Ave., at 45th St., Vanderbilt 8287.

408—Living room, 22x20, 2 bedrooms, kitchenette, bath; 5th floor front, in building with maid, porter and elevator service; sublease to Oct. or longer; $206 month. Appointment. Vanderbilt 0848.

54TH, 150 EAST—Open fires, unusually comfortable building, 2 rooms, bath, kitchenette; suitable single person; $90.

55TH ST., 127 EAST—2 rooms, kitchenette, bath; 2 rooms, kitchen, bath.

82D, 120 EAST—Two rooms, bath, kitchenette. Superintendent or Murray Hill 7468.

LEXINGTON AV., 224—Five rooms and bath; steam heat, hot water; $65.

MADISON AV., 1,013 (78th)—Beautiful parlor floor, 2 spacious rooms, kitchen, bath; several smaller suites; $35-$175; private, professional.

MADISON AV.—3 large rooms, bath and regular kitchen; parquet floors; modern; $1,200; also 5th, $1,500; unusually good. Apply Morgan & Verdon, 746 Madison Av.

Unfurnished—West Side.

4TH ST.—Large, light studio room, with bath, to sublet immediately. Inquire 41 Washington Square South.

5TH AV., 1,428 (cor. 110th)—Dental office for last 24 years; seven rooms; all improvements. Inquire by telephone Madison Square 1679.

7TH AV., 1,358—Three rooms; newly decorated. Cathedral 8462.

16TH ST. (near 5th Av.)—Modern two-room apartment, kitchenette, bath, large closet; lease; $90; telephone, business hours, Stuyvesant 7308. Phinny.

30TH ST., 42 WEST—High-class, 3-room studio, one in a thousand. Telephone guaranteed; premises, or phone Longacre 4201.

5TH ST., 265 WEST,
Corner 7th Av.
THE OSBORNE.
Two, three and four rooms,
Bath, kitchenette or kitchen,
from $1,500.
Liberal concession to Oct. 1.
See Mr. Widner in Renting Office.

5TH ST., 42 WEST.
Unusual apartment; two large Colonial rooms, handsome tiled bath, electrical kitchenette, parquet floors, front; ideal for bachelor or couple; $125. Apply Supt.

57TH ST., 140 WEST—HIGH-CLASS SMALL APARTMENTS, $1,200. SUPT., OR TELEPHONE LONGACRE 4204.

58TH, 200 WEST—6-room corner apartment, all outside rooms, refrigeration. Supt.

67TH, 210 WEST (facing Central Park)—4 room apartment; rent reasonable. Armstrong, 212 St. Nicholas Av.

68TH, 14 WEST—A room and a bath and a kitchenette, $75.

69TH ST., 139 WEST—Gas-room apartments, large, beautiful outside rooms, with bath, of a combination living room and bedroom; furnished or unfurnished; no leases only.

APARTMENTS TO LET.

Unfurnished—West Side.

71ST, 346 WEST—Seven, eight spacious rooms, two master baths; elevator; Trinelhorn.

72D ST., 124 WEST,
near Broadway.
Convenient to subway and "L."
VERY ATTRACTIVE
4 AND 5 ROOMS AND BATH;
EXCELLENT SERVICE.
PARK AV. OPERATING CO., INC.,
512 5TH AV. LONGACRE 8460.

72D ST., 33 WEST—New six-story elevator, ready Feb. 1st; a few apartments left of two and three rooms at out of season rentals; every modern home improvement; $110 to $140 monthly; two or three years' lease.

Off 86th ST.
CRATGWORTH APTS.
One seven, one eight and one nine room apartment. Apply at building.

72D, 122 WEST—3-room, bath, private apartment, 1st floor; front; suitable doctor, dentist, dancing studio; moderate rent.

72D, 161 WEST—New apartment; 2 large rooms, bath, kitchenettes, ice box, shower. Apply premises.

73D, 55 WEST—Comfort, contentment; valet, Japanese, foyer; beautiful two-room apartment; rent reasonable; $100; suitable.

73TH, 27 WEST—Six rooms and bath; steam heat, electric light and hot water.

87TH, 51 WEST—Apartment (floor); 3 immense rooms, kitchen, bath; unusual.

90TH, 202 WEST—Living room, kitchen, bath; 2d floor; modern private house.

90TH ST., 78 WEST—3 rooms, kitchenette; moderate rental. Apply on premises.

91ST, 31 WEST—Entire parlor floor; private bath, kitchenette; other spacious rooms.

94TH ST. 305 WEST—3 rooms, 2 baths; large apartment. Riverside 5623.

96TH, 171 WEST—Three rooms and bath, kitchenette; also 5 rooms and bath, kitchen, completely redecorated; elevator; extra large light rooms; $1,200-$1,350.

96TH ST. 210 WEST (CORNER BROADWAY)—NEW UP-TO-DATE ELEVATOR APARTMENT HOUSE; EXCEPTIONALLY BEAUTIFUL (HOUSEKEEPING) APARTMENTS; TWO, THREE ROOMS, BATH, KITCHENETTE; $1,200 UP.

101ST, 20 WEST—Six large rooms, elevator apartment; $110 monthly. Clarkson 1151.

104TH, 215 WEST—Two rooms, suitable doctor or dentist. Phone Academy 6284.

106TH, 322 WEST (Riverside)—Small front apartment, very large rooms; exclusive neighborhood.

108TH ST. 235 WEST—Four light rooms, modern elevator apt.; $106 monthly.

109TH, 212 WEST—Beautiful apartments, 4-5 rooms, all improvements; $65-$85.

110TH, 527 WEST—Fireproof, newly finished; living room 23 feet; chamber 15; breakfast; kitchen; spacious closets; exceptional value.

115TH ST., 223 WEST.
Beautiful 7-room corner flat; new plumbing, electric lights; very large rooms.

137TH ST., 617 WEST—3-room apartment, all improvements; moderate rental. Apply on premises.

157TH, 521 WEST (Riverside Drive)—Highclass modern apartment of 6 and 7 exceptionally large, beautiful rooms, front; reasonable; vacant; resident superintendent.

145TH ST., 468 WEST—3 large rooms, three-family house; improvements; $75.

150TH ST., 408 WEST.
High-class elevator building; 6 room; attractive rental; 1,100 Stuyvesant 9 and 7.
SHARP & CO., 2,429 BROADWAY.

151ST ST., 508 WEST.
High-class elevator building, 7 rooms; newly decorated; exceptional rental of $1,350.

611 WEST 185TH ST.
(Corner Riverside Drive)—Nine-story, fireproof building; attractive apartments of 3 and 7 rooms; $1,500-$2,150.
Address Rayner, Apartment 81E, San Remo Hotel.

161ST ST., between Ft. Washington Av. and Riverside Drive—4-5-7 rooms. Apply office Hudson View Construction Co., 900 Riverside Drive, corner 161st. Telephone Wadsworth 6326.

169TH, 600 W. (corner Broadway)—High class elevator apartment house; 3 rooms, $75.

170TH ST., 829 WEST—3-room apartment, all improvements. Apply on premises.

180TH, 580 WEST—6 rooms; high-class walk-up; all modern improvements; $75-$80.

188TH ST., 550-565 WEST—New Buildings; exceptionally large and well-planned apartments, 4 rooms, 2 baths, $1,350; rents $72.50 to $75. Superintendent on premises, or F. J. McMahon Co., 1,438 St. Nicholas Av., corner 152d St. Wadsworth 8910.

561 WEST 189TH ST.—NEW BUILDING, 1 and 2 Rooms, Bath, Kitchenette, $20-$55. EVERY MODERN CONVENIENCE.
Apply Renting Agents on premises or F. J. McMahon CO., 1,438 St. Nicholas Av. (at 152d St.). Wadsworth 8910.

191ST, 601 WEST (opposite subway)—4-room apartment to sublet; unfurnished. Apt. 52.

BARROW ST., 18—2 rooms and bath, with heat and light; $60. Apply janitor.

BROADWAY, 2,131 (74th-75th Sts.)—Beautiful apartment, consisting of 7 rooms, 2 baths, all light, and modern improvements.

CENTRAL PARK WEST, 106—Eight-room apartment, high-class elevator building; park view, refrigeration; rent moderate; immediate possession.

CENTRAL PARK WEST, 405—Eight spacious, sunny rooms, overlooking Park; $150 month.

CLAREMONT AV., 130 (facing Grant's Tomb)—5-6 rooms, elevator, all modern improvements; rent $100-$150. Apply premises.

FORT WASHINGTON AV., 818 (north of 183d)—New building, just completed, under the supervision of Alexander McDowell; 4 exceptionally large rooms; spacious closets; all the latest improvements; overlooking Hudson and Harlem River.

MANHATTAN AV., 273 (corner 111th St.)—High-class elevator apartments, 5, 6 outside rooms, newly decorated, facing Morningside Park; convenient to elevated and subway; buses pass door. Agent on premises.

MORNINGSIDE AV., 50 (116th)—5-6 rooms; $110-$185; elevator; phone; quiet; convenient.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 375 (corner 135th)—Five beautiful rooms, all facing Drive; newly decorated, stippled, paneled; high class elevator apartment; seen day or night.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 362 (100th)—High-class elevator apartment, 11 rooms, two baths; rent reasonable. Superintendent.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 440—Seven-room apartment; desirable river view; immediate possession. Superintendent.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 456—Beautiful studio apartment, with roof garden. Supt. on premises.

629 WEST END AVENUE.
Eight elegant modern rooms, 2 baths; sublet; $2,400. Jacoby, Vanderbilt 0097.

10 ROOMS AND 3 BATHS;
$2,500 pre-war rent.
The Riviera, 790 Riverside Drive, corner 157th St.; elaborate, large rooms, spacious closets. Apply Manager on premises.

FIVE rooms and bath; prewar rent, $1,600; elaborate apartment; large rooms; spacious closets. The Riviera, 790 Riverside Drive, cor. 157th St. Apply Manager on premises.

NATIONAL STORAGE, 143 West 60th St.—Storage $4 per month vanload, motor vans, moving; moderate rates. 1,702 Riverside.

FOUR wonderful rooms to sublet, 750 West 185d, one block east of Fort Washington Av. Inquire Apt. 1A or Superintendent.

Unfurnished—Bronx.

182D ST. AND WOODYCREST AV.
4-ROOM APARTMENTS.
New Building. Every Improvement.
RENT REASONABLE.
6th and 9th Av. "L"; all subway trains 100 feet from property. Apply B. Noonan, 74 West 162d. Jerome 4119.

WEST BRONX—New building; 4 rooms and bath; 1,119 Woodycrest Av., 166th St., two blocks west of Jerome Av.; all electric improvements; especially attractive; special inducements. Phone 2470 Jerome. Supt. in charge.

FOUR rooms and bath; new building; all outside rooms; southern exposure; 1st floor; $75 per month. 1,119 Woodycrest Av., West Bronx, 166th St. Apply to Supt. Phone 2470 Jerome.

GRAND CONCOURSE, 2,240 (188d)—Modern 6-room apartments, $100; suitable for profession.

VALENTINE AV., Corner 196th—4-5 large rooms, new, modern walk-up; very reasonable; on lease. Apply Manager, premises.

GRAND BOULEVARD AND CONCOURSE, 1,425 (near 171st St.)—4 and 5 room apartments; reasonable rent. See agent.

GRAND CONCOURSE, 1,665—Five large, light rooms. Telephone Bingham 1160.

Unfurnished—Brooklyn.

SIX rooms and bath; all improvements; steam heat, additional glass enclosed porch; convenient to all car lines; one block to subway, one block from Prospect Park entrance; may be seen day time. Phone 5188 Flatbush.

FIVE large, airy rooms; all improvements; reasonable. 1,290 West 7th St., Brooklyn. Sea Beach to 18th Av.

Unfurnished—Queens.

EXCLUSIVE LOCATION—A very fine corner new duplex apartment of eight rooms and two baths; hot water heat furnished; also garage; in a very fine residential part of Flatbush; no objection to children; with decorate to suit; $3,500 per annum. Geo. V. Hofferson, 1,369 East 324 St.

SIX corner rooms, modern, available March 15; 12 minutes from Pennsylvania Station; two-family brick house, private porch. Telephone Ezrill, Richmond Hill 0600-R.

Unfurnished—Westchester County.

APARTMENT in private residence, 5 rooms, bath; garage; rent $120; adults preferred; references. Phone 1348 Yonkers.

APARTMENTS TO LET.

Unfurnished—Westchester County.

BLARSDALE, N. Y.—Five-room apartment, one bath, $180 month; six-room apartment, two baths, $180 a month. George W. Roth.

APARTMENTS WANTED.

Furnished.

WANTED IMMEDIATELY, FURNISHED APARTMENTS, 2-12 ROOMS; QUICK ACTION SECURED; TENANTS WAITING. HERBERT HECHT CO., 425 MADISON AV. MURRAY HILL 4444.

BACHELOR desires furnished or unfurnished room and private bath, east 50's; reply must include rent and location. Address Letter Box 178, Yale Club.

REFINED COUPLE wants to sublease two rooms, kitchenette and bath, furnished; from private party only. Write, stating details and price, B 60 Times.

TWO ADULTS want four to six room apartment south of 110th St.; state details, rent, &c. B 74 Times.

WANTED—Small furnished kitchenette apartment, west side, not above 145th, not exceed $60. Address 5A, 589 West 143th.

RESPONSIBLE CLIENT wants furnished apartment below 110th, lease around $180. Columbus 1278.

IMMEDIATELY — APARTMENTS ALL SIZES. Smith-Gibbons, 505 5th Av. Murray Hill 0530.

WANTED—Apartment of five, six, seven rooms (two or three bedrooms); good furnishings; $175-$250. B. N., 300 Times.

APARTMENTS WANTED.
CLIENTS WAITING. MRS. DINGELMAN, Renting Specialist, 138 West 72d. Col. 836.

THREE or four rooms, bath, all rentals; no agents. Jacoby, Vanderbilt 9097.

APARTMENTS WANTED.
Apartment Renting Co., 178 West 72d St.

Unfurnished.

MODERN 5 or 6 room unfurnished apartment wanted, west of Amsterdam Av. terms to suit. Advertiser, 13

SITUATIONS WANTED—Female.

STENOGRAPHER, beginner, graduate of Secretarial Department and Model Office of Eastman School; one trial will demonstrate my ability and willingness to work; good references. Miss D., 56 West 123d St, three Harlem 0518.

STENOGRAPHER AND BOOKKEEPER. Christian, college and business education; several years' practical experience; $30; A1 references. B. S., 186 Times.

STENOGRAPHER and assistant bookkeeper, neat, accurate worker; 2 years' experience; Christian; salary, $22; excellent references. B. W., 112 Times.

STENOGRAPHER-TYPIST, knowledge bookkeeping, well trained beginner, neat appearance; start $12. Rose Kaplan, 1,652 Pitkin Av., Brooklyn.

STENOGRAPHER, beginner, two years' high school; good at figures; neat worker; school references; $12. M. F., 193 Times.

STENOGRAPHER - SECRETARY, EDUCATED, EXPERIENCED, CAPABLE AND ENERGETIC; EXCELLENT REFERENCES. G 177 TIMES.

STENOGRAPHER-SECRETARY, office detail, 7 years' experience, high school graduate, efficient, intelligent worker; unquestionable references; $30. Intervale 0651.

STENOGRAPHER - SECRETARY; experienced, high school graduate; rapid, accurate; intelligent worker, with initiative; $28-$30. G 112 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, knowledge bookkeeping office detail; conscientious; 3½ years' experience; references; $20 salary. A. H., 547 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, medical, rapid, accurate, experienced, part time employment. J 807 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, 3 years' experience, conscientious, alert, reliable. Miss Greenwald, 1,568 1st Av.

STENOGRAPHER, exceptionally bright beginner, high school education; $12. J 916 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, assistant bookkeeper, conscientious worker, 3 years' experience. Call 9-11 A. M., 7-9 P. M., Evergreen 9600.

STENOGRAPHER, Christian, 2 years' experience; best references; $25 start. Telephone Lenox 1348.

STENOGRAPHER, four years' experience, reliable, accurate; reference; $20. M 548 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, conscientious; one who is willing to make herself generally useful; no clock watcher. Miss Flo, Lenox 0281.

STENOGRAPHER, bright beginner; willing worker; conscientious; salary $12. J 198 Times.

STENOGRAPHER - ASS'T BOOKKEEPER, experienced; neat; willing worker salary $15. G 95 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, office assistant, thoroughly experienced, competent, dependable; $35. University 1480, Apartment 64.

STENOGRAPHER, competent assistant; highest credentials; $27. F 294 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, office assistant; thoroughly experienced, reliable, capable assuming responsibilities; $25. Lenox 9000.

STENOGRAPHER, experienced, cotton house preferred, not essential; references. M 663 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER-TYPIST, some experience in general office work. Lafayette 7910.

SWITCHBOARD OPERATOR, 24, Christian, 3 years' experience, including 3½ years central office, wishes position with reliable, established concern. Box 30, 1,568 2d Av.

SWITCHBOARD OPERATOR, general office assistant, thoroughly competent; $18. M 800 Times Downtown.

TYPIST, operate switchboard; willing worker; thoroughly experienced. Barnard, 175 East 79th.

TYPIST and clerical worker; experienced, efficient. T 869 Times Downtown.

TYPIST desires typewriting work at home; reasonable rates. M 684 Times Downtown.

WAITRESS, light colored, in lunch room or cafeteria. Audubon 0970, Apt. 23.

WOMEN, colored, wish day's work; call all week. Morningside 6107.

YOUNG ART STUDENT desires part-time work afternoons. Box 28, 577 East 163d.

YOUNG GIRL, refined, high school graduate, business experience, is companion to lady traveling. Box 26, 577 East 163d.

YOUNG LADY—SECRETARY.
Bright young lady with initiative desires position as junior secretary; 4 years' business experience and secretary to advertising manager; not a clock watcher. V 849 Times Downtown.

YOUNG LADY with two years' college education and a knowledge of typewriting, desires an interesting position where literary ability can be made use of. J 960 Times Downtown.

YOUNG LADY—Very efficient, capable, experienced young lady, desires position typing; knowledge of stenography; with advertising agency preferred; excellent references furnished. Simon, Midwood 10203.

YOUNG LADY, three years' of tabulating and office experience, $18 to start. 43 N. T. Times Brooklyn Branch.

YOUNG LADY desires afternoon work; knowledge general office work, switchboard, salesladyship. Gardin, 190 West 101st.

YOUNG WOMAN desires position, cook; would do part laundry. F 271 Times.

Employment Agencies.

HOUSEWORKERS, experienced colored girls, chamber maids, waitresses, cooks, couples, kitchen maids, laundresses; investigated references; "day workers a specialty." Telephone Columbus 5145. Domestic Service Agency, 229 West 59th.

HOUSEWORKERS, neat colored girls, investigated references, wish places; other Southern help supplied. Lincoln Industrial Exchange Agency, 314 West 59th. Phone Columbus 5022. Established 1899.

BERTHA CARLSON'S Swedish Agencies—Excellent servants, 2,415 Broadway, corner 89th. Riverside 3491. East Side, 797 Lexington (61st).

MRS. KEMP'S AGENCY—High-grade colored servants, city, country; references investigated. 2,382 7th Av. Audubon 2856.

PART time, 2-4-6 hours; select families. Given's Agency, Audubon 2706.

OLSSON AGENCY, 154 West 71st St.—Swedish, German, Irish, &c. Columbus 7634.

SHEPHERD'S AGENCY—Help by month, week or day. 107 W. 125d St. Morn. 6916.

TINKA ANDRESEN Scandinavian Agency, 2,294 Broadway, near 83d. Schuyler 7002.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Male.

ACCOUNTANT, financial manager, Anglo-American connection; large mercantile executive experience here; highly educated, good presence; bond or cash security; could await opportunity. Londoner, Box 492, General Post Office.

ACCOUNTANT, CERTIFIED, DESIRES PERMANENT CONNECTION, EXECUTIVE CAPACITY, WITH MERCANTILE CONCERN OR PERMANENT CONNECTION WITH ACCOUNTING CONCERN; EXPERIENCE; A1 CREDENTIALS. F 458 TIMES.

ACCOUNTANT-OFFICE MANAGER.
Ten years commercial manufacturing, public accounting experience, recently employed as systematizer, Christian, age 30. G 361 Times.

ACCOUNTANT-BOOKKEEPER, SALESMAN SEEKS CONNECTION WITH MEDIUM-SIZED CONCERN; COLLEGE MAN; BROAD EXPERIENCE; EXCELLENT REFERENCES. G 189 TIMES.

ACCOUNTANT—Passed New York State Certified Public Accountants examinations; desires permanent connection with certified firm. A 235 Times.

ACCOUNTANT, 21, two years' auditing experience; New York University senior; desires position with accounting firm. G 190 Times.

ACCOUNTANTS, books kept, periodical audits, financial statements prepared, income tax; nominal fees. T 970 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT, junior, New York University graduate, desires position; certified public accountant's preferred. J 981 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT STUDENT, experienced bookkeeper, income tax, desires position with accountant; employed at present. Warchalczer, 302 Albermarle Road, Brooklyn.

ACCOUNTANT, 32, thoroughly experienced bookkeeper, 8 years N. Y. U. (typist), seeks connection with established accountant; present salary secondary. G 168 Times.

ACCOUNTANCY student; Pace, June, 1923; bookkeeping experience, wants chance with established accounting firm; salary secondary. F 286 Times.

ACCOUNTANT, senior, five years' experience, position several days weekly. K 476 Times.

ACCOUNTANT, senior, C. P. A. degree pending, knowledge of taxes, desires connect with accounting firm. G 369 Times.

ACCOUNTANT, auditor, eleven years' broad experience; New York University graduate; excellent references; $60 week. N 409 Times.

ACCOUNTANT, experienced, seeks part time position with accounting firm. A 199 Times.

ACCOUNTANT, public; statements, taxes, auditing, bookkeeping; reasonable. Myers, 5 St. Nicholas Terrace.

ACCOUNTANT - BOOKKEEPER, Commerce graduate, desires position accounting firm. G 496 Times.

ACCOUNTANT, junior, varied experience, university senior; salary secondary. M 665 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT, junior, 22, experienced bookkeeper, university accountancy senior. K 481 Times.

ACCOUNTANT, junior, 25, Pace graduate, desires position. A. J., 714 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT and expert bookkeeper wishes position; reasonable. G 53 Times.

ADVERTISING ASSISTANT, thoroughly experienced, copy, production, mail order; desires connection with opportunity; university graduate. [illegible] Times Downtown.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Male.

ADVERTISING—Young man, direct mail agency experience, undergrads in paper, printing, plates, &c., would like connection advertising department commercial house. 21 N. Y. Times Brooklyn Branch.

ADVERTISING COPY CHIEF, formerly with leading agencies; expert, B 322 Times.

ARTISTS, advertising illustrations, layouts; creative ideas pan, wash, color. O 31 Times.

ASSISTANT, sales or general manager's, 21, good education; two years Harvard; good health, hard worker, adaptable disposition; successful experience in planning sales and advertising campaigns and conducting correspondence; best reference. L 596 Times.

ASSISTANT BOOKKEEPER, typist; high school graduate; Christian. Hakim, 6,106 6th Av., Brooklyn.

BOOKKEEPER, ACCOUNTANT, OFFICE MANAGER, EFFICIENT, YOUNG, EXECUTIVE, CORRESPONDENT, SYSTEMATIZER; INITIATIVE; ENTIRE CHARGE; CREDITS, FINANACIAL STATEMENTS. J 237 TIMES.

BOOKKEEPER—EXPERT ACCOUNTANT, credit manager, office manager, 17 years' experience. Accustomed to all details, past record A1, desires good connection; salary secondary consideration; 2 years last employer; best references. F 835 Times.

BOOKKEEPER-ACCOUNTANT, 35, Christian, 7 years' thorough experience; financial statements, cost accounting, correspondence, collections, sales; university education; highest references; salary $65. L 591 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, 29, expert office routine, import house; experienced handling customers, creditors, personality and by correspondence; efficient collection. Follow-up system; well educated. J 211 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, 28, married; competent office man, executive experience, credits, collections, correspondence, financial statements, systems; $35. A 242 Times.

BOOKKEEPER—Young man, experienced keeping set of books; high school graduate, desires position full or part time. David Goldberg, 173 Orchard St.

BOOKKEEPER-EXECUTIVE, above average, 35, Christian, married; liquidation present business necessitates change. K 465 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, office manager, 35, married, eight years' experience, full charge; excellent references; salary secondary. J 969 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, experienced; full set; accounts payable; moderate salary. J 957 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, CREDIT INVESTIGATOR, 10 years' experience, desires position with silk or dress concern. D 30 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, four years' experience, thorough knowledge, evening accounting student. G 185 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, auditor, experienced, accurate; part time engagement; reasonable. S. S., 541 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER-ACCOUNTANT, 20, experienced; can take full charge. F 287 Times.

BOY, high school; to work afternoons. Joseph Plotkin, 1,518 Webster Av., Bronx.

BUILDING SUPERINTENDENT desires position of supervising high-grade apartment houses for owners, to take entire management; highest references. F 57 Times.

BUYER-SALESMAN — Ex-manufacturer of porcelain and ceramique (bric-a-brac), with many years' experience, wishes position buyer or salesman; willing to travel. S. Joel, General Delivery, Hudson Station, Jersey City.

CHAUFFEUR, single, wishes position, private family; 10 years' experience, 2 years last position, which employer laid up his car; drive and repair any car. Call or write Louis Possananti, 155 West 105d St. Academy 4085.

CHAUFFEUR—Mechanic, 10 years' experience driving private cars, Pierce, Cadillac, Packard; own repairs; honest, careful, neat; four years last position; desires position anywhere, city or country. Richard, Audubon 2161.

CHAUFFEUR, A1 mechanic, 14 years' experience, high grade cars, best private references; go anywhere. Fulton, 318 West 20th.

CHAUFFEUR, butler; useful, experienced Japanese wants position as employer is going abroad. Kolke, care Kroller, 17 West 34th.

CHAUFFEURS—High-class private chauffeurs supplied free. Society of Professional Automobile Engineers, 153-159 W. 54th St. Columbus 4095-6518.

CHAUFFEUR-MECHANIC, 13 years' experience; neat, gentlemanly; first-class references. Columbus 3725.

CHAUFFEUR, colored; ten years' experience; good mechanic; references. Harlem 4414.

CHAUFFEUR, mechanic, 23, 10 years' experience. Chandler, 106 West 90th St. Riverside 9010.

CHAUFFEUR wishes position, private; best references. Hueston, 170 West 65th. Columbus 1141.

CHAUFFEUR-MECHANIC, highest grade, 21 years' experience, 11 years last position; city, country; $40. Flushing 2614.

CHEMICAL engineering graduate, 1921, from McGill University, Montreal, wants position. Roy H. Smith, Pictou, N. S., Canada.

COLLEGE MAN, 25, selling ability, some executive experience, desires connection; drawing account against commission; no bonds. A 244 Times.

COLLEGE student, good appearance, would like position with future. L 590 Times.

COOK, colored, competent, all around servant; excellent reference; bachelor preferred. D 31 Times.

COOK-BUTLER (JAPANESE), YOUNG MAN; GOOD REFERENCES. PHONE MORNINGSIDE 7154.

COUPLE, well experienced, fine cook and housekeeper, expert chauffeur and mechanic; best of two-year references; age 30; refined, neat, light colored; city or country; no washing. 239 West 137th St. Audubon 4172. H. M. Smith.

COUPLE, colored, wish position, city or country. Bivins, 105 West 143d St.

CREDIT MAN, assistant, experienced office executive; future and advancement more important than immediate salary. F 515 Times.

DRAFTSMAN, three years' shop, five years' drafting experience, wishes position detailing; moderate wages; references. J 629 Times Downtown.

DRAFTSMAN, designer of special and automatic machinery, seeks position with prospects. J 622 Times Downtown.

DRAFTSMAN, expert graphic charts, specialist charting stocks N. Y. S. E., wishes position. Klapper, 23 Pierrepont St., Bklyn.

DRAFTSMAN, six years' experience mechanical drawing; neat work. F 585 Times.

ELECTRO MECHANIC, 20 years' diversified experience; experimental and production management; reduction of detail costs through design or methods of manufacture especially. K 472 Times.

ELECTRICIAN, licensed, all-around mechanic, locksmith, for hotel; experienced; best credentials. Cathedral 7080, Apt. 71.

ENGINEER, licensed, Protestant, middle-aged; experienced steam, electricity; day work preferred. W. Secir, 283 Spring St.

ENGINEER, industrial graduate, immediately available. X 2316 Times Annex.

EXECUTIVE.
A BIG MAN'S MAN.
The man who measures up to following specifications may be just the man you are looking for.
ORGANIZATION. Former treasurer large corporation, planned, installed accounting, cost, purchasing and collection systems, reorganized manufacturing plant; rose from accountant to important executive position in large internationally known company.
FINANCE. Studied and applied corporation finance, banking practice, commercial law.
ADMINISTRATIVE. Supervised all departments of general office and managed plant producing $3,000,000 annually.
REFERENCES. Prominent business man and banks.
M 667 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

EXECUTIVE, high calibre, experienced all phases office management; prolific correspondent, expert organizer; 31, married; salary $52. K 467 Times.

INFORMATION CLERK or attendant in institution; experienced. X 2318 Times Annex.

IMPORTERS, exporters, manufacturers; gentleman, 35, 20 years' experience handling specifications, customs, export, credits, insurance and drawbacks; office detail. J 970 Times Downtown.

JANITOR or superintendent, colored; 15 years' experience, personal repairs; 8 years last place; man and wife; no children. Francis, 304 West 137th St.

JAPANESE student, experienced cook, butler, morning, evening, or take charge bachelor's apartment; best references. Morise, D 29 Times.

JAPANESE butler, first-class, wants position private family; best references, long experience. K., 200 East 39th St., care of Mirokami.

JAPANESE wants position as general houseworker, chauffeur. Yamamate, 340 Amsterdam Av.

MAN, colored, will work as assistant housemen; age 30; reference. 40 West 138th St., care Hamilton.

MANAGER, executive secretary, 41, thoroughly experienced, now employed by large corporation, desires change. M 698 Times Downtown.

MECHANICAL DESIGNER, production and tools, interchangeable parts; references. M 684 Times Downtown.

NURSE, male, graduate, registered; care of invalid; willing to travel; first class references. K 480 Times.

OFFICE ASSISTANT, general clerical worker, writes add figures well; Christian young man; good references; $18. F. E., 164 Times.

OFFICE manager, accountant, age 27, experienced; well recommended; capable assuming full charge; loyal, conscientious. M 691 Times Downtown.

PRINTING salesman, good hustler, wants connections; drawing account. F 168 Times Harlem.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Male.

PURCHASING EXECUTIVE, 29, 6 years' expert knowledge, ability; college and law training; compensation secondary where good opportunity is offered. F 217 Times.

PURCHASING AGENT OR ASSISTANT, THOROUGH MANUFACTURING EXPERIENCE, INCLUDING ADVERTISING, SEEKS BETTER CONNECTION. 17 N. Y. TIMES BROOKLYN BRANCH.

SALESMAN, experienced hardware and mill supplies, desires connection with first-class house; good references. J 967 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN, experienced paints, varnishes, enamels, &c., desires connection with manufacturer of quality products to cover metropolitan district. M 668 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN, energetic, pleasing personality, desires position; has traveled from coast to coast; prefers near-by territory. O 35 Times.

SALESMAN OR EXECUTIVE—If you want a thoroughly dependable, experienced man, highest credentials, address J 911 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN, cotton goods, five years' experience, wishes position with reliable house. J 978 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN wants side line in conjunction with sterling silver to retail jewelers. Victor Witty, 1,916 Av. G., Brooklyn, N. Y.

SALESMAN, 10 years' selling experience, desires staple sales proposition. J 446 Times.

SECRETARY, high school graduate, seven years' experience; widest work, punctual, efficient. Intervale 2550.

SECRETARY, refined, tactful; college man; expert stenographer, bookkeeper, correspondent. X 406 Times.

SOCIAL SECRETARY; CONGENIAL, CULTURED YOUNG MAN, NEAT APPEARANCE, AGE 24. BOX 511, 45 EAST 50TH.

STENOGRAPHER-SECRETARY, American, 22, university graduate, executive ability; highest credentials; $30. J 964 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, English, French, German, bookkeeping, export experience. Janssen, 158 West 96th St.

SUPERINTENDENT OF CONSTRUCTION, 37, technical school graduate, now employed as general superintendent, is looking for an opening where his efforts will insure advancement; experience covers largest office buildings, apartment houses, power houses, banks; location immaterial. J 95 Times.

TRAFFIC or shipping man, capable taking full charge, 10 years' experience, best of references. J 864 Times Downtown.

VALET, masseuse, 176,438, negro; mornings preferred; breakfast, take care clothing; moderate wages; references exchanged. F 231 Times.

VALET, part time work, after 5; best references. K 458 Times.

YOUNG MAN, Swedish, willing to travel if necessary; speak and write English fluently; will accept any reasonable proposition. Box 271, Hartley Hall, Columbia University.

YOUNG MAN, 30, Christian, executive ability, thoroughly overall office routine, seeks responsible connection with progressive concern; can assume charge; capable, conscientious. G 136 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 22, 3½ years' experience, cotton piece goods business, wishes position where he can advance himself; reference. Kuhlmann, 815 Madison Av., Flushing, L. I.

YOUNG MAN, Yankee, 27, now employed, seeks connection with jobbing cotton goods experience; impressive, educated, ambitious salesman; excellent personality. Write particulars. G 169 Times.

YOUNG MAN, Filipino, English-Spanish typist, educated, desires connection; law office, bank, firm; references. J 929 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, 35, eight years' garage business experience, desires connection with business broker's office; good references. B 1104 Times Harlem.

YOUNG MAN, 28, in business, can spare several hours daily; will consider connection for additional experience; good references. C 1159 Times Harlem.

YOUNG MAN, 24, single, desires position with reliable house; good education and appearance; willing to do anything; excellent references. J 286 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 24, single, thoroughly experienced bookkeeper, credits, desires position with reliable concern or bank; willing at anything; A1 references. J 257 Times.

YOUNG MAN, ten years' export experience, buyer general mdse.; commission house or manufacturing exporter. M 664 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, 23, well educated, expert typist; experienced in office details; general office assistant, secretary; excellent references; willing worker. G 193 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 21, experienced bookkeeper, slight knowledge stenography; references. K 437 Times.

YOUNG MAN, college student, colored, desires position; anything; days only. Bartley 3033.

YOUNG MAN, 24, experienced junior executive, seeks position offering future. Mubana, 1,456 Decatur St., Brooklyn.

YOUNG MAN, 19, Pace student, desires position with firm of C. P. A. M 668 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, 18, high school graduate; knowledge of bookkeeping and typewriting; reference. X 870 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, 21, college graduate, bookkeeping, accounting and finance. G 188 Times.

YOUNG MAN, high school graduate, wishes position in law office. D. G. Loving, 46 Barrett St., Brooklyn.

YOUNG MAN, 23, four years' experience hosiery, underwear and sweater line, presently employed, desires change. J 447 Times.

YOUNG MAN, La Salle student, wants part-time bookkeeping from 10 A. M. to 1 P. M. F 852 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 21, clerical and mechanical experience, wishes position at anything with advancement. K 469 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 23, hustler, desires responsible position reliable concern. L 584 Times.

YOUNG MAN desires responsible position with growing concern; references. G 390 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 18, high school graduate, bookkeeping, stenography, typewriting. Lenox 7167.

YOUNG MAN, 22, competent, desires position reliable house; references. K 478 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 22, desires connections with reliable concern; clean cut, good character, energetic; good references. A 246 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 19, high school graduate, desires position, advancement. F 296 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 25, college graduate, desires position. G 187 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 19, intelligent and competent, desires responsible position. A 236 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 20, wishes position with advancement; steady; reliable. J 441 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 22, ambitious, patient, desires learn trade, anything. K 461 Times.

YOUNG MAN wishes connection with dry goods concern. F 533 Times.

YOUNG MAN wishes position evenings; hours 6:30 to midnight. G 170 Times.

A COMPETENT, energetic young man, 25, college education, last three years executive with metal concern, desires a change to new line; thorough general business training; available immediately. K 464 Times.

I WANT AN OPPORTUNITY.
Young man, 21, industrious, desires connection with reliable firm. F 222 Times.

Employment Agencies.

JAPANESE.
Call Circle 2755 for competent cooks, butlers, general housekeepers, laundrymen, chauffeurs, couples, &c.

JAPANESE, high-grade agency, efficient help supplied. 151 West 34d. Col. 4276.

FEMALE HELP WANTED.

ACCOUNTANT, knowledge of stenography and secretarial duties; must be dependable and of mature judgment. Call Brownsville and East New York Hospital, Rockaway Av. Subway and Atlantic Av. Brooklyn.

ADDRESSING machine, experienced, rapid; good handwriting. Apply Buckeye Company, 543 Broadway.

ASSISTANT.—Well known dyeing and cleaning establishment requires assistant for their New York branch store. E 984 Times Downtown.

ATTORNEY—Young lady admitted or law graduate as junior clerk in busy office. X. 2317, Times Annex.

AUDIT SUPERVISOR; only those with experience for auditing sales checks in department stores need apply; state salary and experience. W 519 Times.

BILL CLERK. Underwood operator, excellent opening in pleasant office of large wholesale toy books for refined, educated young lady who is quick and accurate at figures. Steinfeld, Inc., 116 West 32d.

BILL CLERK, experience on Remington-Weisl machine; permanent position; salary $20 start. B. B., 1110 Times Harlem.

BILL CLERK, experienced on Elliott-Fisher machine; must be accurate at figures. Cohen & Rosenberg, 1,238 Broadway.

BOOKKEEPER, stenographer, general office worker, with experience in manufacturing jeweler's office. N. Rosen & Co., 108 Fulton.

BOOKKEEPER, experienced, on Burroughs bookkeeping machine. Cohen & Salzman, Inc., 1,238 Broadway.

BOOKKEEPER and stenographer, experienced. Greater New York Metal Box Co., 148 West 10th.

BOOKKEEPER, experienced, for wholesale millinery store. H. Hendler, 32 West 26th.

FEMALE HELP WANTED.

BOOKKEEPERS.
THOSE WITH EXPERIENCE
ON CUSTOMERS' LEDGERS.
AT WANAMAKER'S.
APPLY EMPLOYMENT BUREAU.

BOOKKEEPER-TYPIST for Gentile firm, double entry, trial balance and control accounts; woolen commission business selling piece goods from mills; applicant with experience of quality products to cover metropolitan district. M 668 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, THOROUGHLY EXPERIENCED AND CAPABLE, WITH KNOWLEDGE OF STENOGRAPHY FOR DRESS HOUSE. CALL L. SCHWORTZREICH CO., 206 WEST 30TH.

BOOKKEEPER - ACCOUNTANT, thoroughly experienced in shoe factory; able to take charge of entire office; double entry; salary $35-$40. The Artistic Shoe Co., 250 Throop Av., Brooklyn.

BOOKKEEPER-STENOGRAPHER, wanted; simple double entry set; person with personality and character; good salary; permanent. Apply between 10 and 12, Room 801, 110 West 40th St.

BOOKKEEPER, salary $22; knowledge stenography and typewriting; must be thoroughly experienced. Apply Conross Knitting Mills, 230 5th Av.

BOOKKEEPER and stenographer, one able to take entire charge of books by machine tabulating concern; and handle correspondence. Apply 4th floor, 38 Union Square.

BOOKKEEPER, assistant, and bill clerk; one with experience; give full particulars as to salary and experience. S 974 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, expert, executive ability, over 35 years of age; mail order experience preferred. Apply Buckeye Co., 543 Broadway.

BOOKKEEPER and stenographer, shoe factory experience. B. Rothman, 45 West 18th, 6th floor.

BOOKKEEPER, stock and cutting records; cloak and fine knowledge preferred; state salary, experience and references. S 54 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, stenographer and correspondent; experienced; reference required; salary. G 987 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, some experience, take charge of small office. Columbia Neckwear Co., 122 5th Av.

BOOKKEEPER, ASSISTANT AND BILLING CLERK ON REMINGTON-WEISL MACHINES. JULES WILL, 45 WEST 38TH.

BOOKKEEPER-STENOGRAPHER, thoroughly experienced; controlling accounts. Wagner Mfg. Co., 303 5th Av.

CASHIER, thoroughly experienced, for large moving picture theatre. Apply at once, Boro Park Theatre, 51st St. and New Utrecht Av., Brooklyn.

CASHIER and assistant bookkeeper; state references and salary expected; experience unnecessary. D 29 Times.

CLERICAL WORKER.
young lady in office of large shirt manufacturer; must be good penman; quick, accurate at figures and able to typewrite. F. Jacobson & Sons, 530 Broadway.

CLERICAL worker, experienced in shipping department; make herself generally useful. T. M., 295 Times.

CLERKS AND TYPISTS WANTED.
Girls, 17 years of age and over.
Hours, 9 to 4:30 o'clock.
Saturday, 9 to 12 o'clock.
Early advancement; lunchrooms served free.
Free classes conducted in typewriting, stenography and dictaphone operating.
Apply in person between 9 and 4:30 o'clock, Room 1, Metropolitan Building, 1 Madison Av., at 23d St., New York City.

CLERK with experience at authorizing charges in retail establishment. Frank Bros., 588 5th Av.

COOK wanted for private family, country. Whitar and Summer; widow with children preferred; house rent free; wages in advance; reference required. X 2314 Times Annex.

COOK, white or colored, light housework, where other help is kept; good wages; 8 in family; references; sleep out; call 10 to 1. J. McLarney, 874 Lexington Av.

COOK, private house; good wages; references; apply before 11, 43 West 74th.

DIETITIAN ASSISTANT for large hospital, capable of taking care of diet kitchen; state age, religion and experience. X 2253 Times Annex.

ELLIOTT-FISHER billing operators, permanent, $18-$25 weekly; hours 8:30 A. M. to 5:30 P. M., 12 M. on Saturdays; paid vacations. Apply 453 DeKalb Av., Brooklyn, N. Y.

EMBROIDERESS for art needlework store, preferably with some experience in stamping. Doelger & Co., 26 West 46th St.

GENERAL HOUSEWORKER, white, small family living in Kew Gardens. Phone mornings 7 to 10 o'clock, Richmond Hill 7596.

GIRLS
with
no previous experience
make good
telephone operators.
The salary
increases steadily,
starting at
$15
per week.
Attractive, permanent
work,
with many opportunities
for advancement.
$18.50
per week,
are also open.
Employment offices:
1,153 Broadway, Cor. 27th St.,
58 West Houston St.,
New York.
370 East 150th St.,
Bronx.
81 Willoughby St.,
Brooklyn.
New York Telephone Company.

GIRLS, (3), for Englewood, N. J., cook and housemaid, to help with two children; good wages; apply 11:30 to 2 Tuesday, Apt. 8E, 622 West 113th St., New York, or phone Englewood 6901.

GIRL, white, general housework; no laundry; cooking; good wages. Robinson, 500 West 160th. Wadsworth 5843.

GIRLS, speaking thorough English, to be trained to manufacture art goods; good pay. Room 806, 276 5th Av.

GOVERNESS, French, for girl of 8, sewing; references. Apt. 9E, 101 West 80th.

HOME workers, hand sewers, experienced and learners on ribbon roseburs; call all week. Standard Novelty Works, 37 East 21st.

HOUSEKEEPER in small institution; must know how to manage help; state experience. S 72 Times.

HOUSEWORKER, woman (white), with well-behaved daughter (12 or over), for federal housework in country; small family; good home for child; references. Write Mrs. C. R. Stevens, 114 Claremont Road, Ridgewood, N. J., or phone Ridgewood 88-J.

HOUSEWORK — THOROUGHLY COMPETENT GIRL FOR HOUSEWORK IN APARTMENT; MUST BE EXCELLENT COOK; WAGES $80. E. SAMSON, 801 WEST 19TH ST.

HOUSEWORKER, general, white; good plain cook; no washing; family three; references required. Call Tuesday, 10 to 1, Engelhard, 1,211 Madison Av., Lenox 6140.

HOUSEWORKER, general, white, German preferred, for small family. Phone Spring 0888.

HOUSEWORKER, general; young, white girl; no washing; good wages; good home. Phone Schuyler 5866.

HOUSEWORKER, white, steady; good home; small family. Phone for appointment, Fordham 9074.

HOUSEWORKER, good plain cook, no laundry; small family; references. Apt. 9E, 101 West 80th.

HOUSEWORKER (white), competent; no laundry; city references; wages $70. Apartment 10B, 324 West 102d St.

LADY wanted by real estate office to inspect and obtain apartments for rent; excellent position for right party; commission basis. J. Hadden-Smith, 1,567 Broadway.

LADY with extensive refined acquaintanceship to secure clientele for exclusive Summer resort (adults); commission basis. F 520 Times.

MILLINERS
experienced on ladies' high-grade hats.
WEEK WORK.
HAWAK, 1 WEST 59TH.

MILLINERS, THOROUGHLY EXPERIENCED, FOR HIGH CLASS HOUSE; APPLY ALL WEEK. S. WEINSTEIN, 20 W. 57TH, 1 FLIGHT UP.

MILLINER, experienced, able to design; good pay, steady position. Tardier's Millinery, 84 Broad St., Elizabeth, N. J.

MODEL, STOUT—House, needs size 42. Myer Dans Co., 151 West 34th.

MODEL, coats, size 16; experienced. Apply Specialty, 1,333 Broadway.

FEMALE HELP WANTED.

MODEL,
Size 16.
Suitable for misses' and young women's dress; must be young, refined, attractive; will be carried from season to season.
PORTER DRESS, INC.,
142 West 38th St.

MODEL, size 16, with selling ability; very good opportunity. Berne Knitting Mills, 119 East 27th.

MODEL, experienced dresses, size 16. Grain & Hoffman, 27 West 36d.

MOTHER'S helper, capable woman in American Protestant home; care of children, mending, useful, household duties; no cooking or laundry; wages $45. B 991 Times Downtown.

MOTHER'S HELPER takes care of 19 months' boy; experience necessary; good home, Mt. Vernon; references. B 1097 Times Harlem.

MOTHER'S HELPER, light colored or white girl, look after 2-year boy; bring refrigerator; sleep in. 644 Riverside Drive, Apt. 11G.

MOTHER'S helper, competent, 2 school children; sewing. Apt. 8B, 251 W. 92d.

NURSE for 9 months' old baby girl and assist with boy of 4; must be experienced. Mrs. A. Lanz, 1,684 7th Av. Cathedral 6362.

NURSE, undergraduate. Apply House of the Holy Comforter, 198th St. and Grand Concourse.

NURSE Wanted, graduate, for permanent night duty; $100 monthly and part maintenance to start. Apply 80 West 190th St.

NURSE for 2 children; references; call all week. Hirsch, Telephone Billings 1960.

NURSE—Two-year-old girl; only experienced, superior woman need apply. Columbus 8483.

NURSERY GOVERNESS (French), to go to Baltimore for two children, 3 and 6. Apply Tuesday 4 to 6. Gotham Hotel, Room 1506.

OFFICE ASSISTANT, with knowledge of stenography, accurate at figures and good penman; credit department experience desirable. Traveig, 180th St. and Park Av.

SALESWOMEN to represent The World Book in New York and vicinity, endorsed by library and school boards; steady, pleasant outside work; drawing account against commission. Quarrie Co., 238 5th Av., Room 1017.

SALESWOMEN wanted to represent THE JUVENILE in New York and vicinity; steady, pleasant outside work; salary and commission. Mrs. Roberts, 1,261 Broadway, Room 902.

SAMPLE GIRLS for high-class silk house; must be neat and have some experience. Golding Fabrics Corp., 295 5th Av.

SECRETARY and stenographer, President's office, publishing house, downtown; must be first-class typist, well educated and qualified for position; good salary, opportunity for advancement; state age and experience; references required. Address Manager, Box 1117, City Hall Station, New York.

SECRETARY-EXECUTIVE of superior ability; medical X-ray laboratory; college training; must have experience in business management, knowledge of shorthand, typewriting accounts, &c. Write in detail age, education, experience, salary expected. Apt. 1D, 104 East 40th St.

SECRETARY-STENOGRAPHER with executive and editorial experience; unusual opportunity for advancement for ambitious, responsible and capable worker; state experience, salary desired, religion, &c. Box 618, 2301 World Tower Building.

STENOGRAPHER.
GIMBEL BROTHERS
33D ST. AND BROADWAY,
require the services of a thoroughly experienced stenographer.
Apply Employment Office, 5th floor,
9 A. M. to 5:30 P. M.

STENOGRAPHER, typist, Christian firm; knowledge of bookkeeping; knowledge office routine essential; must have had at least three years' experience; excellent opportunity for young lady of ability; state age, experience, salary desired. M 667 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, office assistant, who can operate switchboard, also some knowledge of bookkeeping; Christian; Brooklyn or Long Island resident preferred; salary $20 to $25. Call 8:30 Tuesday morning, Room 1111, Flatiron Building. Reilly.

STENOGRAPHER, with executive ability, age 20-25, who has been entrusted full charge of all office details; only those who feel such position need apply; salary $30; references required. Time Cap Corp., 50 West 17th St.

STENOGRAPHER, BY IMPORTER, GOOD OPPORTUNITY; ONLY ABSOLUTELY COMPETENT, WELL-EDUCATED APPLICANT CONSIDERED; STATE AGE, SALARY, RELIGION AND TELEPHONE NUMBER. B 87 TIMES.

STENOGRAPHER-TYPIST for all around office work, correspondence, billing machine; permanent position for competent operator; state experience and salary desired. J 972 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHERS or various departments large Christian corporation; must be rapid and accurate; splendid opportunity for advancement. Call, 9:30 A. M., 6th floor, 1,928 Broadway.

STENOGRAPHER, experienced, good handwriting preferred, to assist in keeping stock records. Golding Fabrics Corp., 295 5th Av.

STENOGRAPHER wanted in law office; experience necessary; congenial employment, with opportunity for advancement; salary $15 to start; state particulars. M 682 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER and general office assistant for resident buying office; experienced; good pay; wonderful opportunity for advancement; Christian firm. S 59 Times.

STENOGRAPHER-TYPIST, experienced; interesting work; good environment; state fully education and qualifications in letter. McCarthy & Simon, 20 West 37th.

STENOGRAPHER and typist for large public accountant's office with experience on statement work; permanent position. Mr. Boston, Room 505, 347 West 36th St.

STENOGRAPHER and general office assistant; one who can assist in showroom preferred. Call for appointment, Ashland 9047.

STENOGRAPHER, experienced on L. C. Smith machine; must be accurate in transcribing and understand mimeograph work. Apply Room 1036, 149 Bro

Closing Hours for Advertisements

Sunday Edition

FRIDAY, 4 P. M.—Undisplay classifications of Real Estate.

FRIDAY, 5 P. M.—Advertisements for Editorial Section.

SATURDAY, 12 P. M.—Undisplay classified advertisements (Business Opportunities 12 A. M. Saturday).

TUESDAY, NOON—Schools, Steamships, Hotels, Resorts and Amusements.

THURSDAY, MIDNIGHT—Display Apartments and Real Estate with text, cuts, photographs, sketches or drawings.

Daily Edition

If received after 4 P. M. on date preceding publication, classified advertisements for daily edition are subject to explanation. Final closing time 5 P. M.

Classified Advertising Rates

Cash at words to an Agate Line. (Minimum space, two lines.) Agate Line.

Situations Wanted	40c
Furnished Rooms, Rooms Wanted	45c
Boarders and Board Wanted	45c
Help Wanted	50c
Real Estate, &c.	50c
Lost and Found	55c
Apartments to Let and Wanted	55c
Country Board	55c
Mortgage Loans	60c
For Sale	60c
Automobile Exchange	65c
Agents Wanted	65c
Employment Agencies	75c
	Per Word.
Business Opportunities (Caps, 20c)	15c
Buyers' Wants—Offerings to Buyers	15c
Book Exchange (Sunday)	15c

Lost and Found, Deaths, Marriages and Births accepted up to midnight.

Errors avoided by delivering advertisements well in advance of closing time.

MALE HELP WANTED.

Continued From Preceding Page.

COPYWRITER—Intelligence and ability to express ideas in plain, forceful English more important than experience. Call or answer by mail, stating exactly where and how employed in recent years, and the age there secured, married or single and character of opportunity desired. Goodlatch Advertising Agency, Flatiron Building, 175 5th Av.

CORSET DESIGNER wanted immediately; of experience, with good recommendations; not expected to take charge of help or factory; only highest class of operator; references applications needed. X 2167 Times Annex.

CREDIT MAN with some accounting experience, preferably familiar with wholesale steam and plumbing supply jobbing trade; state references, experience, age and salary expected; Christian firm, long established. Write S 75 Times.

CUTTER AND FITTER wanted by first-class men's tailoring firm; must be of good appearance and address, able to do selling and fitting; state to what extent; state salary and experience. Address Arthur M. Rosenberg Company, New Haven, Conn.

DEMONSTRATOR, experienced, to sell proprietary medicines through drug stores and grocery specialties; written applications only; state age, experience, salary. 820 Fisk Building.

DRAFTSMAN—Young man with some experience; state age, experience and salary expected. T 449 Times.

DRUG CLERK, not over 30 years of age, who wants to better himself; reliable pharmacist out house; correspondence confidential. Write X 2293 Times Annex.

ELECTRICAL measuring instruments of the highest grade are made here in New York City by a firm which needs more young men with high school education and interests in electrical work. Apply by letter, stating age, qualifications, salary expected. Wilson-Maeulen Co., 238 Concord Av., Bronx.

EMPLOYER wishes to place his former chauffeur, age 25, neat appearing, with extensive knowledge of automobiles, where he can commercialize his ambitions. What have you to offer him? Box 1 Times.

ESTIMATOR on plumbing; must be practical, experienced on high-class loft, office and apartment buildings; state references, experience and salary expected. D 32 Times.

ESTIMATOR, general contractors' office; state experience and salary expected. A 191 Times.

FOREMAN for shop making motion picture projectors; must be capable of taking full charge of production and assembly; we want a man of ideas and experience who knows who will share in this! Real co-operation; territories; bonus; liberal commission; does your record measure up to this opportunity? If it does phone Mr. Armstrong for personal interview, Williamsburg 0466.

FOREMAN, assembling department in metal toy factory; must have experience, knowledge with stamping, riveting, machines and double seamers. Address in writing, M. Cropper & Sons, 34 34th St., Brooklyn.

FOREMAN, masonry experience; highest-class work; state experience, references and salary expected. A 41 Times.

JAPANESE MAN or white woman housework, for two; sleep out. Plaza 8860.

LECTURER who believes in physical culture to lecture and sell book in Broadway store to passing audience, forceful delivery, fully Sunday type, health knowledge, selling and closing ability necessary. Call personally today, 11 A. M., bringing sheet stating name, age, experience salary or commission desired, 6th floor, 1,926 Broadway.

MANAGER, full charge piano store; good paying proposition; state age, ability, past experience and salary desired in first letter. S 982 Times Downtown.

MAN, high grade, to take charge of making up samples on ladies' hats; must be original ideas; good proposition for right man; no others need apply. 699 Broadway, 5th floor.

MAN, married, A1 references, for general office work in coal office; must be able to operate typewriter, take care of switchboard and furnish bond. Brooklyn Nevins Coal Co., 384 Nevins St., Brooklyn.

MAN wanted as patrolman, height 6 ft.; state age, religion, weight and experience; pay $36 per week. S 985 Times Downtown.

MECHANICAL DRAFTSMAN—We have an opening for a first-class mechanical draftman with considerable experience on layouts of automatic paper-handling machine; location out of town; give full details in first letter. X 2186 Times Annex.

MECHANIC, able to make electrical repairs in retail establishment and willing to help porters; state salary. S 61 Times.

MODEL, perfect size 36, wanted by large wholesale clothing house; good opportunity; must furnish good references. See Mr. Matheson, J. Friedman & Co., 708 Broadway.

OFFICE ASSISTANT, accurate at figures and typing; $15 to start. Schiff & Wertheim Co., 635 Broadway.

OFFICE MAN for buying and selling; thoroughly knows values; wholesale general merchandise; commission basis only. T 516 Times.

OPTOMETRIST.

L. BAMBERGER & CO., Newark, want an optometrist with New Jersey license; must be thoroughly experienced. Apply at Employment Office, 56 Bank St., between 9 A. M. and 1 P. M.

L. BAMBERGER & CO.,
Newark, N. J.
"One of America's Great Stores."

PACKERS—Experienced cloak and suit packers. Harry Klinger & Co., 1,323 Broadway. Apply 35th St. entrance.

PHYSICIAN, registered, New York, under 40, for scientific treatment work; capable doing minor surgery; prefer ex-service man; must be willing leave city; permanent position; advertising office man can qualify. X 2283 Times Annex.

PHYSICIAN, young, active, licensed to practice in New York, to take charge of our dermatological, electrolysis, scalp and hair treatment department. A. Simonson, 54 West 57th.

PIPEFITTER—Must be experienced on Landis machine; steady work; state age, references and salary expected. D 33 Times.

REPRESENTATIVES of personality, tact and integrity for membership committee of nationally known organization of high standing; attractive income; commission; congenial, permanent position for men of ability; references required. See Mr. Martini, 10 A. M.-1 P. M., week days, except Saturdays. Hotel Ansonia, 74th St. and Broadway.

REPRESENTATIVE to secure business data from leading manufacturers for the U. S. Government. Advertisement Elimator; liberal commissions and steady employment. Telephone for appointment Tuesday and Wednesday. Bardsley 1451-1452.

SOLICITOR—Bonded collection agency seeks experienced solicitor; cal ry or commission basis. X 2311 Times Annex.

STENOGRAPHER and TYPIST, young man with vitality, ability, brains, ambition, seeking opportunity to advance in publishing, advertising. Apply Pathfinder Pub. Co., 25 West 43d St., Tuesday, 11 to 2 P. M.

STENOGRAPHER, high grade; preferably with machinery experience; state age, experience, education, salary expected, telephone number. G 194 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, about 22-23 years old; Isaac Pitman shorthand only; for Christian engineering firm; state age, nationality, reliable. 622-623 Times Building.

STENOGRAPHER, young man, high school education, about two years' experience, for iron, steel brokerage. J 976 Times Downtown.

MALE HELP WANTED.

SUPERINTENDENT'S ASSISTANT AND SUPERVISORS in boys' department at Marks Nathan Jewish Orphan Home, Chicago; single, experienced, with good educational and cultural background, and familiar with Jewish life and customs; commencing salaries $1,800 and $1,200 to $1,400. Apply immediately in writing. D 42 Times.

SUPERINTENDENT.

LARGE building company has a permanent opening, with advancement, for a man around 35 years of age, with experience as architects' superintendent on trades, hoisting, salary $35 per week; give religion and references. T 519 Times.

SUPERINTENDENT, building construction experience, high-class work; state experience, references and salary expected. S 42 Times.

WRINGER MAN and pulleys wanted. Department Wet Wash Laundry, 301 Lloris St., city.

YOUNG MAN, ambitious, 24 years of age, to do investigating for national company in New York City; outside position; college graduate preferred, but must have some college training; work requires use of the typewriter; permanent for right man; opportunity for advancement; give full particulars, with religious belief, to Box 151, Station F, New York, N. Y.

YOUNG MAN with ability and ambition desired by Christian real estate firm for clerical position but with opportunity for advancement and of learning the business; knowledge of typewriting essential; recent graduate of college or high school preferred. Write, stating education, age, religion, references and salary desired. T 517 Times.

YOUNG MAN, American descent, about 17 years of age, in the office of a manufacturer to assist in the mail department of a Christian house; good education and character; references required; experience unnecessary; state salary expected. J 947 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, office assistant; must be grammar school graduate, write neat hand and good at figures. William Alsberg & Co., 826 Broadway.

YOUNG MAN, 21-30, for large retail store, to actual assistant department store experience preferred; state age, salary and former employment. A. T. 1074 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, strong, for shipping room and local delivery; wholesale woolen house; must be willing worker; chance for advancement; Christian firm. X 2274 Times Annex.

YOUNG MAN, mechanically inclined, with some experience in repairing electric washers and other appliances; permanent position. Apply Hurley Machine Co., 147 West 42d St.

YOUNG MAN who has hospital experience, as attendant to gentleman; name particulars and give references in replying. W 551 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 18, Christian firm, as office assistant in wholesale woolen commission house; address in own writing, previous experience and reference. S. 47 Times.

YOUNG MAN, executive ability, required to assist in supervising; good opportunity; small salary to start. Apply Photostat Corp., 1 Dey St.

YOUNG MAN in a savings bank; accurate at figures, good penman; state nationality, religion, age and salary. L 571 Times.

YOUNG MAN, over 21, experienced wholesale in grocery, and guilty; must have references. Charles Welland, Inc., 121 Reade St.

THE VAN RAALTE COMPANY HAS AN OPENING FOR A HIGH-CLASS SALESMAN IN THEIR VEILING DEPARTMENT FOR THE CHICAGO TERRITORY; EXPERIENCE IN SIMILAR LINES NECESSARY; A SPLENDID OPENING AWAITS THE RIGHT PARTY; APPLY BY LETTER ONLY; SALARY AND COMMISSION.

VAN RAALTE CO.,
295 5TH AV.,
NEW YORK CITY.

NATIONALLY known chain store organization requires services of a man with car to do special location work in the field; references required; no selling. Apply to Mr. Hennett, 2-4 P. M. or 7-8 P. M., 231 West 57th St., fifth floor.

Salesmen.

AUTOMOBILE SALESMEN.

We sold $850,000 worth of Chevrolet automobiles in 1922; this year our mark is $400,000; do you want to be one of the salesmen who will share in this? Real co-operation; territories; bonus; liberal commission; does your record measure up to this opportunity? If it does phone Mr. Armstrong for personal interview, Williamsburg 0466.

AUTOMOBILE SALESMAN—Exceptional opportunity to wide-awake, ambitious, energetic salesman over 25; complete instruction, co-operation and direction by experienced closers; full commission. See Mr. Gleichner, Willys-Overland, Inc., 50th St. and Broadway. Circle 9400.

AUTOMOBILE SALESMEN.

FORD DEALER HAS OPENING FOR EXTERIENCED SALESMEN, FLOOR TIME, LEADS FURNISHED; COMMISSION BASIS APPLY TO MR. VOLMER, YORK MOTORS CORP., 231 WEST 57TH.

CANDY SALESMEN—Experienced salesmen, with car to cover retail trade in Greater New York; attractive line; good proposition; salary and commission. Call personally, Ramsay & Becker, 390 McLean Av., at Webster Av., the Bronx.

CANDY BOX SALESMAN—Unusual opportunity for man to sell high-grade paper boxes to confectioners in Greater New York on salary; one who has experience with confectioners or in selling paper or printing in New York preferred. Write for interview, giving statistics, age, experience and salary last earned. Meyer, Morrison & Co., 39 Cortlandt St.

CLOTHING SALESMAN—Young men's clothing; must have good city trade; salary or commission. Manhattan Clothes, 44 East Broadway.

CLOTHING SALESMEN, Wanted—Permanent. Brill Bros., Broadway and 49th St.

CREW MANAGERS, SALESMEN, SOLICITORS on commodity going like wildfire in all parts of United States; Brand's Brewer's Yeast; tremendous demand with no opposition; just opening campaign in New York; exceptional opportunity to obtain permanent, highly profitable connection; strictly commission; special proposition to men who have sales organizations; can also use 50 men on part time. Room 706, 511 5th Av.

FUR SALESMAN, experienced, wanted, well acquainted with the cloak and suite trade; commission. Bingel & Gross, 104 West 26th.

MALE HELP WANTED.

Salesmen.

SALESMEN,
25 YEARS AND OVER.

Are you making good in the line you are in? If not, why not? The writer of this ad worked for a large corporation as a salesman on a salary of $1,500 a year—he wasn't getting anywhere—he went to work for a young company on a commission—he made $3,500 the first year—$6,500 the next—over $10,000 the next, and was made sales manager within three years.

He is now with another young company where he believes his future will be even greater. Would you like to work with him and have the same opportunity he is working for?

You will first help the company finance itself through the sale of its stock to selected prospects. You will work on a commission basis; you can make $75 to $200 per week. You will not need any previous experience in this line. You will have to work hard, BUT you will get a just reward. If you are earnest, ambitious and ready for success, call to see Mr. Scott, 10 East 44th St., New York.

SALESMEN.

A good, clean, high-class proposition, a snappy, fast-selling business service; not a million dollar deal; not the best proposition in the world, but $40 to $60 sure every week and more, if you have it in you.

Salary and commission; a liberal commission on all sales; a salary for the first two weeks, until you learn the sale; full co-operation; exclusive territory, New York City and out of town.

Only men of good appearance and at least high school education considered.

Apply between 9 and 2.

A. W. SHAW COMPANY,
50 East 42d St. (corner Madison Av.).

SALESMEN.

An unusual opportunity for a few men of the right type to enter FIRST MORTGAGE Real Estate Bond Field with THE THIRD LARGEST Mortgage Company in America; exceptional future; liberal commission arrangements. Ask for Mr. Robert Andre, Eastern Sales Department, Title Mortgage Co., 52 Vanderbilt Av.

SALESMEN—I WANT TO INTERVIEW SEVERAL HIGH-CLASS SPECIALTY SALESMEN OVER 30 FOR THE PRODUCTION DEPARTMENT OF THE NATIONAL SURETY COMPANY; ONLY MEN SEEKING PERMANENT POSITIONS WILL BE CONSIDERED, AS THE COMMISSION ARRANGEMENTS WILL BE VERY LIBERAL; $50,000,000 CAPITAL AND ASSETS; NOW MAKING BIG MONEY OFFERS SOME OPPORTUNITY FOR THE NEW YEAR.

R. R. EDMOND,
NATIONAL SURETY BLDG.,
NEAR RECTOR OR WALL ST. STATIONS.

SALESMEN, syndicate cut advertising solicitors; brand new proposition; experience preferred, but not necessary; have openings for 6 salesmen, capable of earning $5,000 yearly or better; we do business with merchants and bankers throughout the country; applicants must be willing to devote entire time and have sufficient funds to finance themselves until orders are verified; strictly commission. Call Room 817, Gotham National Bank Bldg., Columbus Circle and Broadway.

SALESMEN.

A. C. ROTHSTEIN
requires floor salesmen having years of millinery selling experience and some following. 251 West 36th St.

SALESMEN MAKE $75 PER WEEK.

Our special new sales campaign is increasing our business and netting our men real money; direct leads ground floor opportunity; special advance literature mailed; liberal commission basis; more than 1,000,000 sets of The BOOK OF KNOWLEDGE have been sold. Apply Mr. Jackson, Tuesday, Room 603, 2 West 45th St.

SALESMEN.

Come out to Jamaica; a real opportunity selling automobiles, with a wonderful business for advertisement; leads and full co-operation; salary and commission. Call between 4 and 5.

JAMAICA AUTO AND SUPPLY CO.,
168-18-20 Bergen Av., Jamaica, L. I.

SALESMEN WANTED.

Four good men to represent the circulation department of prominent New York evening newspaper; liberal commission with guarantee. Call Monday or Tuesday A. M., Feb. 19-20, at 105 Tube Concourse Building, Summit Av. station, Jersey City, N. J., and ask for Mr. Fyke.

SALESMAN to sell full line meats, butter, cheese and eggs to the retail trade in Richmond Hill and Jamaica; excellent opportunity; state age and salary expected; an interview will be given all who have had previous experience in this line who answer the above questions. X 2306 Times Annex.

SALESMEN—N. Y. STATE CORPORATION DISTRIBUTING GOVERNMENT COMPILED INFORMATION HAS OPENINGS FOR SALESMEN; EXPERIENCE NOT NECESSARY; EARNINGS RANGE FROM $50 TO $100 WEEKLY; LIBERAL COMMISSION, EXPENSES. 40 WEST 39TH ST., 2D FLOOR.

SALESMEN—Three good ones, who know they can sell; who don't need a salesman to tell them how; we sell direct advertising in New York City; this is a new concern and we seek men to grow with us; commission basis. S 888 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN, high-class drug and specialties, to physicians, New York City and vicinity; experience and trade following preferred, but not imperative; reliable and established house; good future; liberal commission. Address in confidence, D. P. Co., Long Island City, N. Y.

SALESMEN—SWEATERS.

Men carrying non-conflicting lines for following territories: Pennsylvania, Middle West, Northwest and the South; liberal commission arrangements will be made with those having following lines this line, Rosebud Knitting Mills, 1,140 Broadway.

SALESMAN (FABRIC HANDBAGS)

One with large department and high-class specialty store following to sell popular line of bags to cover New England, New York and Middle West States; drawing account against commission; reply, stating full particulars and previous experience. S 43 Times.

SALESMAN, EXPERIENCED, TO SELL COAL AND COKE ON COMMISSION BASIS; EXCEPTIONAL OPPORTUNITY FOR THE RIGHT MAN; REPLY BY MAIL GIVING EXPERIENCE AND REFERENCE. S 945 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

SALESMAN—Experienced, energetic lighting fixture salesman-manager to open retail showroom established manufacturer; big prospects for capable man; reply in confidence, outlining in detail previous experience and salary. J 235 Times.

SALESMAN to perform missionary work, both locally and out of town, for a well-established food product; must be experienced in this work; answer giving age, experience, references and salary desired. X 2207 Times Annex.

SALESMEN wanted with their own cars to sell automobile inner tubes and accessories on an attractive commission basis; references essential; apply immediately. S. H. Rubber Mfg. Co., 1634 Broadway, Storeroom 6. Columbus 7881.

SALESMAN; well-known young man with following in upholstered furniture for entire Jersey territory; wonderful opportunity for right party; apply by letter only; strictly confidential; drawing against commission. S 925 Times Downtown.

SALESMEN and collectors, collect life insurance; salary or commission; minimum income $30 weekly; good chances for advancement. Apply Tuesday at 4 P. M., 864 Manhattan Av., Brooklyn, Metropolitan Life Insurance Co.

SALESMEN, knowledge of radio preferred, to cover New York and Brooklyn territory, calling on dealers; excellent connections and liberal returns for live wire; commission only; state age, experience and reference. J 974 Times Downtown.

SALESMEN, white lead and paint, wanted for metropolitan district; salary or commission; interviews Tuesdays, Thursdays, After 7 P. M. H. Weis, manager, 205 East 7th St.

SALESMEN, wanged to sell popular make pipe sure and commercial cars on commission and bonus basis; may give drawing account to those who qualify. Rio Jamaica Sales Co., 169-08 Hillside Av., Jamaica, L. I.

SALESMEN—Side line of ladies' hand bags; one with good following; commission only; monthly settlement. S 6 Times.

SALESMAN, experienced in conveying machinery; excellent opportunity; state age, experience and salary expected. T 401 Times.

SALESMEN for guaranteed hosiery, direct to public; commission; exclusive territories given; call Tuesday, Venida Hosiery, 45 West 34th.

SALESMEN, new book proposition; 10 to 20 orders possible every day; liberal commission. See Mr. Williams, Room 405, 37 West 39th St., mornings.

SALESMAN—An exceptionally good, experienced man to sell cloaks and suits; references; drawing against commission. J. Lalbowitz, 11 West 11th.

MALE HELP WANTED.

Salesmen.

SALESMAN.

If you can look the big executive in the eye and tell him the truth so that he will believe it, you can earn such large commissions with our special advertising plan that we prefer to show you the figures at a personal interview. We have fifty years of success back of our firm and our million-dollar plant, together with the highest commercial rating, indicate our responsibility; we wish to place immediately an expert salesman in an unoccupied territory, where the renewals of an established clientele will yield a satisfactory income, in addition to new business written. We will entertain applications only from experienced salesmen, accustomed to traveling, age from 28 to 45; give details in your reply, so not be brief, and include telephone number. S 63 Times.

SALESMEN'S OPPORTUNITY.

Reliable real estate corporation, starting big sale of New York City home sites, ideally located on Long Island, offers to qualified salesmen of character unusual money-making opportunity; commission. Apply 444 Fulton St., Jamaica. Call between 1 and 3 P. M.

SALESMEN, hosiery experience essential; Long Island resident preferred; salary and commission; apply 9 to 10. Fain Knitting Mills, 508 5th Av., Mr. Berman.

SALESMAN, OPPORTUNITY.

Reliable real estate corporation, starting big sale of New York City home sites, ideally located on Long Island, offers to qualified salesmen of character unusual money-making opportunity; commission. Apply 136 West 42d St., New York City, 9 to 12 A. M.

SALESMAN who believes in physical culture, to lecture and sell book in Broadway store to passing audience, forceful delivery, Billy Sunday type, health knowledge, selling and closing ability necessary; call personally today, 11 A. M.; bringing sheet stating name, age, experience, salary or commission desired. 6th floor, 1,926 Broadway.

SALESMAN—We offer an opportunity to a high-class representative, who is in touch with leading jewelry, blouse and kimono manufacturers, to connect with a reputable firm making silk novelty; drawing account against commission; state all qualifications; confidential. Box 608, 2,501 World Tower Bldg.

SALESMEN.
LEADS FURNISHED.

We desire a few good live-wire salesmen for subscription campaign; commissions $75 a week and up. See Mr. Beckeman, Tuesday, after 12, 400 West 23d St., N. Y. City.

SALESMAN TO SELL REED FURNITURE; PREFERRED MEN ACQUAINTED WITH FURNITURE TRADE IN NEW JERSEY, EASTERN PENNSYLVANIA, VIRGINIA, MARYLAND AND DELAWARE; SALARY AND COMMISSION. FICKS REED CO., 230 BORDEN AV., LONG ISLAND CITY.

SALESMEN—We want high calibre salesmen selling the large department stores in New York and vicinity, to handle a silk novelty line for one of the most reputable concerns; excellent opportunity; drawing account against commission; all communications confidential. Box 607, 2,501 World Tower Bldg.

SALESMAN, building material specialty; Eastern territory; drawing account and commission; excellent opportunity for experienced salesman; knowledge of building materials not essential. T 514 Times.

SALESMEN—Live wire salesmen to sell Ford pleasure and commercial cars on commission basis only; those who know how to dig up business need apply. Campbell Motors, Inc., 55 Smith St., Brooklyn. Mr. Jordan.

SALESMAN—Opportunity for live wire salesman with popular-priced dress house; must have following among city department stores and resident office trade; commission basis; apply by mail. S. Anchor Addressing Service, 8 West 20th.

SALESMAN, woolen; one for city and one for Philadelphia, Baltimore, &c.; must have per cent following of trade; good tailors; write full particulars; drawing account and commission. Finch-Truitt Co., Inc., N. Y. City, 225 5th Av.

SALESMAN—High-powered, energetic specialty man to sell nationally known advertised medicine druggists in Northern States; written applications only; state age, experience, salary. 930 Fisk Building, New York.

SALESMEN—Call on manufacturers and jobbers of $5,000-$6,000 of merchandise, advertising proposition; big money-making proposition to right party; commission. Call Room 610, 334 5th Av.

SALESMAN, leather goods; Chicago, Middle West; great opportunity; compel large manufacturer; some best references; confidential. Gold Medal Novelty Co., 17 Washington Av., Brooklyn; commission.

INSURANCE BROKERAGE ORGANIZATION is prepared to invite a high grade successful solicitor with a real volume of business to his credit; we are open to talk to a man who answer the needs better facilities for the solution of his problems, and who can appreciate and profitably use competitive advantages in giving a distinctive and far reaching service; drawing account against commissions; confidential replies respected. V 805 Times Downtown.

THE GREATEST BOOK PROPOSITION OF ALL TIME, "THE BOOK OF KNOWLEDGE"; salesmen are making $75 to $100 per week on our new sales plan; you can do the same; leads grouped to save time; liberal commissions. Apply Mr. FINDLEY, Sales Manager, 2 West 45th St.

SOLICITOR—We have an opening for a wide-awake man on commission in our commercial credit reporting department. Apply between 9 and 11 o'clock, Room 507, 220 5th Av.

MEN, with selling ability, to solicit pupils for music; $6-$10 day commission. 200 South 9th, Brooklyn; apply mornings.

Employment Agencies.

BROWN EXCHANGE, 200 BROADWAY.
URGENT TUESDAY.
ACTUAL, $40.
STENOG.-SUPERVISOR, $40.
STENOG. (ENGINEERING), $30; FUTURE.
STENOG. (SPANISH TRANSLATION), $35.
LOSS CLERK (FIRE), $35.
BOOKKEEPER, $35; $1,400, LUNCHES.
BURROUGHS; BOSTON LEDGER; MESSENGERS, RUNNERS, STOCK BOYS, CLERKS.

GOTHAM EMPLOYMENT EXCHANGE,
45 PINE ST. BLOCK FROM WALL.
Men seeking WALL ST. positions will find it advantageous to register here.
SPECIAL.
Steno.-sec'y, legal exp. $40-60
Bookkeeper, real estate exp. preferred $30
Salesmen, musical instruments $25
Boys; many excellent positions ..... $10-$15

PERSONNEL EXCHANGE, INC.
No Registration Fee. 123 Liberty St.
Geologist; single, South Africa, $5,000.
Research-statistician, stock exchange experience; bring samples of work, $3,000.
Asst. factory mgr.; steel experience, $1,800.
Stenographers: financial, oil, $1,200-$1,300.
Clerks; stock ledger, cost, $1,100-$1,300.
Clerk; elderly, $17; typist, nights, $1,200.

CHANGING JOBS AGAIN?
What will it be this time? Just another job or the work for which nature has specially fitted you? Don't simply "try again," but let our expert analysts tell you from a scientific study of your face the work you can do BEST. Booklet "K" free. Write, call or telephone Vanderbilt 2562.
Merton Institute, 38 West 44th St.

RITE-SERVICE EMPLOYMENT EXCH.,
166 BROADWAY, 2d FLOOR 23.
STENOGRAPHER, traffic exp., B'klyn. ..$25
BOOKKEEPERS, Boston and individual. ..$28
LEDGER CLERKS, good handwriting. ..$18
SHIPPING CLERK, $20; novelties. ..$18
OFFICE BOYS (20), A1 openings. ..$12-$10

BROADWAY EMPLOYMENT SERVICE,
9 Church St. 1 Flight up.
Individual ledgers, Boston ledgers, common man small banks, steamship and general clerks, bookkeepers, stenographers, typists, junior clerks, Elliott-Fisher and Burroughs operators, boys.

THE HUB AGENCY,
ROOM 511, 132 NASSAU ST.
We specialize in creating openings for competent office help; our clients are depending on us to supply them with their personnel; many immediate openings.

WALL ST. STATISTICIANS ..$3,000-$5,000
JR. CLEARING HOUSE CLERKS $20
STENOGRAPHERS ..... $18-$21
RUNNERS and BOARD RUNNERS. $12-$18
REGISTRATION FEES.

WALL ST. AGENCY, 20 BROAD ST.
ORDER CLERK, take charge $30-35
ORDER CLERK ..... $25-$30
BOOKKEEPER, 25 to 28 ..... $35-$40
CHARGE CLERK $18
BOOKKEEPER, sales ledger $25
National Vocation Agency, 132 Nassau St.

UNIVERSITY EMPLOYMENT BUREAU,
10 WALL ST.
STATISTICIAN, exchange firm, $3,000.
BANK BKPERS, draft clerks; $1,200-$1,600.
TYPISTS, asst.-rec. tellers, night, $80-$90.
STENOGRAPHERS, typists, clerks, boys; other openings; best firms. Mercantile Exchange, 67 Cortlandt.

DICTAPHONE-TYPIST, stenographers, $18-$22; bookkeeper-typist, $25; boys, $12-$20. Davidson (Agency), 74 Broadway.

STENOGRAPHER-TYPISTS, $18-$22; excellent positions; office boys, $12. Martins, 31 Nassau.

MALE HELP WANTED.

Employment Agencies.

EXECUTIVE SERVICE CORPORATION,
8 East 41st Street. Van. 2175.
Wm. D. Camp, President.

SALES MANAGER—Handle sales and advertising of large ice cream business; out of town; only experience in sales or similar line considered; excellent opportunity. Salary matter of arrangement.

OFFICE MANAGERS (4)—Must have at least 5 years' experience and proven executive ability in handling force of over 40 people; knowledge of office details, systems, correspondence and employment of personnel. Salary up to $4,600 year.

BRANCH MANAGER—New York City; must be experienced in handling equipment for contractors and building trade. $3,000 year and percentage.

TREASURER—For organization operating in Eastern Europe; age 30-40; must be experienced accountant; real opportunity for an altruistic man of high type who will go abroad. Salary to be arranged.

CHEMIST—Must be experienced in paint manufacture. Salary up to $3,600 year.

SALESMEN (3)—Experienced in building and construction equipment line. Up to $3,600 year.

STATISTICIAN—College graduate with knowledge of theory of statistics. $3,000 year.

ACCOUNTANT—Young man for Persia; college graduate; age 30; good personality with a social background; single preferred. Salary and living expenses to be arranged.

MECHANICAL DRAFTSMEN—
Checker, $250 month.
Power house layout, $225 month.
Metallurgical furnace design, $200 mo.
Power house design detail work, $200 mo.
Plant and mill steel construction, $175 mo.

SALESMAN—Roofing materials experience required; central New York State. $2,400 year.

CANVASSER—For accounting firm. $40 week.

BOOKKEEPER—With office management experience; single; of good family; well educated; exceptional opportunity. $35 week.

CREDIT MEN (2)—With extensive inside and outside credit and collection experience; prefer college education; fine firm. $150 month.

STENOGRAPHERS (3)—With very fine firms; bookkeeping experience desirable. $30-$35 week.

COLLECTION CORRESPONDENT—Experienced; knowledge of bookkeeping. $30 week.

SALES CORRESPONDENT—College graduate with one or more years experience preferred. $25 week.

SALESMEN—Several very fine opportunities for ambitious young men:
(1) some retail sporting goods experience, $25 week.
(2) large woolen house, $35 week & com.
(3) large commission house for builders supplies; $30 week and com. Knowledge of electrical equipment.
(4) experienced in drug and department store trade, $25 week and com.
(5) experienced in automobile accessories line; technical men preferred $25 and commission.

STENOGRAPHERS (10)—With firms of highest type; who offer splendid future. Up to $30 week.

BANK BOOKKEEPERS—Boston Ledger experience, $25 week. Downtown.

RACK CLERK—Downtown bank, $25 wk.

TRANSFER CLERK—Downtown bank for stock record department. $1,200 year.

BOOKKEEPERS—With commercial experience; several good opportunities with commercial firms and banks. $25 week.

ADDING MACHINE OPERATORS (2)—Brooklyn bank, $80 month.

JUNIOR CLERKS—Little experience required for very good commercial firms with opportunity for rapid advancement. Age 18-20. $10-$20 week.

OFFICE BOYS—With firms who desire boys who are ambitious and want rapid advancement; age 16-19; $12-$15 week.

THE BRENTON COMPANY,
50 CHURCH ST., ROOM 879, 3RD FLOOR.
STATISTICIAN, experienced analyst, R. R., industrial and public utility reports; conversant with Stock Exchange issues, well informed on economic conditions generally, $3,000.

COST ACCOUNTANT, college graduate; must have installed cost systems, knowledge of production and machine manufacturing; $3,000-$4,000.

AUDITOR, retail dept. store experience, $2,000-$2,500.

ACCOUNTANT, college graduate, experienced general auditing, for public utility company, $2,500.

STENOGRAPHER, age 20-23, H. S. graduate, some experience, $123 month.

SALES CORRESPONDENT, junior; must have commercial experience; $30.

YOUNG MAN, manual training graduate who can operate small printing press, $18-$20 week.

BANKING AND BROKERAGE DEPT.

CREDIT MAN, A1 type college graduate preferred; must be experienced in bank credit work; $3,500-$4,000.

CORPORATE TRUST BOOKKEEPER, $1,800.

BANK BOOKKEEPER, all depts., $1,500.

FOREIGN EXCHANGE BOOKKEEPER.

MAIL TELLERS' DIVISION, knowledge of German will help, 5-P. M. to 12, $110-$120 month.

BOND LEDGER BOOKKEEPERS (6), commercial experience, will qualify, $1,300-$1,500.

CABLE CLERKS, age 21-23, $25 week.

RECEPTION MAN, age 30-40, must wear uniform, $1,200.

TOUCH TYPIST, ADDING MACHINE OPERATORS (5), day and night shifts, $90-$110 month.

SPEAR & FREAR,
Employment Specialists, 31 B'way.
Mech., Elec. Engineers, $200-$250; Mech. Draftsmen, power plant layout, $250; Mach. Draftsman, Checker, power plant, $250; Mech. Draftsmen, detailers, power plant, $175. BANKING: Trust Bkpr., judiciary accounting exp., $1,500-$1,800; Boston ledger, $110; Cable Clerks, $100; Transfer Clerks, $100; Mail Clerks, $100-$125; Runners, $15; Office Boys, $10-$12-$15. Registration free.

ACME AGENCY, 145 NASSAU ST.
Stenographers, $25; Ledger Clerks, $22. Clerical, $18-$20; Office Boys, $12.

HAMILTON
EMPLOYMENT SERVICE,
56 CHURCH STREET,
HUDSON TERMINAL BUILDING,
MAIN FLOOR.

EXECUTIVE: Must understand stationery business from end to end, to take entire charge of office. ..... $35-$50 wk.

DRAFTSMEN (3) for South America, structural steel, elec. mills, mined, and smelters experience; 2-year contract. ..... $300-$325 mo.

ASST. TO MGR.—Manufacturing plant man; must know production and cost; ability to handle office value; salary; technical education desired. $40

STATISTICIAN—Experience in analyzing R. R. and public utility and parts; Stock Exchange; $3,000 year.

STENOS.—Several openings, good possibilities ..... $25 wk. up.

CORRESPONDENT: Covering shipments ..... $100 mo.

STENO. Experienced, start at $105 mo.

STENO.: Experienced, downtown. $18

BILL CLERKS (2) (hand); good type $17

TYPIST—Exp. export firm, downtown $18

CLERKS (12) Various lines, banks, manufacturing and insurance, N. Y. City, Brooklyn and L. I. City ..... $15-$17

RECEPTION CLERKS (18-19 yrs. age), uptown, Steamship $15

CLERKS: Stamping line (18-20), nominal salary to start, position offers about $25 in a few months.

BOYS: We can immediately place (60) boys to positions offering advancement to those who are wide-awake and ambitious ..... $10-$12

MANY OTHER OPENINGS.

MUTUAL BUSINESS SERVICE, INC.,
Suite 507, 280 Broadway, cor. Chambers.
SEE MR. G. B. YARD, JR.

SALES MGR.: specialty exp.; $5,000-$10,000.

STATISTICIAN, indust. & utility reports; must know economics and finance; $3,000.

SALES ENGR., power equip.; $2,500 plus.

MECH.: Checker, $200-$250; designer, P. H. Lay, $225 plus; Designer, metal furnaces, $200; Struct. Dftr., indust. bldgs., $45-$50; Dftr., mech. P. H. Des., $40-$50; Detailer, plant work, $40; Designer, steel and concrete, $225.

ACCOUNTANTS: semi and jr.; open.

OFFICE ASSIST.: ledger and corresp., $30-$35.

CALCULATOR, grocery exp. only, $30.

BOOKKEEPER, Boston ledger, $1,000.

STENO.-SECY., $95; Steno., com. exp., $30.

STENOS.: several good openings, $25.

BOOKKEEPER, assist., high type, $35.

ELSIE DIBBL AGENCY,
1 BEEKMAN ST., NEW YORK ROW.
IT COSTS NOTHING TO REGISTER.

Bookkeeper, typists, Richmond Hill, $30; Bookkeepers, assistant, typist, downtown, $25.

Bookkeeper, cashier, resident position; $100, month, room, board, laundry.

Bookkeepers, $25-$30; Typists, $20-$30.

Burrough operators, bank, $25.

Ledger clerk, bank, Brooklyn, $25.

Packers (2), downtown, $22-$25.

Packer, glass warp co., downtown, $30.

Stenographers, $22-$30; numerous.

Perpetual inventory clerk, $22; downtown.

Typists (2), West Street, $25.

PLACEMENT BUREAU, 2 W. 43D ST.
OFFICE BOYS & JUNIOR CLERKS, $12-$15.

Instruction.

ACCOUNTANCY FOLLOWS THE WORLD'S TRADE ROUTES.

Wherever traffic in goods obtains, there will you find the need for

TRAINED ACCOUNTANTS.

It may be in Brazil, in Montana or in the islands of the South Sea. Accountancy is the profession that is in demand the

Fire Record.

A.M. Loss.
1:06—68 Delancey St.; Samuel Kamberg ..... Trifling
8:10—19 St. & 11 Av.; D. S. G. garage, tow truck ..... Trifling
9:00—846 Leggett Av.; Benjamin Blaustein ..... Not given
10:22—125 St. & 7 Av.; automobile, Armour & Co. ..... Not given
10:36—311 E. 99 St.; Mrs. Louise Potsger ..... Not given
11:00—164 Broome St.; A. Goldberg ..... Not given
P. M.
12:20—72 W. 68 St.; Charles Dillon ..... Not given
12:30—43 & 111 Av.; automobile, Welsbeck, Rodner & Co. ..... Not given
12:00—808 Morris Av.; Louis Greenberg ..... Not given
1:00—601 W. 134 St.; Theodore Butler ..... Not given
1:20—59 W. 140 St.; not given ..... Not given
2:45—1,022 Webster Av.; Max Schiller ..... Not given
3:55—147 W. 14 St.; J. Codmotar ..... Not given
4:00—2,008 3 Av.; G. Buscher ..... Not given
4:50—500 Hunt's Point Av.; Morris Goodman ..... Not given
5:00—2,000 Barkley Av.; C. Alter ..... Not given
6:05—203 E. 137 St. (auto truck), Harold Egan ..... Not given
7:05—88 Avenue B; Max Wilderot ..... Slight
7:10—1,474 Wilkins Av.; Lawrence Stark ..... Slight
7:20—30 W. 183 St.; Elias Rudnitsman ..... Not given
7:20—715 W. 172 St.; Rebecca Moscowitz ..... None
7:10—2,081 3 Av.; Henry Fried ..... Not given
7:45—723 E. 214 St.; Sadrin Santor ..... Trifling
8:20—21 Jones St.; not given ..... Slight

THE WEATHER

WASHINGTON, D. C., Feb. 12.—A disturbance of wide extent and marked intensity had two centres Monday night, one over Southern Lake Michigan and the other over Southern Wyoming, and it was moving rapidly east-northeastward. It has been attended by precipitation almost generally since Sunday night, except in the North Atlantic States and the Florida Peninsula, and it had been preceded by a marked rise in temperature throughout the lake region, the great central valleys, the plains States and the West Gulf States. An area of high pressure, attended by a cold wave, is moving rapidly southward over the Canadian Northwest and the Northern Rocky Mountain region, in the rear of this disturbance.

Pressure was also high Monday night over the Atlantic States and the Oklahoma Panhandle.

The western disturbance will move rapidly east-northeastward attended by precipitation, mostly in the form of rain, almost generally Tuesday and Wednesday in the Atlantic and East Gulf States, Tennessee, the Ohio Valley and the lower Lake region. The temperature will rise Tuesday except in the extreme South, and it will continue mild Wednesday in the Atlantic States, but much colder weather will overspread the lower Lake region and the Ohio and lower Mississippi Valleys Wednesday or Wednesday night.

Advisory southeast storm warning ordered 10 P. M., Norfolk, Va., to Eastport, Me., strong east and southeast shifting to south winds, possibly reaching gale force late tonight or Tuesday morning.

COUNTRY-WIDE WEATHER CONDITIONS.

Observations at United States Weather Bureau stations during the twenty-four hours preceding 8 P. M. yesterday:

Station.	Temperature High.	Low.	Barom. over.	Rain-fall.	Weather.
Abilene	74	18	30.18		Clear
Albany	24	12	30.32		Clear
Atlanta	70		29.78	.12	Clear
Atlantic City	36	24	30.32		Rain
Baltimore	38	28	30.32	.01	Rain
Bismarck	20	4	29.66		Snow
Boston	34	18	30.48		Cloudy
Buffalo	30	12	29.94		Snow
Cincinnati	48	22	29.70	.88	Rain
Charleston	52	48	30.18		Cloudy
Chicago	38	24	29.66	.08	Cloudy
Cleveland	40	18	29.86	.20	Rain
Denver	48	22	29.50		Clear
Detroit	32	16	29.70	.28	Rain
Galveston	70	52	29.90		Cloudy
Jacksonville	64	50	30.20	.44	Foggy
Kansas City	42	24	30.18		Clear
Los Angeles	56	42	30.12		Cloudy
Milwaukee	32	14	29.84	.44	Snow
Minneapolis	24	18	29.70		Cloudy
New Orleans	74	58	29.98		Cloudy
New York	37	23	30.32		Cloudy
Oklahoma	68	42	29.88		Clear
Philadelphia	36	28	30.28		Sleet
Pittsburgh	42	20	29.88	.28	Rain
Portland, Me.	20	14	30.04		Clear
Portland, Ore.	58	48	29.94	.06	Cloudy
Salt Lake City	46	26	29.86		Cloudy
San Antonio	68	48	29.98		Cloudy
San Diego	60	48	30.16		Cloudy
San Francisco	62	44	30.12	.06	Clear
Seattle	52	46	30.02		Cloudy
St. Louis	44	24	29.70	.78	Cloudy
Washington	40	26	30.22	.02	Rain

Western New York—Rain or snow Tuesday and Wednesday; warmer Tuesday; colder Wednesday afternoon or night.

Ohio—Rain and warmer Tuesday; Wednesday cloudy and decidedly colder, probably rain or snow.

Southern New England—Rain or snow and warmer Tuesday; Wednesday unsettled, probably rain.

Eastern New York—Rain on the coast and rain or snow in interior Tuesday and probably Wednesday; warmer Tuesday.

Eastern Pennsylvania, New Jersey, Delaware—Rain Tuesday and probably Wednesday; warmer Tuesday.

NEW YORK CITY WEATHER RECORDS.

Official Temperature.

2 A. M.	25	12 P. M.	31
4 A. M.	26	1 P. M.	31
6 A. M.	27	2 P. M.	30
8 A. M.	27	3 P. M.	30
9 A. M.	28	4 P. M.	29
10 A. M.	29	5 P. M.	29
11 A. M.	30	6 P. M.	28
		7 P. M.	28
		8 P. M.	28
		9 P. M.	29
		10 P. M.	29
		11 P. M.	29
		12 P. M.	29
		1 P. M.	29
		2 P. M.	29
		3 P. M.	29
		4 P. M.	29
		5 P. M.	29
		6 P. M.	29
		7 P. M.	29
		8 P. M.	29
		9 P. M.	29
		10 P. M.	29
		11 P. M.	29
		12 P. M.	29

Average temperature yesterday, 28.
Average same date last year, 35.
Average same date for 40 years, 31.

Barometer 30.38 at 8 A. M., 30.32 at 8 P. M. Humidity, 59 at 8 A. M.; 78 at 8 P. M. Winds at 8 A. M. northeast, velocity 10 miles; at 8 P. M. east, velocity 20 miles. Weather cloudy at 8 A. M., cloudy at 8 P. M.

Weather in Cotton and Grain States.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 12.—North Carolina, South Carolina and Georgia—Rain Tuesday and probably Wednesday; warmer Tuesday.

Florida—Partly cloudy Tuesday and Wednesday, possibly local rains in extreme north.

Extreme Northwest Florida — Unsettled with mild temperature Tuesday and Wednesday; probably local rains.

Alabama—Unsettled Tuesday and Wednesday; probably local rains, mild temperature, followed by colder Wednesday afternoon or night.

Mississippi—Unsettled Tuesday and Wednesday, probably local rains; warmer in north Tuesday, much colder Wednesday or Wednesday night.

Tennessee—Rain Tuesday and probably Wednesday; somewhat warmer Tuesday; much colder by Wednesday afternoon or night.

Kentucky—Rain Tuesday and probably Wednesday; mild temperature Tuesday, followed by decidedly colder Wednesday and Wednesday night.

Ohio—Rain and warmer Tuesday; Wednesday cloudy and decidedly colder, probably rain or snow.

Illinois—Rain Tuesday, much colder at nights; Wednesday snow flurries followed by fair and decidedly colder; strong shifting winds.

Indiana—Rain Tuesday. Wednesday snow, followed by fair and colder; strong shifting winds Wednesday.

Lower Michigan—Snow Tuesday. Wednesday mixed with rain southeast; much colder Wednesday; strong shifting winds.

Upper Michigan — Snow Tuesday and Wednesday; much colder Wednesday and north Tuesday; strong shifting winds.

Wisconsin—Snow Tuesday, followed by fair Wednesday. Decidedly colder by or during Tuesday night; cold wave by Wednesday morning; strong shifting winds.

Missouri—Rain turning to snow, much colder Tuesday. Wednesday fair; cold wave by Tuesday night of Wednesday; winds becoming strong northwest Tuesday night.

Minnesota—Snow Tuesday, followed by fair Wednesday; cold wave, rather severe; strong north to northwest winds.

Iowa—Snow Tuesday, followed by fair Wednesday; severe cold ave; winds becoming strong northwest.

North Dakota—Snow flurries followed by clearing Tuesday; cold wave; Wednesday fair, cold; strong northerly winds diminishing.

South Dakota, Nebraska and Kansas—Snow Tuesday, followed by fair Wednesday; severe cold wave; strong northwest winds.

Montana—Generally fair Tuesday and Wednesday; colder extreme East Tuesday; continued cold Wednesday.

Wyoming—Snow Tuesday; much colder, cold wave South; Wednesday fair, continued cold; strong northwest winds.

Today's Radio Program

Feb. 13, 1923.

STATION WEAF, NEW YORK.
400-Meter Wave Length.
4:30 P. M.—Songs by Mae McAsey, soprano.
4:45 P. M.—Gertrude Casriel, pianist.
5:00 P. M.—Mae McAsey, soprano.
5:15 P. M.—Piano solos by Gertrude Casriel.
7:30 P. M.—Recital by Jane Conway, contralto.

STATION WJZ, NEWARK.
360-Meter Wave Length.
9:00 A. M.—Early morning reports and prices for farm products.
11:55 A. M.—Standard time signals; weather forecast.
12:00 M. to 2:15 P. M.—Opening prices on active bonds and stocks, grain, coffee and sugar; midday reports and prices on farm products; music.
4:00 P. M.—Closing prices on stocks and bonds, grain, coffee and sugar; fashions.
5:30 P. M.—Music; special features.
6:00 P. M.—Music.
7:00 P. M.—Reading from "The Golden Fleece."
7:30 P. M.—Dance to the music played by Meadowbrook Society Orchestra.
7:45 P. M.—"Foods for Health and Pleasure," "Fish Facts On and Off the Table," by Anne L. Pierce.
8:30 P. M.—Concert by the Princeton Musical Club.
9:55 P. M.—Arlington time signals; weather forecast.

STATION WOR, NEWARK.
400-Meter Wave Length.
2:30 P. M.—Ellen M. Lewis, soprano.
2:45 P. M.—Readings from the History of the United States.
3:00 P. M.—Ellen M. Lewis, soprano.
3:15 P. M.—"Radio for the Layman," by Albert E. Sonn.
3:40 P. M.—Bella Turkenitch, pianist.
3:15 P. M.—"Chicago Six-Day Race," by William Sullivan.
6:30 P. M.—"Man in the Moon Stories."
7:00 P. M.—Ethel Burton, soprano.
8:00 P. M.—Boy Scout program.
8:30 P. M.—Lecture by Professor Geer.
8:45 P. M.—New Athletic Club Orchestra.
9:00-11:00 P. M.—Minstrel show and band concert by the B. P. O. E. Union Hill Lodge.

STATION WBZ, SPRINGFIELD, MASS.
422-Meter Wave Length.
7:30 P. M.—Bedtime story.
7:45 P. M.—World market survey.
8:00 P. M.—Concert by the Springfield College Glee Club.

STATION WGY, SCHENECTADY.
370-Meter Wave Length.
12:00 M.—Standard time signals.
12:30 P. M.—Noon stock market quotations.
12:45 P. M.—Weather forecast, 485 meters.
2 P. M.—Music, talk, "Monks Cloth as a Decorative Fabric."
6:00 P. M.—Produce and stock market quotations; news bulletins.
7:45 P. M.—Musical program by the Blue Bird Orchestra.

STATION WGI, MEDFORD, MASS.
360-Meter Wave Length.
10:30 A. M.—Weather forecast (485 meters).
3:00 P. M.—Midafternoon news.
6:45 P. M.—Code practice.
8:30 P. M.—Charles Yeremian, violinist; Paul Feinstein, pianist.

STATION KDKA, EAST PITTSBURGH.
360-Meter Wave Length.
10:00 A.M.—Music.
12:30 P. M.—Music and weather forecast.
6:00 P. M.—Organ recital.
7:00 P. M.—News. Reports of the New York Stock Exchange. "Health Hints."
7:15 P. M.—Fashions, by Elinor Barton.
7:30 P. M.—"With the Dreamtime Lady."
7:45 P. M.—"The Gift of Humor," by Mrs. Chester B. Story. "Winter Sports That Girls Enjoy," by Elinor Steel.
8:15 P. M.—Business address.
8:30 P. M.—Concert by the Pittsburgh Glee Club.

STATION WWJ, DETROIT, MICH.
400-Meter Wave Length.
8:30 P. M.—Orchestra selections.

STATION KYW, CHICAGO.
400-Meter Wave Length. (Central Standard Time.)
6:50 P. M.—Bedtime stories.
8:00 P. M. to 9:00 P. M.—Musical program.
9:00 P. M.—News and sports.
9:05 P. M.—Special features.

STATION WOC, DAVENPORT, IOWA.
400-Meter Wave Length. (Central Standard Time.)
5:45 P. M.—Chimes concert.

STATION WSB, ATLANTA, GA.
400-Meter Wave Length.
8:15-9:00 P. M.—Cornet and vocal solos.
13:45 P. M.—Radiowl concert.

STATION WHAS, LOUISVILLE, KY.
360-Meter Wave Length.
8:30-10:00 P. M.—Piano, violin and vocal solos.

COSULICH LINE
MEDITERRANEAN-ADRIATIC SERVICE
TO SUNNY SKIES AND TEMPERATE BREEZES
EXPRESS TWIN-SCREW STEAMSHIP
PRESIDENTE WILSON
(ITALIAN REGISTRY)
SPECIAL DE LUXE VOYAGE MARCH 17TH
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THE TIDES.

	Sandy Hook. A.M.	P.M.	Governors Island. A.M.	P.M.	Hell Gate. A.M.	P.M.
High water	4:32	4:50	4:28	5:24	7:01	7:41
Low water	11:08	11:22	11:22	11:42	0:50	1:43

THE SUN.

	Rises.	Sets.
	A. M.	P. M.
	6:54	5:27

Incoming Steamships Carrying Mail

ARRIVED YESTERDAY.

Steamer.	From.	Sailed.
Megantic	Kingston	Feb. 4
Tolka	Port Limon	Feb. 5
Fort Victoria	Bermuda	Feb. 10
Santa Elena	Valparaiso	Jan. 24
Ponce	San Juan	Feb. 7

DUE TODAY.

Steamer.	From.	Sailed.
Yaque	Port au Prince	Feb. 3
Martinique	Kingston	Feb. 8
Balfe	Liverpool	Feb. 3
Hansa	Hamburg	Feb. 1
Maracaibo	Maracaibo	Feb. 5
Munargo	Nassau	Feb. 10
Orizaba	Havana	Feb. 10
Rousillon	Havre	Feb. 3
Ecuador	Cristobal	Jan. 26
Basquibo	Cristobal	Feb. 3
Stavangerfjord	Bergen	Feb. 3
Carmania	Queenstown	Feb. 3

DUE TOMORROW.

Steamer.	From.	Sailed.
Samland	Antwerp	Jan. 31
Vaasari	Barbados	Feb. 3
Orduna	Southampton	Feb. 2

DUE THURSDAY.

Steamer.	From.	Sailed.
Tivives	Santa Marta	Feb. 6
Mongolia	Hamburg	Feb. 1
Mount Carroll	Hamburg	Jan. 21
Aragonia	Bermuda	Feb. 12

DUE FRIDAY.

Steamer.	From.	Sailed.
Berengaria	Southampton	Feb. 10
America	Bremen	Feb. 1
President Monroe	London	Feb. 3
Saxonia	Cherbourg	Feb. 2

Other Incoming Steamships

ARRIVED YESTERDAY.

Steamer.	From.	Sailed.
Bradavon	Liverpool	Jan. 11
El Cid	Galveston	Feb. 3
Monsun	New Orleans	Feb. 7
Chesapeake Castle	Cape Town	Jan. 14
Cornelia	San Juan	Feb. 6
Lake Winthrop	Turks Island	Feb. 6
Floridian	Colon	Jan. 31
Vardulia	London	Jan. 25
Topdalsfjord	Bergen	Jan. 19
Barbadian	London	Jan. 26

DUE TODAY.

Steamer.	From.	Sailed.
Burmese Prince	Cardiff	Jan. 24
Marengo	Shields	Jan. 29
Ala	Antwerp	Jan. 19
Port Auckland	London	Jan. 27

DUE TOMORROW.

Steamer.	From.	Sailed.
Editor	Rotterdam	Jan. 27
George Allen	Colon	Feb. 3
Seminole	Bluefields	Jan. 28
Milazzo	Catania	Jan. 20
Nuria	Gibraltar	Jan. 20
Ekiton	Hamburg	Jan. 23

DUE WEDNESDAY.

Steamer.	From.	Sailed.
St. Stephen	Blyth	Jan. 24
Cecilia Prince	Gibraltar	Jan. 28
Ampsilla	Antwerp	Jan. 25
Balto	Cardiff	Jan. 23
Bogstadt	Newport, Eng.	Jan. 26
Mirjam	Gibraltar	Jan. 21

DUE THURSDAY.

Steamer.	From.	Sailed.
Borderer	Alexandria	Jan. 4
Citta di Messina	Naples	Jan. 13
Westerner	Rotterdam	Jan. 27

Outgoing Steamships Carrying Mail

SAIL TODAY.

Steamer.	Destination.	Mails Close.	Vessels Sail.	Carries Mail For
Roma	Lisbon	11:30 A.M.	2:00 P.M.	Azores Islands and Portugal. (Mails close 8 P. M. via rail to Providence, R. I., for this steamer.)
Palma	Acra	9:00 A.M.	12:00 M.	Senegal and Gambia. (Other parts of West Africa specially addressed.)
Mutsomo	Vera Cruz	9:00 A.M.	12:00 M.	Mexico. (Specially addressed only.)

SAIL TOMORROW.

Pres. Adams	London	7:00 A.M.	11:00 A.M.	Europe, Africa and West Asia. (Norway, Madeira, Gibraltar, Canaries, Syria and Palestine specially addressed.)
Segordo	Cadiz	12:00 M.	2:00 P.M.	Spain. (Specially addressed.)
Megali Hellas	Constanza	12:30 P.M.	3:00 P.M.	Greece, Turkey and Rumania. (Specially addressed.)
Hannover	Bremen	2:00 P.M.	4:00 P.M.	Germany. (Specially addressed.)
Ft. Victoria	Hamilton	11:30 A.M.	11:00 A.M.	Bermuda.
Carrillo	Santa Marta	8:00 A.M.	12:00 M.	Jamaica, Costa Rica, Canal Zone, Panama, Colombia and Ecuador.
Radbird	Vera Cruz	9:00 A.M.	12:00 M.	Mexico. (Specially addressed.)
Iroquois	Barahona	6:30 A.M.	12:00 M.	Turks Island and Dominican Republic.

SAIL THURSDAY.

Rochambeau	Havre	7:00 A.M.	11:00 A.M.	Europe, Africa and West Asia. (Great Britain, Ireland, Germany, Northern Europe, South Africa, Syria and Palestine specially addressed.)
Bremerton	Copenhagen	9:00 A.M.	12:00 M.	Denmark and Finland. (Especially addressed.)
Hellig Olav	Copenhagen	9:00 A.M.	12:00 M.	Norway, Sweden, Denmark and Finland.
Patria	Marseilles	11:30 A.M.	2:00 P.M.	Azores, Syria and Palestine. (Italy and Greece specially addressed.)
West Humhaw	Acera	12:00 M.	2:00 P.M.	Azores (except Horta and Ponta del Gada), Canaries and Cape Verde Islands. (West Africa specially addressed.)
Monterey	Vera Cruz	10:00 A.M.	12:00 M.	Yucatan and Campeche. (Cuba and other parts of Mexico specially addressed.)
Perima	Barbados	10:00 A.M.	2:00 P.M.	Virgin Islands, West Indies and Barbados.
Ecuador	San Jose de Guatemala	10:30 A.M.	1:00 P.M.	Canal Zone, Panama, Salvador, Honduras and Nicaragua (except east coast).
Polycarp	Manaos	11:00 A.M.	1:00 P.M.	North Brazil and Peru. (Other parts of Brazil specially addressed.)
Flora	Jacmel	12:00 M.	2:00 P.M.	Cape Haitien, Port de Paix, Gonaives and St. Marc. (Other parts of Haiti specially addressed.)

SAIL FRIDAY.

Port Antonio	Kingston	9:00 A.M.	12:00 M.	Jamaica. (Cuba specially addressed.)
Munargo	Nassau	9:00 A.M.	12:00 M.	Bahamas, Inagua and Fortune Islands.
Munamar	Antilla	9:00 A.M.	12:00 M.	City of Antilla. (Other parts of Cuba specially addressed.)
Tosto	Barahona	9:30 A.M.	12:00 M.	Dominican Republic. (Macoris and Santo Domingo City specially addressed.)
Gen. W. C. Gorgas	Colon	11:30 A.M.	3:00 P.M.	Haiti. (except Cape Haitien, Port de Paix, Gonaives and St. Marc), Canal Zone, Panama and Salvador.
W. M. Tupper	Jacmel	12:00 M.	3:00 P.M.	Cape Haitien, Port de Paix, Gonaives and St. Marc. (Other parts of Haiti specially addressed.)

Other Outgoing Steamships

Steamer and Destination.	Time of Sailing. Date.	Hour.
Teucer, Shanghai	Feb. 13	12:00 M.
Rochester, Havre	Feb. 13	11:00 A.M.
Malgache, Genoa	Feb. 13	1:00 P.M.
Nuria, Cadiz	Feb. 13	12:00 M.
City of Harvard, Bombay	Feb. 13	10:00 A.M.
Penang Maru, Otaru	Feb. 15	10:00 A.M.
Stanley, Shanghai	Feb. 15	12:00 M.
Kentucky, Auckland	Feb. 15	11:00 A.M.
West Jesum, Manila	Feb. 15	12:00 M.
Beerstedijk, Rotterdam	Feb. 17	12:00 M.
Verbania, London	Feb. 17	10:00 A.M.
Ekfantine, Dunkirk	Feb. 17	12:00 M.
City of Birmingham, Hongkong	Feb. 17	9:00 A.M.
Annto Maru, Yokohama	Feb. 17	2:00 P.M.
Collamer, Bordeaux	Feb. 21	12:00 M.
Arapenor, Kobe	Feb. 24	1:00 P.M.
Bendoeng, Padang	Feb. 24	12:00 M.
Eastern Glen, Beira	Feb. 24	10:00 A.M.
Eastern Prince, Shanghai	Feb. 24	1:00 P.M.
Carlies, Antwerp	Feb. 25	9:00 A.M.
Tipi Maru, Kobe	Feb. 28	12:00 M.
The Lamb, Batavia	Feb. 28	10:00 A.M.
Vulcan City, London	Feb. 28	12:00 M.
Quebec City, Liverpool	Feb. 28	2:00 P.M.
New York City, Bristol	Feb. 28	10:00 A.M.
Eastern Planet, Santiago	Feb. 28	12:00 M.

Reported by Radio

SS Orduna (Royal Mail Line), incoming from Southampton, was reported yesterday; no distance given; due at Pier 42, North River, Wednesday forenoon.

SS Baltic (White Star Line), incoming from Liverpool, was reported yesterday; no distance given; due at Pier 59, North River, Tuesday afternoon.

SS Mount Carroll (United American Lines), incoming from Hamburg, was reported yesterday; no distance given; due at Pier 86, North River, Thursday forenoon.

SS Hansa (United American Lines), incoming from Hamburg, was reported yesterday; no distance given; due at Pier 86, North River, Tuesday forenoon.

SS Carmania (Cunard Line), incoming from Queenstown, was reported yesterday; no distance given; due at Pier 54, North River, Tuesday forenoon.

SS Mongolia (American Line), incoming from Hamburg, was reported yesterday; no distance given; due at her pier Thursday forenoon.

SS Rousillon (French Line), incoming from Havre, was reported yesterday; no distance given; due at Pier 57, Tuesday afternoon.

Foreign Ports—Arrivals and Departures

ARRIVED.

Steamer.	At	Date.
Scythia	Cadiz	Feb. 10
Empress of Scotland	Cadiz	Feb. 11
Falka	Halmstead	Feb. 6
Buckleigh	Marseilles	Feb. 7
Joseph Soep	Rotterdam	Feb. 10
President Polk	London	Feb. 11
Cragness	Gibraltar	Feb. 12
Antonia	London	Feb. 12
Georgia	Venice	Feb. 6
Splendor	Leghorn	Feb. 7
Halfred	Fiume	Feb. 10
Regina	Liverpool	Feb. 12
Tyrrhenia	Plymouth	Feb. 12

SAILED.

Steamer.	From.	Date.
France	Plymouth	Feb. 11
Devon City	Cardiff	Feb. 11
Vasconia	London	Feb. 10
McKeesport	Havre	Feb. 10
West Cheriow	Flushing	Feb. 9
Onaway	Newport	Feb. 9
Tamatava Maru	Shanghai	Feb. 6
Bellerophon	Gibraltar	Feb. 11
Emilia	Trieste	Feb. 7
Vitella	Glasgow	Feb. 11
Comerio	Glasgow	Feb. 11
E. Accamo	Gibraltar	Feb. 11
Clan Buchanan	Tellechery	Feb. 9
Karlmata	Colombo	Feb. 10
Wyncote	Dundee	Feb. 11

Transpacific Mails

Connecting mails close at G. P. O. and City Hall Station at 5 P. M. as follows:

Japan, Korea and China (specially addressed only), via Seattle	Tokiwa Maru	Feb. 13
New Zealand, via San Francisco; also parcel post mails for New Zealand	Hauraki	Feb. 13
Japan, Korea, China, Siam, Siberia, French Indo-China, Netherlands East Indies, Straits Settlements, Brunei, Malay States, North Borneo, Sarawak and Philippine Islands, via Seattle; also parcel post mails for Japan, Korea, China, Siam, French Indo-China, Brunei, Labuan, Malay States, North Borneo, Sarawak and Straits Settlements	President Madison	Feb. 14
Hawaii, Samoan Islands and Australia, also specially addressed correspondence for New Zealand, via San Francisco; also parcel post mails for Samoan Islands and Australia	Sonoma	Feb. 15
Japan, Korea and China (specially addressed only), via San Francisco	Shinyo Maru & Matsonia	Feb. 15
Hawaii, via San Francisco	Empress of Asia	Feb. 16
Philippine Islands and specially addressed correspondence for Japan, Korea and China, via Vancouver and Victoria, B. C.		
Japan, Korea, China, Siam, Siberia, French Indo-China, Netherlands East Indies, Straits Settlements, Brunei, Malay States, North Borneo and Sarawak, via San Francisco; also parcel post mails for Japan, Korea, China, Siam, French Indo-China, Brunei, Labuan, Malay States, North Borneo, Sarawak and Straits Settlements	President Cleveland	Feb. 17
Japan, Korea, China, Hongkong, Siam, Siberia, French Indo-China, Netherlands East Indies, Straits Settlements, Sarawak, Brunei, North Borneo, Malay States and specially addressed correspondence for other destinations, via Seattle; also parcel post mails for Japan, Korea, China, Hongkong, Siam, French Indo-China, Straits Settlements, Labuan, Sarawak, Brunei, North Borneo and Malay States	Arabia Maru	Feb. 18
Hawaii, Guam and Philippine Islands, via San Francisco	U. S. A. T. Thomas	Feb. 19
Fiji Islands; also specially addressed correspondence for New Zealand and Australia, via Vancouver and Victoria, B. C.	Makura	Feb.
Hawaii, via San Francisco	Manoa	Feb. 22
Japan, Korea and China (specially addressed only), via Seattle	Yokohama Maru	Feb. 23
Japan, Korea and China (specially addressed only), via Seattle	Arizona Maru	Feb. 23
Netherlands East Indies (specially addressed only), via San Francisco	Bondowoso	Feb. 26

Pacific Mails

Postmaster Morgan announces that mails of the following dates—Canton, Jan. 11; Hongkong, Jan. 12; Kobe, Jan. 25, and Yokohama, Jan. 26—which arrived per steamer Tyndareus, were dispatched east from Seattle on Feb. 8, and are due in New York today.

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George Washington . Mar. 10
President Roosevelt . Mar. 17
To Plymouth—Cherbourg—Bremen
Cabin Ships
President Arthur . . Feb. 17
President Fillmore . . Feb. 24
To Cobh (Queenstown)—Plymouth—Cherbourg—London
President Adams . . Feb. 14
President Polk . . . Mar. 7
To Plymouth—Cherbourg—London
President Monroe . . Feb. 21
President Van Buren Feb. 28
President Garfield . . Mar. 14
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Western World . . Feb. 17
*Southern Cross . . Mar. 3
American Legion . . Mar. 17
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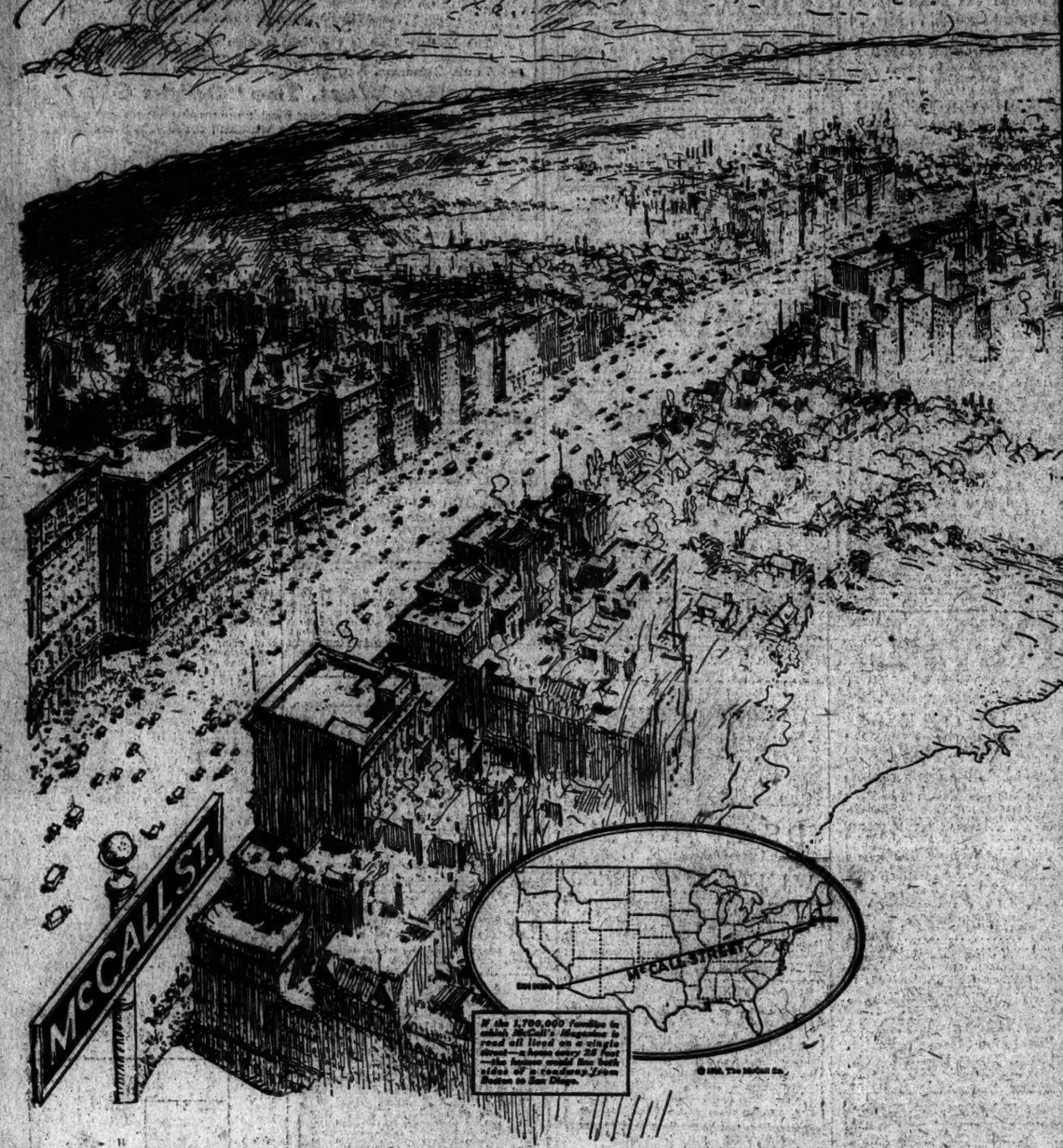

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B. F. Dewees
Detroit—J. L. Hudson Co.
Ernst Kern Co.
Cleveland—The May Co.
St. Louis—Stix, Baer & Fuller D. G Co.
Boston—R. H. White Co.
Gilchrist Co.
Dutton's Roxbury Store
Butler's, Inc.
Baltimore—"Braeger of Baltimore"
Goldenberg Bros.
Julius Gutman & Co.
Pittsburgh—Kaufman's Dept. Store, Inc.
The Rosenbaum Co.
Los Angeles—A. Hamburger & Sons, Inc.
Coulter Dry Goods Co.
Buffalo—J. N. Adams & Co.
E. W. Edwards & Son
San Francisco—
The City of Paris Dry Goods Co.
Raphael Weill & Co., Inc.
Milwaukee—The Boston Store
Espenhain D. G. Co.
Washington—The Palais Royal
M. Goldenberg
Newark—L. Bamberger & Co.
L. S. Plaut & Co.
Cincinnati—H. & S. Pogue Co.
The John Shillito Co.
New Orleans—D. H. Holmes Co., Ltd.
L. Feibleman & Co.
Minneapolis—The Dayton Co.
Kansas City—John Taylor D. G. Co.
The Jones Store Co.
Seattle—MacDougall & Southwick Co.
The Rhodes Co.
Indianapolis—H. P. Wasson & Co.
L. S. Ayres & Co.
Goldstein Bros.
Rochester—E. W. Edwards & Son
McCurdy Co., Inc.
Portland, Ore.—Lipman Wolfe & Co.
Olds, Wortman & King
Toledo—The Thompson Hudson Co.
Providence—The Outlet
A. Pfeiffer & Co.
J. Samuels & Bro., Inc.
Columbus, O.—F. & R. Lazarus & Co.
Columbus D. G. Co.
Louisville—J. C. Lewis
Stewart D. G. Co.
St. Paul—The Golden Rule
Emporium Merc. Co.
Oakland—Upright's
Akron—The C. H. Yeager Co.
Omaha—Thompson Belden Co.
Hayden Bros.
Worcester—
Barnard, Sumner & Putnam Co.
Birmingham—Burger D. G. Co.
Syracuse—E. W. Edwards & Son
L. C. Witherill, Inc.
Richmond—Thalheimer Bros.
New Haven—Gamble Desmond Co.
Memphis—J. Goldsmith & Sons Co.
The John Gerber Co.
San Antonio—Saul Wolfson D. G. Co.
Dayton—The Home Stores Co.
Bridgeport—The D. M. Read Co.
Houston—Foley Bros. D. G. Co.
Hartford—Brown Thompson & Co.
Albert Steiger, Inc.
Scranton—Hagen & Wagner Co.
Grand Rapids—Friedman Spring D. G. Co.
Springfield, Mass.—
Meekins, Packard & Wheat, Inc.
Albert Steiger Co.
Des Moines, Iowa—
J. Mandelbaum & Sons
New Bedford—Steiger Dudgeon Co.
Fall River—Steiger Cox Co.
Trenton—Nevius Bros. Co.
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Chicago—Marshall Field & Co.
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W. A. Weiboldt & Co. (2 stores)
Loren Miller & Co.
Nashville—Cain-Sloan Co.
Salt Lake—Keith-O'Brien Co.
Camden—Baker Flick Co.
Norfolk—Ames & Brownley, Inc.
Albany—W. M. Whitney & Co.
Wilmington—Crosby & Hill Co.
Reading—Ellis Mills
Fort Worth—Schermerhorn Co.
H. C. Meacham Co.
Spokane—Culberston's
Palace Store Co.
Duluth—First Street Dept. Store
Silverstein & Bondy Co.
Tacoma—Feist & Bachrach, Inc.
Fair House D. G. Co.
Chester, Pa.—Weinberg Bros.
Dodd & McKenzie
Chattanooga—Miller Bros Co.
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Wheeling—George R. Taylor Co.
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Macon—Lee's Dept. Store
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Malden, Mass.—W. P. Downie
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Jackson, Mich.—The L. H. Field Co.
Quincy, Ill.—Kespohl-Mohrenstecher Co.
Bay City, Mich.—Jay Thompson & Co.
York, Pa.—James McLean & Sons
Charlotte, N. C.—J. B. Ivey & Co.
Efird's Dept. Store
Cedar Rapids, Iowa—The Killian Co.
The Denecke Co.
Pasadena, Calif.—H. R. Hertel Co.
Elmira, N. Y.—Tepper Bros.
Newcastle, Pa.—Higgins Bros., Inc.
Fresno, Calif.—Cooper's Dept. Store
Shreveport, La.—The Hearne D. G. Co.
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